

Antenna Design Notes

GSM/GPS/GLONASS Module Series

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About the Document

History

Revision	Date	Author	Description
1.0	2012-06-09	David Wei	Initial
1.1	2012-06-15	David Wei	Modified Figure 1.
1.2	2012-08-01	David Wei	Added contact information for antenna manufacturers: antenova and Pulse Electronics
1.3	2012-11-21	David Wei	Added contact information for GLONASS antenna manufacturer INPAQ
1.4	2013-07-10	David Wei	 Added ceramic chip antenna Updated contact information
1.5	2014-11-21	Jackie Wang	Added the antenna performance and LDS antenna

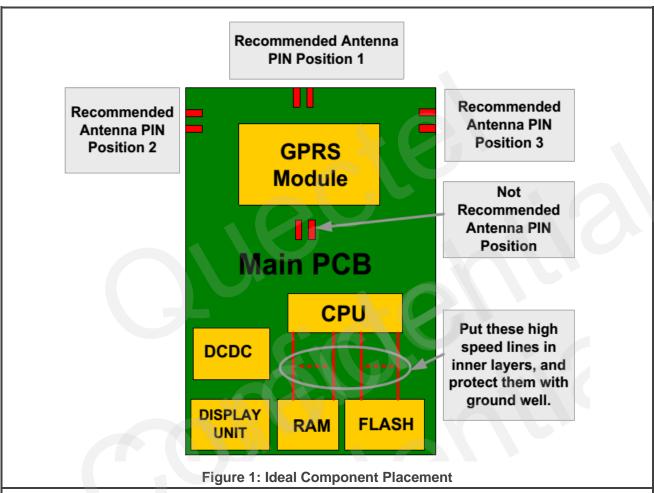


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1 Recommended Component Placement of Main PCB



- 1. It is suggested to keep the RF ports on the outer side of PCB when displaying the module.
- 2. Put antenna pin at the edge of the main PCB, not in the center.
- 3. Keep antenna as far away from CPU\FLASH\DCDC\DISPLAY FPC as possible. It is preferred to place the antenna in the different side of CPU\FLASH\DCDC\DISPLAY CONNECTOR.
- 4. Keep the high speed lines between CPU and DISPLAY as short as possible, put these lines in inner layers and protect them with ground as well as possible. Add some EMI filters in the lines if necessary
- 5. Put CPU\FLASH\DCDC\DISPLAY ZIF in shield case.



2 Basic Parameters and Requirements of Antenna

2.1. Basic Parameters of Antenna

Gain (dBi): The ratio of "power of antenna" and "power of isotropic radiation from an ideal current source" in maximum transmitting direction with the same input power. "dBi" is widely used as the unit of antenna gain.

Gain (dBd):

The ratio of "power of antenna" and "power of half wave dipole antenna" in maximum transmitting direction with the same input power. One formula indicating relationship between dBi and dBd is given as below:

dBi=2.15+dBd

Directivity: The ratio of "power of antenna" and "power of isotropic radiation from an ideal current source" in maximum transmitting direction with the same radiated power.

Efficiency: The ratio of the antenna radiation power and antenna input power.

APIP (Antenna Port Input Power): The input power to antenna.

EIRP (Effective Isotropic Radiated Power): Compared to isotropic antenna, it is the power obtained in maximum transmitting direction. Its formula is:

EIRP=P*G (Here P is radiation power, G is antenna gain indicated in dBi.)

PEIRP (Peak Effective Isotropic Radiated Power): The peak value of EIRP.

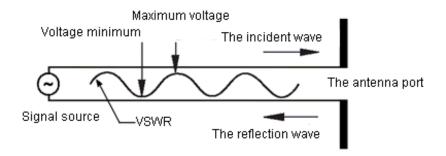
ERP (Effective Radiated Power): Comparing to half wave dipole antenna, it is the power obtained in maximum transmitting direction. Its formula is:

EIRP=P*G (Here P is radiation power, G is antenna gain indicated in dBd.)

