## EMCH 585 (Spring 2018): Homework # 5

<u>Due date: March 29, 2018 (Thursday) before the start of the class</u>

APOGEE students may email HW solution (in pdf format) to professor

## Problem #1 (For ALL students): 10 Points

Consider a  $[\pm 30/0]_S$  laminate is subjected to a combined loading of  $M_x = 25 \, Nm/m$ , and  $\Delta T = -150 \, ^{\circ}C$ 

Find the lamina failure status (safe or failed) along with failure mode of the laminate using maximum stress criteria. You may use the following template for summarizing your final answers or create your presentation style.

$X_{t} = 1500MPa$ $X_{c} = 1250MPa$ $Y_{t} = 50MPa$ $Y_{c} = 200MPa$ $S = 100MPa$										
Lamina number	Orientation	Z-location	σ₁ MPa	σ₂ MPa	τ <sub>12</sub> MPa	Failure status (safe/failed)				
1	30									
2	-30									
3	0									
4	0									
5	-30									
6	30									
	Failure	Mode and Loca	ation:			•				

## Problem #2 (For All students): 10 Points

Consider a  $[\pm 30/0]_s$  laminate is subjected to a combined loading of  $M_x = \pm m_x \, Nm/m$ , and  $\Delta T = -150\,^{\circ}C$ 

Find the moment Mx required to cause first ply failure (FPF) in the laminate using Tsai-Wu criteria (with Von Mises approximation).

Hint on Problem 2: The part of the problem is already solved for you as a gift! (You should be able to calculate stresses like this).

for each z, express stresses as: 
$$\begin{cases} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \tau_{12} \end{cases}_{for \, M_x = 1} m_x + \Delta T \begin{cases} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \tau_{12} \end{cases}_{for \, \Delta T = 1}$$

In this 2-variable problem, Tsai-Wu can solve for either mx or deltaT. This problem asks for finding Mx given known deltaT. Hence substitute deltaT=-150 in the stress equation above and only one unknown left.

## Stresses are already calculated for you and given below:

+Z locations -Z locations

$$\begin{cases} \sigma_{1} \\ \sigma_{2} \\ \tau_{12} \end{cases} = - \begin{cases} 5.79 \\ -0.85 \\ -1.415 \end{cases} \times 10^{6} m_{x} + \begin{cases} 0.368 \\ -0.141 \\ 0.0722 \end{cases} \times 10^{6} \Delta T \\ 0.0722 \end{cases} \times 10^{6} \Delta T \\ \begin{cases} \sigma_{1} \\ \sigma_{2} \\ \tau_{12} \end{cases} = - \begin{cases} 5.79 \\ -0.85 \\ -1.415 \end{cases} \times 10^{6} \Delta T \\ 0.0722 \end{cases} \times 10^{6} m_{x} + \begin{cases} 0.368 \\ -0.141 \\ 0.0722 \end{cases} \times 10^{6} \Delta T \\ \begin{cases} \sigma_{1} \\ \sigma_{2} \\ \tau_{12} \end{cases} = - \begin{cases} 9.02 \\ -0.875 \\ 0.772 \end{cases} \times 10^{6} m_{x} + \begin{cases} 0.368 \\ -0.141 \\ -0.0722 \end{cases} \times 10^{6} \Delta T \\ \begin{cases} \sigma_{1} \\ \sigma_{2} \\ \tau_{12} \end{cases} = \begin{cases} 9.02 \\ -0.875 \\ 0.772 \end{cases} \times 10^{6} m_{x} + \begin{cases} 0.368 \\ -0.141 \\ -0.0722 \end{cases} \times 10^{6} \Delta T \\ \begin{cases} \sigma_{1} \\ \sigma_{2} \\ \tau_{12} \end{cases} = \begin{cases} 9.02 \\ -0.875 \\ 0.772 \end{cases} \times 10^{6} m_{x} + \begin{cases} 0.368 \\ -0.141 \\ -0.0722 \end{cases} \times 10^{6} \Delta T \\ \begin{cases} \sigma_{1} \\ \sigma_{2} \\ \tau_{12} \end{cases} = \begin{cases} 7.52 \\ -0.618 \\ -0.0858 \end{cases} \times 10^{6} m_{x} + \begin{cases} -0.356 \\ -0.0977 \\ 0 \end{cases} \times 10^{6} \Delta T \\ \begin{cases} \sigma_{1} \\ \sigma_{2} \\ \tau_{12} \end{cases} = \begin{cases} 7.52 \\ -0.618 \\ -0.0858 \end{cases} \times 10^{6} m_{x} + \begin{cases} -0.356 \\ -0.0977 \\ 0 \end{cases} \times 10^{6} \Delta T \\ \end{cases}$$

