Program - The current population of a town is 10000. The population of the town is increasing at the rate of 10% per year. You have to write a program to find out the population at the end of each of the last 10 years.

```
# Code here
curr_pop = 10000

for i in range(10,0,-1):
  print(i,curr_pop)
  curr_pop = curr_pop/1.1
```

```
10 10000
9 9090.90909090909
8 8264.462809917353
7 7513.148009015775
6 6830.134553650703
5 6209.213230591548
4 5644.739300537771
3 5131.5811823070635
2 4665.07380209733
1 4240.976183724845
```

Sequence sum

1/1! + 2/2! + 3/3! + ...

```
# Code here

n = int(input('enter n'))

result = 0
fact = 1

for i in range(1,n+1):
  fact = fact * i
  result = result + i/fact

print(result)
```

```
enter n2
2.0
```

Nested Loops

```
# Examples -> unique pairs

for i in range(1,5):
  for j in range(1,5):
    print(i,j)
```

```
1 1
1 2
1 3
1 4
2 1
2 2
2 3
2 4
3 1
3 2
3 3
3 4
4 1
4 2
4 3
4 4
```

Pattern 1

```
*
**
```

```
***


# code here

rows = int(input('enter number of rows'))

for i in range(1,rows+1):
  for j in range(1,i+1):
    print('*',end='')
  print()
```

```
enter number of rows10
*
**
***
****
*****
******
*******
********
*********
**********
```

Pattern 2

1

121

12321

1234321

```
# Code here
rows = int(input('enter number of rows'))

for i in range(1,rows+1):
  for j in range(1,i+1):
    print(j,end='')
  for k in range(i-1,0,-1):
    print(k,end='')

  print()
```

```
enter number of rows4
1
121
12321
1234321
```

Loop Control Statement

- Break
- Continue
- Pass

```
for i in range(1,10):
  if i == 5:
    break
  print(i)
```

```
1
2
3
4
```

```
lower = int(input('enter lower range'))
upper = int(input('enter upper range'))

for i in range(lower,upper+1):
  for j in range(2,i):
    if i%j == 0:
      break
  else:
    print(i)
```

```
enter lower range10
enter upper range100
11
13
17
19
23
29
31
37
41
43
47
53
59
61
67
71
73
79
83
89
97
```

```
# Continue
for i in range(1,10):
  if i == 5:
    continue
  print(i)
```

```
1
2
3
4
6
7
8
9
```

```
for i in range(1,10):
  pass
```

Strings are sequence of Characters

In Python specifically, strings are a sequence of Unicode Characters

- Creating Strings
- Accessing Strings
- Adding Chars to Strings
- Editing Strings
- Deleting Strings
- Operations on Strings
- String Functions

Creating Stings

```
s = 'hello'
s = "hello"
# multiline strings
s = '''hello'''
s = """hello"""
s = str('hello')
print(s)
```

```
hello
```

```
"it's raining outside"
```

Accessing Substrings from a String

```
# Positive Indexing
s = 'hello world'
print(s[41])
```

```
# Negative Indexing
s = 'hello world'
print(s[-3])
```

```
    r
```

```
# Slicing
s = 'hello world'
print(s[6:0:-2])
```

```
    wol
```

```
print(s[::-1])
```

```
    dlrow olleh
```

```
s = 'hello world'
print(s[-1:-6:-1])
```

```
    dlrow
```

Editing and Deleting in Strings

```
s = 'hello world'
s[0] = 'H'

# Python strings are immutable
```

```
s = 'hello world'
del s
print(s)
```

```
s = 'hello world'
del s[-1:-5:2]
print(s)
```

Operations on Strings

- Arithmetic Operations
- Relational Operations
- Logical Operations
- Loops on Strings
- Membership Operations

```
print('delhi' + ' ' + 'mumbai')
```

```
delhi mumbai
```

```
print('delhi'*5)
```

```
delhidelhidelhidelhidelhi
```

```
print("*"*50)
```

```
**************************************************
```

```
'delhi' != 'delhi'
```

```
False
```

```
'mumbai' > 'pune'
# lexiographically
```

```
False
```

```
'Pune' > 'pune'
```

```
False
```

```
'hello' and 'world'
```

```
'hello' or 'world'
```

```
'' and 'world'
```

```
'' or 'world'
```

```
'hello' or 'world'
```

```
'hello' and 'world'
```

```
not 'hello'
```

```
False
```

```
for i in 'hello':
  print(i)
```

```
h
e
l
l
o
```

```
for i in 'delhi':
  print('pune')
```

```
pune
pune
pune
pune
pune
```

```
'D' in 'delhi'
```

```
False
```