VSWR (Voltage Standing Wave Ratio):

$$VSWR = \frac{Vmax}{Vmin} = \frac{1 + |\Gamma|}{1 - |\Gamma|}$$





Voltage standing wave ratio return loss is commonly used in engineering RL (S11), corresponding relationship is shown as the following table:

The corresponding formula :
$$RL = -20lg \frac{V+1}{V-1} (dB)$$

VSWR(K)	1.20	1.25	1.30	1.35	1.40	1.50	2.00
Return loss (dB)	-21.00	-19.00	-17.60	-16.60	-15.60	-14.00	-9.50

2.2. Basic Requirements of Antenna

Table 1: Basic Requirements of Antenna

Туре	Requirements
Frequency Range	According to the operating band of device
VSWR	≤ 2
Gain (dBi)	1
Max Input Power (W)	50
Input Impedance (Ω)	50
Polarization Type	Vertical linear polarization (GSM/WCDMA CDMA2000 TD-SCDMA/LTE) Right hand circular polarization (GPS)



3 Embedded GPRS Antenna

3.1. PIFA Antenna with FPC Form

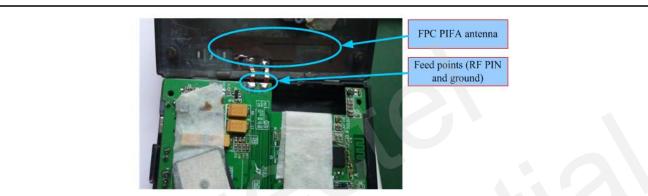


Figure 2: Example of FPC PIFA Antenna with Welding Pads and Feed Points

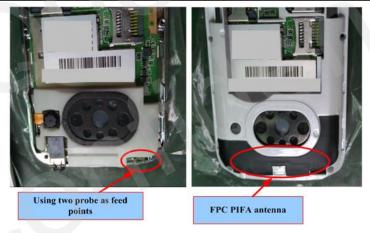


Figure 3: Example of FPC PIFA Antenna with Spring Probes as Feed Points

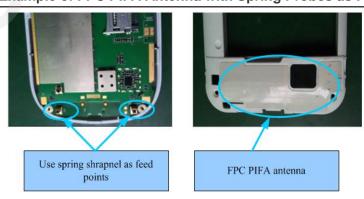


Figure 4: FPC PIFA Antenna with Spring Shrapnel as Feed Points



Note:

- 1. FPC PIFA antenna can be pasted in the casing, which can save space especially for PDA and vehicle device.
- 2. Keep the distance between antenna and main PCB at least 5 millimeters.
- 3. Ground copper is required under antenna area in the main PCB.
- 4. Feed points can be designed as spring probes, shrapnel, welding pads. For more reliability, some melted plastic leg can be designed inside the device casing.

3.2. PIFA Antenna with Plastic Bracket



Figure 5: PIFA Antenna with Plastic Bracket

- 1. This kind of antenna needs 2 or 3 pins, one is for RF pin and the other (two) is for ground.
- 2. Ground copper is required under antenna area in the main PCB.
- 3. For dual band, antenna projected area "A" is no less than 500 square millimeters, the height "d" is no less than 7mm.



