Compulsory exercise 1: Group 37

TMA4268 Statistical Learning V2022

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Problem 1

a)

```
\begin{split} &E[(y_0-\hat{f}(x_0))^2]\\ &=E[y_0^2-2y_0\hat{f}(x_0)+\hat{f}(x_0)^2]\\ &=E[y_0^2]-2E[y_0\hat{f}(x_0)]+E[\hat{f}(x_0)^2]\\ &=E[y_0]^2+Var[y_0]-2E[y_0\hat{f}(x_0)]+E[\hat{f}(x_0)]^2+Var[\hat{f}(x_0)]\\ &=E[f(x_0)+\epsilon]^2+Var[f(x_0)+\epsilon]-2E[(f(x_0)+\epsilon)\hat{f}(x_0)]+E[\hat{f}(x_0)]^2+Var[\hat{f}(x_0)]\\ &=E[f(x_0)+\epsilon]^2+Var[f(x_0)+\epsilon]-2E[\epsilon\hat{f}(x_0)]-2E[f(x_0)\hat{f}(x_0)]+E[\hat{f}(x_0)]^2+Var[\hat{f}(x_0)]\\ &=E[f(x_0)+\epsilon]^2+Var[f(x_0)+\epsilon]-2E[\epsilon\hat{f}(x_0)]-2E[f(x_0)\hat{f}(x_0)]+E[\hat{f}(x_0)]^2+Var[\hat{f}(x_0)]\\ &=E[f(x_0)]^2-Var[f(x_0)]+E[\hat{f}(x_0)]^2+Var[\hat{f}(x_0)]+Var[\epsilon]\\ &=E[f(x_0)]^2-2E[f(x_0)\hat{f}(x_0)]+E[\hat{f}(x_0)]^2+Var[\hat{f}(x_0)]+Var[\epsilon]\\ &=f(x_0)^2-2f(x_0)E[\hat{f}(x_0)]+E[\hat{f}(x_0)]^2+Var[\hat{f}(x_0)]+Var[\epsilon]\\ &=(f(x_0)-E[\hat{f}(x_0)])^2+Var[\hat{f}(x_0)]+Var[\epsilon]\\ &\text{Where}\\ &Var[\epsilon] \text{ is the irreducible error,}\\ &Var[\hat{f}(x_0)] \text{ is the variance of the prediction, and}\\ &(f(x_0)-E[\hat{f}(x_0)])^2 \end{split}
```

b)

Irreducible error: - The irreducible error is the error made by the true function f, implying that the irreducible error will always exist no matter how well the model is fit. It may stem from factors that are not captured by the covariates or an inherent stochastisity in the response variable. Reducible error: - The reducible error is caused by the discrepency between the fitted model and the true relationship, and it is the sum of the square of the bias, and the variance Variance: - The variance is typically caused by overfitting the model to the training data. This implies that a new set of training could result in a vastly different model. Bias: - The bias is typically caused by underfitting the model. A high bias is usually found in an inflexible model that fails to capture nuances in the relationship.

c)

- 1. True
- 2. False
- 3. True
- 4. False

d)

- 1. True
- 2. False
- 3. False
- 4. False

e)

(iii) 0.76

Problem 2

Here is a code chunk:

```
library(palmerpenguins) # Contains the data set "penguins".
data(penguins)
head(penguins)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 8
     species island bill_length_mm bill_depth_mm flipper_length_~ body_mass_g sex
     <fct>
##
             <fct>
                              <dbl>
                                             <dbl>
                                                                           <int> <fct>
                                                              <int>
## 1 Adelie Torge~
                               39.1
                                              18.7
                                                                181
                                                                            3750 male
## 2 Adelie Torge~
                               39.5
                                              17.4
                                                                186
                                                                            3800 fema~
## 3 Adelie Torge~
                               40.3
                                              18
                                                                195
                                                                            3250 fema~
## 4 Adelie Torge~
                                                                              NA <NA>
                               NA
                                              NA
                                                                 NA
## 5 Adelie Torge~
                                              19.3
                                                                            3450 fema~
                               36.7
                                                                193
## 6 Adelie Torge~
                               39.3
                                              20.6
                                                                190
                                                                            3650 male
## # ... with 1 more variable: year <int>
```

a)

