

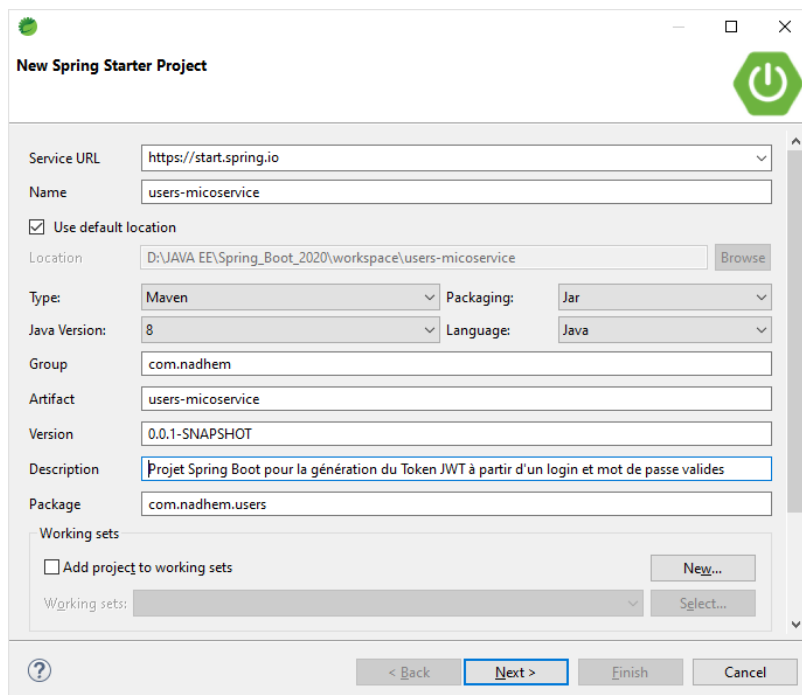
Spring Boot : Génération du JWT Token

Objectifs :

1. Créer le projet et ajouter les dépendances,
2. Editer le fichier *application.properties*,
3. Créer les entités *User* et *Role* et leurs interfaces *Repository*,
4. Ajouter *Spring Security* et *auth0* au projet,
5. Créer la couche service,
6. Créer la classe *SecurityConfig*,
7. Créer la classe *MyUserDetailsService*,
8. Générer le token *JWT* suite à une authentication,
9. Tester la génération du *JWT* avec *POSTMAN*.

Créer le projet et ajouter les dépendances

1. Créer le projet *users-microservice* et ajouter les dépendances



New Spring Starter Project

Service URL:

Name:

☒ Use default location

Location:

Type: Packaging:

Java Version: Language:

Group:

Artifact:

Version:

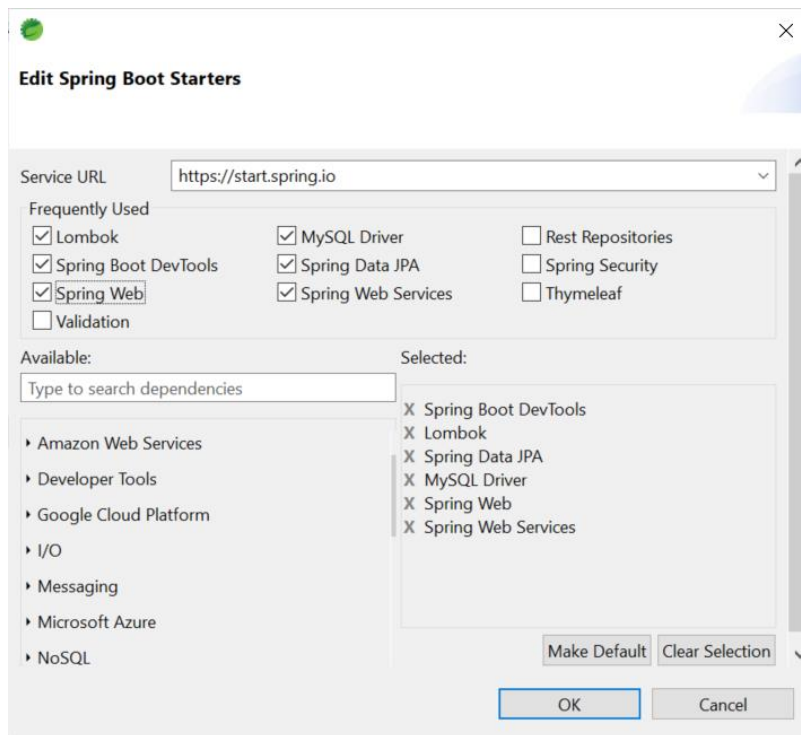
Description:

