

Digital Image Processing: Introduction

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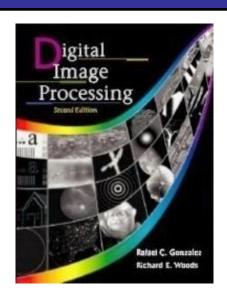
Introduction

"One picture is worth more than ten thousand words"

By Confucius

Soon you will realize that it's an understatement...

References



- "Digital Image Processing", Rafael C. Gonzalez & Richard E. Woods, Addison Wesley, 2002
 - Much of the material that follows is taken from this book

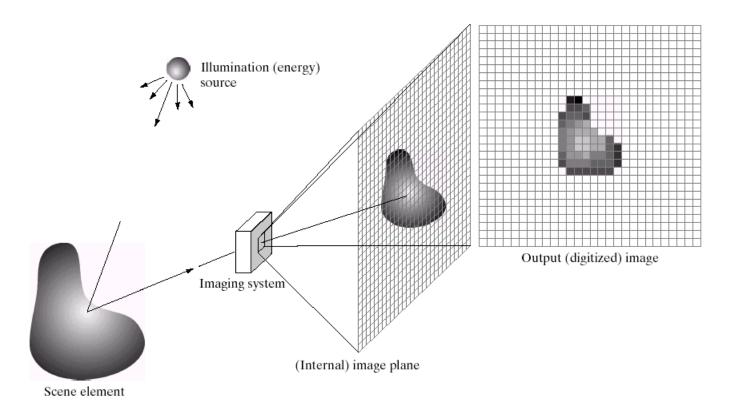
Contents

This lecture will cover:

- What is a digital image?
- What is digital image processing?
- History of digital image processing
- State of the art examples of digital image processing
- Key stages in digital image processing

What is a Digital Image?

A digital image is a representation of a twodimensional image as a finite set of digital values, called picture elements or pixels

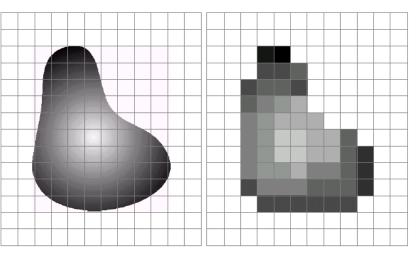


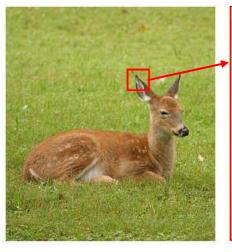


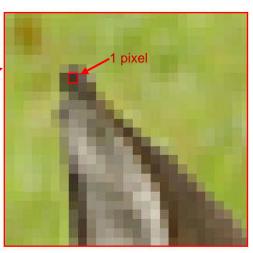
What is a Digital Image? (cont...)

Pixel values typically represent gray levels, colours, heights, opacities etc

Remember digitization implies that a digital image is an <u>approximation</u> of a real scene







What is a Digital Image? (cont...)

Common image formats include:

- 1 sample per point (B&W or Grayscale)
- 3 samples per point (Red, Green, and Blue)
- 4 samples per point (Red, Green, Blue, and "Alpha", a.k.a. Opacity)







For most of this course we will focus on grey-scale images

What is Digital Image Processing?

Digital image processing focuses on two major tasks:

- 1. Improvement of pictorial information for human interpretation
- 2. Processing of image data for storage, transmission and representation for autonomous machine perception

Some argument about where image processing ends and fields such as image analysis and computer vision start

What is DIP? (cont...)

