# Regression Model for National Park Trails

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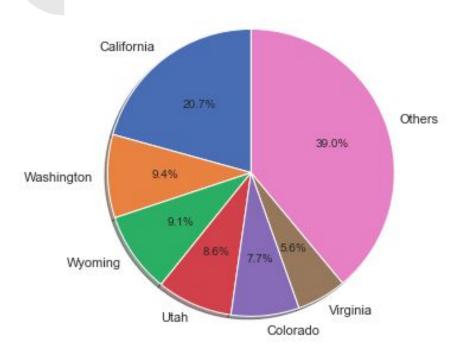


# Exploratory Data Analysis

Linear Regression / Modeling

https://www.kaggle.com/planejane/national-park-trails

# EDA Breakdown of National Parks by State



California 20.7%

Washington 9.4%

Wyoming 9.1%

Utah 8.6%

Colorado 7.7%

Virginia 5.6%

Other 39%

#### **EDA Key Questions to Consider**

What are the characteristics of a poor trail? One that doesn't get visited

Do hikers prefer certain route types? Out n back, Loop, Point to Point

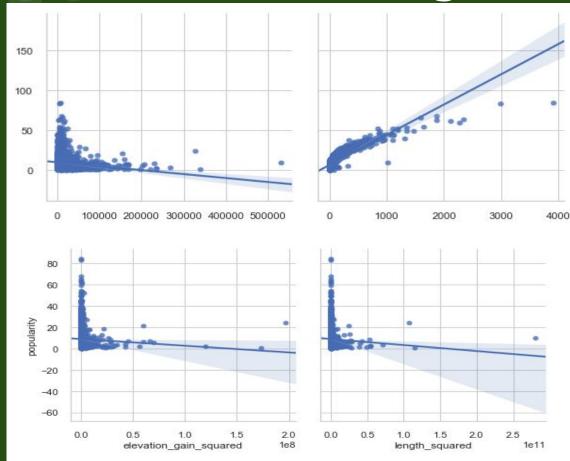
Do the length of trails vary from great National Parks, average National Parks, and Low Popularity parks? No (ANOVA,  $\alpha$ =.10, pvalue=.79)

Is there a difference in trail level of difficulty between great, average and obscure National Parks? Yes, highly rated parks have higher difficulty (ANOVA,  $\alpha$ =.10, p value=.015)

Does elevation gain play a role in popularizing a trail? Yes (ANOVA,  $\alpha$ =.10, pvalue=.096) and Somewhat No

# Building & Testing My Linear Regression

# Model / Linear Regression



#### Dependent variable:

20

#### Popularity/Usage

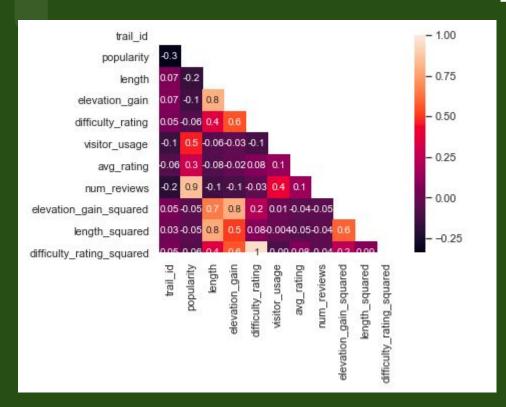
30

1. Length

10

- 2. No. of reviews
- 3. Difficulty Rating<sup>2</sup>
- 4. Elevation gained <sup>2</sup>
- 5. Length<sup>2</sup>

## Correlation Heatmap



R<sup>2</sup>**= .743**Dependent variable:
Popularity/Usage

#### Independent variables:

- Length
- Elevation gain
- Difficulty rating
- Number of reviews
- Elevation gain squared
- Length squared
- Difficulty rating squared

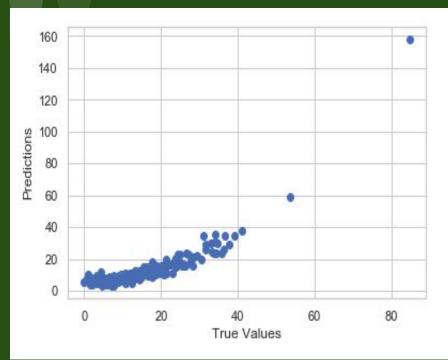
### Feature Selection

All Features
Length
Num_reviews
Difficulty Rating
Elevation Gained
Difficulty Rating^2
Elevation gained^2
Length^2



My Features	RFECV features	
Length	Length	
Num_reviews	Num_reviews	
Difficulty Rating^2	Difficulty Rating ^2	
Elevation gained ^2	Elevation gained	
Length^2	Difficulty rating	

### **Model Evaluation**



	Train (5 feat)	Test (5 feat)	Train (RFECV)	Test (RFECV)
MAE	2.98	2.97	2.97	2.99
MSE	16.06	21.11	16.07	21.11
RMSE	4.01	4.59	4.00	4.59

#### Discussion

- Can this model be used to assess the usage rate of trails in smaller parks or camping areas?
- The model worked well but didn't predict hugely popular busy trails.
- Slight overfitting (Train vs Test Data)
- Didn't take in consideration certain natural landmarks such as Grand Canyon, Grand Teton, Mt. Ranier, etc.