

# Electrospeed

## Integrated Control System



### ICS ELECTROSPEED KEYPAD PARAMETERS

- a. Select Parameter to be displayed or changed
- b. Use Up/down Arrow Keys to change Parameter
- c. Press Enter Key to make change effective
- d. Press any other Key to Abort change

#### DRIVE MODEL/OVERLOAD PARAMETERS

1. VT DRIVE ID
2. AMPS OL SET
3. SEC OL TRIP

#### VOLTS AT 60 Hz/START FREQUENCY

1. VOLTS @ 60Hz
2. START Hz

#### SYNCH DELAY/HIGH SPEED CLAMP

1. SYNC DLY
2. Hz MAX SPD

#### LOW SPEED CLAMP/V BOOST

1. MIN SPD
2. VOLTS @ 0 Hz

#### I LIMIT/I LIMIT SYNC

1. AMPS I LIM
2. I LIM SYNC

#### V BOOST SYNC/V CLAMP

1. VOLTS @ 0 Hz SYNC
2. V CLAMP

#### ACCEL TIME/DECCEL TIME

1. SEC ACCEL
2. SEC DECEL

#### REGULATOR GAIN/SLIP COMP

1. % REG GAIN
2. % SLIP COMP

#### FAULT RESTART PARAMETERS

1. FLT RESTARTS
2. MIN RESTARTS
3. MIN FLTRESET

#### UNDERLOAD PARAMETERS

1. AMPS UL SET
2. MIN RESTART
3. UL RESTARTS
4. SEC UL TRIP
5. AUX STOP RESTART OFF >or< ON

#### SET FREQUENCY

1. Hz SET SPD
2. kpad >or< Ext. POT >or< RTU

#### CONTROLLER SET POINT/JOG FREQUENCY

1. A SET PT >and or< B SET PT
2. JOG SPD

#### ANALOG CONTROL SETUP

1. A ANALOG >or< B ANALOG
2. SET PNT >or< FOLLOWER

##### \* SETPOINT \* (choice)

3. DIRECT >or< REVERSE
4. SIGNAL TYPE (4-20 Ma, 0-10 volts etc.)
5. UNITS TYPE (PSI, GPM, BPD etc)
6. ZERO (adjust UNITS for zero signal)
7. SPAN (adjust UNITS for max signal)
8. PORP GAIN (set % gain)
9. INT GAIN (set % gain)
10. DERIV GAIN (set % gain)
11. LOW ALM (set units low alarm)
12. HI ALM (set units high alarm)
13. ALM DELAY (set min delay at start-up)

##### \* FOLLOWER \* (choice)

3. DIRECT >or< REVERSE
4. SIGNAL TYPE (4-20 Ma, 0-10 volts etc.)

#### CLOCK/DRIVE HISTORY

1. TIME (set time)
2. DATE (set Date)
3. EVENT No & TIME
4. EVENT No & DATE
5. EVENT No & EVENT NAME

#### FREQUENCY AVOIDANCE/OUTPUT ROTATION

1. OFF >or< ON FREQ AVOID
2. Hz+- AVOID (set +/- tenths Hz band)
3. FREQ #1 (set Freq #1)
4. FREQ #2 (set Freq #2)
5. FREQ #3 (set Freq #3)
6. FREQ #4 (set Freq #4)
7. FREQ #5 (set Freq #5)
8. FWD >or< REV >or< EXT ROTATION

#### DISPLAY OUTPUT AMPS/VOLTS

1. AMPS A PH
2. AMPS B PH
3. AMPS C PH
4. VOLTS OUT
5. CODE NUMBER (access code)

#### DISPLAY ANALOG INPUTS

1. UNITS INPUT A
2. UNITS INPUT B

#### DISPLAY STATUS

1. (Displays present operating status)

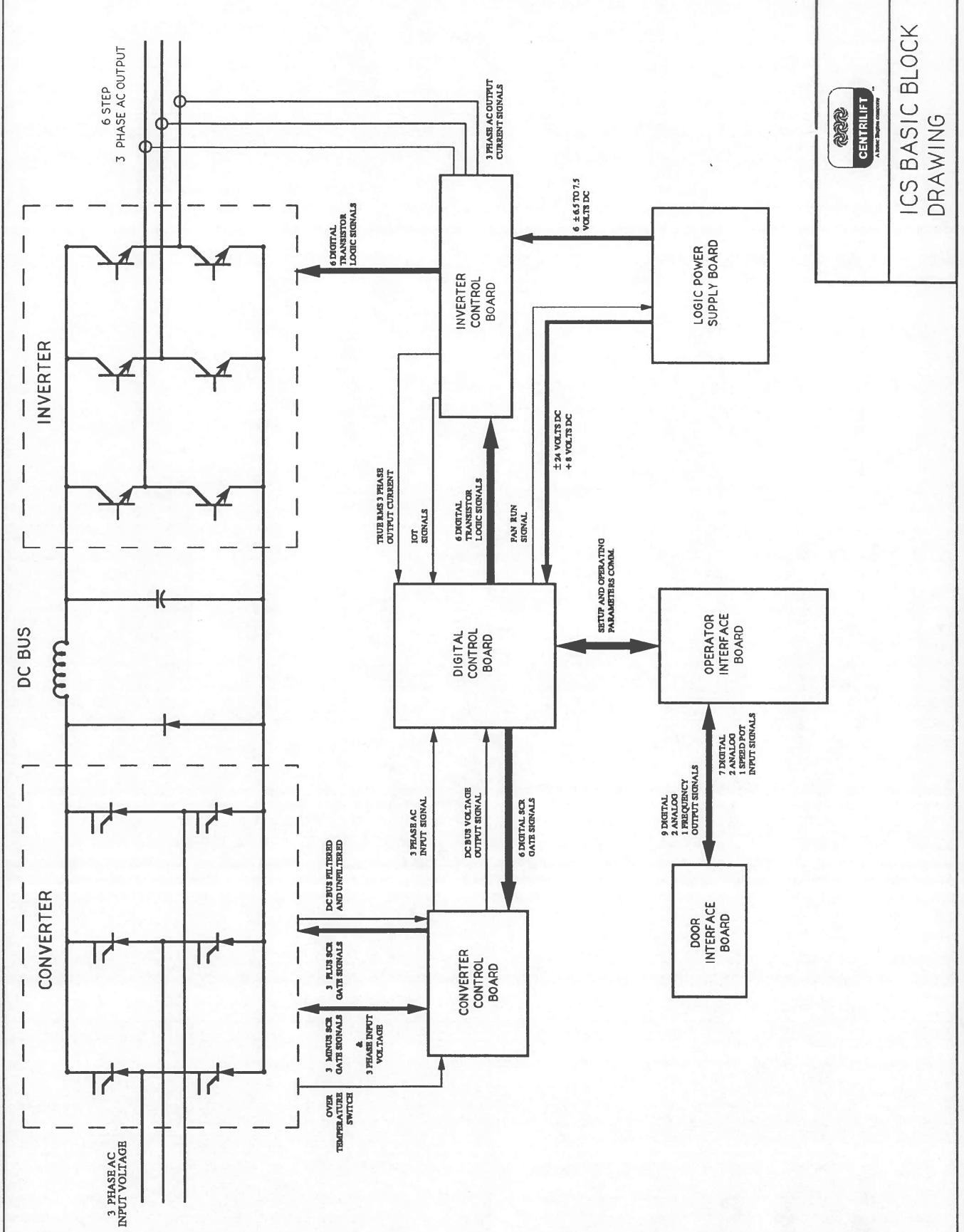
# Electrospeed

## Integrated Control System



### ICS ELECTROSPEED PARAMETER RANGE

OVERLOAD	0	to	100%	of Full Load Rating
OVERLOAD TIME	0	to	60	Sec. (to trip at 150% of OL setting)
VOLTS @ 60 HZ	1	to	640	Volts
START FREQUENCY	3	to	20	Hz.
SYNC DELAY	0	to	60	Sec.
HIGH SPEED CLAMP	40	to	120	Hz.
LOW SPEED CLAMP	5	to	90	Hz.
V BOOST	0	to	200	Volts
I LIMIT	0	to	150%	of Full Load Rating
I LIMIT SYNC	0	to	150%	of Full Load Rating
V BOOST SYNC	0	to	200	Volts
V CLAMP	240	to	550	Volts
ACCEL TIME	3	to	200	Sec. (over a 60 HZ span)
DECEL TIME	3	to	200	Sec. (over a 60 HZ span)
REGULATOR GAIN	0	to	100%	
SLIP COMP	0	to	7.0%	of Speed
FAULT RESTARTS	0	to	5	(starts from faults)
FAULT RESTART TIME	2	to	200	Min.
FAULT RESET TIME	5	to	300	Min. (valid run time, resets fault counter)
UNDERLOAD RESTARTS	0	to	30	OR INF.
UNDERLOAD RESTART TIME	2	to	1000	Min.
UNDERLOAD TRIP DELAY	1	to	300	Sec. (time in underload before trip)
SET FREQUENCY	5	to	120	Hz. (run speed)
JOG FREQUENCY	5	to	60	Hz.
FREQUENCY AVOID BAND	0	to	5	Hz.
ALARMS BYPASS TIMER	0	to	600	Min.



ICS BASIC BLOCK  
DRAWING

**ELECTROSPEED**  
**INTEGRATED CONTROL SYSTEM**

**2060 VT DRIVE ID**

Analog	A
Cntrl. Type	
Acting	
Signal	
Units	
Zero	
Span	
Porp Gain	
Int Gain	
Deriv Gain	
Low Alarm	
High Alarm	
Alarm Del	

Analog	B
Cntrl. Type	
Acting	
Signal	
Units	
Zero	
Span	
Porp Gain	
Int Gain	
Deriv Gain	
Low Alarm	
High Alarm	
Alarm Del	

**POWER  
ON**

**RUN**

**FAULT**

**UNDERLOAD**

**OVERLOAD**

**START**

— MODEL —

— VOLTS AT  
60 HZ —

— SYNC  
DELAY —

— LOW SPEED  
CLAMP —

— OVERLOAD —

— TRIP TIME —

— START  
FREQUENCY —

— HIGH SPEED  
CLAMP —

— V BOOST —

**OFF**

— I LIMIT —

— V BOOST  
SYNC —

— ACCEL  
TIME —

— REGULATOR  
GAIN —

— I LIMIT  
SYNC —

— V CLAMP —

— DECEL  
TIME —

— SLIP COMP —

**FAULT**

— UNDERLOAD AMPS —

— SET FREQUENCY —

— SET POINT —

— RESTARTS —

— MIN RESTART —

— KEYPAD —

— ANALOG A —

— MIN RESTART —

— RESTARTS —

— SPEED POT —

— ANALOG B —

— MIN RESET —

— SEC UL TRIP —

— JOG FREQUENCY —

**MODE  
1**

**MODE  
2**

**ENTER**

ANALOG  
CONTROL  
SETUP

CLOCK  
DRIVE  
HISTORY

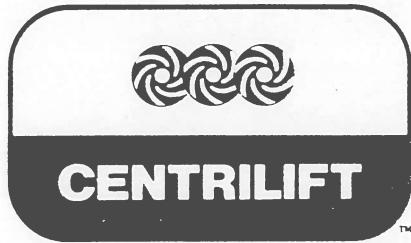
FREQUENCY  
AVOIDANCE  
OUTPUT  
ROTATION

