

Assignment # 1

Question 1 part (a)

$$\frac{dT_o}{dt} \propto T_s - T_o$$

$$\frac{dT_o}{dt} = K(T_s - T_o)$$

T_o = object Temperature

T_s = surrounding Temperature

K = constant

Part (b)

$$T_s = 25^\circ C$$

$$\frac{dT_o}{T_s - T_o} = K dt$$

$$\int \frac{dT_o}{25^\circ C - T_o} = \int K dt$$

$$-\ln(25 - T_0) = kt + c$$

$$\ln(25 - T_0) = -kt - c$$

$$e^{\ln(25 - T_0)} = e^{-kt - c}$$

$$25 - T_0 = e^{-kt - c}$$

For Cooling $25 - T_0$ is negative

$$25 - T_0 = -(25 - T_0)$$

$$-(25 - T_0) = e^{-kt - c}$$

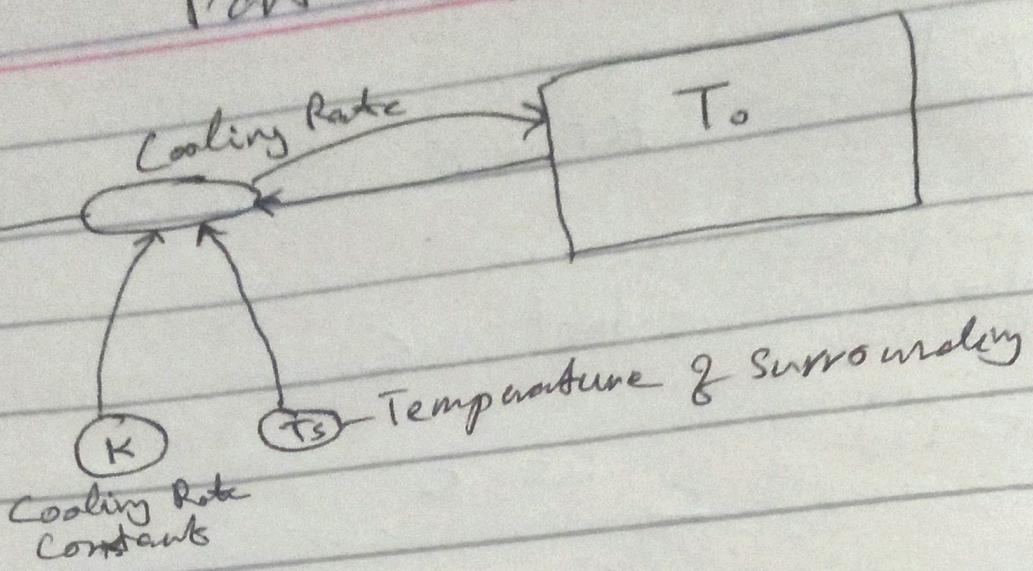
$$T_0 - 25 = e^{-kt - c}$$

$$T_0 = e^{-kt - c} + 25$$

$$T_0 = e^{-c} e^{-kt} + 25$$

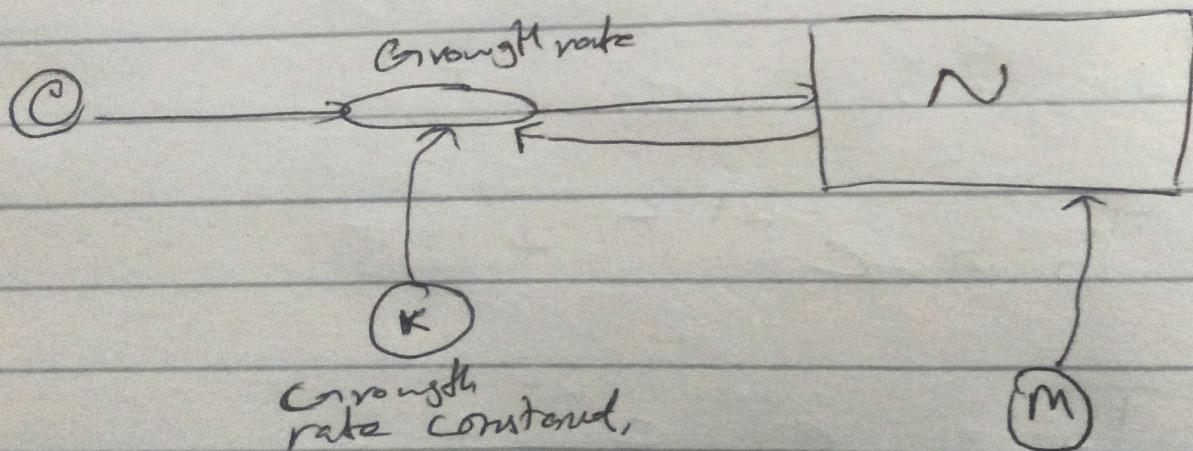
$$A = e^{-c} \quad T_0 = A e^{-kt} + 25$$