for 
$$30\deg(z = 0.450\text{mm})$$

$$\begin{cases}
\sigma_{1} \\ \sigma_{2} \\ \tau_{12}
\end{cases} = \begin{cases}
5.79 \\ -0.85 \\ -1.415
\end{cases} \times 10^{6} m_{x} + \begin{cases}
0.368 \\ -0.141 \\ 0.0722
\end{cases} \times 10^{6} \Delta T$$
for  $-30\deg(z = 0.30\text{mm})$ 

$$\begin{cases}
\sigma_{1} \\ \sigma_{2} \\ \tau_{12}
\end{cases} = \begin{cases}
9.02 \\ -0.875 \\ 0.772
\end{cases} \times 10^{6} m_{x} + \begin{cases}
0.368 \\ -0.141 \\ -0.0722
\end{cases} \times 10^{6} \Delta T$$
for  $0\deg(z = 0.150\text{mm})$ 

$$\begin{cases}
\sigma_{1} \\ \sigma_{2} \\ \tau_{12}
\end{cases} = \begin{cases}
7.52 \\ -0.618 \\ -0.0858
\end{cases} \times 10^{6} m_{x} + \begin{cases}
-0.356 \\ -0.0977 \\ 0
\end{cases} \times 10^{6} \Delta T$$

substitute deltaT=-150 in the stress equation above.

Now simplify and use these stresses in failure criteria. Solve for multiplier mx. Choose the lowest value(s).

$$F_{11}\sigma_1^2 + F_{22}\sigma_2^2 + F_{66}\tau_{12}^2 + F_1\sigma_1 + F_2\sigma_2 + 2F_{12}\sigma_1\sigma_2 = 1$$

[[0]	[[ 97.16 ]
[0]	[ 232.116]
[0]	[ 0. ]
[1]	[ 0. ]
[0]	[ 0. ]
[0]]	[ 0. ]
[[[-5.789]	[[[ 4.383e-01]
[ 0.85 ]	[ 1.544e-01]
[ 1.415]]	[ 7.225e-02]]
[[-9.015]	[[ 4.383e-01]
[ 0.875]	[ 1.544e-01]
[-0.772]]	[ -7.225e-02]]
[[-7.516]	[[ -2.857e-01]
[ 0.618]	[ 1.978e-01]
[ 0.086]]	[ 1.452e-18]]
[[ 7.516]	[[ -2.857e-01]
[-0.618]	[ 1.978e-01]
[-0.086]]	[ -3.774e-18]]
[[ 9.015]	[[ 4.383e-01]
[-0.875]	[ 1.544e-01]
[ 0.772]]	[ -7.225e-02]]
[[ 5.789]	[[ 4.383e-01]
[-0.85 ]	[ 1.544e-01]
[-1.415]]]	[ 7.225e-02]]]

[[[-210.462]

[ -1.922]

[ 24.543]]

[[-291.117]

[ -1.287]

[ -8.462]]

[[-145.046]

[ -14.224]

[ 2.144]]

[[ 230.751]

[ -45.107]

[ -2.144]]

[[ 159.621]

[ -45.042]