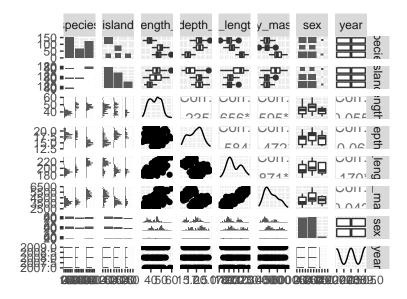
Error 1: - The sex covariate is rejected on the basis of a low p-value. This is wrong because a low p-value indicates that the probability of observing a more extreme value given the null hypothesis is low. In this case, the p-value is way too low to be ignored.

Error 2: - The null hypothesis is tested separately for the categorical covariate. This is incorrect when the covariate has more than two categories, because the dummy variables truly represent the same covariate. Hence, the F-test must be applied in order to evaluate the significance of the categorical covariate, as it can test multiple variables at the same time. The basis on which he kept the species covariate is therefore invalid.

Error 3: - The assumption that the Chinstrap penguins are the largest is possibly wrong, as the interaction term between bill depth and species must also be taken into account.

b)

```
library(GGally)
ggpairs(penguins)
```



The pairs functions helps with identifying correlations in the data. In this case, the boxplot between sex and body weight indicates a relationship.

c)

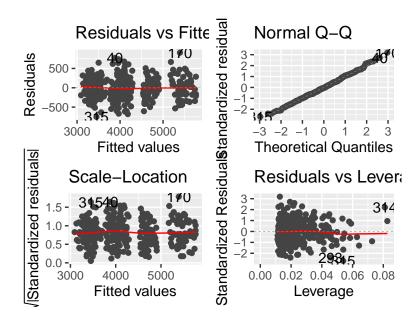
```
##
                                     Estimate Std. Error
                                                             t value
                                                                         Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                  -1385.27845 652.738847 -2.1222552 3.457699e-02
## flipper length mm
                                     17.71249
                                                 2.941999
                                                          6.0205607 4.721257e-09
## sexmale
                                    430.56261
                                                          9.6003609 2.304069e-19
                                               44.848586
## bill depth mm
                                     83.59180
                                               22.449873
                                                          3.7234864 2.317818e-04
## speciesChinstrap
                                   1474.29960 681.997594
                                                          2.1617372 3.137259e-02
## speciesGentoo
                                    632.57985 545.520709
                                                          1.1595891 2.470726e-01
## islandDream
                                    -21.35204
                                               58.304464 -0.3662163 7.144434e-01
## islandTorgersen
                                    -51.77579
                                               60.839901 -0.8510170 3.953904e-01
## bill_depth_mm:speciesChinstrap
                                               37.117784 -2.2789561 2.332189e-02
                                    -84.58980
## bill_depth_mm:speciesGentoo
                                     34.87807
                                               34.595615 1.0081645 3.141301e-01
```

```
anova(penguin.model)
## Analysis of Variance Table
## Response: body_mass_g
                               Sum Sq
                         Df
                                        Mean Sq
                                                  F value
                                                             Pr(>F)
                          1 164047703 164047703 1986.9804 < 2.2e-16 ***
## flipper_length_mm
                              9416589
                                        9416589 114.0557 < 2.2e-16 ***
## sex
                          1
## bill_depth_mm
                              3667377
                                         3667377
                                                  44.4200 1.145e-10 ***
                          1
                                                  64.6218 < 2.2e-16 ***
## species
                          2 10670525
                                        5335262
                          2
                                                   0.3603
                                                            0.69777
## island
                                59488
                                          29744
## bill_depth_mm:species
                          2
                               730681
                                         365341
                                                   4.4251
                                                            0.01271 *
## Residuals
                        323 26667303
                                          82561
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
# We see from the f test that island is likely not important after all. We do, however, see that the in
# Fit final model with sex
final.model <- lm(body_mass_g ~ flipper_length_mm + bill_depth_mm * species + sex, data = Penguins)
summary(final.model)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = body_mass_g ~ flipper_length_mm + bill_depth_mm *
       species + sex, data = Penguins)
##
##
## Residuals:
     Min
             10 Median
                           3Q
                                 Max
## -751.2 -183.8 -9.8 191.1 906.9
## Coefficients:
                                 Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                 -1336.58
                                              646.92 -2.066 0.039615 *
## flipper_length_mm
                                    17.38
                                                2.91
                                                      5.971 6.17e-09 ***
## bill_depth_mm
                                               22.32
                                                      3.717 0.000237 ***
                                    82.98
## speciesChinstrap
                                  1460.15
                                              680.39
                                                       2.146 0.032610 *
## speciesGentoo
                                   644.88
                                              542.57
                                                      1.189 0.235481
## sexmale
                                   432.90
                                               44.63
                                                      9.699 < 2e-16 ***
## bill depth mm:speciesChinstrap
                                    -83.53
                                               37.01
                                                      -2.257 0.024666 *
## bill_depth_mm:speciesGentoo
                                    36.17
                                               34.48
                                                      1.049 0.294955
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Residual standard error: 286.8 on 325 degrees of freedom
     (11 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8758, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8732
## F-statistic: 327.5 on 7 and 325 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

anova(final.model)

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: body_mass_g
##
                           Df
                                 Sum Sq
                                           Mean Sq
                                                     F value
                                                               Pr(>F)
## flipper_length_mm
                            1
                              164047703 164047703 1994.7424 < 2e-16 ***
## bill depth mm
                                  338887
                                            338887
                                                       4.1207 0.04318 *
                            1
## species
                               15483131
                                           7741565
                                                      94.1338 < 2e-16 ***
## sex
                            1
                                7932472
                                           7932472
                                                      96.4551 < 2e-16 ***
## bill_depth_mm:species
                            2
                                 729458
                                            364729
                                                       4.4349 0.01258 *
## Residuals
                          325
                               26728014
                                             82240
##
                     '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Signif. codes:
```