The continuum from image processing to computer vision can be broken up into low-, mid- and high-level processes

Low	Leve	l Process
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Input: Image
Output: Image

Examples: Noise removal, image

sharpening

Mid Level Process

Input: Image

Output: Attributes

Examples: Object

recognition, segmentation

High Level Process

Input: Attributes

Output: Understanding

Examples: Scene

understanding,

autonomous navigation

In this course we will stop here

History of Digital Image Processing

Early 1920s: One of the first applications of digital imaging was in the news-

paper industry

The Bartlane cable picture transmission service



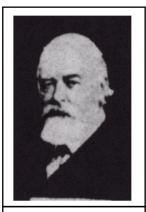
Early digital image

- Images were transferred by submarine cable between London and New York
- Pictures were coded for cable transfer and reconstructed at the receiving end on a telegraph printer

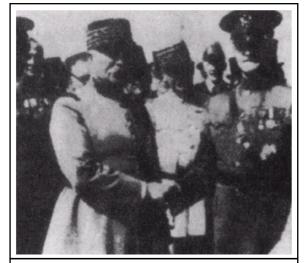


Mid to late 1920s: Improvements to the Bartlane system resulted in higher quality images

- New reproduction processes based on photographic techniques
- Increased number of tones in reproduced images



Improved digital image



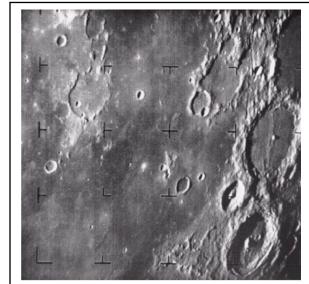
Early 15 tone digital image



1960s: Improvements in computing technology and the onset of the space race led to a surge of work in digital image

processing

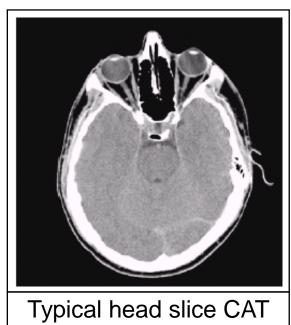
- 1964: Computers used to improve the quality of images of the moon taken by the *Ranger 7* probe
- Such techniques were used in other space missions including the Apollo landings



A picture of the moon taken by the Ranger 7 probe minutes before landing

1970s: Digital image processing begins to be used in medical applications

- **1979:** Sir Godfrey N. Hounsfield & Prof. Allan M. Cormack share the Nobel Prize in medicine for the invention of tomography, the technology behind **Computerised Axial** Tomography (CAT) scans



image

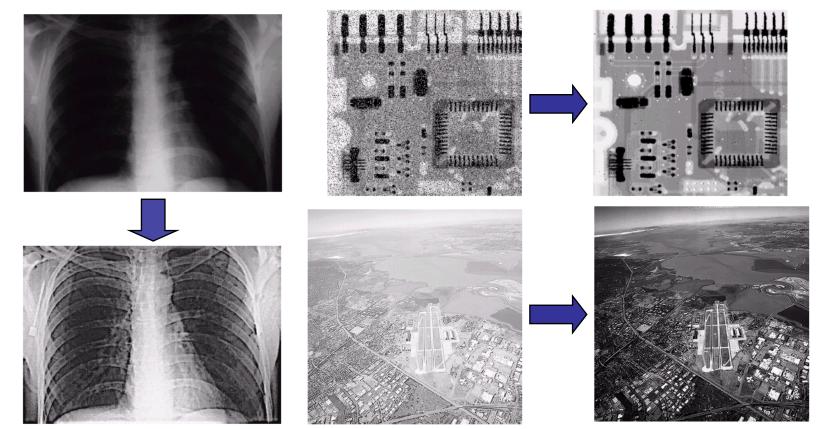


1980s - Today: The use of digital image processing techniques has exploded and they are now used for all kinds of tasks in all kinds of areas

- Image enhancement/restoration
- Artistic effects
- Medical visualisation
- Industrial inspection
- Law enforcement
- Human computer interfaces

Examples: Image Enhancement

One of the most common uses of DIP techniques: improve quality, remove noise etc



Examples: Artistic Effects

Artistic effects are used to make images more visually appealing, to add special effects and to make composite images









