



ONE OF THE WORLD TALLEST WOOD BUILDING:



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GHtdnY gnmE



THE LARGEST MANUFACTURING SHOW (LIGNA)



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rEKftvP9eRA



FROM LOGS TO LUMBERS:





https://cottagelife.com/



JUST A LUMBERJACK ?!







OBJECTIVE:

To obtain a general understanding of the processes involve in manufacturing solid wood

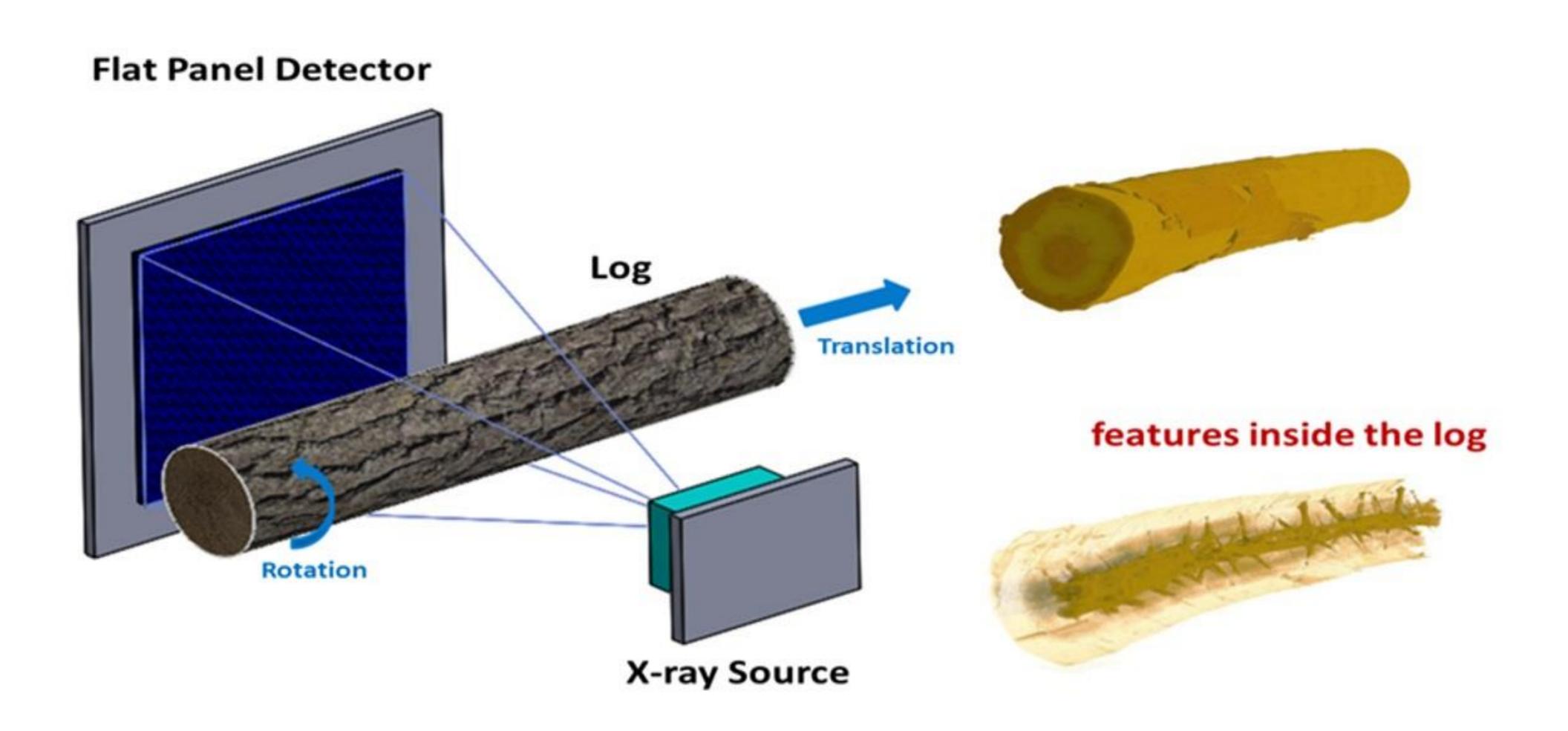






