

Griggs Zinc Chromate Primer

INGREDIENTS	CAS NO	%	8HR OEL
xylene	1330-20-7	7	350 mg/m3
acetone	67-64-1	5	1185 mg/m3
zinc tetroxychromate	37300-23-5	27	0.01 mg/m3
talc	14807-96-6	5	3 mg/m3

UN No: Not Applicable Hazchem Code: Not Applicable DG Class: Not Applicable Subsidiary Risk: Not Applicable Packing Group: Not Applicable Poisons Schedule: Not Applicable



NFPA Rating:

- ▶ 0: Minimum
- ▶ 1: Low
- ▶ 2: Moderate
- ▶ 3: High
- ▶ 4: Extreme

HEALTH HAZARD INFORMATION



Acute Health Effects:

May cause SENSITISATION by skin contact.

Chronic **Health Effects:** May cause CANCER.

* - limited evidence

PRECAUTIONS FOR USE















Appropriate engineering controls: Glasses:

Local Exhaust Ventilation recommended.

Consider chemical goggles.

Gloves:

1.PE/EVAL/PE 2.TEFLON 3.PVA

Respirator:

Type AX Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88

or national equivalent)

Storage and

Store in cool, dry, protected area.

Transportation:

Keep out of reach of children.

Keep container in a well ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking.

HIGHLY FLAMMABLE.

Fire/Explosion Hazard:

Vapours/gas heavier than air. Toxic smoke/fumes in a fire.

In case of fire and/or explosion, DO NOT

BREATHE FUMES.

Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Environment:

May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Use appropriate container to

avoid environmental contamination.

Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special

instructions/Safety data sheets.

PROPERTIES









Does not mix with water. Sinks in water. Highly flammable.

EMERGENCY









FIRST AID

Swallowed: Do NOT give milk or oil.

Do NOT give alcohol.

Wash with running water (15 mins). Medical

Eye:

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with soap & Skin:

Give water (if conscious). Seek medical advice.

attention.

Fresh air. Rest, keep warm. If breath shallow, give Inhaled:

oxygen. Medical attention.

Ipecac emesis. Chrome ulcers respond to

Advice To CaNa2EDTA.

Doctor:

Evaluate for respiratory distress. Consider lavage

with cuffed tube. NO adrenalin.

Fire Fighting:

Spilled liquid has low temperature and evaporates

quickly.

Eliminate ignition sources.

Control vapour with water spray/ fog.

Spills and Disposal: Absorb with dry agent.

Stop leak if safe to do so.

This material and its container must be disposed of

in a safe way.

To clean the floor and all objects contaminated by

this material, use water and detergent.

SAFE STORAGE WITH OTHER CLASSIFIED CHEMICALS









Explosive

Toxic

Radioactive Oxidizing

x x x x