autoplot(final.model,smooth.colour="red")



REPORT: PREDICTION OF PENGUIN BODY MASS, by Oskar and Halvor: 3 We begin with a linear regression model with body mass as the response, and flipper length, bill depth, species, island and sex as covariates, as well as an interaction effect between bill depth and species. We see that the island term has a large p-value and it is therefore discarded, as it does not seem to be correlated with body mass. From the f-test we see that both the categorical variables are probably significant. The final model can be described depending on the species of the penguin:

$$\hat{y}_{adelie} = \hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_{flipper_length} x_{flipper_length} + \hat{\beta}_{sex_male} x_{sex_male} + \hat{\beta}_{bill_depth} x_{bill_depth}$$

$$\hat{y}_{chinstrap} = \hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_{flipper_length} x_{flipper_length} + \hat{\beta}_{sex_male} x_{sex_male} + (\hat{\beta}_{bill_depth} + \hat{\beta}_{bill_depth:chinstrap}) x_{bill_depth} + \hat{\beta}_{chinstrap}$$

$$\hat{y}_{gentoo} = \hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_{flipper_length} x_{flipper_length} + \hat{\beta}_{sex_male} x_{sex_male} + (\hat{\beta}_{bill_depth} + \hat{\beta}_{bill_depth:gentoo}) x_{bill_depth} + \hat{\beta}_{gentoo}$$

(where \hat{y}_{adelie} is the predicted body mass for Adelie penguins, $\hat{\beta}_0$ is the estimated intercept, $x_{flipper_length}$ is the flipper length coefficient, etc.) Note that x_{sex_male} is 1 if the penguin is male and 0 if female. In the final model, all terms have small (<0.05) f-values, signaling a strong correlation with the response. The assumptions of a linear model can be checked with the four plot supplied by the autoplot() function. From the qq-plot we see strong evidence that the residuals are normally distributed. From the Tukey-Anscombe diagram we see evidence of the residuals having expectation 0 and equal σ^2 . This is also backed up by the scale location plot. There is also no

apparent pattern in the T-A diagram, suggesting that the residuals are independent. The leverage plot is useful for determining outliers with high leverage. There is one data point in particular that warrants further inspection, as it has quite high leverage and might be an outlier.

Problem 3

Problem 4