

## StonCor Carbocoat GP 40 Red

INGREDIENTS	CAS NO	%	8HR OEL
naphtha petroleum, heavy, hydrodesulfurised	64742-82-1.	50-75	790 mg/m3
ETHYL ALCOHOL	64-17-5	0.1-1	1880 mg/m3
silica crystalline - quartz	14808-60-7	2.5-10	0.05 mg/m3
red iron oxide	1332-37-2	10-25	5 mg/m3



UN No: 1993 Hazchem Code: •3Y DG Class: 3

Subsidiary Risk: Not Applicable

Packing Group: III

Poisons Schedule: Not Applicable



### **NFPA Rating:**

- ▶ 0: Minimum
- ▶ 1: Low
- ▶ 2: Moderate
- ▶ 3: High
- ▶ 4: Extreme

# **HEALTH HAZARD INFORMATION**







**Acute Health** Effects: HARMFUL-May cause lung damage if swallowed. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

**Chronic Health** Effects: Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness and

cracking.

\* - limited evidence

# PRECAUTIONS FOR USE













Appropriate engineering controls:	Local Exhaust Ventilation recommended.
Glasses:	Consider chemical goggles.
Gloves:	1.BUTYL 2.NEOPRENE 3.NITRILE
Respirator:	Type A Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)
Storage and Transportation:	Store in cool, dry, protected area. Restrictions on Storage apply. Refer to Full Report. Dispose of this material and its container at hazardous or special waste collection point. Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.
Fire/Explosion Hazard:	Flammable. Toxic smoke/fumes in a fire. Dispose of this material and its container at hazardous or special waste collection point.

### **PROPERTIES**





Liquid.Flammable.











## **FIRST AID**

Swallowed:

Skin:

Give water (if conscious). Seek medical advice. Do NOT give milk or oil. Do NOT give alcohol.

Wash with running water (15 mins). Medical attention. Eye: Flood body with water. Remove contaminated clothing.

Wash with water

Fresh air. Rest, keep warm. If breath shallow, give Inhaled:

oxygen. Medical attention.

Advice To Treat symptoms NOT history. Emesis. Deferoxamine

Doctor: may be antidotal.

Fire Fighting: Foam.

> Eliminate ignition sources. Consider evacuation. Prevent from entering drains. Contain spillage by any

means. Absorb with dry agent. Stop leak if safe to do Spills and so. Dispose of this material and its container at Disposal: hazardous or special waste collection point. This

> material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. To clean the floor and all objects contaminated by

this material, use water and detergent.

# SAFE STORAGE WITH OTHER CLASSIFIED CHEMICALS







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Toxic Radioactive Oxidizing

х х x — Must not be stored together