# Practical work 1 - ML: Linear regression

The objective of this work is to learn how to use the gradient descent algorithm on a dataset in order to create a linear regression model.

The file "linreg\_data.csv" provided with this project contains data of dimension (250, 2). You will use this file as training data.

### Exercise 1

Create linear regression model in new Jupyter notebook.

- 1. Use the Machine Learning tool **scikit learn** to develop and train the model, as we've learned previously.
- 2. What is the optimal *Learning Rate* and how many iterations does the **Gradient Descent** need to converge.
- 3. Display the Scatter Plot and the Regression Line.
- 4. What is the best accuracy value of the model.
- 5. Display coefficients of linear regression equation.
- 6. Compute the prediction of the value (6.5).

## **Exercise 2**

- 1. Recalculate the coefficients of the model equation using the least squares method. Use this time the **For** loop to find  $b_0$  and  $b_1$ .
- 2. Display on a single graph: the scatter plot, the model learned by **Gradient Descent** and the model obtained by the least squares method, in different colors. What do you notice?

#### Exercise 3

- 1. Implement the gradient descent algorithm in a function, then use this function to calculate the model parameters as well as the cost function.
- 2. Display the scatterplot and regression line.
- 3. Find the correlation coefficient.
- 4. Compare the parameters ( $b_0$ ,  $b_1$ ) obtained by: the **scikit-learn** library, the least squares method and the implemented gradient descent function.

## **Exercise 4**

- 1. After having implemented **Batch gradient descent**, write two other functions: One that implements **Stochastic Gradient Descent** (SGD) and a second that implements **Mini-Batch Stochastic Gradient Descent** (Mini-Batch SGD).
- 2. Perform a vector implementation of batch gradient descent..