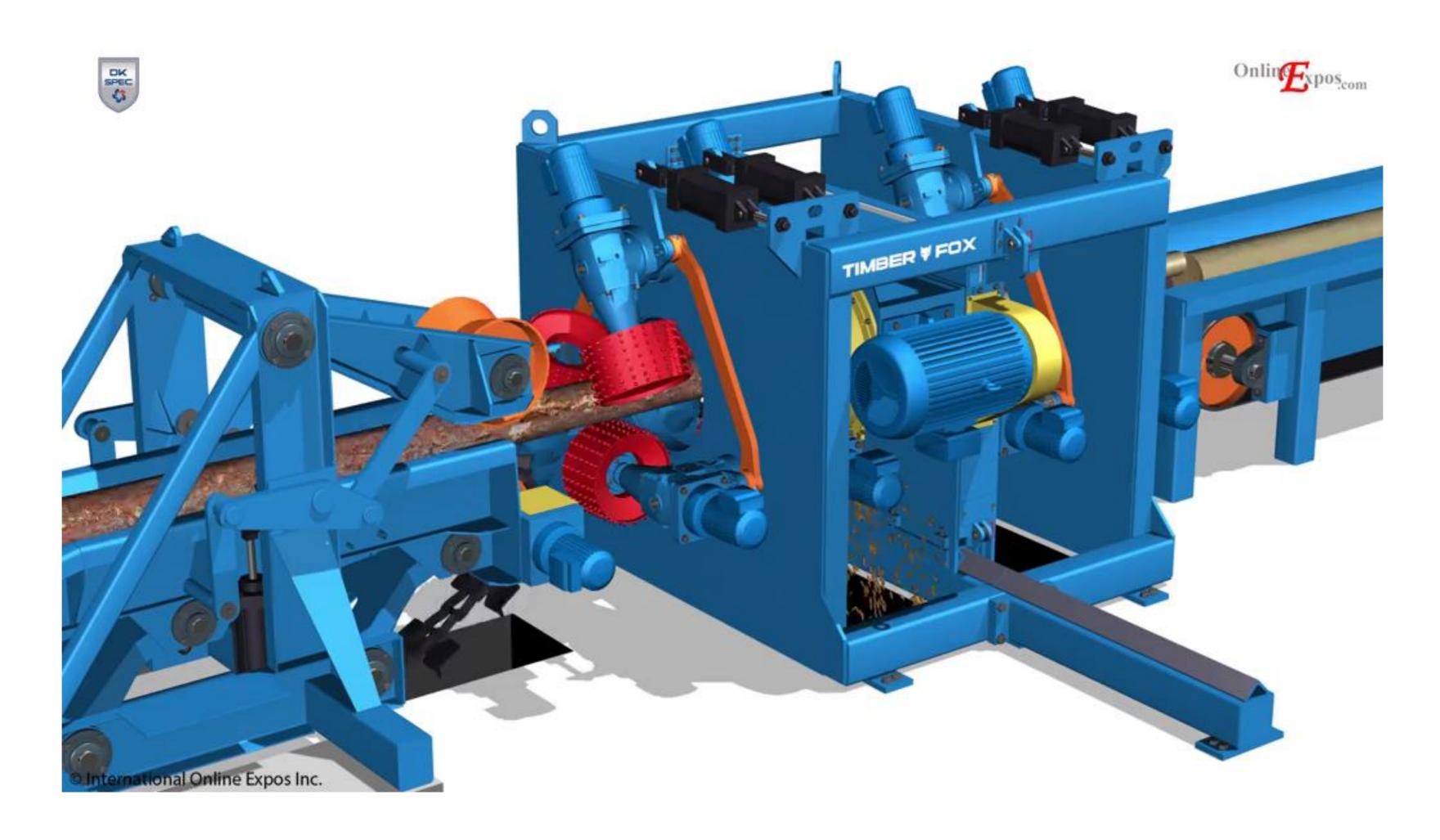
https://cottagelife.com/

STEP 1. SCANNING





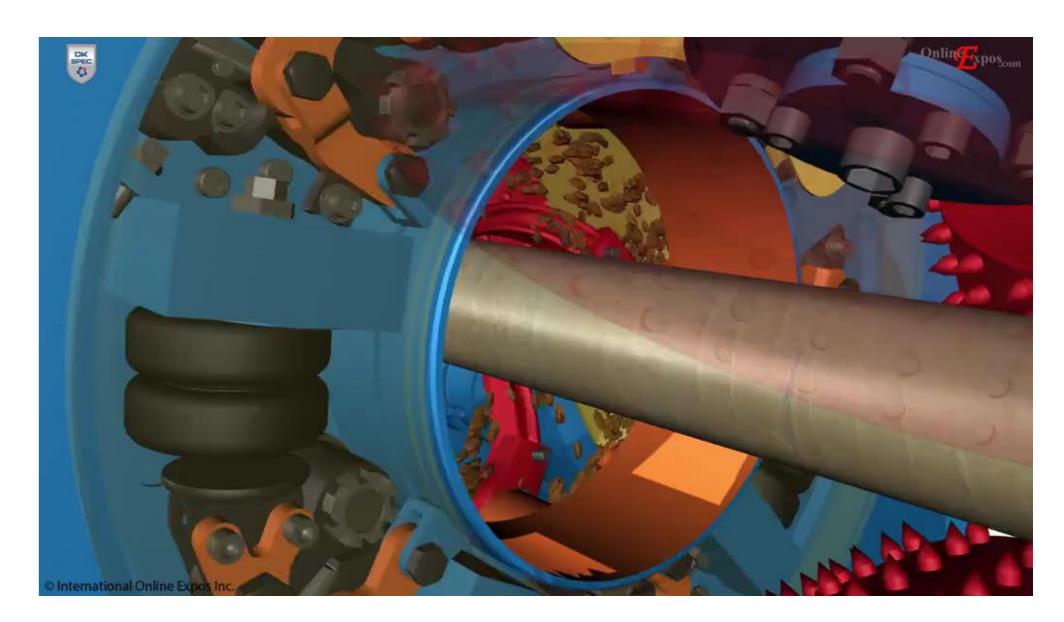
STEP 2. DEBARKING



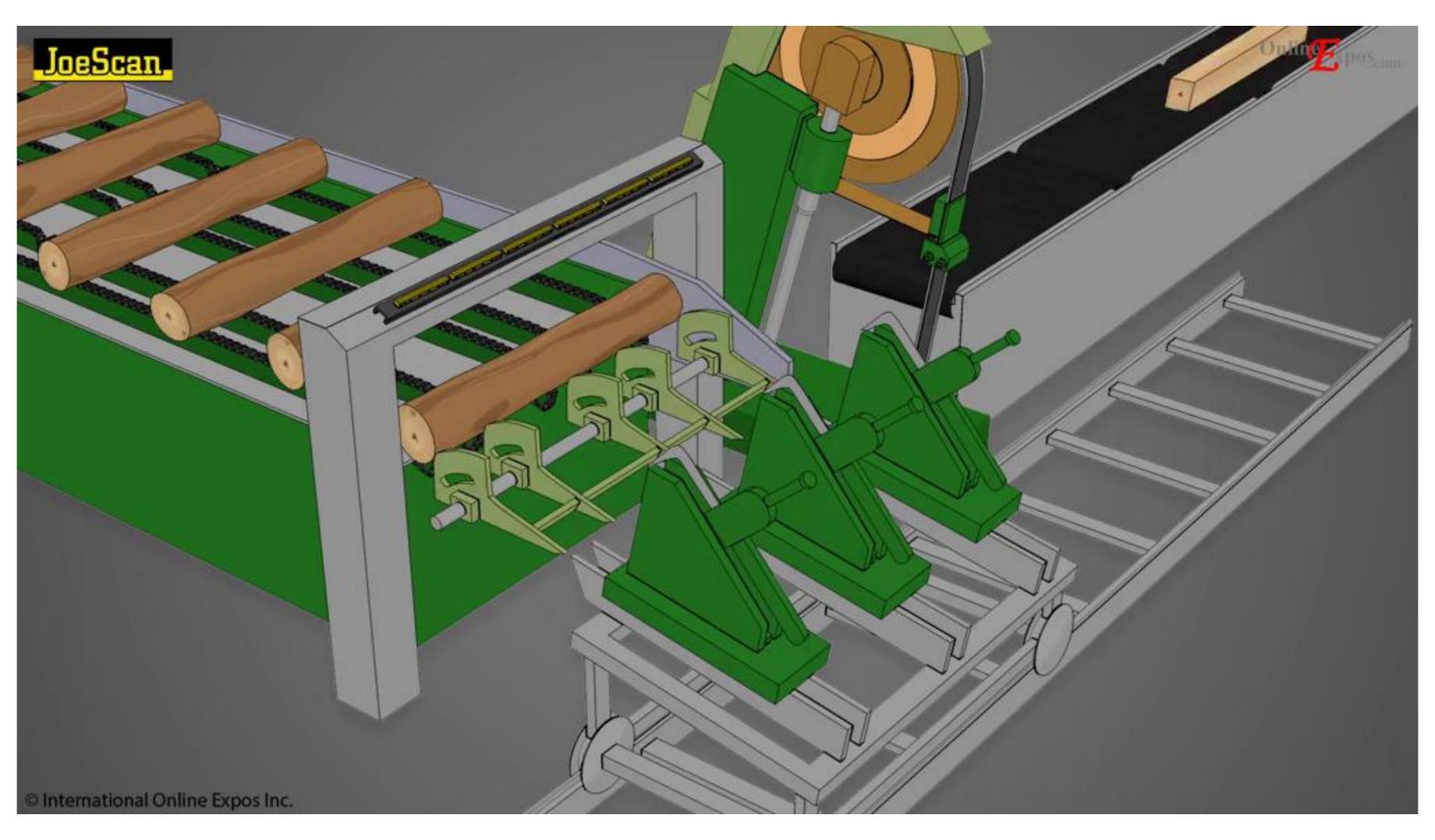


STEP 2. DEBARKING, INFEED, OUTFEED