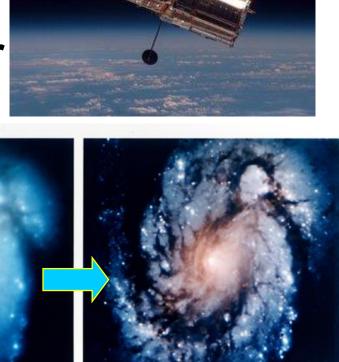
Examples: The Hubble Telescope

Launched in 1990 the Hubble telescope can take images of very distant objects

However, an **incorrect mirror** made many of Hubble's

images useless

Image processing techniques were used to fix this



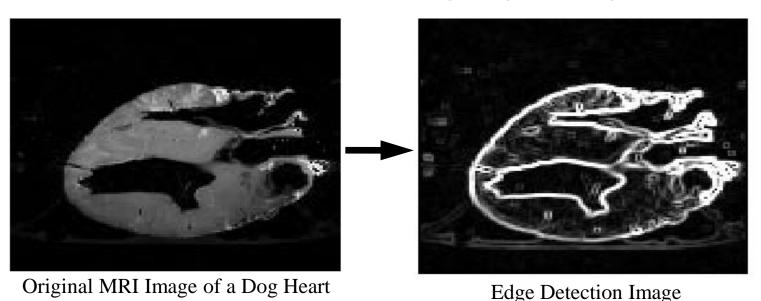
Wide Field Planetary Camera 1

Wide Field Planetary Camera 2

Examples: Medicine

Take slice from MRI scan of canine heart, and find boundaries between types of tissue

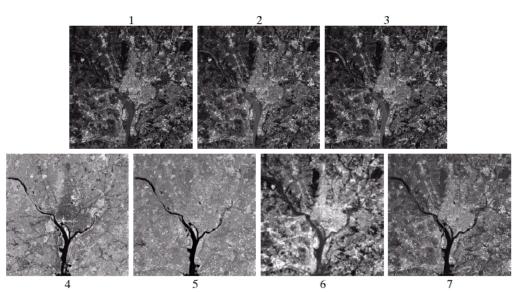
- Image with gray levels representing tissue density
- Use a suitable filter to highlight edges



Examples: GIS

Geographic Information Systems

- Digital image processing techniques are used extensively to manipulate satellite imagery
- Terrain classification
- Meteorology



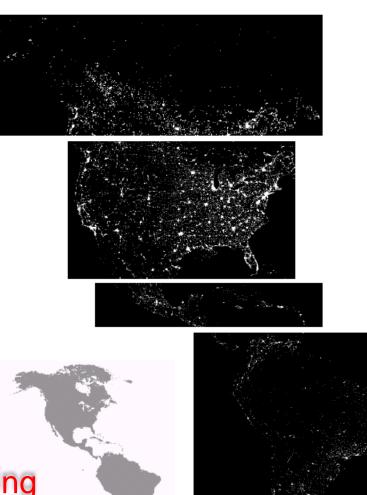
Infrared imaging



Examples: GIS (cont...)

Night-Time Lights of the World data set

- Global inventory of human settlement
- Not hard to imagine the kind of analysis that might be done using this data



Visible + Infrared imaging



Examples: Industrial Inspection

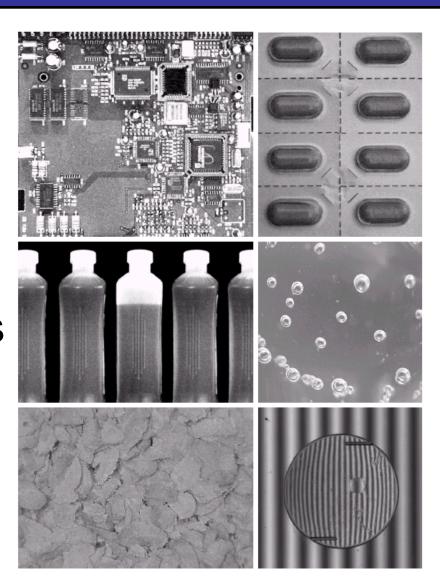
Human operators are expensive, slow and unreliable

Make machines do the job instead

Industrial vision systems are used in all kinds of industries

Can we trust them?