4. For quad band, antenna projected area "A" is no less than 600 square millimeters, the height "d" is no less than 9mm.

3.3. Monopole Antenna

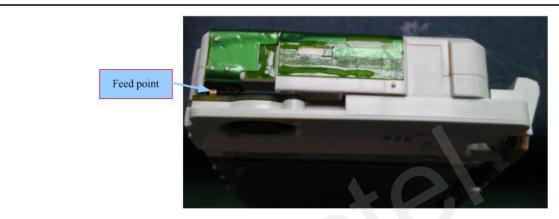


Figure 6: Example of FPC Monopole Antenna

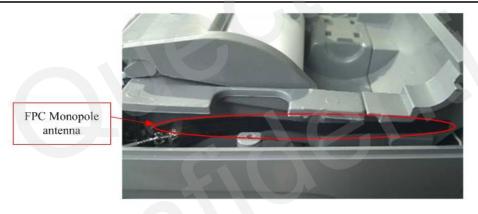


Figure 7: Example of FPC Monopole Antenna Pasted inside the Casing

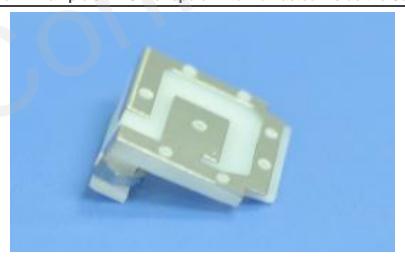


Figure 8: Monopole Antenna with Plastic Bracket



- 1. This kind of antenna only has one feed point.
- 2. A certain clearance area in all layers under antenna of host PCB is required.
- 3. For dual band antenna, the height of the bracket is more than 6mm and the clearance area in PCB should be more than 360 square millimeters. For quad band, the height and clearance area should be 8mm and 400 square millimeters respectively.

3.4. FPC Dipole Antenna



Figure 9: Example of Dipole Antenna with FPC Form

Note:

The distance between inner edge of antenna and main PCB ground (marked as "d") should be more than 8 millimeters.



3.5. PCB Antenna



Figure 10: Example of PCB Antenna

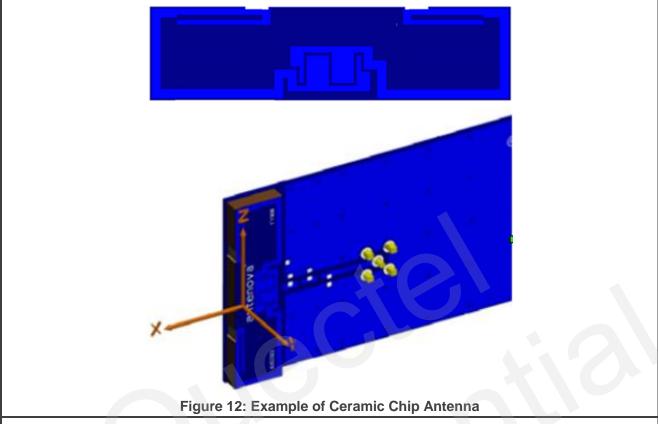


Figure 11: Example of Practical Applications of PCB Antenna

- 1. This kind of antenna can be fixed to plastic box and does not need any host PCB area. It will be better if the antenna is mounted in suitable notch.
- 2. There should be no metal material around antenna.
- 3. Antenna can be connected by RF connector or welding pad.



3.6. Ceramic Chip Antenna



- 1. This kind of antenna needs enough main PCB size.
- 2. There should be no metal material under antenna.
- 3. This kind of antenna should be placed on the edge of main PCB and can be packaged in SMT type.



4 External GPRS Antenna

4.1. Dipole Antenna



Figure 13: Example of Dipole Antenna

- 1. The height between antenna and main metal board "h" should be more than 8 centimeters.
- 2. The length of cable should be as short as possible. The shield copper wire net of the cable should be as dense as possible. The quantity for surround copper lines used to shield signal should be no less than 32.



4.2. Monopole Antenna



Figure 14: Example of Practical Monopole Antennas

- 1. There should be no other metal pole 200 millimeters around the antenna.
- 2. VSWR for stubby antenna should be less than 4, and VSWR for vehicle with long cable should be less than 2.
- 3. The length of cable should be as short as possible. The quantity for surround copper lines used to shield signal should be no less than 32.



5 Embedded GPS Antenna

5.1. Example of Embedded GPS Antenna with RF Connector



Figure 15: Example of Embedded GPS Antenna with RF Connector

- 1. Keep antenna radiation side towards open sky during practical application.
- 2. Be sure the height of metal component nearby is lower than antenna radiation side.
- 3. Square shape is RHCP polarization, rectangle shape is linear polarization, and the former is preferred.
- 4. Keep RF cable line as short as possible.



5.2. Embedded GPS Patch Antenna with Welding Needle

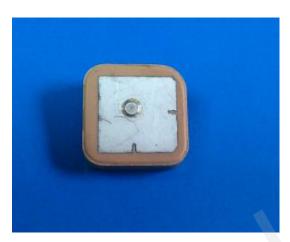


Figure 16: Example of Embedded GPS Patch Antenna with Welding Needle





GPS patch antenna

GPS patch antenna feed point

Top side

Bottom side

Figure 17: Example of Practical Application of GPS Patch Antenna with Welding Needle

- 1. Keep antenna radiation side towards open sky during practical application.
- 2. Be sure the height of metal component nearby is lower than antenna radiation side.
- 3. Square shape is RHCP polarization, rectangle shape is linear polarization, and the former is preferred.



