Daniel Rammer

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Research Interests

My research interests broadly envelop systems approaches for distributed storage and analytics at scale; with a focus on harnessing spatiotemporal data characteristics, accounting for memory contention and data distributions, and orchestrating deep-learning workloads.

Education

Colorado State University

Ph.D. in Computer Science

Fort Collins, CO

Summer 2021 (Expected)

- Advisor: Dr. Shrideep Pallickara / Co-Advisor: Dr. Sangmi Lee Pallickara
- Dissertation: Harnessing Spatiotemporal Data Characteristics to Facilitate Large-Scale Analytics over Voluminous, High-Dimensional Observational Datasets

Colorado State University

Fort Collins, CO

M.S. in Computer Science, GPA: 3.87/4.00

Spring 2018

- Thesis: Monitoring and Characterizing Application Service Availability

University of Wisconsin - Oshkosh

B.S. in Computer Science, Major GPA: 3.6/4.00

Oshkosh, WI Spring 2013

Experience

Colorado State University

Graduate Research Assistant - Distributed Systems

Fort Collins, CO

August 2017 - Present

Colorado State University

Graduate Research Assistant - Network Security

Fort Collins, CO May 2015 - August 2017

VersiFit Technologies

Appleton, WI

Solutions Developer - ETL for Educational Data Warehouse

August 2012 - May 2015

Teaching

Graduate Teaching Assistant at Colorado State University

Distributed Systems (CS555)

Fall 2019

Awards

CS Graduate Fellowship presented by Computer Science Department *Colorado State University*

Spring 2021

Academic All-American presented by NCAA Division III Track & Field *University of Wisconsin - Oshkosh*

March 2010

Publications

Journal Articles

[J1] Daniel Rammer, Thilina Buddhika, Matthew Malensek, Shrideep Pallickara, and Sangmi Lee Pallickara. Enabling Fast Exploratory Analyses Over Voluminous Spatiotemporal Data Using Analytical Engines. IEEE Transactions on Big Data. 2019. [5.16 Impact Factor, PDF]

Conference Proceedings

- [C6] Paahuni Khandelwal, **Daniel Rammer**, Shrideep Pallickara and Sangmi Pallickara. Mind the Gap: Generating Imputations for Satellite Data Collections at Myriad Spatiotemporal Scopes. (To Appear) IEEE International Symposium on Cluster Computing and the Grid (IEEE CCGrid). Melbourne, Australia. 2021. [26% Acceptance Rate, PDF]
- [C5] Daniel Rammer, Kevin Bruhwiler, Paahuni Khandelwal, Sam Armstrong, Shrideep Pallickara and Sangmi Pallickara. Small is Beautiful: Distributed Orchestration of Spatial Deep Learning Workloads. Proceedings of the 13th IEEE/ACM Conference on Utility and Cloud Computing. Leicester, UK. 2020. [31% Acceptance Rate, PDF]
- [C4] Daniel Rammer, Sangmi Lee Pallickara, and Shrideep Pallickara. Towards Timely, Resource-Efficient Analyses Through Spatially-Aware Constructs within Spark. Proceedings of the 13th IEEE/ACM Conference on Utility and Cloud Computing. Leicester, UK. 2020. [31% Acceptance Rate, PDF]
- [C3] Kevin Bruhwiler, Paahuni Khandelwal, **Daniel Rammer**, Samuel Armstrong, Sangmi Lee Pallickara, and Shrideep Pallickara. Lightweight, Embeddings Based Storage and Model Construction Over Satellite Data Collections. Proceedings of the IEEE International Conference on Big Data (IEEE BigData). Atlanta, USA. 2020. [15.5% Acceptance Rate, PDF]
- [C2] Daniel Rammer, Sangmi Lee Pallickara, and Shrideep Pallickara. ATLAS: A Distributed File System for Spatiotemporal Data. Proceedings of the 12th IEEE/ACM Conference on Utility and Cloud Computing. Auckland, NZ. 2019. [29.2% Acceptance Rate, PDF]
- [C1] Daniel Rammer, Walid Budgaga, Thilina Buddhika, Shrideep Pallickara, and Sangmi Lee Pallickara. Alleviating I/O Inefficiencies to Enable Effective Model Training Over Voluminous, High-Dimensional Datasets. Proceedings of the IEEE International Conference on Big Data (IEEE BigData). Seattle, USA. 2018. [18.9% Acceptance Rate, PDF]

Projects

STIP

Effective analyses of satellite imagery faces several intrinsic challenges stemming from the volume and variety of data. STIP (SpatioTemporal Image Partitioner) spatially partitions input images and coordinates storage and analytics within a DHT, facilitating distributed evaluations with data locality. Image partitioning is performed with geocodes, which support varying levels of precision and spatial reference systems. STIP reconciles differences in image format, pixel resolution, band types, and spatial reference systems among others. Additionally, it rectifies occlusions, which may be attributed to atmospheric phenomena or instrumentation failure, with preclude accurate analysis. [Repository]

Atlas

Observational dataset formats seldom align with spatiotemporal access patterns, introducing challenges in identification and retrieval of specific spatiotemporal extents. AtlasFS addresses these inefficiencies with two approaches. Blocked data is reordered so observations are spatiotemporally contiguous, facilitating targeted, sequential disk access. Additionally, informed data replication reconciles the competing pulls of dispersion and

locality to mitigate analytical data movements. AtlasFS provides an HDFS-compliant interface with extensions for URL-embedded spatiotemporal filtering predicates, providing efficient, interoperable data space reduction operations. [?] Repository]

Effective spatiotemporal analytics must account for intrinsic data characteristics such as voluminous data and unique access patterns. AtlasSpark, an Apache Spark spatiotemporal extension, supports a rich collection of data wrangling functionality over native points, lines, and polygons including inspection, calculation, and transformation operations. AtlasSpark ensures performant analytics by injecting domain-specific rules into Spark's logical and physical plans. It mitigates data movements by scheduling analytics with data locality, aggregates spatiotemporal filtering, and prunes unnecessary abstract syntax tree branches. [Repository]

Anamnesis

Memory access is several orders of magnitude faster than disk access. However, modern datasets quickly exceed the memory capacity of commodity clusters. Data sketches reduce dataset sizes by maintaining summary statistics and inter-feature relationships. Anamnesis is the first in-memory, sketch-aligned, HDFS-compliant distributed file system. It leverages data sketches to alleviate memory contention and reduce network I/O. Upon request, Anamnesis may generate full resolution data in myriad formats and presents an HDFS-compliant interface, achieving unprecedented compatibility with popular analytics engines. [• Repository]

Proddle

Near real-time detection of Internet outages is a difficult problem, where individual events may be short-lived, localized, or service specific. Proddle is a global service monitoring framework used to detect such outages. It supports script-driven monitor definitions facilitating diverse functionality including incrementally refined monitor precision. Monitors are evaluated periodically on globally diverse vantages providing wide-spread outage coverage. Additionally, Proddle manages the orchestration of monitor data collection and archiving, providing well-defined API's for community retrieval of raw data. Accompanying is a web UI with live monitoring information, including event-driven alerts with the perceived outage cause. [C Repository]

Technical Skills

Programming Languages: Java, Rust, Python, C++, Go, Bash

Development Tools: Git, Gradle, Maven, Vim

Libraries: gRPC, Protobuf, FlatBuffers

Cloud Computing Frameworks: Hadoop MapReduce, Apache Spark

Deep Learning Frameworks: PyTorch, Tensorflow, Keras Storage Frameworks: HDFS, Apache Cassandra, MongoDB

Service Management Tools: Envoy Proxy, Docker