X-Ray imaging

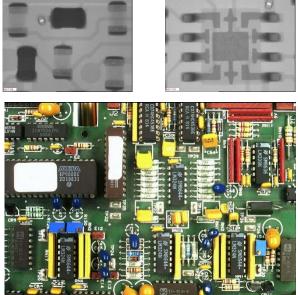


Examples: PCB Inspection

Printed Circuit Board (PCB) inspection

- Machine inspection is used to determine that all components are present and that all solder joints are acceptable
- Both conventional imaging and x-ray imaging





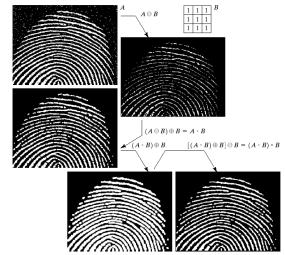


Examples: Law Enforcement

Image processing techniques are used extensively by law enforcers

- Number plate
 recognition for speed
 cameras/automated
 toll systems
- Fingerprint recognition
- Enhancement of CCTV images







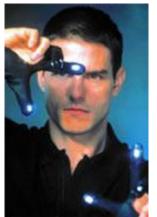
Examples: HCI

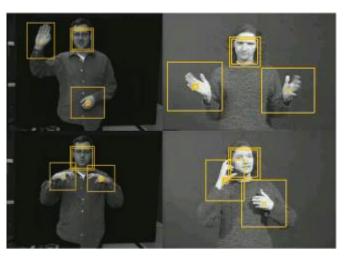
Try to make human computer interfaces more natural

- Face recognition
- Gesture recognition

One application is the smart stay?

