Cheat Sheet PyTorch

Deep learning with PyTorch



PyTorch is an open-source machine learning library for deep learning and tensor computation with GPU acceleration.



Tensors

Create a tensor from a list.

```
import torch
tensor = torch.tensor([1, 2, 3])
```

Create a random tensor.

```
torch.rand(3, 3)
```

Perform element-wise addition.

tensor + torch.ones(3)



Automatic Differentiation

Enable gradients for a tensor.

```
x = torch.tensor(2.0, requires_grad=True)
```

Compute gradients.

```
y = x**2
y.backward()
```

Access gradient.

x.grad



Neural Networks

Define a simple model.

```
import torch.nn as nn
model = nn.Linear(2, 1)
```

Apply model to input.

```
output = model(torch.tensor([1.0, 2.0]))
```

Access model weights.

model.weight.data



Optimization

```
Define optimizer.
```

```
optimizer = torch.optim.SGD(
  model.parameters(), lr=0.01
)
```

Perform optimization step.

```
optimizer.step()
```

Zero gradients.

optimizer.zero_grad()



Data Handling

Create a DataLoader.

```
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader
loader = DataLoader(
  dataset, batch_size=32
)
```

Iterate over DataLoader.

```
for batch in loader:
   print(batch)
```



Model Training

Train a model for one epoch.

```
for inputs, labels in loader:
   optimizer.zero_grad()
   outputs = model(inputs)
   loss = loss_fn(outputs, labels)
   loss.backward()
   optimizer.step()
```

Define loss function.

```
loss_fn = nn.MSELoss()
```



Saving and Loading Models

Save the model state.

```
torch.save(
   model.state_dict(),
   'model.pth'
)
```

Load the model state.

```
model.load_state_dict(
   torch.load('model.pth')
)
```



CUDA (GPU Acceleration)

Check for GPU availability.

```
torch.cuda.is_available()
```

Move tensor to GPU.

```
tensor = tensor.to('cuda')
```

Move model to GPU.

```
model = model.to('cuda')
```



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