DISPLAY  
OUTPUT  
AMPS/VOLTS

DISPLAY  
ANALOG  
INPUTS

DISPLAY  
STATUS





# CONTROL RESEARCH

## TECHNICAL BRIEF

### PARALLEL/12 PULSE/8000 SERIES DRIVES

WITH THE RELEASE OF THE 8000 SERIES DRIVES, WE NOW HAVE THREE PRODUCTS IN THE FIELD THAT USE THE NEW MCC OR MULTI-CONVERTER CONTROLLER AND ASSOCIATED HARDWARE. A PARALLEL SYSTEM IS, OF COURSE, WHEN TWO DRIVES ARE CONNECTED TOGETHER TO OPERATE AS ONE UNIT. A 12 PULSE SYSTEM HAS TWO SEPERATE CONVERTERS AND LINK REACTORS, AND THE POWER FED TO THE TWO CONVERTERS IS SHIFTED IN TIME. THIS MEANS THAT THE GATE SIGNALS TO THE TWO SETS OF SCRS HAS TO OCCUR AT DIFFERENT TIMES. THE 8000 SERIES DRIVE HAS SOME OF THE CHARACTERISTICS OF BOTH. IT HAS TWO CONVERTERS WHICH CAN BE HOOKED UP EITHER IN PARALLEL OR AS A 12 PULSE TO REDUCE HARMONICS. IT ALSO HAS TWO INVERTER CONTROL BOARDS IN THE INVERTER SECTION. BECAUSE THE NEW MCC BOARD IS SOMEWHAT "TRANSPARENT" TO THE OPERATION OF THE DRIVE, IT WILL HELP YOU IN TROUBLESHOOTING TO BE AWARE OF HOW IT WORKS AND WHERE IT FITS INTO THE SYSTEM.

THE ONE COMMON ELEMENT OF ALL THREE SYSTEMS THAT USE THE MCC BOARD IS THAT THEY ALL HAVE TWO SEPARATE SETS OF CONVERTER SCRS TO CONTROL. THIS CAN BE BECAUSE THERE ARE TWO PHYSICAL BOXES AS IN THE CASE OF THE PARALLEL DRIVE, OR BECAUSE OF THE NEED TO FIRE THE SCRS AT DIFFERENT TIMES AS IN THE CASE OF 12 PULSE OPERATION. IN BOTH SITUATIONS, CONVERTER 1 IS STILL DIRECTLY CONTROLLED BY THE DCB. THE SECOND SET OF SCRS IS TREATED AS A TOTALLY INDEPENDENT SECOND CONVERTER, AND IS CONTROLLED BY THE MCC. (WHEN USED, THE INVERTER SIGNALS ARE SIMPLY ROUTED FROM THE DCB THROUGH A SMALL DRIVER IC) THIS MEANS THAT THE DRIVE IS SMART ENOUGH TO HANDLE ANY INPUT WIRING IT MAY SEE IN THE FIELD, AND THUS MAKES IT IMMUNE TO MOST INPUT POWER WIRING MISTAKES THAT MIGHT OCCUR. UNFORTUNATELY, THIS NECESSITATES SEPARATE MONITORING OF INCOMING PHASE ROTATION AND ZERO CROSSING FOR BOTH CONVERTERS. ALSO SINCE THERE IS NO ACTUAL PHYSICAL COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE MCC AND DCB (OTHER THAN THE FAULT LINE) THE ONLY WAY FOR THE MCC TO KNOW WHAT THE FIRING ANGLE FOR THE SCRS SHOULD BE IS TO MEASURE WHAT THE DCB IS DOING WITH CONVERTER 1.

Date 2.23.93  
No. 70 Rev. \_\_\_\_\_

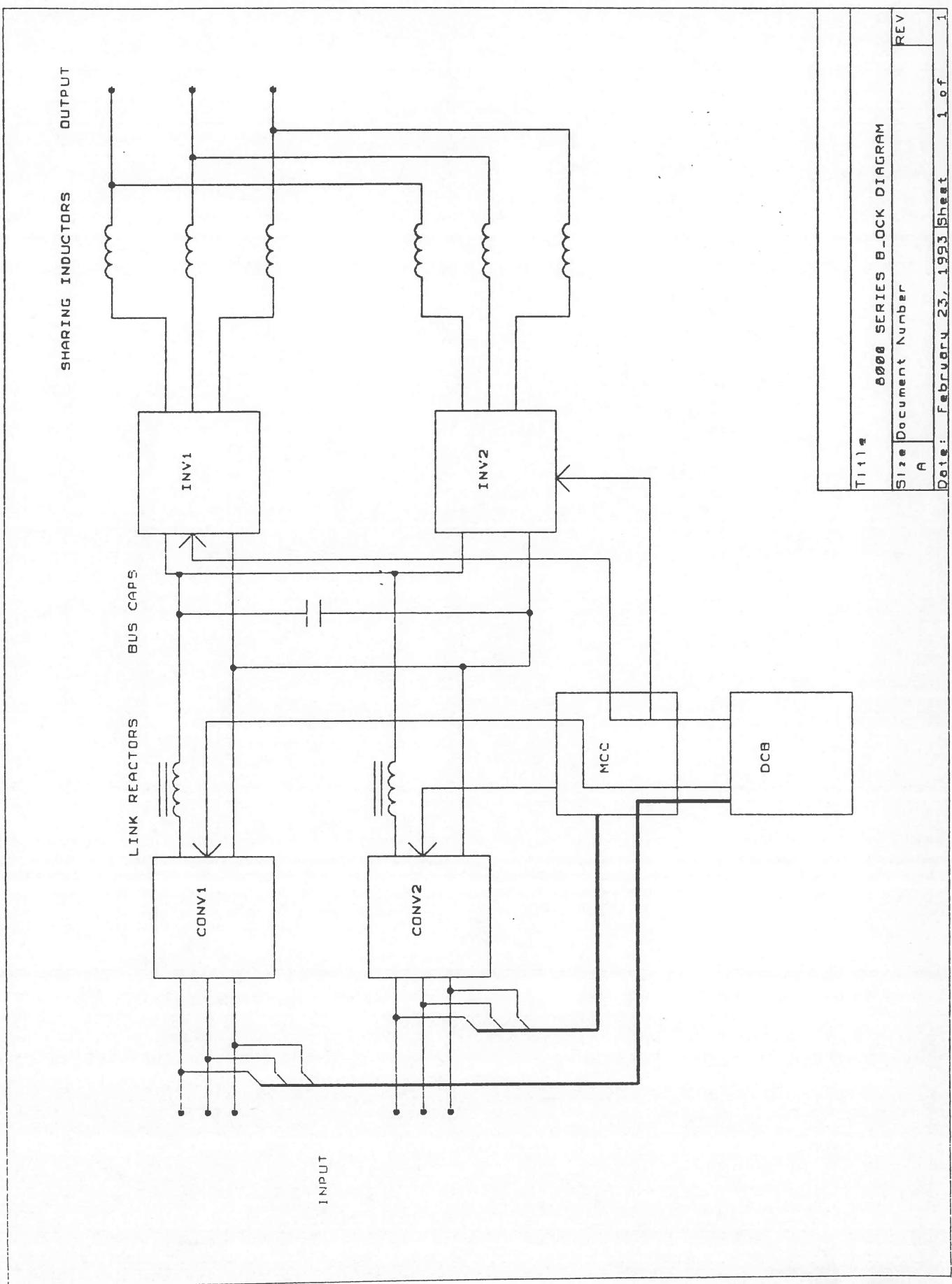
23 FEBRUARY 1993

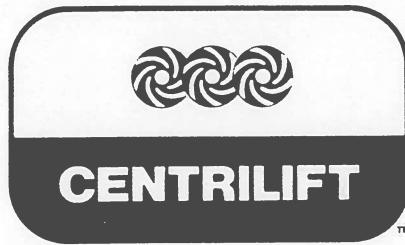
THE OTHER RESPONSIBILITY OF THE MCC IS TO BALANCE THE CURRENT BETWEEN THE TWO CONVERTERS. THIS IS ACCOMPLISHED BY MEASURING THE INPUT CURRENT ON ONE PHASE OF BOTH CONVERTERS AND ADJUSTING THE FIRING ANGLE OF CONVERTER 2 SLIGHTLY TO CONTROL THE CURRENT SHARING. OF COURSE IT IS EXTREMELY IMPORTANT THAT THE INPUT CTS BE ASSOCIATED WITH THE CORRECT CONVERTERS. (THE ONE ON CONVERTER 1 PLUGGED INTO THE MCC CONNECTOR MARKED CNV1 ETC.) ALSO, THE DC BUS VOLTAGE IS ONLY MONITORED FROM CONVERTER 1, SO IN A 12 PULSE OR 8000 SERIES DRIVE YOU WILL ONLY SEE THE DC FEEDBACK CONNECTED TO THE CONVERTER BOARD ON CONVERTER 1.

THERE ARE A FEW OTHER MINOR HARDWARE DIFFERENCES. BOTH THE 12 PULSE AND 8000 SERIES DRIVES HAVE THE LINK REACTORS SPLIT INTO TWO EQUAL INDUCTANCES, ONE FOR EACH CONVERTER. THE OUTPUT OF THESE INDUCTORS THEN TIE INTO A COMMON DC BUS. ON THE 8000 SERIES, YOU WILL NOTICE ONE LARGE POWER SUPPLY BOARD RATHER THAN TWO SMALL ONES. IT'S CIRCUITRY IS EXACTLY LIKE THE NORMAL POWER SUPPLY BOARD. ALSO, TO KEEP FROM PARALLELING 16 TRANSISTOR MODULES DIRECTLY, EACH INVERTER LEG CONSISTS OF TWO GROUPS OF UP TO EIGHT MODULES CONNECTED TOGETHER BY A CURRENT SHARING INDUCTOR. THIS INDUCTOR HELPS TO EVEN OUT THE LOAD ON THE TWO GROUPS OF TRANSISTOR MODULES DURING THE SWITCHING TRANSITIONS. OF COURSE EACH GROUP OF MODULES IS DRIVEN BY A SEPARATE INVERTER BOARD.

