# Computer Science 241

(Individual) Program 2 (50 points) Due Tuesday, May 9th, 2017 at 10:00 PM

Read all of the instructions. Late work will not be accepted.

#### Overview

For the second programming assignment you will work on your own to create a speech recognition program. Specifically, it is capable of so-called "second pass" decoding, which takes as its input a special directed acyclic graph called a *lattice*. Each node in a lattice corresponds to a point in time during a sentence, and each edge corresponds to a word that might have been uttered between the two end-points. Each path from the special start node to the special end node corresponds to one possible *hypothesis* for the sentence that was uttered. Each edge is weighted by two scores: an acoustic model score (amScore) and a language model score (lmScore). You can combined these into a single score by taking a weighted sum, weighted by a parameter called the language model scale (lmScale). The combined score for an edge e is:

$$combinedScore(e) = amScore(e) + lmScale * lmScore(e)$$

The score of a path is just the sum of the scores of its edges. These scores represent negative log probabilities, so the lower the score the better. The shortest path, then, is the best path (lowest score means highest probability). Conveniently, there are very efficient algorithms for computing the shortest path through a directed acyclic graph. For example, even in a graph with  $9.518 \times 10^{86}$  unique paths (i.e. possible hypotheses), the best hypothesis can be found in less than two seconds on a standard laptop.

You will implement this functionality in the Lattice class. A skeleton .java file with several dummy methods have been provided to you to complete. The pre- and post-conditions for each method are specified; it will be your job to complete all of the methods according to those conditions. Additionally, Lattice relies upon two classes that have already been implemented for you: Hypothesis, for representing and performing operations on a speech recognition hypothesis, and Edge, which is used to store the information associates with each edge in the lattice. You are welcome to add as many private helper methods as you would like.

## Development and Testing

A program named Program2 (Program2.java) has been provided to you. Do not modify Program2's code. This program drives your Lattice class: it reads in test lattices, computes their best hypotheses, and reports various statistics of the lattices. It accomplishes this by generating new instances of type Lattice. Because Program2 interacts with your Lattice class, you must not change the method header for any of the public methods in Lattice.java (including, for example, adding new throws flags). You must supply

this program with three arguments: the name of a "lattice list," an lmScale value for combining the acoustic and language model scores into a single combined score, and the name of an output directory (that you created **before** running your program), where two different representations of the lattice will be written. An example usage is:

C:> java.exe Program2 someLatticeListFile.txt 8.0 someOutputDirectory
or (in Linux):

\$ java Program2 someLatticeListFile.txt 8.0 someOutputDirectory

I will use Program2 for grading; it is available for you to use during development. Close to the deadline, I will post one example output produced by my code so that you can check that your formatting is correct. You should develop at least one new, simple, lattices and use it as a test case.

### The Repository

You will develop this program under your Git version control repository hosted on Github. If you used your repository for Program 1, continue to use it for Program 2. If you did not use your repository for Program 1, you can find it at:

https://github.com/hutchteaching/201720\_csci241\_username

This time you will put your code in a new subdirectory named prog2 (capitalization, spacing and spelling matter!), rather than prog1.

You *must* use this repository for the development and submission of your work (failure to have 8 or more non-trivial revisions will result in non-trivial penalties).

#### Plan

Prior to the checkpoint, you will construct a plan for the program, documented in a plaintext file named plan.txt. Using proper spelling<sup>2</sup> and grammar, the plan should include the following numbered sections:

- 1. A one paragraph summary of the program in your own words. What is being asked of you? What will you implement in this assignment?
- 2. Your thoughts (a few sentences) on what you anticipate being the most challenging aspect(s) of the assignment.
- 3. A proposed schedule for when you will reach major milestones to complete this assignment.
- 4. A list of at least three resources you plan to draw from if you get stuck on something.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>A lattice list simply contains a list of lattice files to process, along with their corresponding reference files. The file has one line per utterance. Each line begins with the name of a .lattice file, followed by a space, followed by the name of the corresponding .ref file.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Hint: aspell -c plan.txt

### Checkpoint

Shortly after the assignment is posted (deadline listed at the beginning of this document), you will have a checkpoint to make sure you are on track. To satisfy the checkpoint, you need to do the following:

- Clone your repository (if not already cloned)
- Create your prog2 directory
- Create, add, commit and push the following files:
  - Lattice. java (can be the skeleton I provided, for now)
  - plan.txt (the plan in the previous section)
  - writeup.txt (can be empty for now)

### Grading

#### Submitting your work

When the clock strikes 10 PM on the due date, a script will automatically pull the latest committed version of your assignment. (Do not forget to add, commit and push the work you want submitted before the due date!) Your repository should have in it, directly in the prog2 subdirectory, at least the following files:

- Lattice.java
- Your write-up (named writeup.txt)
- Your plan (named plan.txt)
- At least one new test input pair and list you have created
  - Name your new test file(s) test1.lattice (and test1.ref), test2.lattice (and test2.ref), etc.
  - Create a test list named test.list that contains all test lattices and refs
  - All of these test files should be in prog2 itself, not a sub-directory
- Any other source code needed to compile your program / classes

Your repository need not and **should not contain your .class files.** Upon pulling your files, I will replace your version of Program2.java, Edge.java and Hypothesis.java with my original ones, compile all .java files, run Program2 against a series of test lattices, analyze your code, and read your documentation.