Package:

Working sets

☐ Add project to working sets

Working sets:



2. Editer le fichier pom.xml et modifier la version de spring boot

```
<version>2.3.1.RELEASE</version>
```

Editer le fichier application.properties

3. Editer le fichier *application.properties*

```
spring.datasource.url=jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/users_db?createDatabaseIf
NotExist=true&useSSL=false&serverTimezone=UTC
spring.datasource.username=root
spring.jpa.show-sql=true
spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto=update
server.servlet.context-path=/users
server.port=8081
```

Créer les entités User et Rôle et leurs interfaces Repository

4. Créer dans le package entities l'entité User :

```
package com.nadhem.users.entities;
import java.util.List;
import javax.persistence.CascadeType;
import javax.persistence.Column;
import javax.persistence.Entity;
import javax.persistence.FetchType;
import javax.persistence.GeneratedValue;
import javax.persistence.GenerationType;
import javax.persistence.Id;
import javax.persistence.JoinColumn;
import javax.persistence.JoinTable;
```

```

import javax.persistence.ManyToMany;
import lombok.Data;

@Data @NoArgsConstructor @AllArgsConstructor
@Entity
public class User {
    @Id
    @GeneratedValue (strategy=GenerationType.IDENTITY)
    private Long user_id;

    @Column(unique=true)
    private String username;
    private String password;
    private Boolean enabled;

    @ManyToMany(cascade=CascadeType.ALL, fetch = FetchType.EAGER)
    @JoinTable(name="user_role",joinColumns = @JoinColumn(name="user_id") ,
               inverseJoinColumns = @JoinColumn(name="role_id"))
    private List<Role> roles;
}

```

5. Créer dans le package entities l'entité Role :

```

package com.nadhem.users.entities;

import javax.persistence.Entity;
import javax.persistence.GeneratedValue;
import javax.persistence.GenerationType;
import javax.persistence.Id;
import lombok.Data;

@Data @NoArgsConstructor @AllArgsConstructor
@Entity
public class Role {
    @Id
    @GeneratedValue (strategy=GenerationType.IDENTITY)
    private Long role_id;
    private String role;
}

```

6. Créer dans le package repos, l'interface UserRepository

```

package com.nadhem.users.repos;

import org.springframework.data.jpa.repository.JpaRepository;
import com.nadhem.users.entities.User;

public interface UserRepository extends JpaRepository<User, Long> {

    User findByUsername(String username);

}

```

7. Créer dans le package repos, l'interface RoleRepository

```
package com.nadhem.users.repos;

import org.springframework.data.jpa.repository.JpaRepository;
import com.nadhem.users.entities.Role;

public interface RoleRepository extends JpaRepository<Role, Long> {

    Role findByRole(String role);

}
```

Ajouter Spring Security et auth0 au projet

8. Ajouter les dépendances Spring security et JWT au fichier pom.xml :

```
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-security</artifactId>
</dependency>

<dependency>
    <groupId>com.auth0</groupId>
    <artifactId>java-jwt</artifactId>
    <version>3.4.1</version>
</dependency>
```