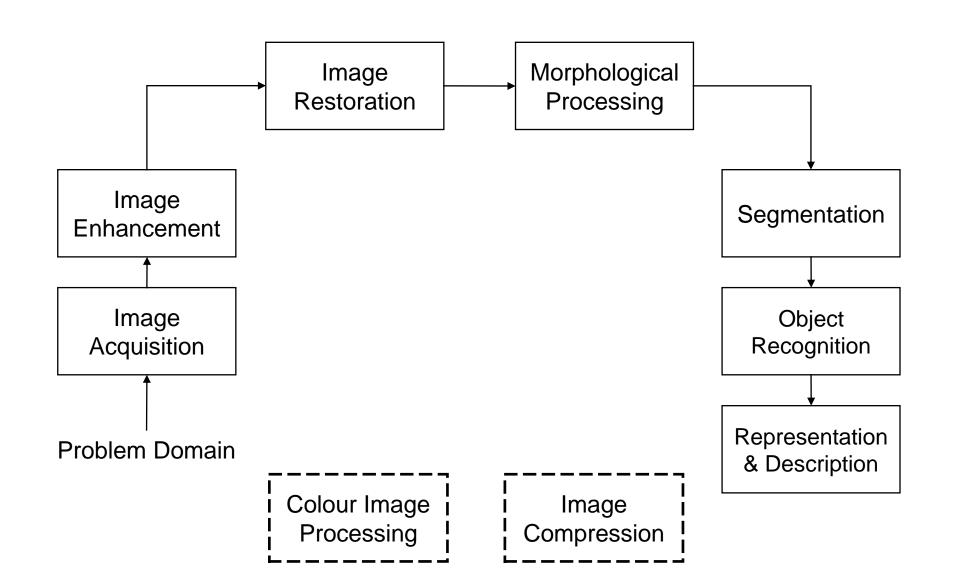
These tasks can be extremely difficult



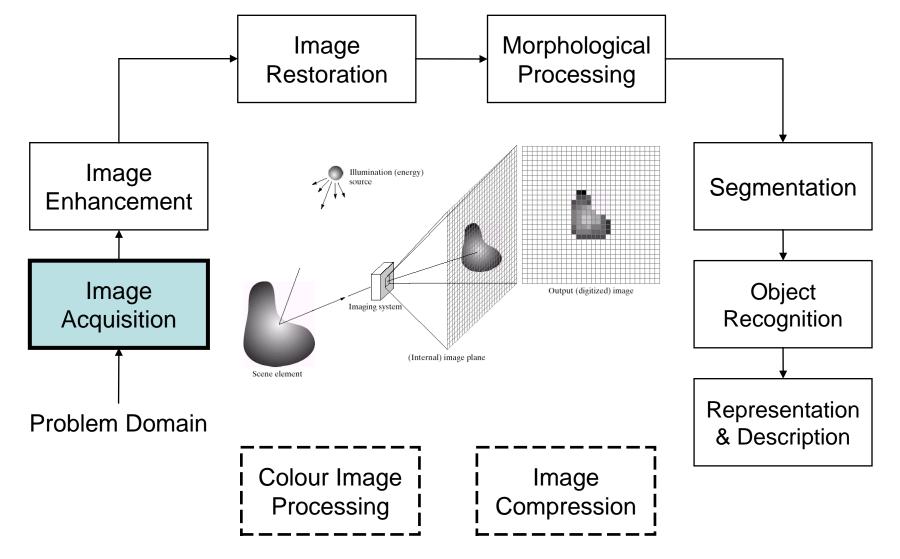




Key Stages in Digital Image Processing

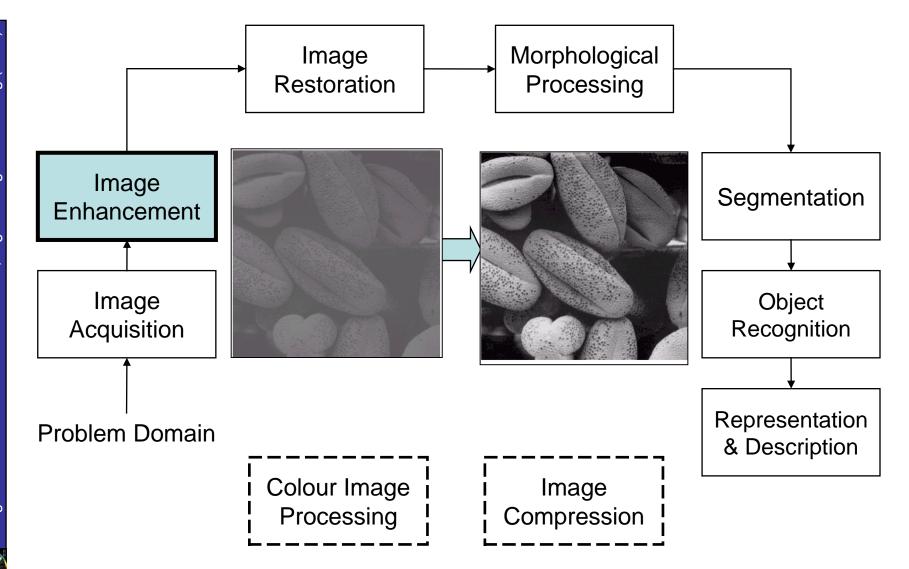


