Graphical analysis 1

1. (3 marks)

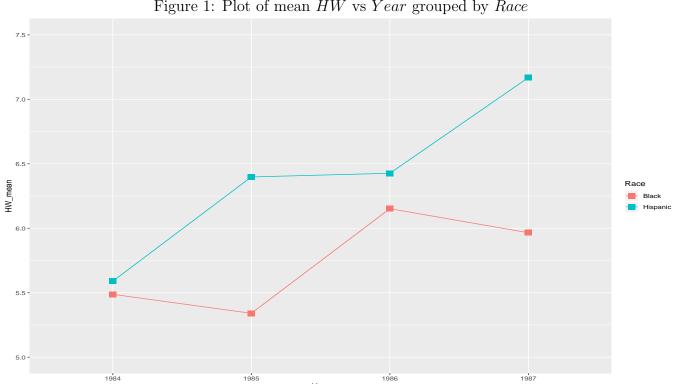
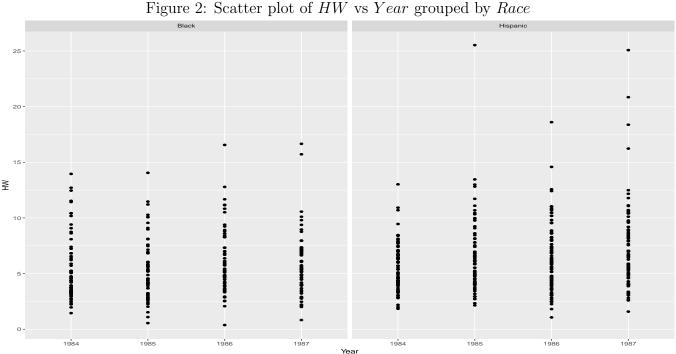


Figure 1: Plot of mean HW vs Year grouped by Race

Yes since the trajectory of mean HW over time for the Black group is different to the Hispanic group. (3 marks)

2. **(3 marks)**



It seems like the variability of HW is fairly constant across the years, with a possible exception of 1987 in the *Hispanic* group. (3 marks). It seems that the variability of HW for each year doesn't seem to change across races, with a possible exception of 1987. (3 marks)

2 Describing the model

- 3. β_0 is the mean hourly wage for *Black* male workers in 1984. (3 marks)
- 4. β_1 is the difference in mean hourly wage between 1985 and 1984, for *Black* male workers. (3 marks)
 - β_2 is the difference in mean hourly wage between 1986 and 1984, for *Black* male workers. (3 marks)
 - β_3 is the difference in mean hourly wage between 1987 and 1984, for *Black* male workers. (3 marks)
 - β_4 is the difference in mean hourly wage between *Hispanic* and *Black* male workers in 1984. (3 marks)
- 5. β_5 is the change in the difference in mean hourly wage between *Hispanic* and *Black* male workers when we change from 1984 to 1985. or β_5 is the change in the difference in mean hourly wage between the years 1985 and 1984 when we change from *Black* to *Hispanic* male workers. (3 marks)
 - β_6 is the change in the difference in mean hourly wage between *Hispanic* and *Black* male workers when we change from 1984 to 1986. or β_6 is the change in the difference in mean hourly wage between the years 1986 and 1984 when we change from *Black* to *Hispanic* male workers. (3 marks)
 - β_7 is the change in the difference in mean hourly wage between *Hispanic* and *Black* male workers when we change from 1984 to 1987. or β_7 is the change in the difference in mean hourly wage between the years 1987 and 1984 when we change from *Black* to *Hispanic* male workers. (3 marks)
- 6. (a) **(2 marks)**

$$\mathbf{Y}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 3.3738 \\ 3.2346 \\ 3.8207 \\ 3.9809 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(b) (4 marks)

$$m{X}_1 = \left[egin{array}{cccccccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array}
ight].$$

(c) **(2 marks)**

$$oldsymbol{eta} = \left[egin{array}{c} eta_0 \ eta_1 \ eta_2 \ eta_3 \ eta_4 \ eta_5 \ eta_6 \ eta_7 \end{array}
ight].$$

(d) (2 marks)

$$oldsymbol{arepsilon}_i = \left[egin{array}{c} arepsilon_{1i} \ arepsilon_{2i} \ arepsilon_{3i} \ arepsilon_{4i} \end{array}
ight].$$

3 Choosing the appropriate R matrix

7. (a)

```
Model (1A) AIC = 2625.803 (1 mark)
Model (1B) AIC = 2716.531 (1 mark)
Model (1C) AIC = 2657.499 (1 mark)
```

(b)

```
Model (1A) BIC = 2691.555 (1 mark)
Model (1B) BIC = 2760.366 (1 mark)
Model (1C) BIC = 2701.334 (1 mark)
```

(c) I would choose model (1A) since the AIC and BIC values for model (1A) are smaller than the AIC and BIC values of models (1B) and (1C). (3 marks)

4 Fixed effect estimates for your final linear mixed model

8. (2 marks)

Figure 3: Table 1

| | Value | Std. Error | t-value | p-value |
|-------------|---------|------------|---------|---------|
| (Intercept) | 5.4876 | 0.3798 | 14.4482 | 0.0000 |
| Y2 | -0.1471 | 0.3271 | -0.4496 | 0.6532 |
| Y3 | 0.6643 | 0.2873 | 2.3126 | 0.0211 |
| Y4 | 0.4777 | 0.3557 | 1.3428 | 0.1798 |
| Н | 0.1019 | 0.5012 | 0.2033 | 0.8390 |
| Y2:H | 0.9557 | 0.4316 | 2.2140 | 0.0272 |
| Y3:H | 0.1727 | 0.3791 | 0.4556 | 0.6489 |
| Y4:H | 1.1013 | 0.4694 | 2.3462 | 0.0193 |

- 9. Yes since $\hat{\beta}_5 = 0.9557$ which suggests that the difference in mean hourly wage between *Hispanic* and *Black* male workers increased by \$0.9557 from 1984 to 1985 and this increase was significant (*p*-value = 0.0272 < 0.05). (5 marks)
- 10. No since even though $\beta_6 = 0.1727$ which suggests that the difference in mean hourly wage between Hispanic and Black male workers increased by \$0.1727 from 1984 to 1986, this increase was insignificant (p-value = 0.6489 > 0.05). (5 marks)
- 11. $\hat{\tau}_1 \hat{\tau}_2 = -0.7830$ (3 marks)
- 12. Yes since $\hat{\tau}_1 \hat{\tau}_2 = -0.7830$ which suggests that the difference in mean hourly wage between *Hispanic* and *Black* male workers decreased by \$0.7830 from 1985 to 1986 and this decrease was significant (*p*-value = 0.0455 < 0.05). (5 marks)
- 13. $\hat{\eta}_1 \hat{\eta}_2 = 0.1456$ (3 marks)
- 14. No, since even though $\hat{\eta}_1 \hat{\eta}_2 = 0.1456$ which suggests that the increase in mean hourly wage from 1985 to 1987 for *Hispanic* male workers was 0.1456 higher than the increase for *Black* male workers, this increase was insignificant (*p*-value = 0.657 > 0.05). (5 marks)