#### **Points**

This assignment will be scored by taking the points earned and subtracting any deductions. You can earn up to 50 points.

Component	Points
Write Up & Test Cases	5
Lattice constructor	7
Lattice getUtteranceID	1
Lattice getNumNodes	1
Lattice getNumEdges	1
Lattice toString	3
Lattice decode	7
Lattice topologicalSort	7
Lattice countAllPaths	5
Lattice getLatticeDensity	2
Lattice writeAsDot	3
Lattice saveAsFile	1
Lattice uniqueWordsAtTime	3
Lattice printSortedHits	4
Total	<b>50</b>

You may also have deductions from your score for

- Poor code style (e.g. inconsistent indentation, non-standard naming conventions, excessively long methods, code duplication, etc.)
- Inadequate versioning
- Errors compiling or running

## Write-Up & Test Cases

You need to create, add and commit a *plaintext*<sup>3</sup> document named writeup.txt. In it, you should include the following (numbered) sections.

- 1. Your name
- 2. Declare/discuss any aspects of your code that is not working. What are your intuitions about why things are not working? What potential causes have you already explored and ruled out? Given more time, what would you try next? Detailed answers here are critical to getting partial credit for malfunctioning programs, and failure to disclose obvious problems will lead to additional penalties.
- 3. An acknowledgment and discussion of any parts of the program that appear to be inefficient (in either time or space complexity).
- 4. A discussion of the portions of the assignment that were most challenging. What about those portions was challenging?
- 5. A discussion on how you approached testing that your program was correct and asymptotically efficient. What did test1.lattice test?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>E.g. created with vim, kate or gedit.

#### Lattice Format

The provided lattices are in a very simple format. An example complete lattice file is listed below:

```
id CMU_20020319-1400_101_denise_1_0200626_0201468
start 0
end 6
numNodes 7
numEdges 7
node 0 0.00
node 1 0.00
node 2 0.00
node 3 0.19
node 4 0.19
node 5 0.62
node 6 0.83
edge 0 1 -silence- 0 78
edge 0 2 -silence- 0 38
edge 1 3 -silence- 2325 0
edge 2 4 -silence- 2325 0
edge 3 5 ok 7414 12
edge 4 5 okay 7414 7
edge 5 6 -silence- 862 0
```

Each line begins with one of the following keywords:

- id. The next token after this keyword will be the identifier for the utterance (a string).
- start. The next token after this keyword is the index of the special start node (an integer). This is usually 0, but need not be.
- end. The next token after this keyword is the index of the special end node (an integer). This is usually the node with the largest index in the graph, but need not be.
- numNodes. The next token after this keyword is the number of nodes in the graph (an integer).
- numEdges. The next token after this keyword is the number of edges in the graph (an integer).
- node. This defines one node in the graph. The first token after the keyword gives the node index (an integer); the second token after the keyword gives the time associated with the node (a double).
- edge. This defines one edge in the graph. The first token after the keyword gives the source node index (an integer) and the second token gives the destination node index (an integer). For example, 0 5 indicates that this is an edge from node 0 to node

5. The third token after the keyword is the word/label associated with the edge (a string). The fourth and fifth tokens are the acoustic and language model scores (both integers), respectively.

#### Visualizing Lattices

For each .lattice file in the input lattice list, two files will be created in someOutputDirectory: 1) another .lattice file that should be in the same format as the input .lattice file,<sup>4</sup> 2) a .dot file that can be compiled into a pdf or svg image using the Graphviz dot program. At least for small lattices, the graphical representation can be a very helpful tool for understanding the data. To compile a .dot file into a pdf in Linux, use the following command

```
$ dot -Tpdf inputFileNameGoesHere.dot -o outputFileNameGoeshere.pdf
```

Simply replace pdf with svg everywhere it occurs to compile to svg format. You can view svg files with the inkscape program. Be warned that for very large lattices, the dot command can take a prohibitively long time to run.

#### **Dot Format**

There are many kinds of graphs that can be described in dot format. Ours will be simple. The files you produce will consist of three parts:

1. It will always begin with this header:

```
digraph g {
    rankdir="LR"
```

2. It will be followed with edge definitions, one per edge in the graph. These take the form:

```
srcNode -> destNode [label = "labelGoesHere"]
For example:
    0 -> 1 [label = "-silence-"]
```

3. It will always end with a single right curly brace (to close the one opened in step 1): }

An example complete dot file for a simple lattice with only seven edges is given below:

```
digraph g {
    rankdir="LR"
    0 -> 1 [label = "-silence-"]
    0 -> 2 [label = "-silence-"]
    1 -> 3 [label = "-silence-"]
    2 -> 4 [label = "-silence-"]
    3 -> 5 [label = "ok"]
    4 -> 5 [label = "okay"]
    5 -> 6 [label = "-silence-"]
}
```

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>In practice, with the example files I provide, it should be *identical* to the input .lattice files.

## **Academic Honesty**

You must not share code with any of your classmates: you must not look at others' code or show your classmates your code. You cannot take, in part or in whole, any code from any outside source, including the internet, nor can you post your code to it. If you need help from a classmate, step away from the computer and discuss strategies and approaches, not code specifics. You must also not reveal the details of your "count all paths" algorithm to any of your classmates. I am available for help during office hours as are the department tutors. I am also available via email (do not wait until the last minute to email). If you participate in academic dishonesty, you will fail the course.