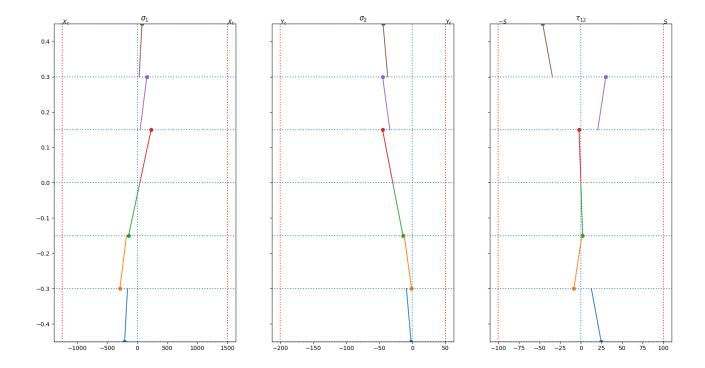
[ 30.138]]

[[ 78.966]

[ -44.407]

[ -46.219]]]

[-0.45, -0.3, -0.15, 0.15, 0.3, 0.45])



$X_t = 1500MPa$ $X_c = 1250MPa$ $Y_t = 50MPa$ $Y_c = 200MPa$ $S = 100MPa$									
Lamina number	Orientation	Z-location	<b>σ</b> ₁ MPa	σ₂ MPa	τ <sub>12</sub> MPa	Failure status (safe/failed)			
1	30								
2	-30								
3	0								
4	0								
5	-30								
6	30								
	Failure Mode and Location:								

Mx= -73.34 / 25.44 (Nm/m) in (30) ply at Z=-0.450mm

Mx = -103.37 / 24.80 (Nm/m) in (-30) ply at Z = -0.300mm

Mx = -164.14 / 45.53 (Nm/m) in (0) ply at Z = -0.150mm

Mx= -45.53 / 164.14 (Nm/m) in (0) ply at Z=0.150mm

Mx = -24.80 / 103.37 (Nm/m) in (-30) ply at Z=0.300mm

Mx = -25.44 / 73.34 (Nm/m) in (30) ply at Z = 0.450mm

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FPF from -Mx=-24.80 (Nm/m) in (-30) ply at Z=0.300mm