STEP 3. LOG ROTATION OPTIMIZATION

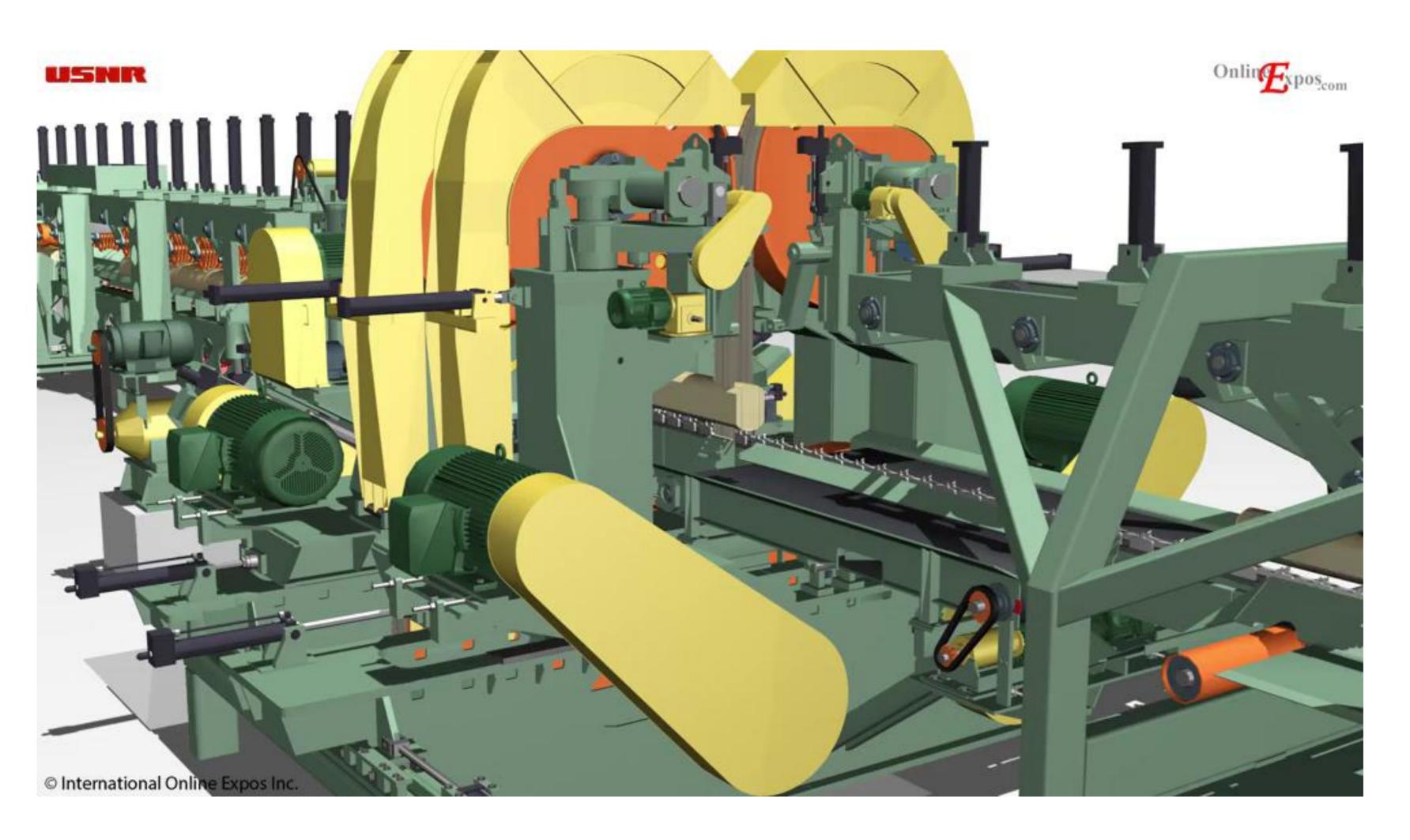


STEP 3. LOG ROTATION OPTIMIZATION



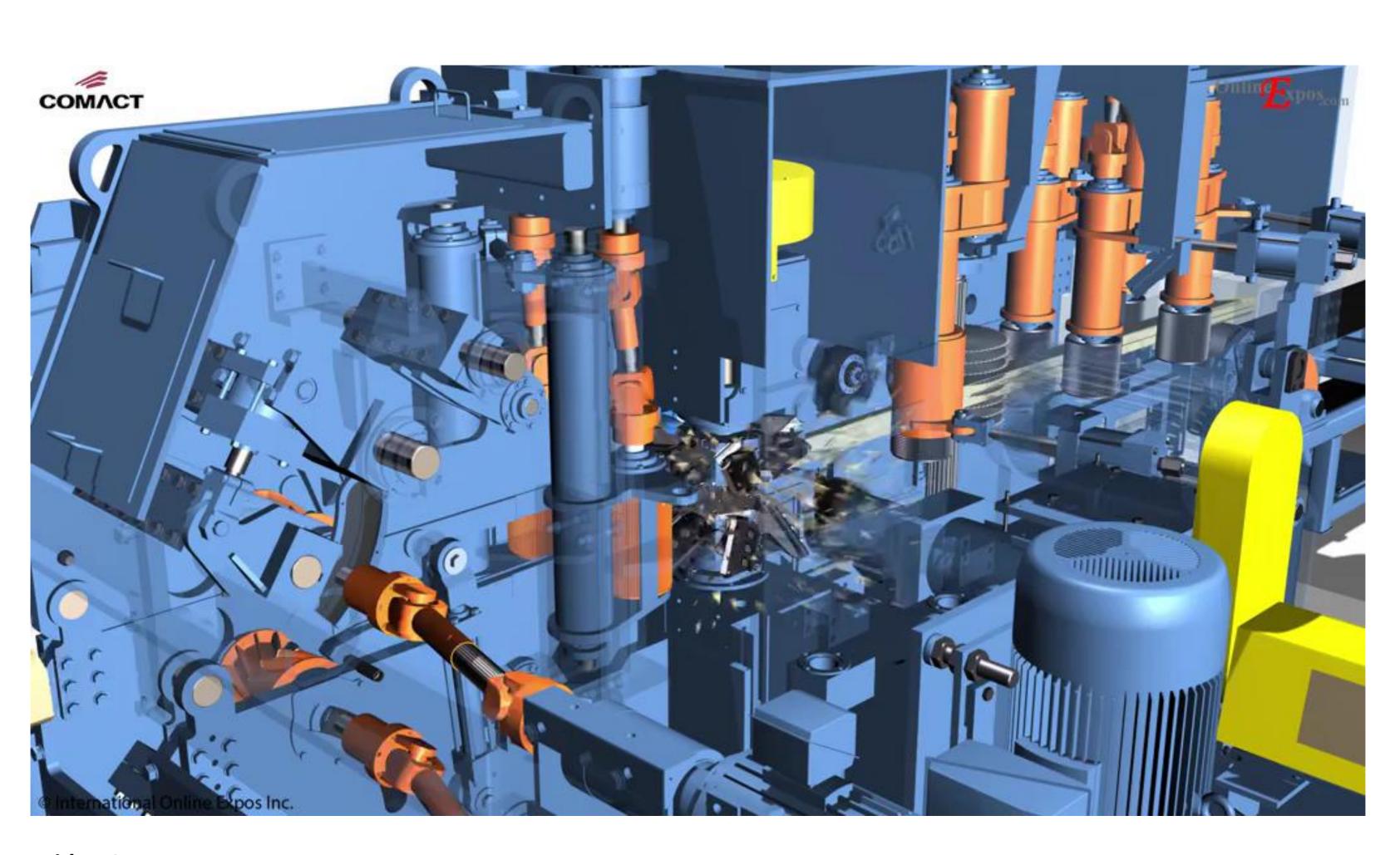
STEP 4. CANTER (TURNING LOG TO A RECTANGULAR CANT)