6 External GPS Antenna

6.1. External GPS Antenna



Figure 18: Example of External GPS Antenna

- 1. Keep antenna radiation side towards open sky during practical application.
- 2. Be sure the height of metal component nearby is lower than antenna radiation side.
- 3. Square shape is RHCP polarization, rectangle shape is linear polarization, and the former is preferred.
- 4. Keep RF cable line as short as possible.



7 Laser Direct Structure Antenna



- 1. The performance of the antenna is stable and has good consistency and high precision. Manufacturing cycle is short. There is no need of circuit graphics mould. And it is the green product as well.
- 2. The antenna is radiated on the mobile phone shell to prevent the interference of mobile phone internal components, thus the signal is stable.
- 3. It is easier to make the device smaller and thinner.
- 4. The cost of LDS antenna is higher than common type because of the complex production process.



8 Antenna Suppliers Information

Antenna Manufacturer	Address	Contact Information			Mai	Main Products	
GSM Antenna Manufacturer							
	NO.358, Liuyuan Rd., Baoshan, Shanghai, China	Alex Zhang	Phone	+86-1810181662 +86-1381617402		All kinds of embedded and external antenna	
JESONCOM			Mail	yuegangzhang@ mail.com	<u>hot</u>	which supports WCDMA, EVDO, GSM, GPS/GLONASS etc.	
Shanghai Ranwave	2 floor, building 3, NO.3825,		Phone	+86-1339130600 +86-21-37773035		GSM embedded antenna:	
Electronic Technology Co.,Ltd.	Xinzhuan Rd., , Songjiang, Shanghai, China	Joseph Wu	Mail	joseph.wu@ranw e.com	av	PIFA\MONOPOLE\FP C; GSM vehicle antenna; Customized antenna.	
	No.15, Yingbin Rd., Luyang town, Kunshan, China.	Xianwen Wang	Mob.	+86-1391499863	0	Antenna Applications	
			Phone	+86-0512-576469	998	OEM/ODM Solutions; Testing & Certification	
AUDEN			Mail	shipping@auden. m.cn	. <u>CO</u>	Solutions; Lab Equipments and Maintenance Solutions	
	Antenova Ltd. Far Field House Albert Road Stow-cum-Quy Cambridge, CB25 9AR UK		Fax	+44 (0) 1223 810650		Antenova's broad range of antennas and	
			Phone	+44 (0) 1223 810600		RF solutions are ideally suited for GSM and	
antenova			Mail	info@antenova.co	<u>om</u>	CDMA, 3G, 4G, LTE, GPS, Wi-Fi®,	
			Web	http://www.antend	<u>ova</u>	Bluetooth®, WiMAX™, WiBro, ZigBee®, FM, Mobile TV and M2M applications.	
	European Headquarters Automotive Headquarters Zeppelinstrasse		Fax	+49-7032-7806-1	2	Pulse Electronics is a	
Pulse			Phone	+49-7032-7806-0)	leading global supplier	
Electronics			Mail	prodinfo.antennas urope@pulseelec nics.com		of LTE; WLAN, 3G / 4G, Navigation, and M2M fixed and mobile	



	15 71083 Herrenberg Germany		Web	http://www.pulseele ctronics.com	solutions.			
GPS&GLONASS Antenna Manufacturer								
	No. 1800		Mob.	+86-18621809429				
INPAQ	Zhongshan West Road,	Berry Zhou	Phone	+86-21-64400398*26 812	INPAQ offers all kinds			
	4th Floor, Zhao Feng Universe		Mail	berryzhou@inpaqgp. com	of GPS/GLONASS antenna such as patch antenna, active			
	Building Block D, Xuhui District, Shanghai, China		Web	http://www.inpaq.com .tw	antenna, chip antenna and customized antenna.			

Note: If the salesmen listed above cannot be contacted for some reason, please visit their web site and get the products and contact information.