WHEN TROUBLESHOOTING THESE DRIVES BE AWARE THAT THE DUPLICATE SET OF HARDWARE CAN HELP TO ZERO IN ON THE FAULTY SECTION VERY QUICKLY. ON A PARALLEL DRIVE, EITHER DRIVE CAN BE OPERATED BY ITSELF (OF COURSE AT A REDUCED LOAD) BY DISCONNECTING THE MCC AND CONNECTING ONE SET OF INVERTER AND CONVERTER CABLES AT A TIME DIRECTLY TO THE DCB. (OF COURSE THE MASTER DRIVE POWER MUST REMAIN ON TO POWER THE DCB) WHEN ATTEMPTING THIS IN A 12 PULSE OR 8000 SERIES, YOU WOULD NEED TO JUMPER THE DC BUS FEEDBACK PIN ON BOTH CONVERTER BOARDS TOGETHER. (J6 PIN1) ALL HARDWARE FAULTS FROM THE SECOND INVERTER AND CONVERTER BOARDS WILL GENERATE THE CORRESPONDING FAULTS ON THE DISPLAY. ADDITIONALLY, IF YOU HAVE THE LATEST OIB SOFTWARE (OIB15) THE DISPLAY WILL FLASH SIGNIFYING A CONVERTER2/INVERTER2 FAULT. ANY OTHER FAULT DETECTED BY THE MCC SOFTWARE WILL BE DISPLAYED AS AN INPUT ZERO-CROSSING ERROR. (INPUT ZC) OF COURSE IF THIS COMES FROM THE MCC, IT WILL FLASH SIGNIFYING A CONVERTER 2 FAULT.

MICKEY LEUTHEN





# CONTROL RESEARCH

## TECHNICAL BRIEF

### OPERATOR INTERFACE SOFTWARE REVISION - OIB15

The operator interface software for ICS drives has been revised. This new version (OIB15) adds some new features and also takes care of some operational problems found with version OIB12. Version numbers OIB13 and OIB14 have been skipped because of a few test chips that were produced under these numbers. These test chips do not include all of the changes made in OIB15. A brief description of the changes follows:

#### 1. New ICS Model Numbers

New model numbers have been added under the drive model selection. These model numbers are for the new 1000 series and 8000 series ICS drives now available for production. These new models are the 1050, 1060, 1075, 1100, 1125, 8600, 8700, 8800 and 8900 models for variable torque ratings. The new constant torque models are the 1050, 1075, 1100, 1125, 8500 8600, 8700 and 8800.

#### 2. Fault Counter Changes

In the OIB12 version, some faults such as low speed and a few others would not increment the fault counter. Therefore, the drive would always restart after the fault restart counter had expired even if the number of restarts was set to zero. The OIB15 revision fixes this problem.

#### 3. Underload Timer Change

Another potential problem could occur when a very slow acceleration time was set in the drive parameters. The underload timer was active as soon as the drive was started. If the time necessary to load the motor during the acceleration period exceeded the underload trip time, the drive would go down on underload. In the OIB15 revision the underload timer does not start until the drive output frequency reaches the low speed clamp value.

#### 4. Setpoint Controller Changes

There have been two changes made to the setpoint controller software. The first is a bypass timer for the setpoint alarms. This timer is adjustable and is set under the analog set up key. This timer causes the setpoint control routine to ignore the high and low alarms for a predetermined time. This timer starts whenever the drive is started. This allows, for instance, a high level pressure alarm to be ignored until the drive causes the pressure level to drop. **Please note:** There is only one timer used for both "A" and "B" controllers.

The other change to the setpoint controller allows the analog "B" input to be used as the setpoint for the analog "A" setpoint controller. To use this feature, the procedure below should be followed:

- A. Set up the analog "A" input as a setpoint controller. There is no change to this set up.
- B. Set up the analog "B" input parameters to match the input units, zero, span, etc. set up in analog "A". Make sure the input 0-5V, etc. is correct for the analog "B" input.
- C. Adjust the analog "A" setpoint to the same value as the zero parameter in the analog "A" set up. When these parameters are set to the same value the program uses the analog "B" input for the setpoint.
- D. The setpoint value of analog "B" can be monitored on the display by pressing the display analog inputs key on the keypad.

#### 5. Auxiliary Stop Input Changes

The auxiliary stop routine has an added feature in that you now have the option to set whether or not the drive will automatically restart. This option is set under the underload parameters key. If "automatic restarts" is turned OFF then the input acts like a normal stop input except that the auxiliary stop condition must be reset before the drive can be restarted. Any stop input will reset the auxiliary stop condition. Also, the drive run output is no longer active when an auxiliary stop condition is present.

#### 6. External Start Input Change

The operation of the external "start input" has been changed. When external controls cause the "start input" to be maintained, the drive can still be stopped with any "stop input". With previous versions, under these circumstances, the drive would automatically restart when the "stop input" was removed. With the OIB15 version the drive will only restart if the "start input" is removed and then reapplied.

## 7. RTU Speed Control

This feature has been added to the "mode 1" operation of the drive. The set frequency can now be controlled by a remote terminal unit (RTU). This feature can be turned ON by selecting the RTU option under the set frequency key. When this option is selected and the drive is operating in "mode 1" the set frequency can be increased by .1 HZ each time the "external jog" input is pulsed. The frequency can be decreased by pulsing the "analog A/B" input.

## 8. Scientific Units Available for Follower/Setpoint Controller Operation

Due to feedback from the field, the units available for input sealing have been changed. The following is a list of the units now available: BARS, BPD, FT, GPM, K/C2, Kpa, MTRS, %, and PSI. When a scientific unit type is not available for the transducer being used, use either % or whichever unit available makes the most sense.

## 9. Fault Display Change

With the addition of 12 pulse, parallel and 8000 series drives to our product line, the need to distinguish common type problems that can occur in different sections of the drive has become apparent. All of these new types of drives have multiple converter sections. This is necessary because they can all be run as 12 pulse converters. The parallel drives have two different inverter sections and the 8000 series drives, although they have only one inverter section, have two inverter boards. Each converter board and inverter board can generate faults. Because of this, there needs to be a way to tell which converter or inverter board has generated a fault. OIB15 now does this. Faults generated by the primary inverter or converter board are displayed just as in previous versions of the program. The primary converter and inverter are defined as the boards located in the master drive of a parallel drive or the left board in each pair of control boards in the 8000 series units. Faults generated by secondary control boards are distinguished by a flashing fault message.



A Baker-Hughes company  
Claremore, Oklahoma, USA

CONTROL TECHNOLOGIES  
TECHNICAL BRIEF

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**MULTIPLE SET POINT PROGRAM FOR ICS DRIVES**

A new program for the ICS drive is now available. This program was developed for application demands for the use of multiple set points when operating in set point control. This new program offers up to four set points which can be selected through the customer interface board. This chip set is named IMW16A. The main features of the program are:

1. Four set points selected with digital inputs.
2. Set points are selected through the customer interface board.
3. A soft fill timer.

Due to the limited program space in the operator interface board, the following features have been changed or modified in this program:

1. All analog B functions have been removed.
2. The auxiliary stop has been deleted.

**PROGRAM DESCRIPTION**

The set-up of this program is identical to the standard OIB software with the exceptions that all references to analog B are removed and there is a new parameter to set. The new parameter is the soft fill time. This time is set in the analog set-up just after the alarm bypass time parameter. The set points are set up under the controller set point key. These points are identified as A, X, Y and Z. They are set up as in the A and B set points on standard OIB software.

In order to operate this new program, the drive should be set to operate in mode 2 in set point mode. Upon starting the drive, it will start normally and accelerate to the manual set speed. It will continue to run at this speed until the soft fill timer expires. At the end of this timer, the drive will start controlling speed using the set point controller. The drive will maintain the set point selected on the customer interface board. It should be noted that the set point alarm by-pass timer starts at the end of the soft fill time.

The customer interface board inputs used to select the set point (A, X, Y, Z) are external direction, jog and A/B select. These inputs are prioritized with Z set point being the highest, then Y, then X and A. The following table shows the relationship of the CIB inputs to the set point:

Z set point - A/B select active; Y set point - Jog active; X set point - external direction active;  
A set point - none.

Jerald Rider

Date: 30 March 1995  
No: 82

## IMW OIB 16A PROGRAM (a special ICS program)

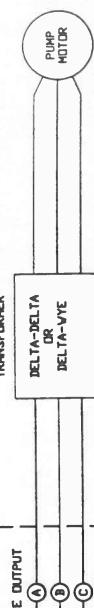
1. This program accepts 1 Analog Input, Analog A.
2. Analog B input function has been removed.
3. Auxiliary stop input function has been removed.
4. Analog A is an input with 4 adjustable setpoints for both Control and Display. The setpoints are selected with external contacts connected to the Door Interface or Customer Interface Board with connections and control priorities as indicated below.

Setpoint	Priority	
A	4	Controls when no other setpoints are selected.
X	3	Control precedence over A setpoint. FWD/REV      DIB 29 - 19    or      CIB 23 - 30
Y	2	Control precedence over A & X setpoints. JOG            DIB 32 - 19    or      CIB 21 - 30
Z	1	Control precedence over A, X & Y setpoints. A/B SEL        DIB 39 - 19    or      CIB 19 - 30

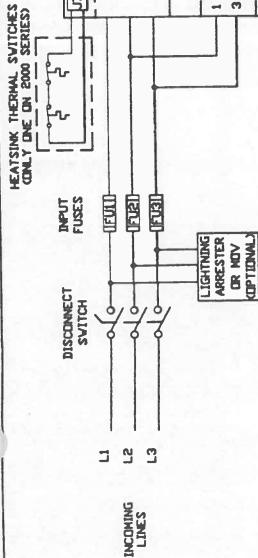
5. **MODE 2**, now has a Soft Fill Function added. When used, allows the drive to run in manual set frequency for an adjustable period of time after which it automatically switches to Analog A Setpoint control.
6. The **Soft Fill Speed** is the manual set frequency speed and is set in **MODE 1** using the **Set Frequency** and arrow Keys.
7. The **soft fill time** is adjustable from 0-900 sec under the **Analog Control Setup** Key and is key press 14 or the next parameter following the Alarm Bypass Timer.
8. The Alarm Bypass Time starts when the Soft Fill Time ends.

Ref: Controls Tech Brief 82.