Key Stages in Digital Image Processing: Image Aquisition

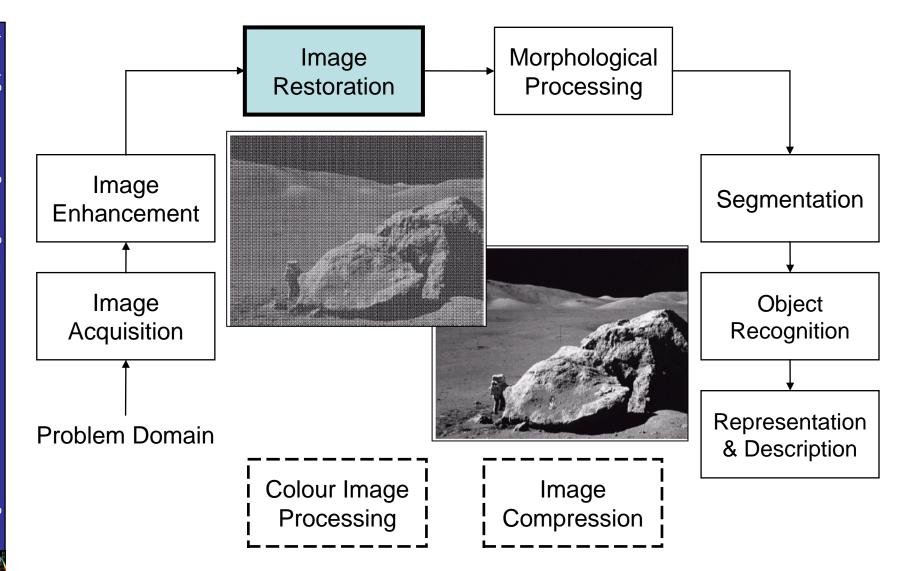




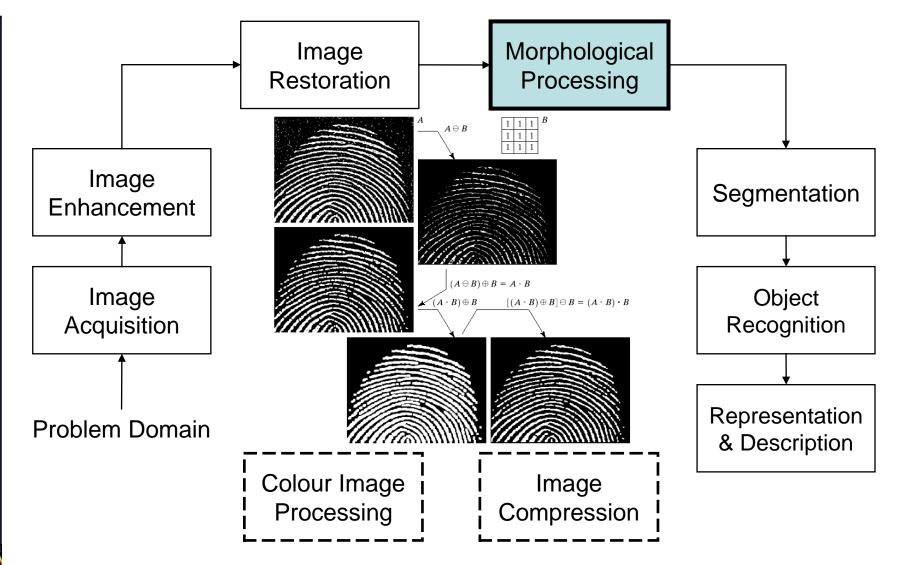
Key Stages in Digital Image Processing: Image Enhancement