FPF from Mx=24.80 (Nm/m) in (-30) ply at Z=-0.300mm

```
hw5_1.py
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
np.set_printoptions(precision=3)
def Transform(theta):
   m = np.cos( np.deg2rad(theta) )
    n = np.sin( np.deg2rad(theta) )
    return np.array([
        [m**2, n**2, 2*m*n],
        [n**2, m**2, -2*m*n],
        [-m*n, m*n, m**2 - n**2]], np.float64)
theta = np.array([+30, -30, 0, 0, -30, +30])
N = theta.size
h = .15*10**-3
H = N*h
Z = np.arange(N+1)*h - .5*H
E1 = 155 * 10**9
E2 = 12.1 * 10**9
v12 = .248
G12 = 4.4 * 10**9
S = np.array([
    [1/E1, -v12/E1, 0],
    [-v12/E1, 1/E2, 0],
                 , 1/G12]], np.float64)
    [0, 0
T = Transform(theta)
T_{-} = np.rollaxis(T, 2)
Sbar = np.einsum('...jk,kl,...lm->...jm', T.T, S, T_)
Qbar = np.linalg.inv(Sbar)
A = np.sum( np.diff(Z)[:, None, None] * Qbar, axis=0)
B = (1/2)*np.sum(np.diff(Z**2)[:, None, None] * Qbar, axis=0)
D = (1/3)*np.sum(np.diff(Z**3)[:, None, None] * Qbar, axis=0)
ABD = np.block([[A,B],[B,D]])
ABD[np.abs(ABD) < 10**-8] = 0
abd = np.linalg.inv(ABD)
```

```
hw5_1.py
Xt = 1500 * 10**6
Xc = 1250 * 10**6
Yt = 50 * 10**6
Yc = 200 * 10**6
S = 100 * 10**6
alpha_1 = -0.018 * 10**-6
alpha 2 = 24.3 * 10**-6
beta 1 = 146 * 10**-6
beta 2 = 4770 * 10**-6
alpha = np.array([alpha_1, alpha_2, 0])
beta = np.array([beta_1, beta_2, 0])
alpha_bar = np.matmul(T.T, alpha[:, None]).reshape(N, 1, 3)
beta_bar = np.matmul(T.T, beta[:, None]).reshape(N, 1, 3)
NM = np.array([[0,0,0,1,0,0]]).T
N_t = np.sum( np.diff(Z)[:, None] * np.sum( Qbar * alpha_bar, axis=2 ), axis=0)
M_t = (1/2)*np.sum(np.diff(Z**2)[:, None] * np.sum(Qbar * alpha_bar, axis=2),
axis=0)
NM_t = np.concatenate([N_t, M_t]).reshape(6, 1)
N_m = np.sum( np.diff(Z)[:, None] * np.sum( Qbar * beta_bar, axis=2 ), axis=0)
M_m = (1/2)*np.sum(np.diff(Z**2)[:, None] * np.sum(Qbar * beta_bar, axis=2),
axis=0)
NM_m = np.concatenate([N_m, M_m]).reshape(6, 1)
dT = -150
NM r = 25*NM + dT*NM t
Z_{-} = np.hstack((Z[:N//2], Z[-N//2:]))
ref_surf = np.dot(abd, NM_r)
surf_strain = ref_surf[:3]
surf_curve = ref_surf[3:]
Strains = surf_strain + np.dot(surf_curve, Z_[None,:])
Sigma_xyz = np.matmul(Qbar, Strains.T[:,:,None])
Sigma_123 = np.matmul(T_, Sigma_xyz)
```

```
hw5_2_.py
import numpy as np
import sympy as sp
from sympy import Symbol
theta = np.array([+30, -30, 0, 0, -30, +30])
N = theta.size
h = .15*10**-3
H = N*h
Z = np.arange(N+1)*h - .5*H
Z_{-} = np.hstack((Z[:N//2], Z[-N//2:]))
Xt = 1500 * 10**6
Xc = 1250 * 10**6
Yt =
     50 * 10**6
Yc = 200 * 10**6
S = 100 * 10**6
F1 = (1/Xt) - (1/Xc)
F2 = (1/Yt) - (1/Yc)
F11 = 1/(Xt*Xc)
F22 = 1/(Yt*Yc)
F66 = 1/S**2
F12 = -np.sqrt(F11*F22)
NM = np.array([
    [-5.79, .85, 1.415],
    [-9.02, .876, -.772],
    [-7.52, .618, .0858],
    [7.52, -.618, -.0858],
    [9.02, -.876, .772],
    [5.79, -.85, -1.415]]) * 10**6
NM_t = np.array([
    [.368, -.141, .0722],
    [.368, -.141, -.0722],
    [-.356, -.0977, 0],
    [-.356, -.0977, 0],
    [.368, -.141, -.0722],
    [.368, -.141, .0722]]) * 10**6
```

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hw5_2_.py
```

```
dT = -150
compression, tension = (np.inf, np.inf)
c_ply = 0
t_ply = 0
mx var = Symbol('mx')
for i in range(N):
    s1 = NM[i, 0] * mx_var + NM_t[i, 0] * dT
   s2 = NM[i, 1] * mx_var + NM_t[i, 1] * dT
   t12 = NM[i, 2] * mx_var + NM_t[i, 2] * dT
    equ = F11*s1**2 + F22*s2**2 + F66*t12**2 + F1*s1 + F2*s2 + F12*s1*s2
    c, t = sp.solve(equ-1, mx_var)
    print('Mx= \%.2f / \%.2f (Nm/m) in (%d) ply at Z=\%.3fmm' %(c, t, theta[i],
Z_[i]*10**3))
    compression = min(np.abs(c), compression)
    tension = min(np.abs(t), tension)
    if np.abs(c) == compression: c_ply = i
    if np.abs(t) == tension: t_ply = i
print('----')
print('FPF from -Mx=%.2f (Nm/m) in (%d) ply at Z=%.3fmm' %(-compression,
theta[c_ply], Z_[c_ply]*10**3))
print('FPF from Mx=%.2f (Nm/m) in (%d) ply at Z=%.3fmm' %(tension, theta[t_ply],
Z_[t_ply]*10**3))
```