## EXTERNAL COMPONENTS



VSD



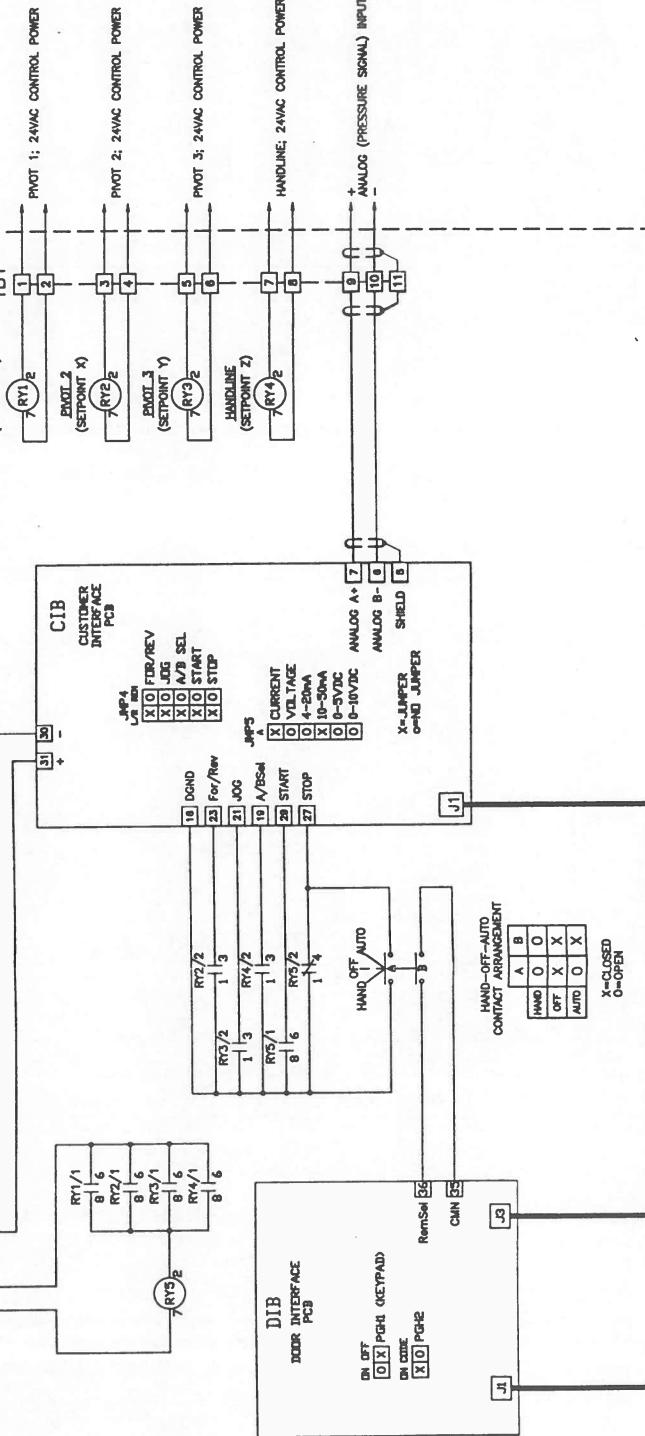
### NOTES

1. CONNECTIONS TO REMOTE PHOTO'S ARE ISOLATED 24VAC  
RELAY COILS SHOWN (R1, R2, R3 & R4).
2. ALL EXTERNAL CONNECTED RELAYS SHOWN ARE 24VAC  
COIL, DPDT OCTAL TYPE. PIN DESIGNATIONS ASSUME THIS  
CONFIGURATION.
3. THE ONLY INTERNAL RELAY IS A DPDT, 120VAC COIL, OCTAL DEVICE.
4. THE HAND/OFF/AUTO CONTROL SELECTS THE FOLLOWING:  
HAND - SELECTS MANUAL SPEED CONTROL & MODE 1 OPERATION.  
OFF - CAUSES A CONTROLLED STOP (RAMP DOWN) OF THE VSC.  
AUTO - SELECTS REMOTE START/STOP/PINOTS & MODE 2 OPERATION.
5. OPERATION OF THE VSC WITH THIS CONFIGURATION REQUIRES THAT THE  
USE OF SPECIAL QIB SOFTWARE, STANDARD SOFTWARE WILL NOT WORK.
6. EXTERNAL ANALOG INPUT FORMAT CAN BE CHANGED VIA JUMPERS  
ON CIB/JMP5.

HEATING THERMAL SWITCHES  
ONLY ONE ON 2000 SERIES

CT

DRIVE OUTPUT





## FIELD SERVICE TECHNICAL MEMO

No. C-1993 1 Rev E

April	5, 1993
November	5, 1993
June	30, 1994
March	14, 1995

### EPROMS - ICS ELECTROSPEED PROGRAMS

#### DIGITAL CONTROL BOARD EPROMS

PRGM, DCB 21, FORMER DCB STANDARD  
PRGM, DCB 22, FORMER DCB STANDARD  
PRGM, DCB 23, FORMER DCB STANDARD  
PRGM, DCB 24, FORMER DCB STANDARD  
PRGM, DCB 26, FORMER DCB STANDARD  
PRGM, DCB 28, FORMER DCB STANDARD

49607 PRGM, DCB 29, PRESENT DCB STANDARD

#### MULTI-CONVERTER CONTROL BOARD EPROMS

SEI2117D01 PRGM, MCC 06, 12 Pulse Special 12 Pulse or Parallel (1/10/92)  
PRGM, MCC 09, FORMER MCC STANDARD 12 Pulse or Parallel (2/10/93)

51276 PRGM, MCC 11, PRESENT MCC STANDARD 12 Pulse or Parallel (11/5/93)

#### OPERATOR INTERFACE BOARD EPROMS

PRGM, OIB 12 FORMER OIB STANDARD  
PRGM, OIB 15 FORMER OIB STANDARD

49608 PRGM, OIB 16, PRESENT OIB STANDARD  
PRGM, IMW 16A, SPECIAL OIB for IMW

REGARDS

RUDY HALL



**CENTRILIFT**

**HUGHES** ®

**FIELD SERVICE  
TECHNICAL MEMO**

**NO. 212**

**PHD TEMPERATURE CORRECTION CHART**

**8 August 1988**

The PHD temperature correction chart presently in use to calibrate the PHD system on VSC's originates sometime prior to 1982. It's origin and the method used to develop it are unknown.

Attached is a revised table and information about how it was developed. Careful use of this table should help improve calibration results on VSC PHD systems.

**TO USE THE CHART**

With the PHD and motor on the surface. Measure the ambient temperature of the PHD unit on it's shaded side. Subtract that temperature from the bottom hole temperature. Look up the resulting temperature. Add this resistance value to the motor resistance as measured while on the surface. Adjust the rheostat to this value. Connect it between the PHD surface inductor pkg high voltage (blue) wire and ground. Calibrate for zero on the interface. (or +0 on the output of the signal conditioner)

Not using temperature adjustments can result in errors up to 300 PSI.

*Rudy Hall*  
Rudy Hall /sf

RH:sal

Attachment

## PHD TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION CHART 1988

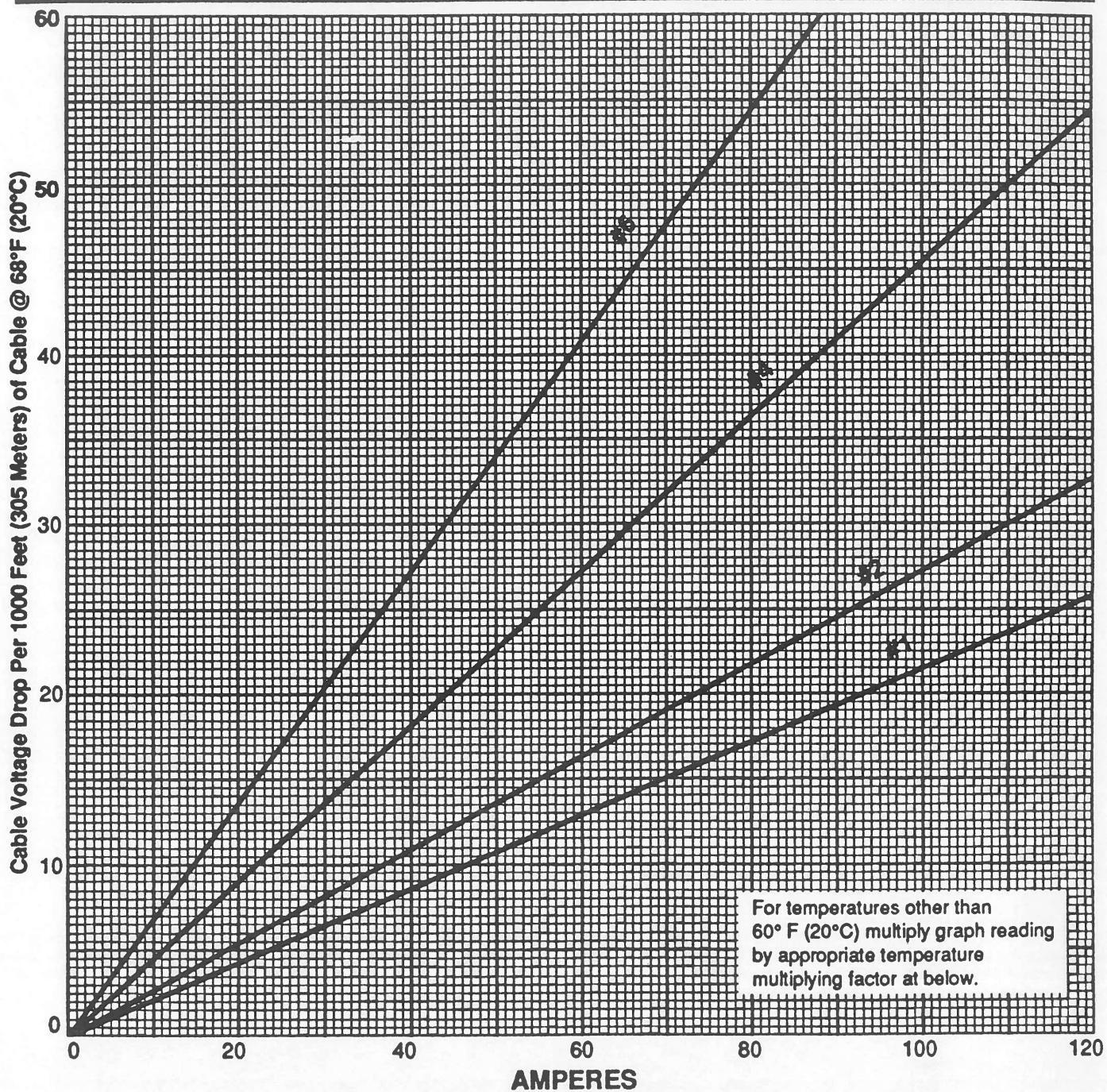
DELTA F	DELTA R	DELTA F	DELTA R
0	0	150	635
5	20	155	657
10	42	160	678
15	63	165	699
20	84	170	720
25	105	175	742
30	126	180	763
35	148	185	784
40	169	190	805
45	190	195	826
50	211	200	848
55	232	205	869
60	254	210	890
65	275	215	911
70	296	220	932
75	317	225	954
80	339	230	975
85	360	235	996
90	381	240	1017
95	402	245	1038
100	423	250	1060
105	445	255	1081
110	466	260	1102
115	487	265	1123
120	508	270	1145
125	529	275	1166
130	551	280	1187
135	572	285	1208
140	593	290	1229
145	614	295	1251



CENTRILIFT

A Baker Hughes company

# CABLE VOLTAGE DROP



Conductor Voltage Drop			
Temp. °F(°C)	Multiplying Factor	Temp. °F (°C)	Multiplying Factor
100(38)	1.070	200(93)	1.288
110(43)	1.092	210(99)	1.310
120(49)	1.114	220(104)	1.332
130(54)	1.136	230(110)	1.354
140(60)	1.157	240(116)	1.376
150(66)	1.179	250(121)	1.398
160(71)	1.201	260(127)	1.420
170(77)	1.223	270(132)	1.441
180(82)	1.245	280(138)	1.463
190(88)	1.267	290(143)	1.485