Key Stages in Digital Image Processing: Image Restoration

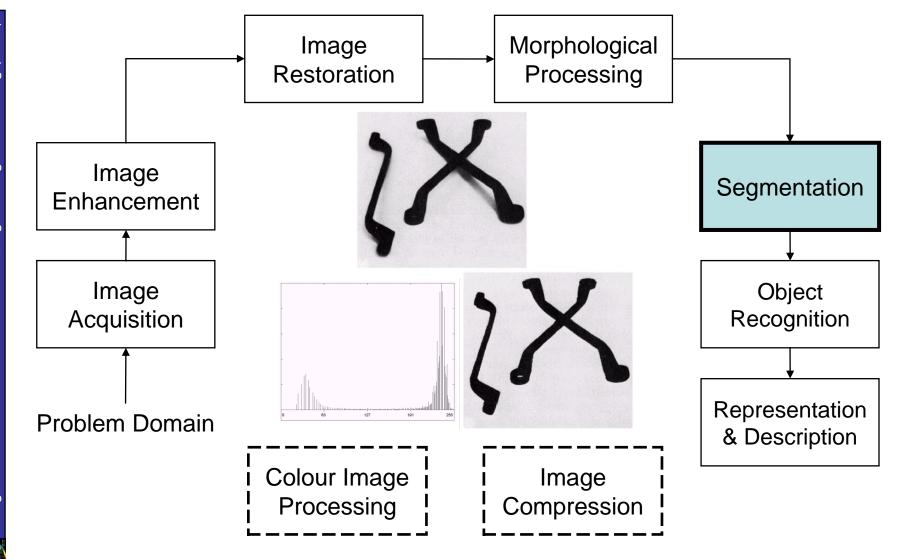


Key Stages in Digital Image Processing: Morphological Processing

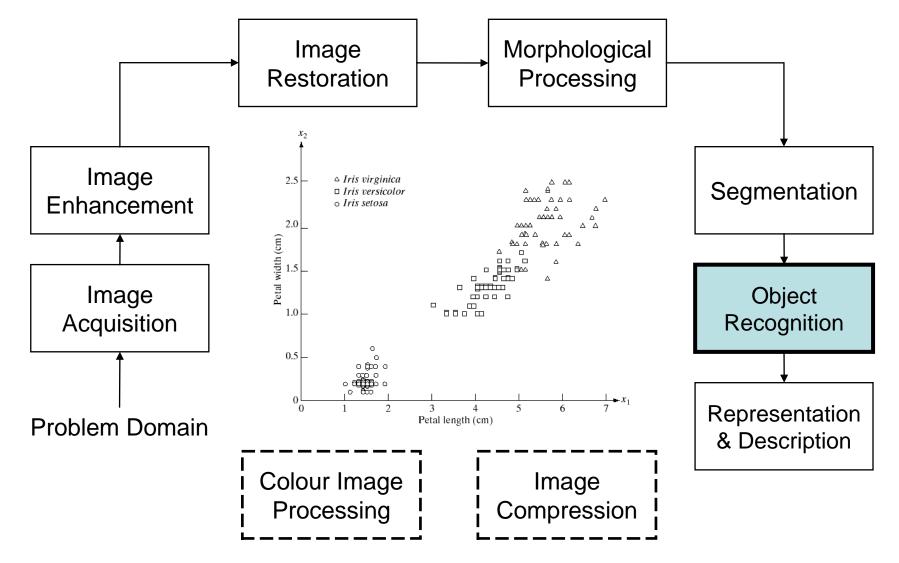




Key Stages in Digital Image Processing: Segmentation

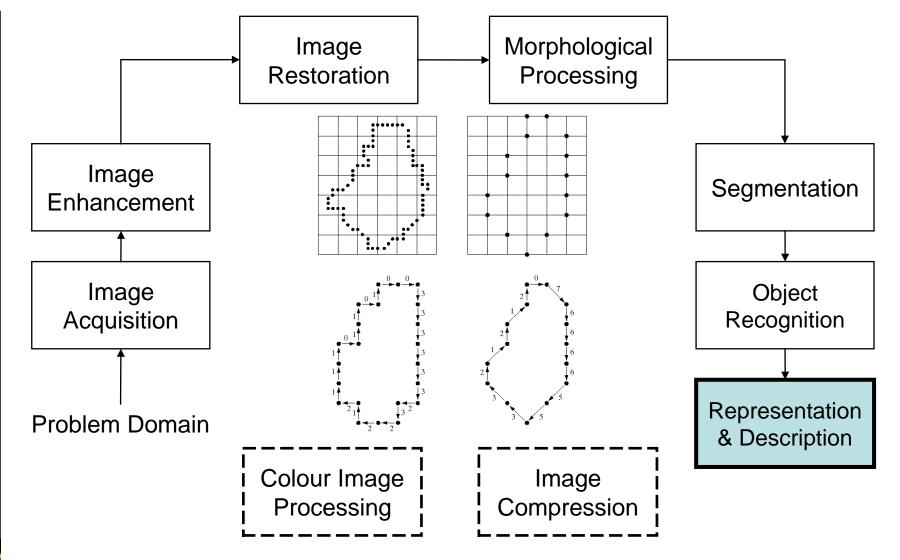


Key Stages in Digital Image Processing: Object Recognition



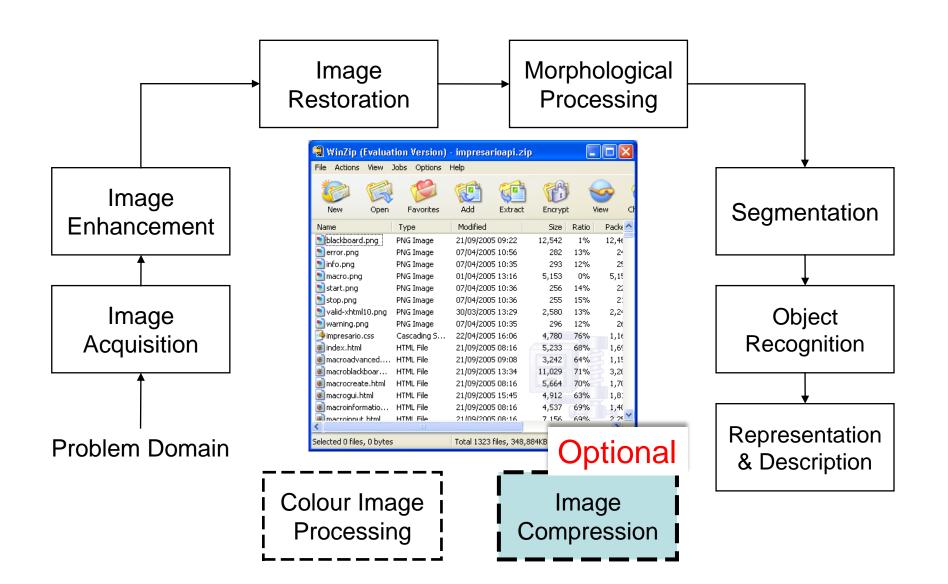


Key Stages in Digital Image Processing: Representation & Description