Créer la couche service

9. Créer l'interface UserService

```
package com.nadhem.users.service;

import com.nadhem.users.entities.Role;
import com.nadhem.users.entities.User;

public interface UserService {
    User saveUser(User user);
    User findUserByUsername (String username);
    Role addRole(Role role);
    User addRoleToUser(String username, String rolename);
}
```

10. Créer l'implémentation UserServiceImpl

```
package com.nadhem.users.service;

import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.security.crypto.bcrypt.BCryptPasswordEncoder;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
import org.springframework.transaction.annotation.Transactional;
import com.nadhem.users.entities.Role;
import com.nadhem.users.entities.User;
import com.nadhem.users.repos.RoleRepository;
```

```

import com.nadhem.users.repos.UserRepository;

@Transactional
@Service
public class UserServiceImpl implements UserService{

    @Autowired
    UserRepository userRep;

    @Autowired
    RoleRepository roleRep;

    @Autowired
    BCryptPasswordEncoder bCryptPasswordEncoder;

    @Override
    public User saveUser(User user) {

        user.setPassword(bCryptPasswordEncoder.encode(user.getPassword()));
        return userRep.save(user);
    }

    @Override
    public User addRoleToUser(String username, String rolename) {
        User usr = userRep.findByUsername(username);
        Role r = roleRep.findByRole(rolename);

        usr.getRoles().add(r);
        return usr;
    }

    @Override
    public Role addRole(Role role) {
        return roleRep.save(role);
    }

    @Override
    public User findUserByUsername(String username) {
        return userRep.findByUsername(username);
    }
}

```

11. Modifier la classe `UsersMicoserviceApplication` pour ajouter les rôles et les utilisateurs

```

@PostConstruct
void init_users() {
    //ajouter les rôles
    userService.addRole(new Role(null,"ADMIN"));
    userService.addRole(new Role(null,"USER"));

    //ajouter les users
    userService.saveUser(new User(null,"admin","123",true,null));
    userService.saveUser(new User(null,"nadhem","123",true,null));
}

```

```

userService.saveUser(new User(null, "yassine", "123", true, null));

//ajouter les rôles aux users
userService.addRoleToUser("admin", "ADMIN");
userService.addRoleToUser("admin", "USER");

userService.addRoleToUser("nadhem", "USER");
userService.addRoleToUser("yassine", "USER");
}

@Bean
BCryptPasswordEncoder getBCE() {
    return new BCryptPasswordEncoder();
}

```

12. Démarrer l'application pour tester l'ajout des utilisateurs et leurs rôles dans la base de données

Table	Action
<input type="checkbox"/> role	★ Parcourir Structure Rechercher Insérer Vider Supprimer
<input type="checkbox"/> user	★ Parcourir Structure Rechercher Insérer Vider Supprimer
<input type="checkbox"/> user_role	★ Parcourir Structure Rechercher Insérer Vider Supprimer
3 tables	Somme

		user_id	enabled	password	username
<input type="checkbox"/>	Éditer Copier Supprimer	1	1	\$2a\$10\$lwEJJOKMNAzKxhH0j5iZZeWnqAxqH9co1DHny0znhYj...	admin
<input type="checkbox"/>	Éditer Copier Supprimer	2	1	\$2a\$10\$NUNEKKRMydGf76UPUwKMzeV6mrlU3Cg.Yj.r7crAfly...	nadhem
<input type="checkbox"/>	Éditer Copier Supprimer	3	1	\$2a\$10\$rNitAAGsY.Jhxq/nKEYcYuaseqyynjHdJp7lpRvTmcT...	yassine

Remarque :

Une fois les utilisateurs et leurs rôles sont enregistrés dans la base de données commentez la méthode `init_users()`