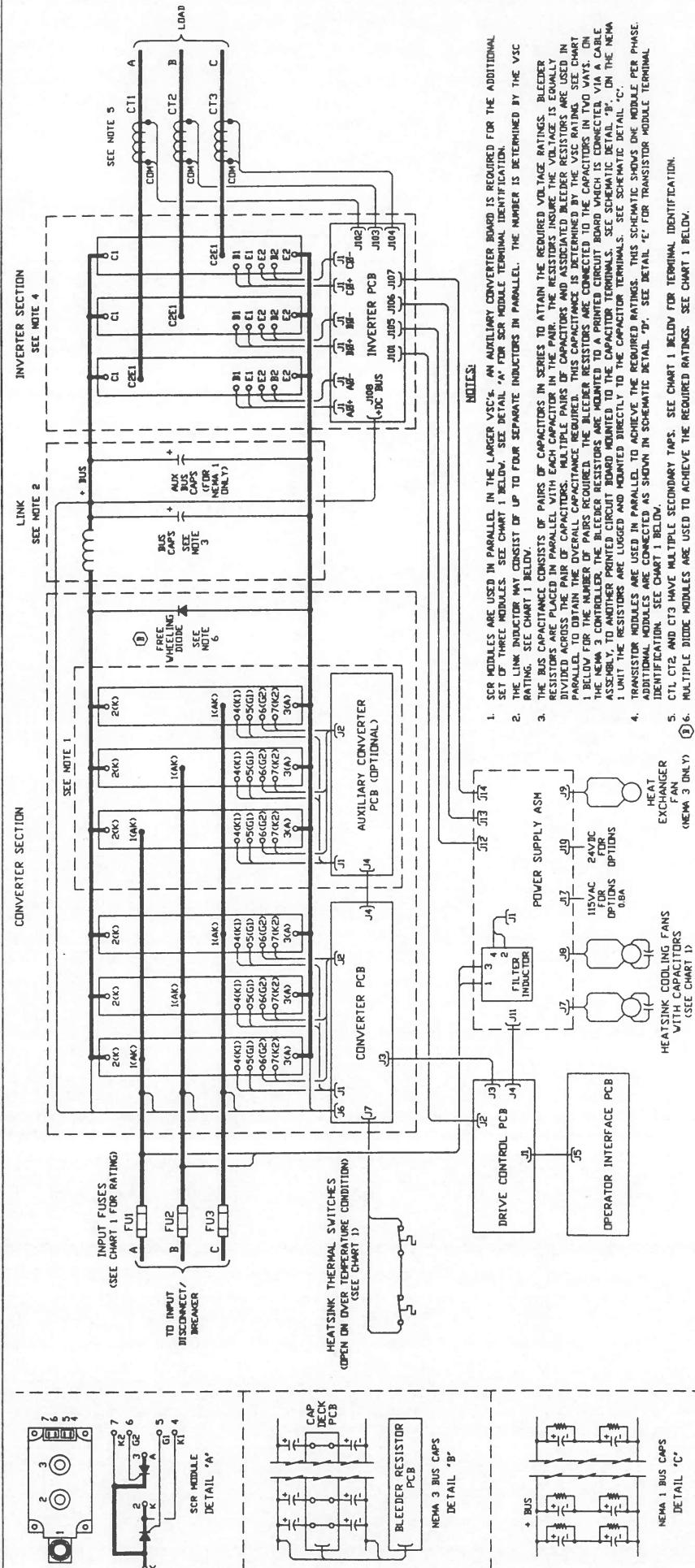
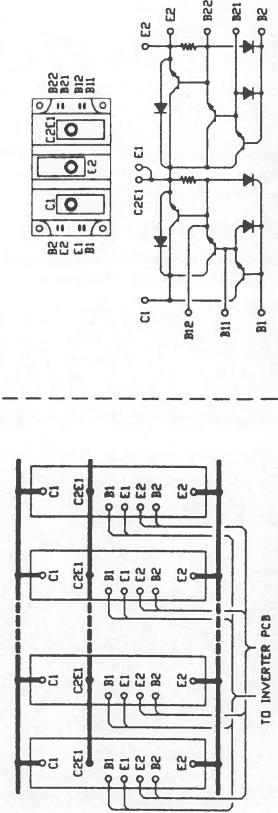
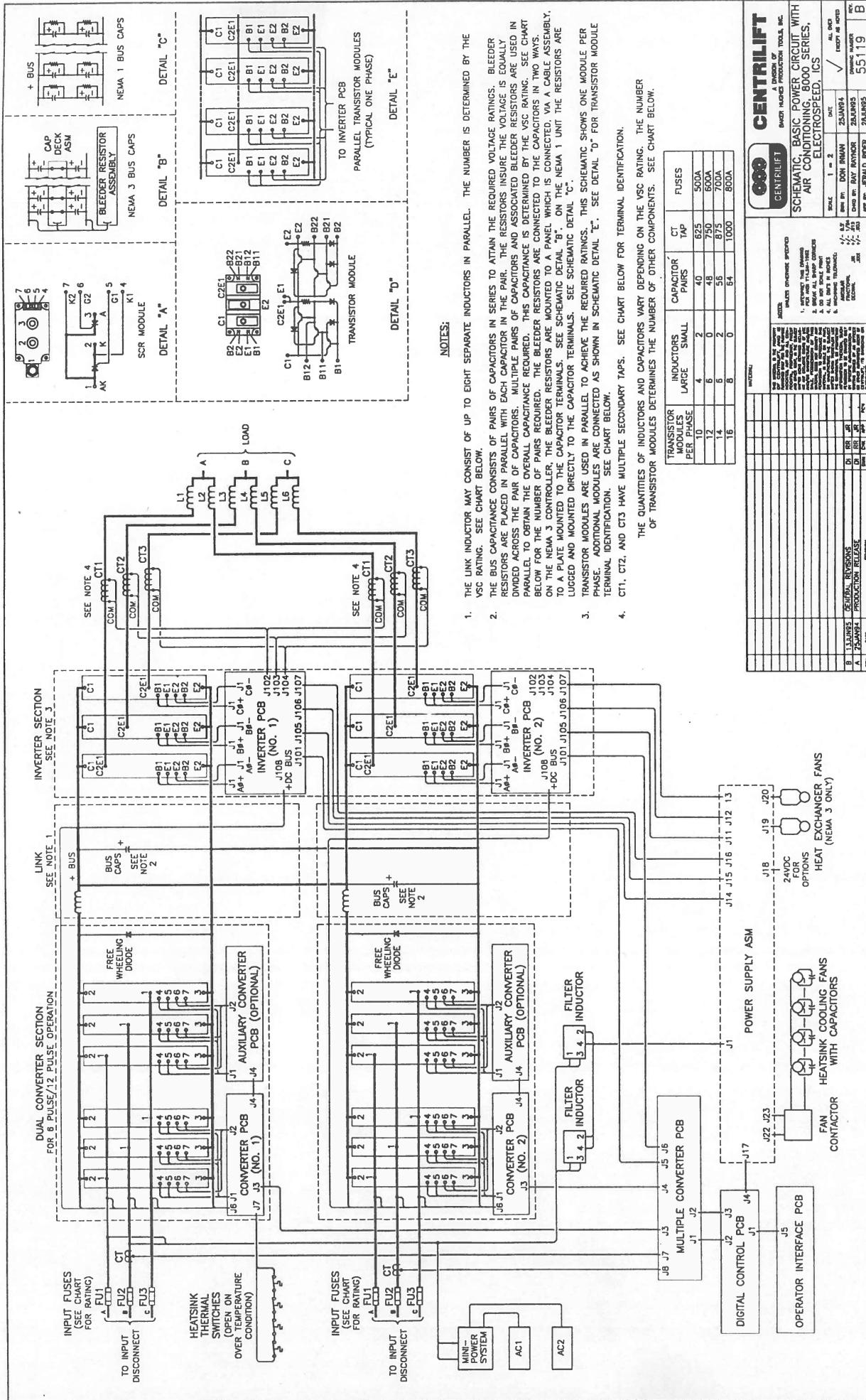
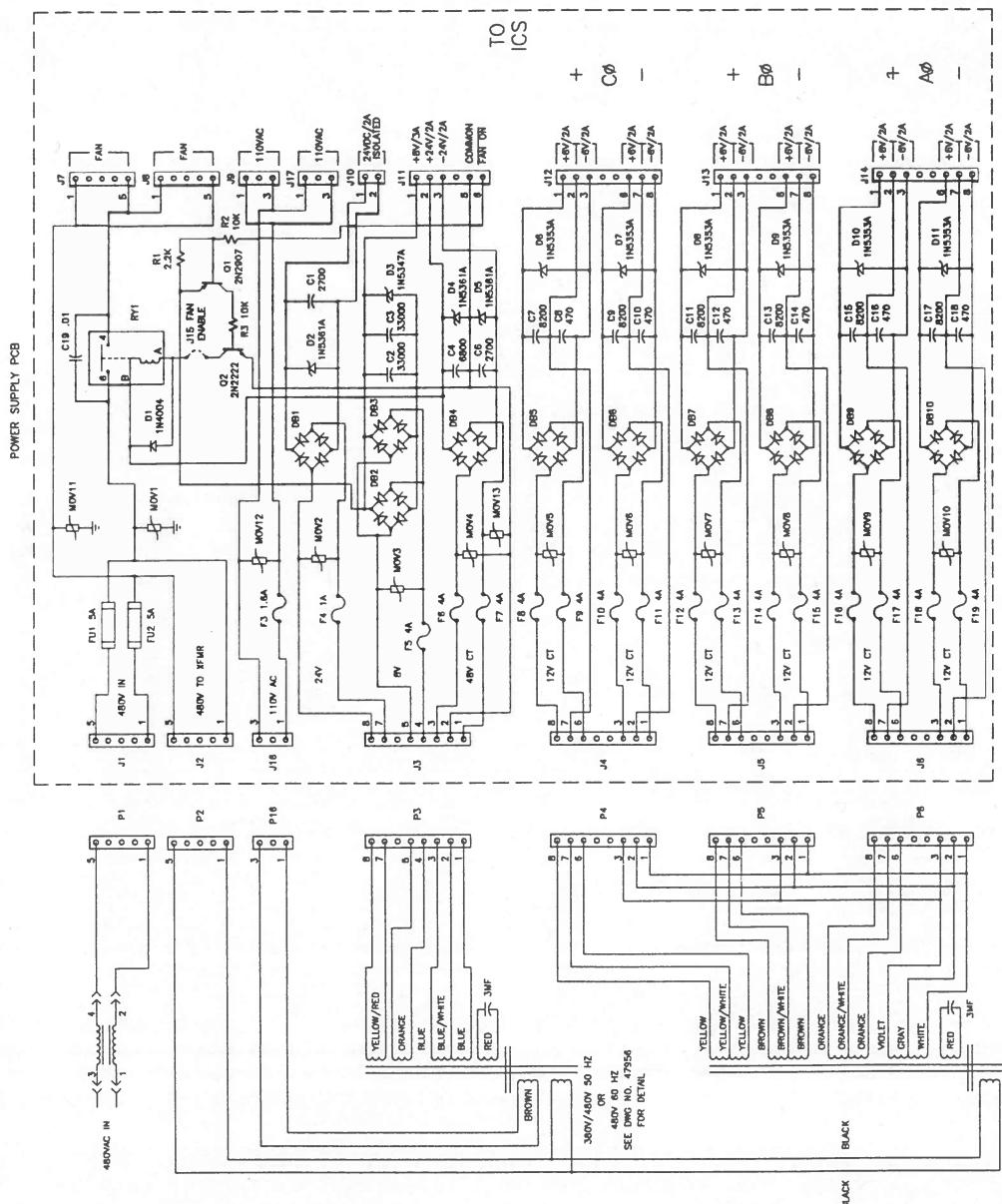


