

(Upload a single PDF file as your homework.)

***Predator-Prey (Lotka-Volterra) Model:***

1. Explain the predator-prey model governed by the Lotka-Volterra equations.
2. The differential equations for this model can be given as,

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \alpha x + \beta xy$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \gamma y + \delta xy$$

where

$x(t)$ : Predator population,

$y(t)$ : Prey population,

the constants:

$\alpha$ : Prey increase rate (if left alone),

$\beta$ : Probability that the two species coming together,

$\gamma$ : Predator decrease rate (if left alone),

$\delta$ : Rate of encounters of the two species ( $\beta = -\delta$  generally).

Take  $\alpha = 0.25$ ,  $\beta = -\delta = -0.01$ ,  $\gamma = -1$ ,  $x_0 = 80$  and  $y_0 = 30$  and solve these equations using either the fourth order Runge-Kutta scheme or special commands defined by a Python module.

Plot (t-x), (t-y), (x-y) graphs.