First: Canter Bandsaw



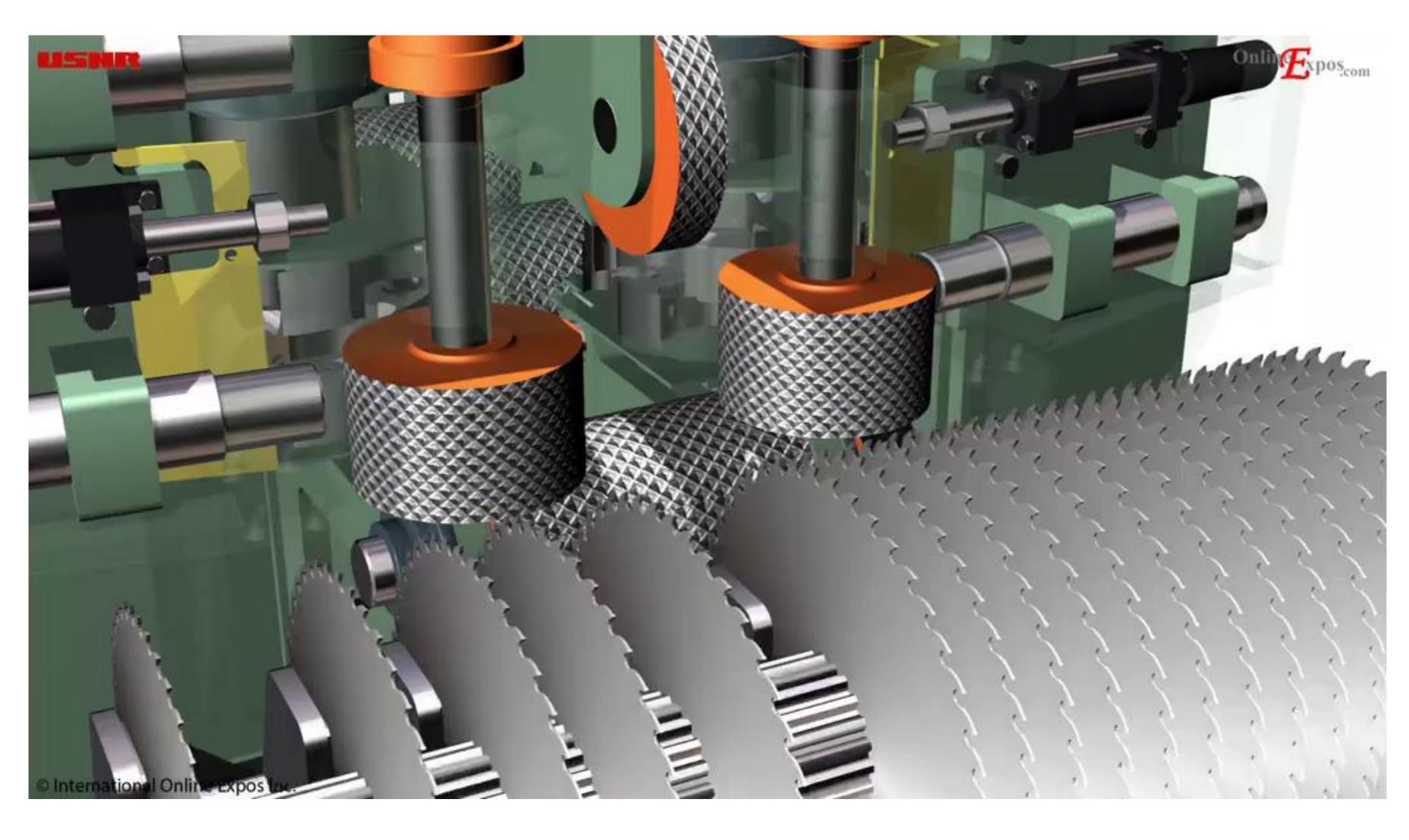
Video Source: https://woodproducts.onlineexpos.com/cgi-bin/content/25/usnr_transverse_optimized_edger.html