CHART 1									
TRANSISTOR MODULES PER PHASE	SCR MODULES PER PHASE	AUXILIARY MODULES CONVERTER BOARD	DIODE MODULES	INDUCTORS LARGE	INDUCTORS SMALL	CAPACITOR PAIRS	CT TAP	FUSES	FANS
1				0	1	4	125	100A	
2				1	0	6	250	200A	
3				2	1	12	500	300A	
4	1			2	0	16	950	400A	
5	2			1	2	20	950	500A	2
6	2			2	0	24	950	600A	2
7	2			3	0	32	975	700A	2
8	2			2	0	32	1000	800A	2







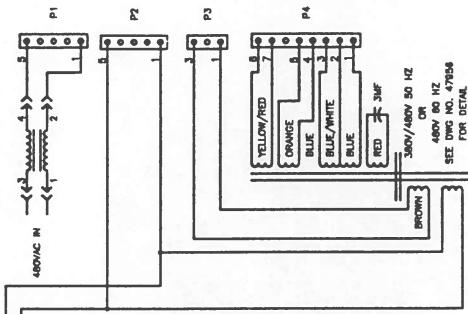
OR  
480V 60 Hz  
SEE DWG NO. 47955  
FOR DETAIL

**CENTRILIFT**

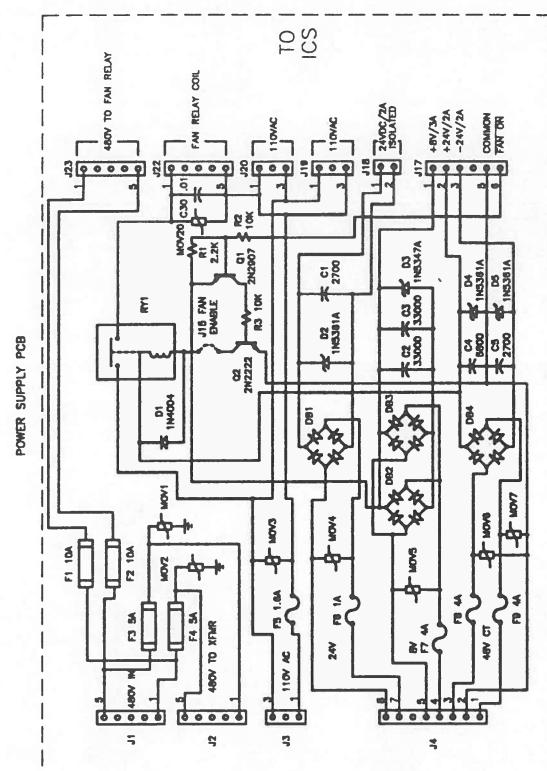
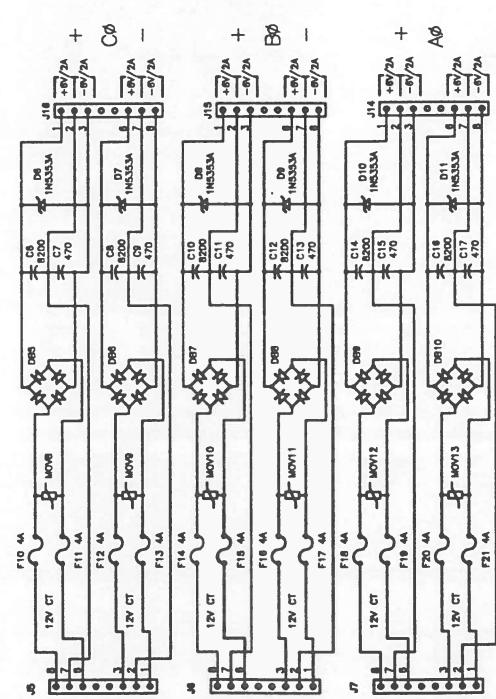
A DIVISION OF  
HUGHES PRODUCTION TOOLS, INC.  
AUTOMATIC,  
APPLY ASM, ICS

ALL OVER  
CHECKED AS NOTED

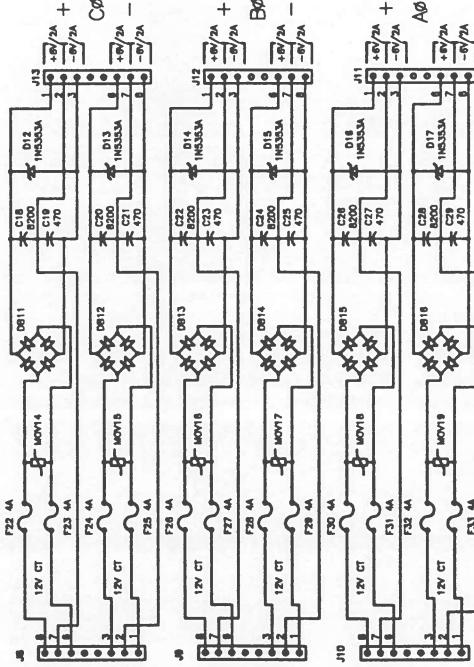
SCALE	NONE	DATE	CHARGING NUMBER	RTY.
ONE MM	DON RAYMOND	12/15/69	47984	C
ONE MM	RAY RAYNOR	7/15/69		
ONE MM	D.L. KNOX	8/16/69		