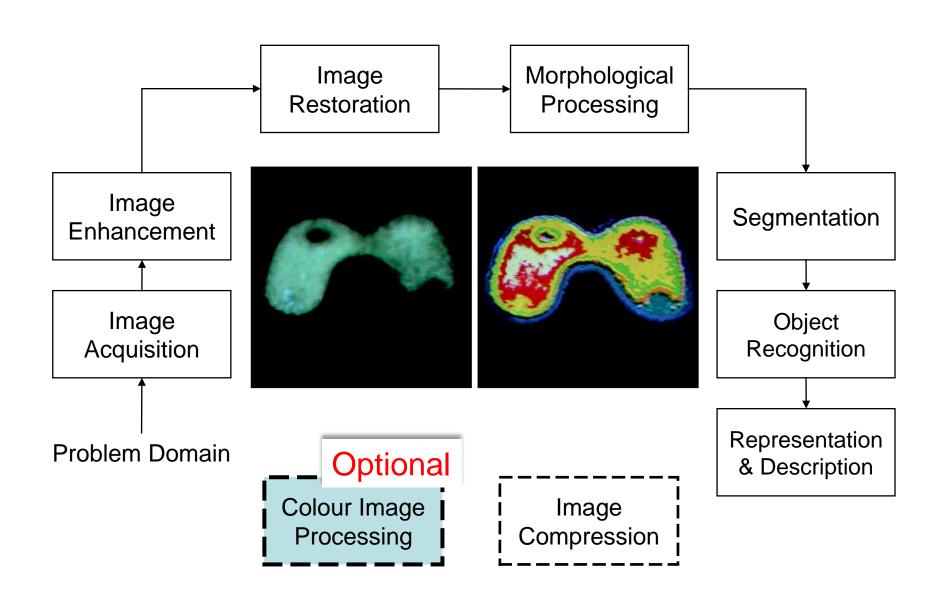




Key Stages in Digital Image Processing: Image Compression



Key Stages in Digital Image Processing: Colour Image Processing



Summary

We have looked at:

- What is a digital image?
- What is digital image processing?
- History of digital image processing
- State of the art examples of digital image processing
- Key stages in digital image processing

Next time we will start to see how it all works...