Common Functions

- len
- max
- min
- sorted

```
len('hello world')
```

```
11
```

```
max('hello world')
```

```
min('hello world')
```

```
sorted('hello world',reverse=True)
```

```
['w', 'r', 'o', 'o', 'l', 'l', 'l', 'h', 'e', 'd', ' ']
```

Capitalize/Title/Upper/Lower/Swapcase

```
s = 'hello world'
print(s.capitalize())
print(s)
```

```
Hello world
hello world
```

```
s.title()
```

```
s.upper()
```

```
'Hello Wolrd'.lower()
```

```
'HeLlO WorLD'.swapcase()
```

Count/Find/Index

```
'my name is nitish'.count('i')
```

```
3
```

```
'my name is nitish'.find('x')
```

```
-1
```

```
'my name is nitish'.index('x')
```

endswith/startswith

```
'my name is nitish'.endswith('sho')
```

```
False
```

```
'my name is nitish'.startswith('1my')
```

```
False
```

format

```
name = 'nitish'
gender = 'male'
```

```
'Hi my name is {1} and I am a {0}'.format(gender,name)
```

isalnum/ isalpha/ isdigit/ isidentifier

```
'nitish1234%'.isalnum()
```

```
False
```

```
'nitish'.isalpha()
```

```
True
```

```
'123abc'.isdigit()
```

```
False
```

```
'first-name'.isidentifier()
```

```
False
```

Split/Join

```
'hi my name is nitish'.split()
```

```
['hi', 'my', 'name', 'is', 'nitish']
```

```
" ".join(['hi', 'my', 'name', 'is', 'nitish'])
```

Replace

```
'hi my name is nitish'.replace('nitisrgewrhgh','campusx')
```

Strip

```
'nitish                          '.strip()
```

Example Programs

```
# Find the length of a given string without using the len() function

s = input('enter the string')

counter = 0

for i in s:
  counter += 1

print('length of string is',counter)
```

```
enter the stringnitish
length of string is 6
```

```
# Extract username from a given email.
# Eg if the email is nitish24singh@gmail.com
# then the username should be nitish24singh

s = input('enter the email')

pos = s.index('@')
print(s[0:pos])
```

```
enter the emailsupport@campusx.in
support
```

```
# Count the frequency of a particular character in a provided string.
# Eg 'hello how are you' is the string, the frequency of h in this string is 2.

s = input('enter the email')
term = input('what would like to search for')

counter = 0
for i in s:
  if i == term:
    counter += 1

print('frequency',counter)
```

```
enter the emailhi how are you
what would like to search foro
frequency 2
```

```
# Write a program which can remove a particular character from a string.
s = input('enter the string')
term = input('what would like to remove')

result = ''

for i in s:
  if i != term:
    result = result + i

print(result)
```

```
 enter the stringnitish
 what would like to removei
 ntsh
```

```
# Write a program that can check whether a given string is palindrome or not.
# abba
# malayalam

s = input('enter the string')
flag = True
for i in range(0,len(s)//2):
  if s[i] != s[len(s) - i -1]:
    flag = False
    print('Not a Palindrome')
    break

if flag:
  print('Palindrome')
```

```
 enter the stringpython
 Not a Palindrome
```

```
# Write a program to count the number of words in a string without split()

s = input('enter the string')
L = []
temp = ''
for i in s:

  if i != ' ':
    temp = temp + i
  else:
    L.append(temp)
    temp = ''

L.append(temp)
print(L)
```

```
 enter the stringhi how are you
 ['hi', 'how', 'are', 'you']
```

```
# Write a python program to convert a string to title case without using the title()
s = input('enter the string')

L = []
for i in s.split():
  L.append(i[0].upper() + i[1:].lower())

print(" ".join(L))
```

```
 enter the stringhi my namE iS NitiSh
 Hi My Name Is Nitish
```

```
# Write a program that can convert an integer to string.

number = int(input('enter the number'))

digits = '0123456789'
result = ''
while number != 0:
  result = digits[number % 10] + result
  number = number//10

print(result)
print(type(result))
```

```
enter the number345
345
<class 'str'>
```