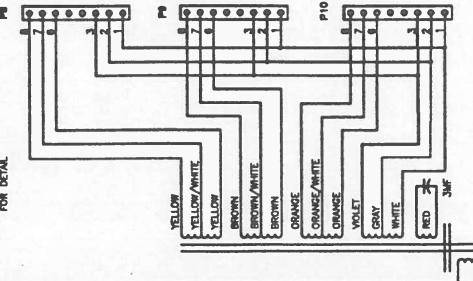
INTEGRATED SECTION A

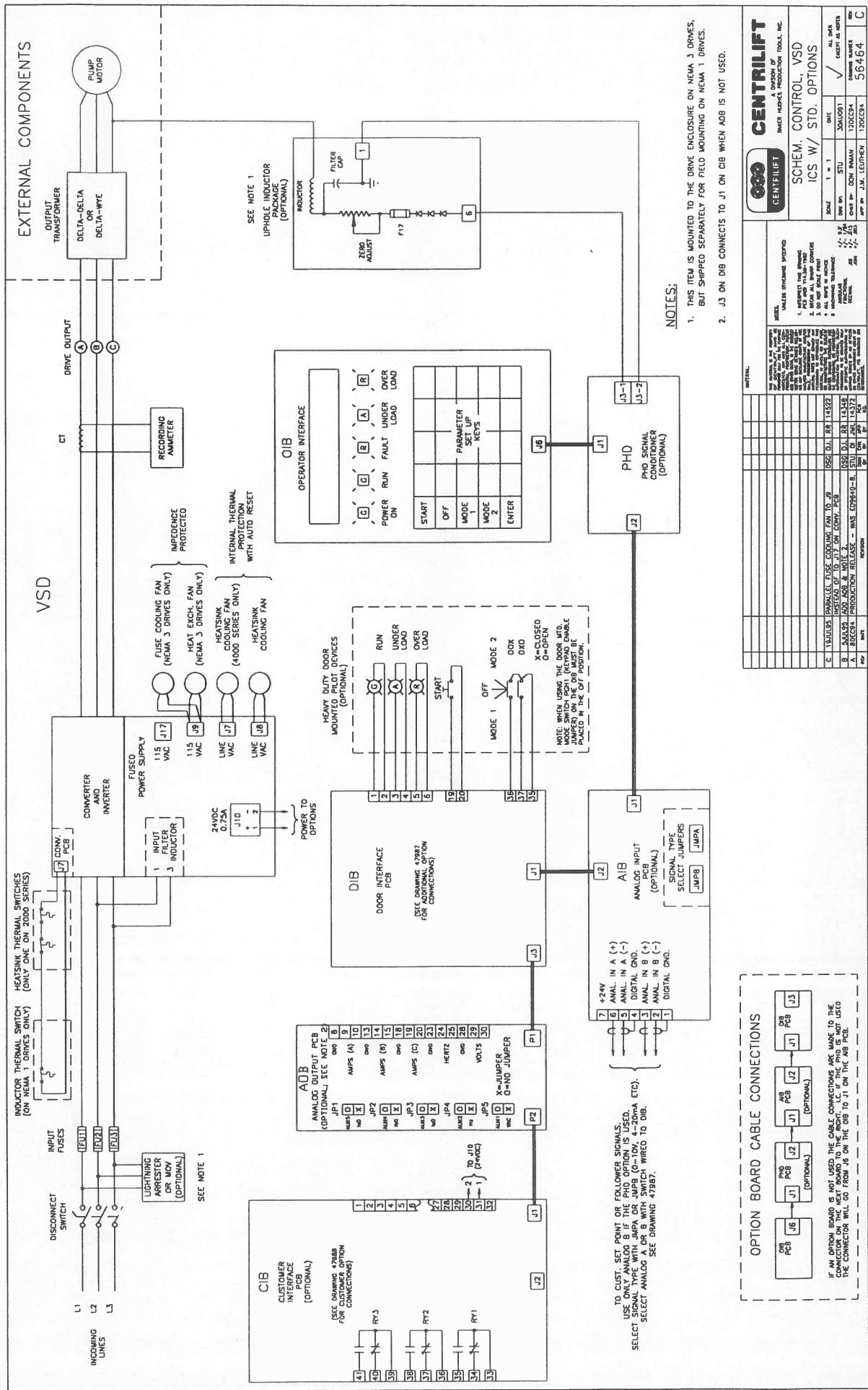


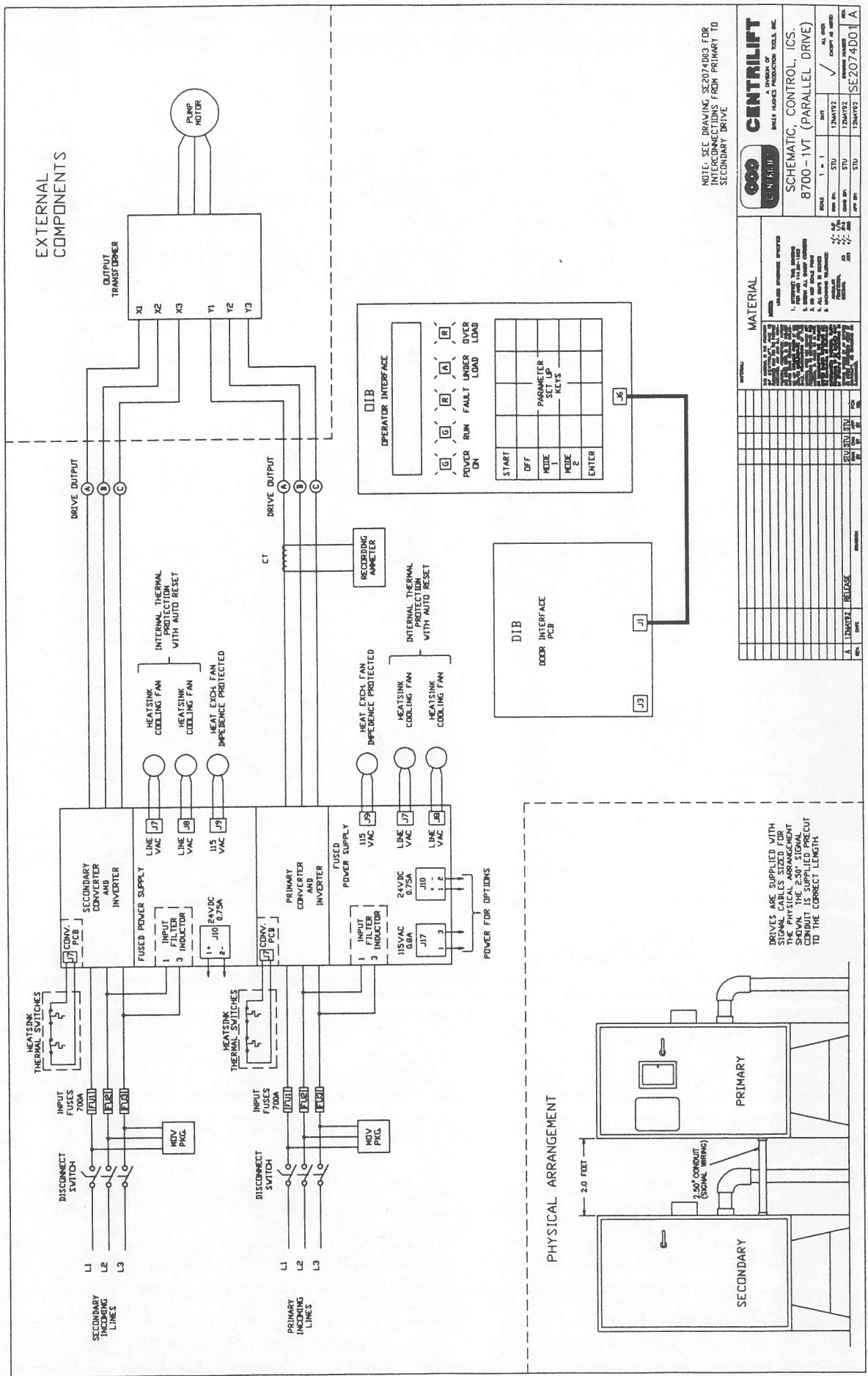
INTEGR SECTION 8



380V/480V 50 Hz  
140V 60 Hz  
100V 470W







# SUPERSEDE

NOTE: THIS EDITION SUPERSEDES ALL  
COPIED EDITIONS OF THIS DRAWING.  
AND IS THE ONLY VALID EDITION  
DESTINED FOR USE IN THE PROJECT.

DATE: MAY 11 1992

## PRIMARY CONTROLLER

△ CURRENT TRANSFORMER INPUT PHASE B

(CTB)

DCB

DIGITAL CONTROL

PCB

PSB  
POWER SUPPLY  
PCB

CABLE NO.  
SE1MAD10

(CTB)

J1

J2

J3

J4

J5

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## ICS PCB REVISION LEVEL

FEB. 3,1992

47323 OPERATOR INTERFACE BOARD	REV. A
47371 DIGITAL CONTROL BOARD	REV. C
89856 INVERTER CONTROL BOARD	REV. C
47189 CUSTOMER INTERFACE BOARD	REV. A
47206 CONVERTER CONTROL BOARD	REV. B
47370 POWER SUPPLY BOARD	REV. C
47210 AUX CONVERTER BOARD	REV. B
90269 DOOR INTERFACE BOARD	REV. A



CENTRILIFT

A Baker Hughes company

Electrospeed

## Integrated Control System

## Electrospeed ICS Start-Up Work Sheet

Customer: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Well Number: \_\_\_\_\_ Drive S/N: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Motor Voltage: \_\_\_\_\_ Amps: \_\_\_\_\_ Cable Size: \_\_\_\_\_ Length: \_\_\_\_\_

2. Desired Operating Frequency Minimum: \_\_\_\_\_ Maximum: \_\_\_\_\_

3. Maximum Volts Available (Input Voltage): \_\_\_\_\_

4. Secondary Voltage @ Maximum Hertz: =

$$\frac{\text{Motor Voltage} \quad X \quad \text{Max Hz.} \quad}{60 \text{ Hz.}} + \frac{\text{Cable Drop}}{= \quad \text{Item 4}}$$

5. Secondary Voltage Taps Selected: \_\_\_\_\_

$$\frac{\text{Transformer Ratio:} = \quad \text{Secondary Voltage Taps Selected}}{\text{Transformer Primary} \quad 480} = \quad \text{Item 6}$$

7. Secondary Voltage @ 60 Hertz: =

$$\frac{\text{Secondary Voltage @ Max. Hertz} \quad X \quad 60}{\text{Maximum Hertz.} \quad} = \quad \text{Item 7}$$

8. Drive Volts @ 60 Hertz: =

$$\frac{\text{Secondary Voltage @ 60 Hertz}}{\text{Transformer Ratio}} = \quad \text{Item 8}$$

9. Required KVA @ Max Hertz: =

$$\frac{\text{Surface Voltage} \quad X \quad \text{Motor Nameplate Amps} \quad X \quad 1.732}{1000} = \quad \text{Item 9}$$

10. Controller sizing: = Motor Name Plate Amps X Transformer Ratio = \_\_\_\_\_

(select a drive Model with a continuous current rating =&gt; than this calculation). Refer to table 2.1, page 10).

$$\frac{\text{11. V- Clamp:} = \quad \text{Drive Volts @ 60 Hertz} \quad X \quad \text{Max Hz}}{60} = \quad \text{Item 10}$$

Figure 5.2 Start-Up Work Sheet ICS Controller

## Electrospeed Start-Up Work Sheet

Primary Power 380 Volts 50 Hz  
Stepup transformer 480 Volt Primary

480

Customer: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Well Number: \_\_\_\_\_ Drive S/N: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Motor Voltage: \_\_\_\_\_ Amps: \_\_\_\_\_ Cable Size: \_\_\_\_\_ Length: \_\_\_\_\_

2. Desired Operating Frequency Minimum: \_\_\_\_\_ Maximum: \_\_\_\_\_

3. Maximum Volts Available (Input Voltage): \_\_\_\_\_

**4. Surface Voltage @ Maximum Hertz :**

Name Plate  
Motor Voltage \_\_\_\_\_ X Max Hz. \_\_\_\_\_ + Cable Drop \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_  
Name Plate Hz : **60 or 50**

**5. Surface Voltage corrected for 480 step-up Volt Transformer :**

Surface Voltage @ Maximum Hz X 1.263 = \_\_\_\_\_

Use line 5, Select xfmr tap for voltage = to or higher.

**6. Transformer Voltage Selected :** \_\_\_\_\_

**7. Transformer Ratio :** Transformer Voltage Selected \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_  
Transformer Primary Volts **480**

**8. Secondary Voltage @ 60 Hertz :**

(Line 4) Secondary Voltage @ Max. Hertz \_\_\_\_\_ X 60 = \_\_\_\_\_  
Maximum Hertz. \_\_\_\_\_

**9. Required 60 Hertz Voltage :**

(line 8) Secondary Voltage @ 60 Hertz \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_  
Transformer Ratio \_\_\_\_\_

**10. Required KVA @ Max Hertz:**

Surface Voltage \_\_\_\_\_ X Motor Nameplate Amps \_\_\_\_\_ X 1.73 = \_\_\_\_\_  
(Line 4) 1000

## **Electrospeed Start-Up Work Sheet**

Primary Power 380 Volts 50 Hz  
Stepup transformer 380 Volt Primary

380

**Customer:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Date:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Date:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Well Number:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Drive S/N:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Drive S/N:** \_\_\_\_\_

1. Motor Voltage: \_\_\_\_\_ Amps: \_\_\_\_\_ Cable Size: \_\_\_\_\_ Length: \_\_\_\_\_
  2. Desired Operating Frequency Minimum: \_\_\_\_\_ Maximum: \_\_\_\_\_
  3. Maximum Volts Available (Input Voltage): \_\_\_\_\_

#### **4. Surface Voltage @ Maximum Hertz:**

Motor Voltage \_\_\_\_\_ X Max Hz. \_\_\_\_\_ + Cable Drop \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_  
50 Hz.

**Use line 4, Select xfmr tap for voltage = to or higher.**

## **5. Transformer Voltage Selected: \_\_\_\_\_**

#### **7. Secondary Voltage @ 50 Hertz:**

(Line 4) Secondary Voltage @ Max. Hertz \_\_\_\_\_ X 50 = \_\_\_\_\_  
Maximum Hertz. \_\_\_\_\_

#### **8. Required 60 Hertz Voltage:**

(line 7) Secondary Voltage @ 50 Hertz \_\_\_\_\_ X 1.2 =  
Transformer Ratio \_\_\_\_\_

#### 9. Required KVA @ Max Hertz:

Surface Voltage \_\_\_\_\_ X Motor Nameplate Amps \_\_\_\_\_ X 1.73  
\_\_\_\_\_  
(Line 4) 1000 = \_\_\_\_\_

# **Start-Up Work Sheet Electrospeed Controller**

# CENTRILIFT

A Baker Hughes company

AREA

10 \_\_\_\_\_

## REPORT

DST

No \_\_\_\_\_

STARTUP SERVICE RESTART

(PROVIDENCE)

COUNTY

(COUNTRY)

STATE

CUSTOMER \_\_\_\_\_

Facility/Field \_\_\_\_\_ Unit/Lease \_\_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_ CITY \_\_\_\_\_

EQUIPMENT

VSC Sn \_\_\_\_\_ Model \_\_\_\_\_ Amps \_\_\_\_\_ KVA \_\_\_\_\_ Program \_\_\_\_\_

Motor Mfg \_\_\_\_\_ Volts \_\_\_\_\_ Amps \_\_\_\_\_ Hp \_\_\_\_\_ Serv fact \_\_\_\_\_

Cable Size \_\_\_\_\_ Ft \_\_\_\_\_ Volts/ft \_\_\_\_\_ Temp Factr \_\_\_\_\_ Cable Drop \_\_\_\_\_

Pump Mfg \_\_\_\_\_ Model \_\_\_\_\_ Series \_\_\_\_\_ Stages \_\_\_\_\_ Type \_\_\_\_\_

Intake (Rotary. Rev-flow. Std.) Min Hz \_\_\_\_\_ BPD \_\_\_\_\_ Max Hz \_\_\_\_\_ BPD \_\_\_\_\_

Check valve \_\_\_\_\_ JAP Setting Depth \_\_\_\_\_ ft Bottom Hole Temp. \_\_\_\_\_ F deg.

