MECH366 Modeling of Mechatronic Systems Exercises for ODE solutions

Taken from Appendix B of the Phillips and Parr's textbook.

1. (B.3, B.8) Find the inverse Laplace transform of the following functions. Obtain, if there exists, the final value of each function f(t) by using the final value theorem.

(a)
$$F(s) = \frac{5}{s(s+1)(s+2)}$$

(b)
$$F(s) = \frac{1}{s^2(s+1)}$$

(c)
$$F(s) = \frac{2s+1}{s^2+2s+10}$$

(d)
$$F(s) = \frac{s - 30}{s(s^2 + 4s + 29)}$$

- 2. (B.4) Obtain the inverse Laplace transform of $F(s) = \frac{s+5}{s(s^2+4s+13)}$.
- 3. (B.9) Solve the differential equation

$$\frac{d^2x(t)}{dt^2} + 5\frac{dx(t)}{dt} + 4x(t) = 10u(t)$$

with the following initial conditions:

(a)
$$x(0) = x'(0) = 0$$
.

(b)
$$x(0) = x'(0) = 1$$
.

4. (B.10) Solve the differential equation

$$\frac{d^2x(t)}{dt^2} + 2\frac{dx(t)}{dt} + x(t) = 5u(t)$$

with the following initial conditions:

(a)
$$x(0) = x'(0) = 0$$
.

(b)
$$x(0) = 0, x'(0) = 2.$$

5. (B.11) For each of the following G(s), transform the relation C(s) = G(s)R(s) into the differential equation.

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(a)
$$G(s) = \frac{60}{s^2 + 10s + 60}$$

(b)
$$G(s) = \frac{3s + 20}{s^3 + 4s^2 + 8s + 20}$$

(c)
$$G(s) = \frac{s+1}{s^2}$$

(d)
$$G(s) = \frac{7e^{-0.2s}}{s^2 + 5s + 32}$$