STEP 4. CANTER (TURNING LOG TO A RECTANGULAR CANT) Second: Canter Profile

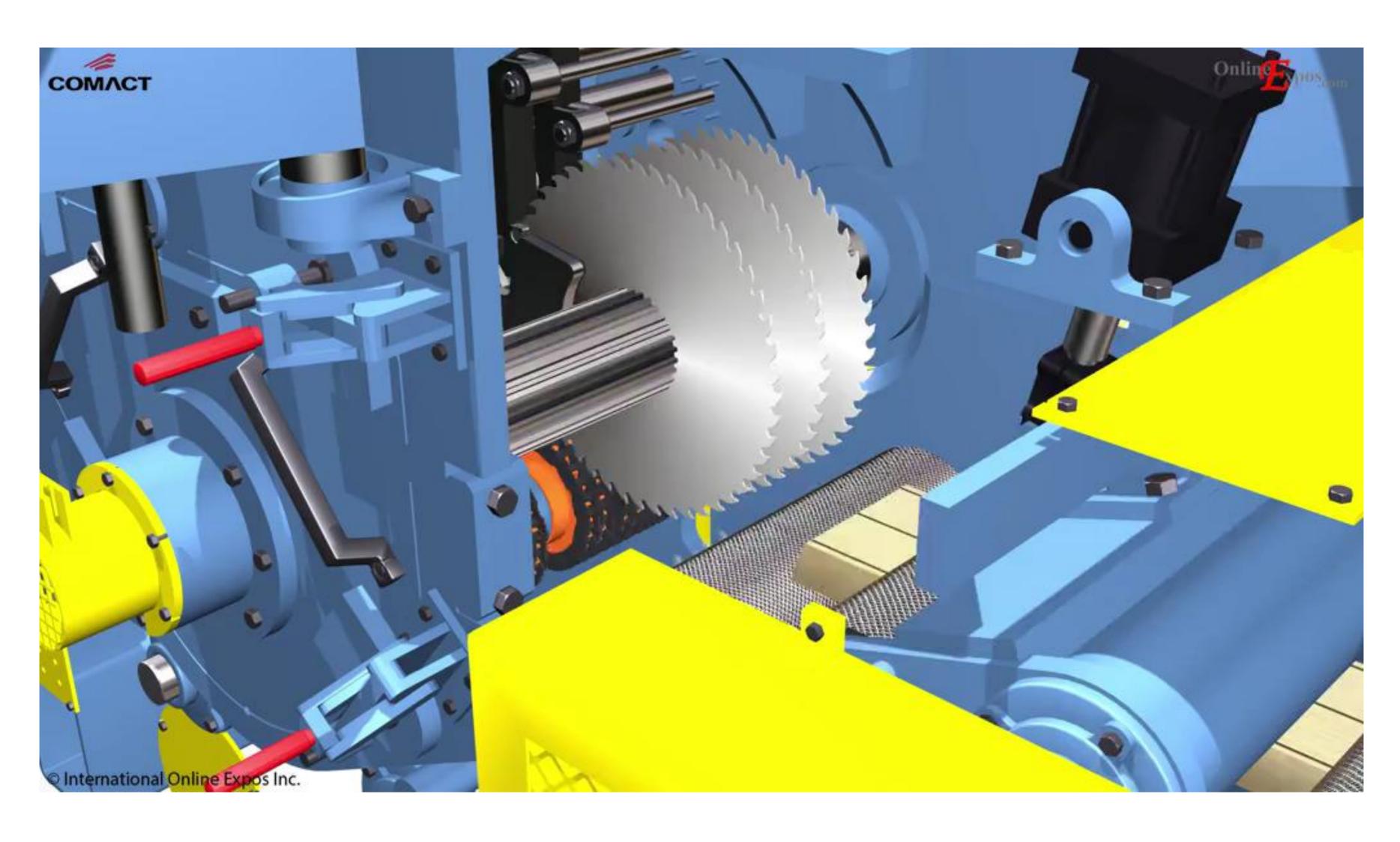




STEP 5. SAWING



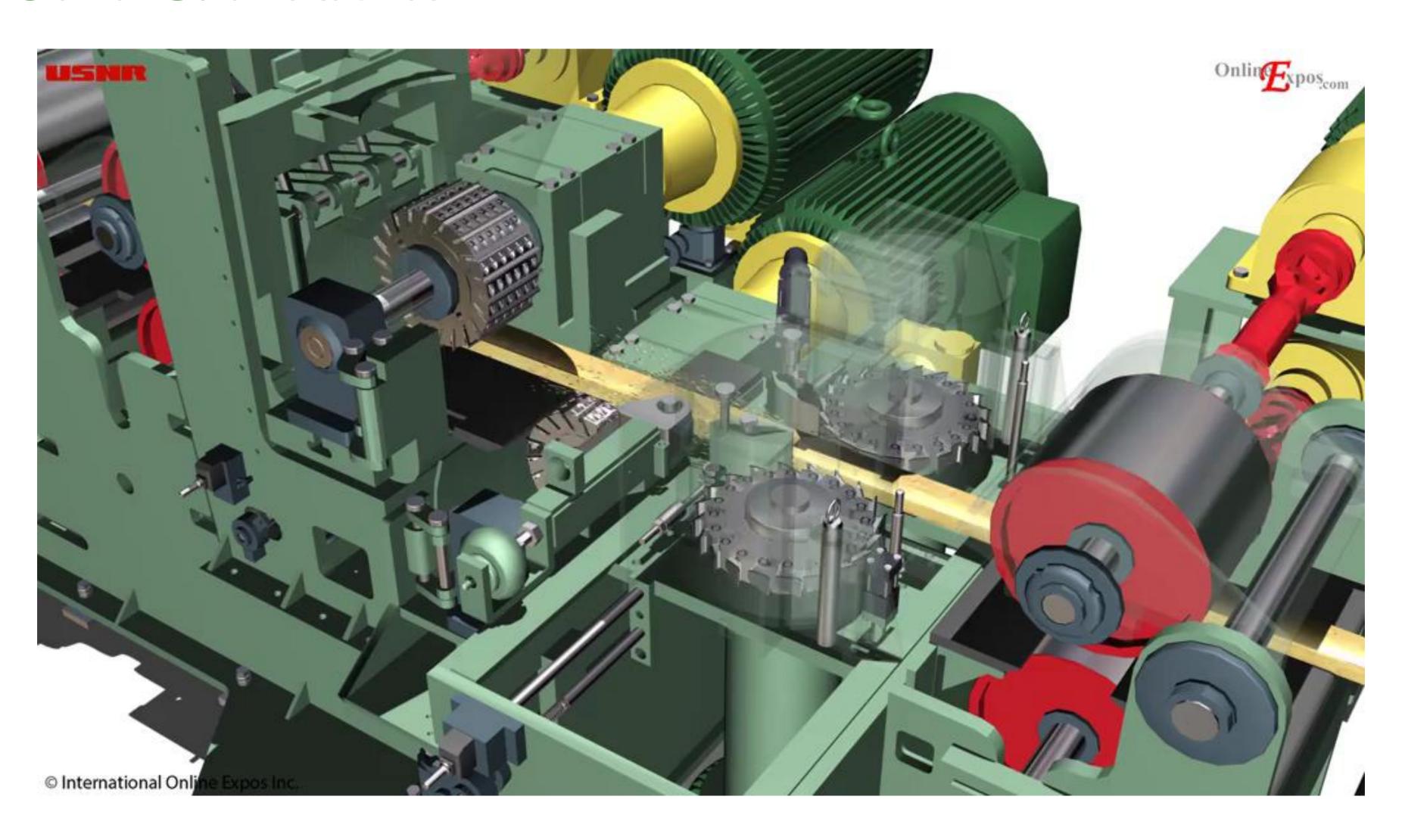
STEP 6. EDGING AND TRIMMING



STEP 7. DRYING



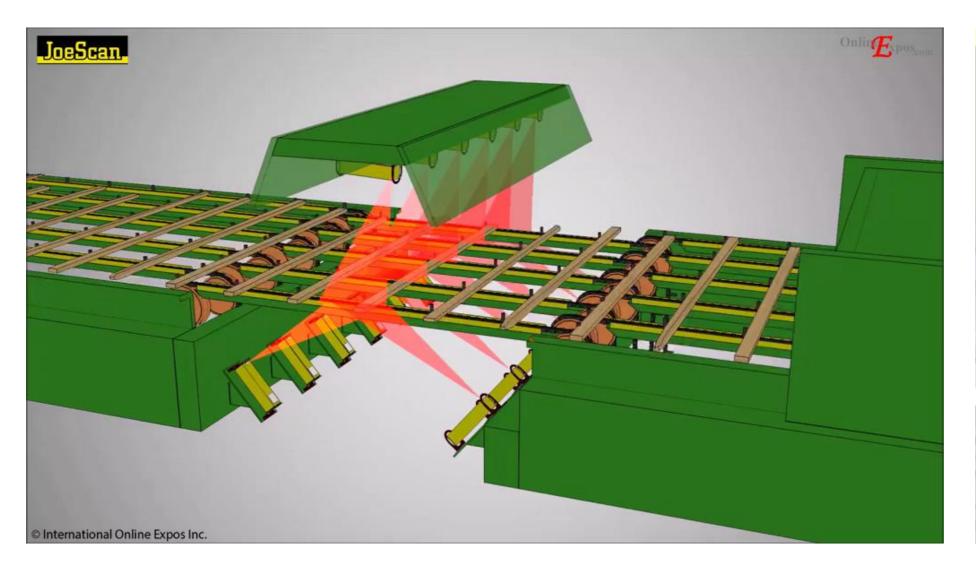
STEP 8. PLANER

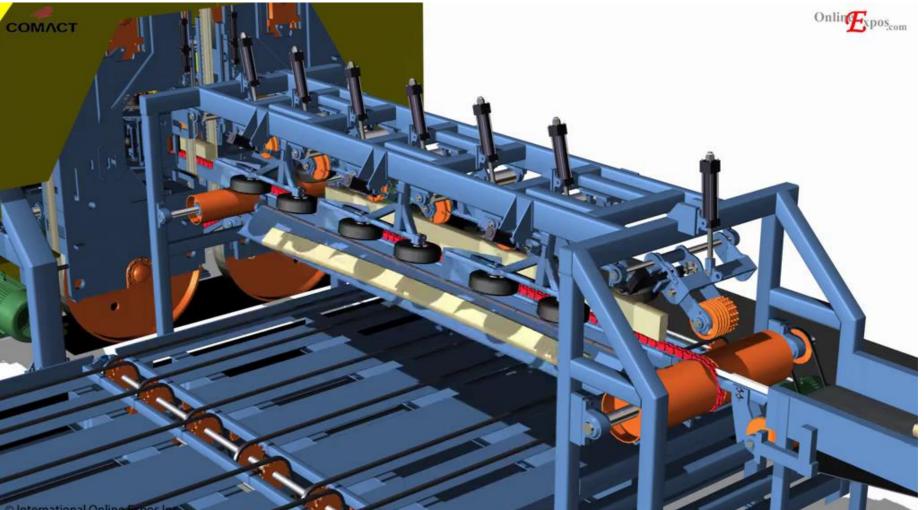




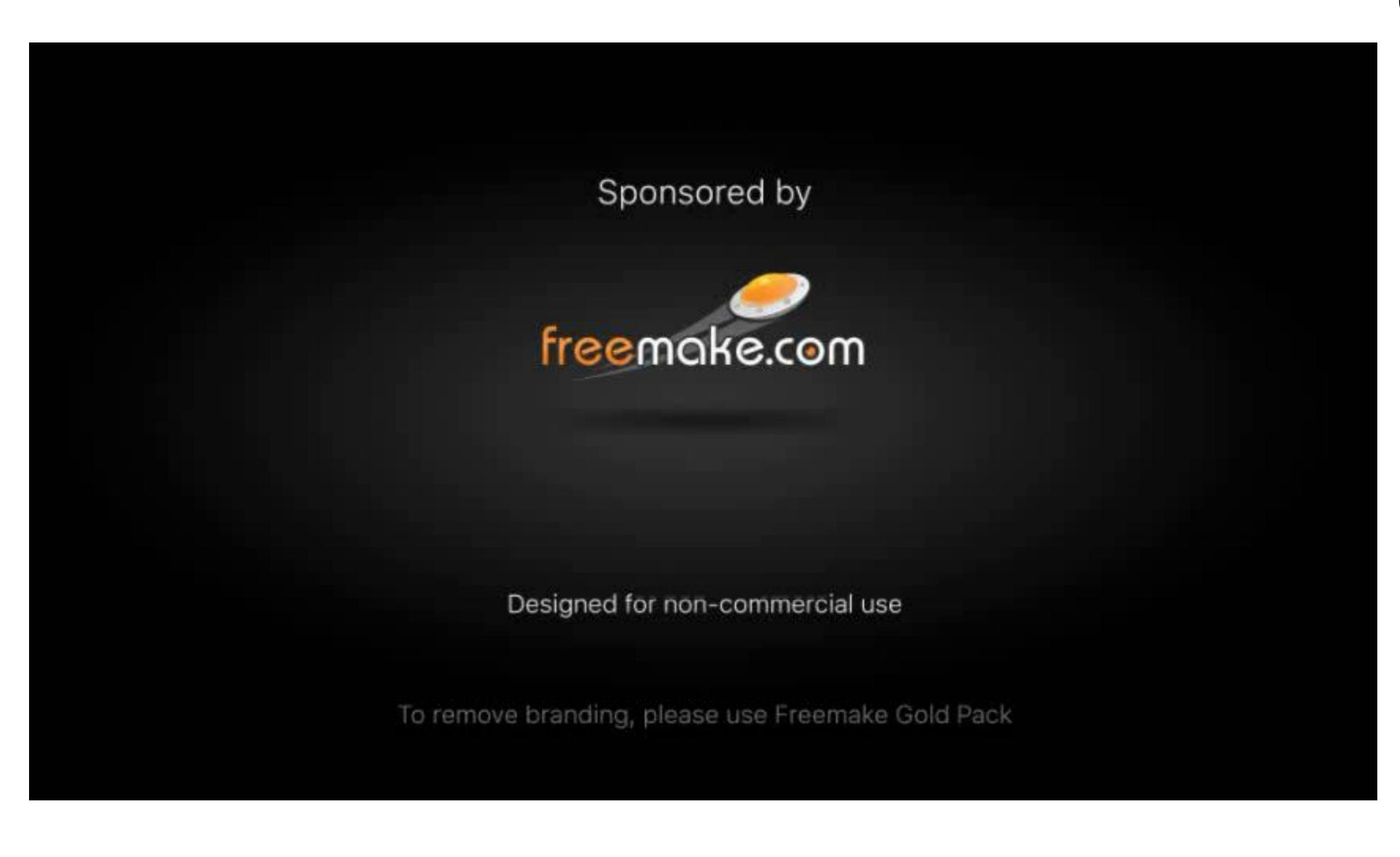
STEP 9. SORTING

- Size (fast laser scanner)
- Species identification (Use NIR sensor and Machine Learning Technique)
- Strength (knots identification, using Image processing, and Convolutional Neural Network)





SAWMILL



LOG TO LUMBER







SUMMARY:

Lumber Manufacturing process consists of the following steps:

- 1. X-Ray Scanning (detecting the internal features, and computing for an optimum cut)
- 2. Debarking
- 3. Log Rotation Optimization (orienting the log for maximizing the lumber volume)
- 4. Canter Profiling (cutting the log into a rectangular cant)
- 5. Sawing (cutting the cant into lumbers)
- 6. Edging and Trimming
- 7. Drying (reduce the moisture content under certain heat and pressure inside a kiln)
- 8. Planing (machine the surface of the lumber with a Planer)
- 9. Sorting (based on the size and species)
- 10. Grading (based on the applications and the quality)