Xfrm SN \_\_\_\_\_ Voltage \_\_\_\_\_ Ratio \_\_\_\_\_ TAPS 1 \_\_\_\_\_ .2 \_\_\_\_\_ Conn D Y

Drive INPUT volts UNLOADED

a/b \_\_\_\_\_ a/c \_\_\_\_\_ b/c \_\_\_\_\_

Drive OUTPUT volts

@Hz \_\_\_\_\_ a/b \_\_\_\_\_ a/c \_\_\_\_\_ b/c \_\_\_\_\_

@Hz \_\_\_\_\_ a/b \_\_\_\_\_ a/c \_\_\_\_\_ b/c \_\_\_\_\_

Drive INPUT volts to GND

a \_\_\_\_\_ b \_\_\_\_\_ c \_\_\_\_\_

Drive OUTPUT amps

@Hz \_\_\_\_\_ a) \_\_\_\_\_ b) \_\_\_\_\_ c) \_\_\_\_\_

@Hz \_\_\_\_\_ a) \_\_\_\_\_ b) \_\_\_\_\_ c) \_\_\_\_\_

Drive INPUT volts LOADED

a/b \_\_\_\_\_ a/c \_\_\_\_\_ b/c \_\_\_\_\_

DOWN HOLE motor AMPS

@Hz \_\_\_\_\_ a) \_\_\_\_\_ b) \_\_\_\_\_ c) \_\_\_\_\_

@Hz \_\_\_\_\_ a) \_\_\_\_\_ b) \_\_\_\_\_ c) \_\_\_\_\_

Drive INPUT amps

@Hz \_\_\_\_\_ a) \_\_\_\_\_ b) \_\_\_\_\_ c) \_\_\_\_\_

'Hz \_\_\_\_\_ a) \_\_\_\_\_ b) \_\_\_\_\_ c) \_\_\_\_\_

MOTOR & CABLE ohms PHASE to PHASE

a/b \_\_\_\_\_ a/c \_\_\_\_\_ b/c \_\_\_\_\_

Surface VOLTS Phase to GND

a) \_\_\_\_\_ b) \_\_\_\_\_ c) \_\_\_\_\_

### SETUP OR OPERATING PARAMETERS

OVERLOAD AMPS	60 HZ VOLTS	SYNCH DELAY	LO SPD CLMP
OVERLOAD TIME	START FREQ	HI SPD CLMP	V BOOST
I LIMIT	V BOOST SYNC	ACCEL TIME	REG GAIN %
I LIMIT SYNC	V CLAMP	DECCEL TIME	SLIP COMP %
FLT RESTARTS	AMPS UL SET	CONTRL SET PT	PROGRAM REV
MIN RESTART FLT	MIN RESTART	JOG FREQUENCY	SF RATE
MIN FLT RESET	UL RESTARTS	FREQNCY AVOID	SN SEC
SET SPEED (Hz)	SEC UL TRIP	ROTATION OUT	I-DC (10)
RUN SPEED (Hz)	MODE	CONTROL SIG	I-LIMIT (7)

### REASON FOR SERVICE CODE

(circle one) ->

- |                        |                          |                         |                           |
|------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1 COLD WEATHER         | 2 CUSTOMER DAMAGED       | 3 CUSTOMER INEXPE.      | 4 DOWN HOLE CABLE         |
| 5 DOWN HOLE EQUIPMENT  | 6 DRIVE MOVED            | 7 ENGINEERING PROBLEM   | 8 LIGHTNING               |
| 9 LINE SLAP            | 10 MANUFACTURING PROBLEM | 11 WRONG COMPONENT      | 12 CHANGED SETTINGS       |
| 13 UNKNOWN REASON      | 14 OIL CONTAMINATED      | 15 OVER HEATED          | 16 POWER GRID BUMP OR SAG |
| 17 POWER OR PHASE LOSS | 18 REVERSE ROTATION      | 19 SAFETY MODIFICATION  | 20 SERVICEMAN INEXPE.     |
| 21 SHIPPING DAMAGE     | 22 SIZED WRONG           | 23 TAMPERED WITH        | 24 WATER IN DRIVE         |
| 25 BAD INPUT XFORMER   | 26 BAD OUTPUT XFORMER    | 27 NEW STARTUP          | 28 RESTART                |
| 29 SURFACE CABLE BAD   | 30 COMPONERNT FAILURE    | 31 FIELD MODIFICATION   | 32 WORK DELAY/CONTINUE    |
| 33 PC BOARD FAILURE    | 34 ADVERSE WELL COND.    | 35 OTHER CUSTOMER EQUIP | 36 CUST. REQ. CONSUL.     |
| LOOSE CONNECTION       | 38 FAN/PUMP MOTOR FAILED | 39 NO PROBLEM FOUND     | 40 INTERMITTENT           |

Comments \_\_\_\_\_

Job START Date \_\_\_\_\_ Completed Date \_\_\_\_\_ Serviced by \_\_\_\_\_

## v/Hz calculations

DST

No

**DATE** \_\_\_\_\_

- 1) Find: **Secondary volts @ max Hz**  
Use: motor volts \_\_\_\_\_ x max Hz \_\_\_\_\_ + cable drop \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_ volts  
60
  - 2) Avail. Xfmr volts = \_\_\_\_\_ Taps \_\_\_\_\_ & \_\_\_\_\_ (if max Hz can't be obtained)  
use next highest tap
  - 3) Find: **Xfmr Ratio**  
Use: (line 2) avail. Xfmr volts \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_  
480
  - 4) Find: **Secondary volts @ 60 Hz**  
Use: (line 1) Secondary volts @ Max Hz \_\_\_\_\_ x 60 \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_ volts  
max Hz \_\_\_\_\_
  - 5) Find: **Required vsc output volts @ 60 Hz**  
Use: (line 4) Secondary volts @ 60 Hz \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_ volts  
(line 3) Xfmr ratio \_\_\_\_\_
  - 6) Find: **Available vsc Amps**  
Use: vsc nameplate output amps \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_ Amps  
(line 3) Xfmr ratio \_\_\_\_\_

## LIVE HISTORY

TIME      DATE

EVENT NO      EVENT NAME

**COMMENTS and or ANALOG SETTINGS**

This image shows a template for handwriting practice. It consists of two identical sets of horizontal lines. Each set includes a solid top line, a dashed midline, and a solid bottom line. The first set of lines is positioned on the left side of the page, intended for practicing lowercase letters. The second set is positioned on the right side, intended for practicing uppercase letters. The lines are spaced evenly apart both vertically and horizontally.

CUSTOMER-

FIELD.

. WELL

SERVICE MAN.

**FUSE KITS**

SERIES MODEL PART NO.	321/121 FI-2060	322/122 FI-2125	323/123 FI-2200	324/124 FI-2250	345/145 FI-4300	346/146 FI-4350	347/147 FI-4400	348/148 FI-4500
48106	49131	49182	49183	49184	49185	49186	49187	49188
48107	FUSE, 5A	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
48108	FUSE, 1A	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
48109	FUSE, 1.6A	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
85572	FUSE, 4A	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
86808	FUSE, 100A	9						
86809	FUSE, 600A							
88895	FUSE, 800A							
88896	FUSE, 200A	9						
88897	FUSE, 300A							
88898	FUSE, 400A							
88899	FUSE, 500A							
	FUSE, 700A							

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POWER KITS	321/121 PI-2060	322/122 PI-2125	323/123 PI-2200	324/124 PI-2250	345/145 PI-4300	346/146 PI-4350	347/147 PI-4400	348/148 PI-4500
SERIES	49191	49192	49193	49194	49195	49196	49197	49198
MODEL								
PART NO								
85332	MDL, TRANSISTOR	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
88126	CMPD, THERMAL	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
88465	MDL, SCR, 250A							
88565	MDL, SCR, 160A	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
89087	MDL, DIODE, 95A	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
89089	MDL, DIODE, 260A							
49189	HDWR, PWR	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

## HARDWARE

47843	STDF, 8-32X1"	6
85002	WASHER, FLAT, 1/4"	6
85007	WASHER, LOCK, 1/4"	6
85011	WASHER, PLAIN, 5/16"	6
85017	WASHER, STAR, #8	6
85038	WASHER, LOCK, 5/16"	6
85294	SCREW 8-32X3/8"	6
85299	SCREW, 1/4"-20X1/2"	6
86332	SCREW, 8-32X5/8"	6
88469	SCREW, M6-1X20MM	6
88470	SCREW, 6MM-3X12MM	6
88818	SCREW, 8-32-1/4"	6
89116	STDF, 1/4" HEX	6

## EA. KIT

STDF, 8-32X1" 6

WASHER, FLAT, 1/4" 6

WASHER, LOCK, 1/4" 6

WASHER, PLAIN, 5/16" 6

WASHER, STAR, #8 6

WASHER, LOCK, 5/16" 6

SCREW 8-32X3/8" 6

SCREW, 1/4"-20X1/2" 6

SCREW, 8-32X5/8" 6

SCREW, M6-1X20MM 6

SCREW, 6MM-3X12MM 6

SCREW, 8-32-1/4" 6

STDF, 1/4" HEX 6

LOGIC KITS		
SERIES	MODEL	PART NO.
47371	PCB, DCB	ALL 47190
47323	PCB, OPERATOR INT.	1
89856	PCB, INVERTER	1
47206	PCB, CONVERTER	1

# Integrated Control System

3/15/95

## ICS - ELECTROSPEED CIRCUIT BOARDS

DESCRIPTION	S/A	S/A BOXED	SCHEM	ENGRG SPEC
Customer Interface Board	CIB	47189	49896	47583 239
Converter Control Board	CON	47206	49897	47212 240
Auxiliary Converter Board	ACN	47210	49898	47213 241
Operator Interface Board	OIB	47323	49899	47584 242
PHD Sig. Cond. Board	PHD	47337	49900	47338 243
Power Supply Board	PSB	47370	49901	47984 244
Power Supply Board, 8000	PS8	50560	-----	50558 ---
Digital Control Board	DCB	47371	49902	47272 245
Auxiliary Relay Board	ARB	47462	49903	47465 246
Analog Input Board	AIB	48104	49904	48119 249
Analog Output Board	AOB	52140	52143	52142
Inverter Control Board	INV	89856	49905	89872 247
Door Interface Board	DIB	90269	49906	47320 248
Multi-Converter Control Board	MCC	48868	50897	49092 ---
Keypad S/A (replaces 48127)	KPA	55527		
Cable Ribbon, Keypad, 9 Cond.	RC9	55524		
Cable Ribbon, Keypad, 6 Cond.	RC6	55523		
Keypad (Only)	KPO	55522		
Basic Power Dwg. 2000/4000				48410

## ICS - VSC SIMULATOR CIRCUIT BOARDS

DESCRIPTION	S/A	BLANK BOARD	SCHEM	ENGRG SPEC
Test Interface Board	TIB	49127	49126	49460 282
DIB Test Adapter Bd.	DTA	47540	47539	49179 n/a
CIB Test Adapter Bd.	CTA	47542	47541	49180 n/a
Connector Adapter Bd.	CAB	49380	49381	49382 n/a
ICS, VSC SIMULATOR (TEST SET)	49514	-----	-----	283

CIRCUIT BOARD SPECIFICATIONS

FABRICATION OF PRINTED WIRING BOARDS.....CES-118

ENHANCED RELIABILITY INTEGRATED CIRCUITS.....ES-212

APPROVED VENDOR PART NUMBERS.....ES-256