Créer la classe *SecurityConfig*

13. Créer la classe *SecurityConfig*, placez la dans le package `security` :

```
package com.nadhem.users.security;
```

```

import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.security.config.annotation.authentication.builders.AuthenticationManagerBuilder;
import org.springframework.security.config.annotation.web.builders.HttpSecurity;
import org.springframework.security.config.annotation.web.configuration.EnableWebSecurity;
import org.springframework.security.config.annotation.web.configuration.WebSecurityConfigurerAdapter;
import org.springframework.security.config.http.SessionCreationPolicy;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetailsService;
import org.springframework.security.crypto.bcrypt.BCryptPasswordEncoder;

```

```

@EnableWebSecurity
public class SecurityConfig extends WebSecurityConfigurerAdapter {

    @Autowired
    UserDetailsService userDetailsService;

    @Autowired
    BCryptPasswordEncoder bCryptPasswordEncoder;

    @Override
    protected void configure(AuthenticationManagerBuilder auth) throws
Exception {
        auth.userDetailsService(userDetailsService)
            .passwordEncoder(bCryptPasswordEncoder);
    }

    @Override
    protected void configure(HttpSecurity http) throws Exception {
        http.csrf().disable();

        http.sessionManagement().
            sessionCreationPolicy(SessionCreationPolicy.STATELESS);

        http.authorizeRequests().antMatchers("/login").permitAll();
        http.authorizeRequests().anyRequest().authenticated();
    }
}

```

Créer la classe *MyUserDetailsService*

14. Créer la classe *MyUserDetailsService* qui implémente *UserDetailsService*:

```

package com.nadhemb.users.security;

import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.security.core.GrantedAuthority;
import org.springframework.security.core.authority.SimpleGrantedAuthority;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetails;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetailsService;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UsernameNotFoundException;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
import com.nadhemb.users.entities.User;
import com.nadhemb.users.service.UserService;

@Service
public class MyUserDetailsService implements UserDetailsService {
    @Autowired
    UserService userService;
}

```

```

@Override
public UserDetails loadUserByUsername(String username) throws
UsernameNotFoundException {
    User user = userService.findUserByUsername(username);

    if (user==null)
        throw new UsernameNotFoundException("Utilisateur introuvable !");

    List<GrantedAuthority> auths = new ArrayList<>();

    user.getRoles().forEach(role -> {
        GrantedAuthority authority = new
SimpleGrantedAuthority(role.getRole());
        auths.add(authority);
    });

    return new org.springframework.security.core.
        userdetails.User(user.getUsername(),user.getPassword(),auths);
}
}

```

Générer le token JWT suite à une authentication

15. Créer la classe JWTAuthenticationFilter

```

package com.nadhemb.users.security;

import java.io.IOException;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Date;
import java.util.List;
import javax.servlet.FilterChain;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
import org.springframework.security.authentication.AuthenticationManager;
import org.springframework.security.authentication.UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken
;
import org.springframework.security.core.Authentication;
import org.springframework.security.core.AuthenticationException;
import org.springframework.security.web.authentication.UsernamePasswordAuthenticationF
ilter;
import com.auth0.jwt.JWT;
import com.auth0.jwt.algorithms.Algorithm;
import com.fasterxml.jackson.core.JsonParseException;
import com.fasterxml.jackson.databind.JsonMappingException;
import com.fasterxml.jackson.databind.ObjectMapper;
import com.nadhemb.users.entities.User;

public class JWTAuthenticationFilter extends
UsernamePasswordAuthenticationFilter{

    private AuthenticationManager authenticationManager;