Part (c)



Other answer is in the
ipython notebook

Question 2 Part (a)



Part (c)

$$\frac{dN}{dt} = KN \ln\left(\frac{M}{N}\right)$$

$$u = \ln\left(\frac{M}{N}\right) \quad u = \ln(M) - \ln(N)$$

$$\text{Antiln}(u) = M \neq N$$

$$\frac{dN}{dt} = KN \ln\left(\frac{M}{N}\right) \quad N = \frac{M}{\text{Antiln}(u)}$$

$$\frac{dN}{dt} = KNu$$

$$\frac{d \text{Antiln}(u)}{dt} = K \text{Antiln}(u) u$$

$$\frac{d \text{Antiln}(u)}{\text{Antiln}(u)} = Ku dt$$

$$\int \frac{d \text{Antiln}(u)}{\text{Antiln}(u)} = \int Ku dt$$

$$\ln(\text{Anteil } u) = \kappa t + C$$

$$u = e^{\kappa t + C}$$

Question 3

$$\frac{Q}{Q_0} = 20\%$$

$$\frac{Q}{Q_0} = 0,20$$

We also know that half life $t_{1/2} = 5730$

$$Q = Q_0 e^{-rt}$$

$$r = \frac{0,693}{t_{1/2}} = \frac{0,693}{5730}$$

$$r = 0,693 / 5730$$

$$\frac{Q}{Q_0} = e^{-rt}$$

$$0.20 = e^{-rt}$$

$$\log(0.20) = \log(e^{-rt})$$

$$\cancel{0.20} = -1.6094 = -rt$$

$$rt = 1.6094$$

$$t = \frac{1.6094}{r}$$

$$t = \frac{1.6094}{0.693} \\ \underline{5730}$$

$$t = 13307.16$$

Question 4

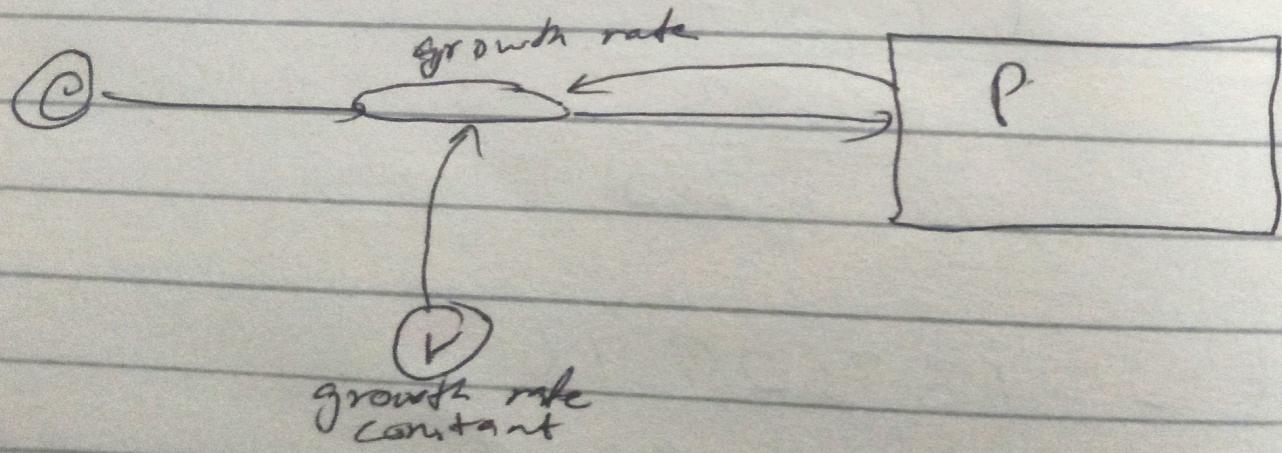
$$\frac{dP}{dt} = r P(t)$$

$$P(t) \approx P(t - \Delta t) + \Delta P$$

$$\frac{\Delta P}{\Delta t} = r P(t)$$

$$\Delta P = r P \Delta t$$

$$P(t) \approx P(t - \Delta t) + \Delta t \cdot r P(t - \Delta t)$$



$$\frac{dP}{dt} = \frac{dB}{dt} - \frac{dD}{dt}$$

$\frac{dD}{dt} = 0$ because no one
is going to
die

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = \frac{dB}{dt}$$

$$rP = \frac{dB}{dt}$$

$$rP = 3.6\%$$

$$r_2 = \frac{3.6\%}{1000000} = \frac{3.6\%}{1000000}$$

$$r_2 = 0.0036$$

$$P(1) = \$ \times 10^6 + Dt(0.0036)(\times 10^2)$$