

NAME / COMPANY: _____

INDUSTRIAL DOMAIN: _____

ROLE: _____

CONTACT (phone/email): _____

Notes:

1. You can choose more than one answer that you believe are the most significant.
2. Footnote provided to elaborate the answer.

Section 1: Basic Fundamentals of Humanitarian Logistics and Supply Chains

1. What does humanitarian logistics mean to you?

- Involves the efficient distribution of aid and resources during emergencies.
- Provides essential support services to communities affected by crises.
- Ensures timely delivery of relief materials to those in need.
- Facilitates the coordination of rescue and recovery efforts.
- Other (please specify): _____

2. How does humanitarian logistics help people in crisis situations?

- By ensuring access to food, water, and medical supplies.
- By providing shelter and essential amenities to displaced individuals.
- By coordinating emergency response efforts to save lives.
- By supporting community resilience and recovery after disasters.
- Other (please specify): _____

3. What activities involves during emergencies in humanitarian logistics?

- Mobilising resources quickly
- Establishment of temporary shelters and medical facilities.
- Aid distribution coordination with local and international authorities.
- Adapting supply chains to overcome logistical challenges.
- Other (please specify): _____

4. What challenges do humanitarian workers face every in delivering aid to those in need during crises?

- Limited access due to security concerns.
- Insufficient funding and resources.
- Coordination gaps between authorities and agencies
- Supply chains and logistical challenges.
- Other (please specify): _____

5. How can we tackle the challenges faced by humanitarian workers in overcoming obstacles?

- Coordinate and collaborate with humanitarian organizations.
- Provide specialized training for improved preparedness and response.
- Invest in innovative technologies for aid delivery.
- Advocate for increased funding and support.
- Other (please specify): _____

Part 2: Sustainability Humanitarian Logistic and Supply Chains

6. What factors are prioritised when evaluating the sustainability of humanitarian relief materials?

Notes;

Environmental Impact: Assessing the ecological footprint including carbon emissions, resource usage, and waste generation.

Ethical Sourcing: Ensuring that relief materials are sourced ethically, considering factors such as fair labour practices, human rights, and supply chain transparency.

Social Responsibility: Evaluating the social impact including their contribution to community development, local empowerment, and cultural sensitivity.

Quality and Safety: Prioritising the quality and safety to ensure they meet relevant standards and regulations, safeguarding the health and well-being of recipients.

Cost-effectiveness: Balancing sustainability considerations with cost-effectiveness to optimise resource allocation and maximise the impact of humanitarian efforts.

- Environmental Impact. Ethical Sourcing. Quality and Safety.
 Cost-effectiveness. Other (please specify): _____

7. What is the environmental impact on logistics and supply chain in humanitarian principles?

Notes: - choose only **one** answer

High: Carbon emissions from transportation and waste generation.

Moderate: Efforts are made to minimise it through efficient resource utilisation and waste management.

Low: Measures in place to reduce carbon emissions and environmental footprint.

Negligible: strict adherence to sustainable practices and eco-friendly technologies.

Not Applicable: No significant concern or is not relevant to the context of the survey respondent.

- High Moderate Low Negligible Not Applicable

8. What measures could be implemented to reduce the environmental footprint of humanitarian logistics and supply chain activities?

- Use of renewable energy sources.
 Adopt eco-friendly packaging materials.
 Implement transportation routes to minimise emissions.
 Integrate sustainable sourcing practices for materials and resources.
 Other (please specify): _____

9. How important does ethical practices are in humanitarian logistics and supply chain operations?

Notes: choose only **one** answer

Extremely important: Ethical practices should be prioritized above all else.

Very important: Ethical considerations significantly impact the effectiveness of humanitarian efforts.

Moderately important: Ethical practices are important but may sometimes be secondary to logistical concerns.

Slightly important: Ethical considerations are relevant but not a top priority.

Not important: Ethical practices have little relevance in humanitarian logistics.

- Extremely important Very important Moderately important
 Slightly important Not important

10. What are the ethical practices in logistics and supply chain in humanitarian principles?

Notes;

Transparency & accountability: ensuring clear information about humanitarian relief materials' sourcing, production, and distribution, and holding all stakeholders accountable for their actions.

Compliance: Adhering to relevant laws, regulations, and ethical standards in the sourcing process to ensure ethical practices and prevent exploitation or harm.

Due Diligence: Conducting thorough due diligence on suppliers to assess their ethical and environmental practices, including site visits, audits, and verification of certifications.

Stakeholder Engagement: Engaging to collaborate with stakeholders, including suppliers, humanitarian organizations, and local communities, to gather input, address concerns, and ensure ethical sourcing practices.

- | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Transparency & accountability | <input type="checkbox"/> Compliance | <input type="checkbox"/> Due diligence |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Stakeholder engagement | <input type="checkbox"/> Other : _____ | |

Part 3: integration of Sustainable Sourcing Practices for Humanitarian Materials and Resources

11. How do we assess suppliers' sustainability within humanitarian logistics and supply chains?

- Perform regular assessments by dedicated teams.
- Evaluate of suppliers' sustainability adherence to international standards.
- Use of specific metrics and key performance indicators.
- Collaborate with third-party auditors for comprehensive sustainability audits.
- Other (please specify): _____

12. How do humanitarian workers responsibly and sustainably source materials for relief efforts?

- Partnering with local communities, suppliers, and aid organizations.
- Adherence to ethical standards and procurement policies for responsible sourcing.
- Thorough environmental assessments to minimize harm.
- Continuous improvement through feedback and monitoring processes.
- Other (please specify): _____

13. How do suppliers prioritise people and environmental welfare in their sourcing and production processes for humanitarian relief efforts?

Notes:

Social responsibility initiatives: Implementing programs to improve worker and community well-being.

Environmental certifications: obtaining certifications like ISO 14001 or Fair Trade.

Transparent supply chain: Providing transparent supply chains for compliance with ethical and environmental standards.

Collaborative partnership: Collaborating with humanitarian organisations for prioritised people and environmental welfare in sourcing and production.

- | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Social responsible initiatives | <input type="checkbox"/> Environmental certifications | <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Transparent supply chains | <input type="checkbox"/> Collaborative partnership | |

14. Could you tell any inspiring stories where aid organisations or individuals found creative ways to procure relief materials sustainably, considering the challenges they faced?

Notes:

Community engagement: Collaborated with local communities to implement sustainable farming practices for food relief while environment conservations.

Recycling initiatives: Established recycling programs in crisis zones to reduce waste and promote sustainability.

Innovative technologies: Utilised advanced technologies like 3D printing for on-site relief material production.

Education and empowerment: empowered local communities through education and training programs to manage natural resources sustainably and produce their own relief materials.

- | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Community engagement | <input type="checkbox"/> Recycling initiatives | <input type="checkbox"/> Innovative technologies |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Education & empowerment | <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ | |

15. What can we do to regularly check and enhance method of evaluating supplier sustainability?

Notes;

Continuous monitoring: Regular tracking of supplier performance to ensure sustainability standards compliance.

Stakeholder feedback: Identifying improvement areas and refining evaluation process.

Data analytics: Analysing supplier performance data to identify trends.

Collaborative initiatives: Sharing best practices and enhancing effectiveness of sustainability evaluations.

- | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous monitoring | <input type="checkbox"/> Stakeholder feedback | <input type="checkbox"/> Data analytics |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Collaborative initiatives | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (please specify): _____ | |

Part 4: Data Analytical Tool(s) to support Sourcing work of Humanitarian Material & Resources

16. How would you describe data analytics tools using simple terms?
- Helps identify patterns and trends in large data sets.
 Transform complex data into understandable insights for decision-making.
 Helps examine details, revealing valuable information.
 Combine data, aiding problem-solving and better decision-making.
 Other (please specify): _____
17. What are data analytics tool(s) that you are used and familiar with and why?
- Power BI Tableau Phyton/R
 Google Analytics Other: _____
18. What do you see Data Analytics Impact on Sales, Customer Satisfaction, and Supply Chain Optimization?
- Increased sales observed with effective marketing targeting.
 Personalized services improved customer satisfaction.
 Reduced operating costs observed with supply chain optimization.
 Identified training and support employee performance and productivity.
 Other (please specify): _____
19. How do humanitarian organizations currently leverage data analytics tools to ensure ethical standards are upheld in the procurement of relief materials?
- Tracking supplier performance and ethical standards.
 Providing insights into supplier sourcing practices.
 Monitoring environmental impact and labour practices.
 Detecting and mitigating potential ethical violations in the supply chain.
 Others (please specify): _____
20. How can we effectively collect and integrate supplier data into data analytics tools while maintaining accuracy and completeness?
- Implement automated data collection for real-time updates.
 Use data validation techniques for data integrity verification.
 Establish data governance protocols for consistency.
 Conduct regular audits for data accuracy and reliability.
 others (please specify): _____
21. Are there any other areas or aspects within sustainable humanitarian logistics and supply chain that you believe should be addressed in these questionnaires? Yes No
22. If your answer to the previous question is "Yes", kindly provide a description.
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