```



```

    public JWTAuthenticationFilter(AuthenticationManager authenticationManager)
    {
        super();
        this.authenticationManager = authenticationManager;
    }

    @Override
    public Authentication attemptAuthentication(HttpServletRequest request,
        HttpServletResponse response)
        throws AuthenticationException {

        User user = null;
        try {
            user = new ObjectMapper().readValue(request.getInputStream(),
                User.class);
        } catch (JsonParseException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        } catch (JsonMappingException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        } catch (IOException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }

        return authenticationManager.
            authenticate(new
                UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken(user.getUsername(), user.getPassword()));
    }

    @Override
    protected void successfulAuthentication(HttpServletRequest request,
        HttpServletResponse response, FilterChain chain,
        Authentication authResult) throws IOException, ServletException
    {

        org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.User springUser =
            (org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.User)
                authResult.getPrincipal();

        List<String> roles = new ArrayList<>();
        springUser.getAuthorities().forEach(au -> {
            roles.add(au.getAuthority());
        });

        String jwt = JWT.create().
            withSubject(springUser.getUsername()).
            withArrayClaim("roles", roles.toArray(new String[roles.size()])).
            withExpiresAt(new Date(System.currentTimeMillis()+10*24*60*60*1000)).
            sign(Algorithm.HMAC256("nadhemb@yahoo.com"));

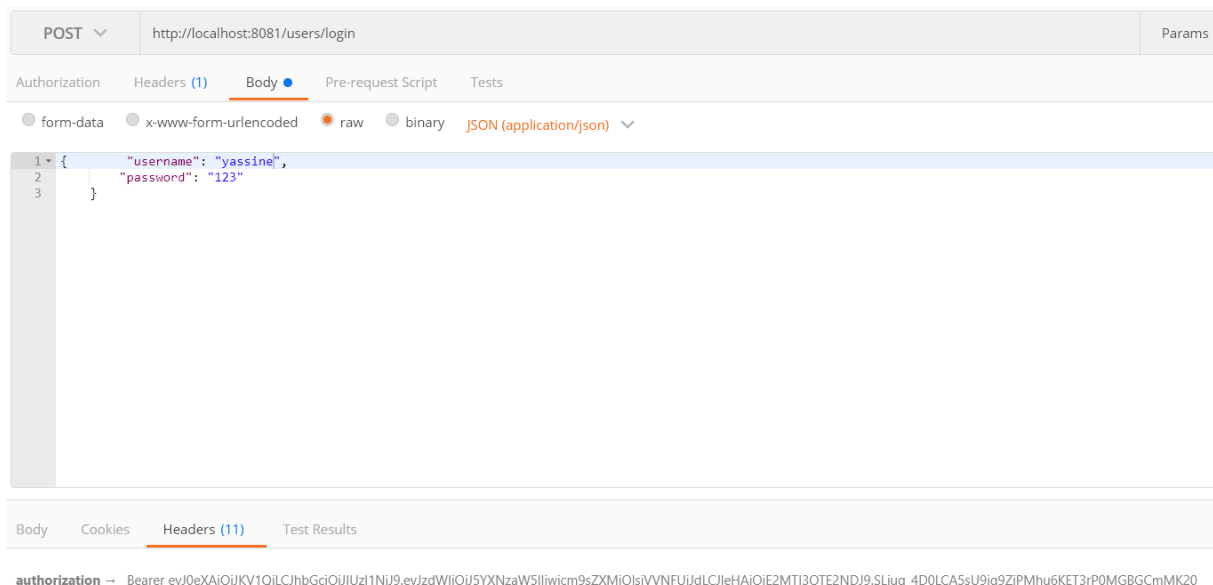
        response.addHeader("Authorization", jwt);
    }
}

```

16. Ajouter le filtre `JWTAuthenticationFilter` à la méthode `configure` de la classe `SecurityConfig` :

```
@Override
protected void configure(HttpSecurity http) throws Exception {
    ...
    http.addFilter(new JWTAuthenticationFilter (authenticationManager())) ;
}
```

17. Tester la génération du JWT avec POSTMAN



Vérifier votre token JWT sur : <https://jwt.io/>

18. Créer une interface pour regrouper les constantes

```
package com.nadhem.users.sercurity;
```

```
public interface SecParams {
    public static final long EXP_TIME = 10*24*60*60*1000;
    public static final String SECRET = "nadhemb@yahoo.com";
}
```