

# **Data Definition Language**

Pendekatan Teori dan Praktik

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# DDL / Data Definition Language

DDL merupakan perintah SQL yang berhubungan dengan pendefinisian suatu struktur database, dalam hal ini database dan table. Perintah SQL yang termasuk dalam DDL antara lain:

CREATE

ALTER

RENAME / ALTER

DROP

**TRUNCATE** 

## CREATE

Sintak:

**CREATE DATABASE** *DatabaseName*;

Contoh:

**CREATE DATABASE AKADEMIK**;

# DROP

Sintak:

**DROP DATABASE** *DatabaseName*;

Contoh:

**DROP DATABASE AKADEMIK**;

## CREATE

#### Sintak:

```
CREATE TABLE TableName
( column1 datatype constraint,
  column2 datatype constraint,
  column3 datatype constraint,
  .....

columnN datatype constraint,
PRIMARY KEY( one or more columns )
);
```

## CREATE

#### Contoh:

```
CREATE TABLE PRODI
(
idprodi int IDENTITY(1,1) PRIMARY KEY,
nmprodi nvarchar (50) NOT NULL,
akreditasi varchar (1) NOT NULL default('A'),
thn_berdiri varchar (4) NULL
)
```

The basic syntax of **ALTER TABLE** to **ADD** a new column in an existing table is as follows:

Sintak:

**ALTER TABLE** *TableName* **ADD** ColumnName datatype;

Contoh:

ALTER TABLE PRODI ADD email varchar (50) NULL;

The basic syntax of ALTER TABLE to **DROP COLUMN** in an existing table is as follows:

Sintak:

ALTER TABLE TableName DROP COLUMN ColumnName;

Contoh:

ALTER TABLE PRODI DROP COLUMN email;

The basic syntax of ALTER TABLE to change the **DATA TYPE** of a column in a table is as follows:

Sintak:

ALTER TABLE TableName MODIFY COLUMN ColumnName datatype;

Contoh:

ALTER TABLE PRODI MODIFY COLUMN thn\_berdiri nvarchar (4);

The basic syntax of ALTER TABLE to add a **NOT NULL** constraint to a column in a table is as follows:

Sintak:

ALTER TABLE TableName MODIFY ColumnName datatype NOT NULL;

Contoh:

ALTER TABLE PRODI MODIFY COLUMN thn\_berdiri nvarchar (4) NOT NULL;

# TRUNCATE

Sintak:

TRUNCATE TABLE TableName;

Contoh:

TRUNCATE TABLE PRODI;