ISLab Python Course

Session 3: Beyond Basics

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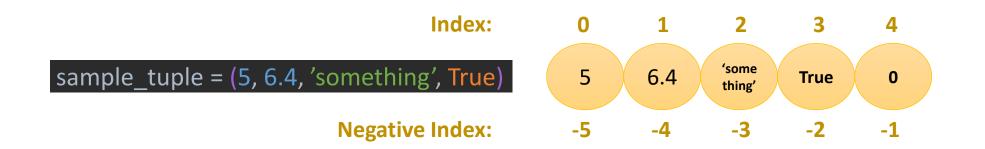


Python Data Types Comparison

Data Type	Declaration Syntax	Ordered	Mutable	Indexed	Can Have Duplicate Keys/IDs	Can Have Duplicate Values	Value Type
List	[]	√	✓	√ (int ID)	X	√	Variable Types Data Types Data Structures
Tuple	()	√	X	√ (int ID)	X	✓	Variable Types Data Types Data Structures
Dictionary	{}	X	✓	√ (immutable Key)	X	√	Variable Types Data Types Data Structures
Set	{}	X	✓	X	-	X	Variable Types Only + Tuple

Indices for List & Tuple Data Types





Slicing

- A slice is a subset of elements
- Only possible for ordered data types (list/tuple)





Slicing

```
Index: 0 1 2 3 4

sample_list = [11, 9.25, 5, 'some', False]

Negative Index: -5 -4 -3 -2 -1
```

sample_list[start:stop]

$$egin{aligned} (a,b) &=]a,b[= \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid a < x < b\}, \ [a,b) &= [a,b[= \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid a \leq x < b\}, \ (a,b] &=]a,b] = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid a < x \leq b\}, \ [a,b] &= [a,b] = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid a \leq x \leq b\}. \end{aligned}$$

Slicing with Steps

sample_list[start:stop:step]

- Negative steps are also possible
- With negative stepping, the order in which the elements are returned changes





Negative Stepping

Packing and Unpacking

packing to a tuple tuple_var1 = (1, 2, 3, 4, 5)

unpacking from a tuple
a, b, c, d, e = tuple_var1
print('a=', a, ', b=', b, ', c=', c)

