# **CS23336-Introduction to Python Programming**

**Started on** Wednesday, 28 August 2024, 8:35 PM

**State** Finished

Completed on Friday, 30 August 2024, 12:37 PM

**Time taken** 1 day 16 hours **Marks** 10.00/10.00

**Grade 100.00** out of 100.00

# **Question 1**

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

#### **Question text**

Given a string S which is of the format USERNAME@DOMAIN.EXTENSION, the program must print the EXTENSION, DOMAIN, USERNAME in the reverse order.

#### **Input Format:**

The first line contains S.

# **Output Format:**

The first line contains EXTENSION. The second line contains DOMAIN. The third line contains USERNAME.

#### **Boundary Condition:**

 $1 \le \text{Length of S} \le 100$ 

#### **Example Input/Output 1:**

Input:

abcd@gmail.com

Output:

com gmail abcd

# For example:

Input Result

edu.in arvijayakumar@rajalakshmi.edu.in rajalakshmi arvijayakumar

# Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

Input	Expected	Got
abcd@gmail.com	com gmail abcd	com gmail abcd
arvijayakumar@rajalakshmi.edu.in	,	edu.in rajalakshmi arvijayakumar

Passed all tests!

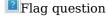
Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

# **Question 2**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00



#### **Question text**

The program must accept N series of keystrokes as string values as the input. The character  $^$  represents undo action to clear the last entered keystroke. The program must print the string typed after applying the undo operations as the output. If there are no characters in the string then print -1 as the output.

# **Boundary Condition(s):**

$$1 \le N \le 100$$
  
 $1 \le Length of each string \le 100$ 

#### **Input Format:**

The first line contains the integer N. The next N lines contain a string on each line.

# **Output Format:**

The first N lines contain the string after applying the undo operations.

# **Example Input/Output 1:**

Input:

```
Hey ^ goooo ^ glee ^ lucke ^ y ^ charr ^ ms ora ^ nge ^ ^ ^ ^
```

Output:

Hey google luckycharms

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 = def pk(N,ks):
2
        results=[]
 3 ∞
       for keystroke in ks:
 4
           stack=[]
 5 ∞
           for char in keystroke:
              if char =='^':
 6 =
 7 -
                   if stack:
8
                     stack.pop()
9 ...
               else:
                   stack.append(char)
10
           result=''.join(stack) if stack else '-1'
11
12
           results.append(result)
13
       return results
14 N=int(input())
15 ks=[input().strip() for j in range(N)]
16 results=pk(N,ks)
17 ■ for result in results:
18
       print(result)
```

#### **Feedback**

# Input Expected Got

```
3
Hey ^ goooo^^glee^ luckycharms luckycharms
ora^^nge^^^^
```

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

# **Question 3**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

#### **Question text**

Given a string, determine if it is a palindrome, considering only alphanumeric characters and ignoring cases.

Note: For the purpose of this problem, we define empty string as valid palindrome.

# Example 1:

```
Input:
A man, a plan, a canal: Panama

Output:
1
```

#### Example 2:

```
Input:
race a car

Output:
0
```

#### Constraints:

• s consists only of printable ASCII characters.

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

#### **Feedback**

# Input Expected Got A man, a plan, a canal: Panama 1 1 race a car 0 0

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

#### **Question 4**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

#### **Question text**

Given a **non-empty** string s and an abbreviation abbr, return whether the string matches with the given abbreviation.

A string such as "word" contains only the following valid abbreviations:

```
["word", "1ord", "w1rd", "w01d", "wor1", "2rd", "w2d", "w02", "1o1d", "1or1", "w1r1", "1o2", "2r1", "3d", "w3", "4"]
```

Notice that only the above abbreviations are valid abbreviations of the string "word". Any other string is not a valid abbreviation of "word".

#### **Note:**

Assume s contains only lowercase letters and abbr contains only lowercase letters and digits. Example 1: Input internationalization i12iz4n Output true **Explanation** Given  $\mathbf{s} =$  "internationalization",  $\mathbf{abbr} =$  "i12iz4n": Return true. Example 2: Input apple a2e Output false **Explanation** Given  $\mathbf{s} = \text{"apple"}$ ,  $\mathbf{abbr} = \text{"a2e"}$ : Return false. Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %) 1 - def vwa(s,abbr): i,j=0,03 while i<len(s) and j<len(abbr):</pre>

if abbr[j].isdigit():

num=<mark>0</mark>

if abbr[j]=='0':

return False

4 =

5 <del>∞</del> 6

```
while j<len(abbr) and abbr[j].isdigit():
    num=num*10+int(abbr[j])</pre>
 8 =
10
                      j+=1
11
                  i+=num
12 -
             else:
13 =
                  if i>=len(s) or abbr[j]!=s[i]:
14
                     return False
15
                  i+=1
16
                 j+=1
17
         return i==len(s) and j==len(abbr)
18 s=input()
19 abbr=input()
20 x=vwa(s,abbr)
21 print('true' if x else 'false')
```

# Input Expected Got

internationalization true true i12iz4n true apple a2e false false

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

# **Question 5**

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

#### **Question text**

Write a Python program to get one string and reverses a string. The input string is given as an array of characters char[].

You may assume all the characters consist of printable ascii characters.

#### Example 1:

```
Input:
hello
Output:
olleh
```

#### Example 2:

Input:
Hannah
Output:
hannaH

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 a=input()
2 b=a[::-1]
3 print(b)
```

#### **Input Expected Got**

hello olleh olleh

Hannah hannaH hannaH

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

# **Question 6**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00



#### **Question text**

A pangram is a sentence where every letter of the English alphabet appears at least once.

Given a string sentence containing only lowercase English letters, return true if sentence is a pangram, or false otherwise.

Example 1:

Input:

 $the {\tt quick brown fox jumps over the lazy} dog$ 

Output:

true

Explanation: sentence contains at least one of every letter of the English alphabet.

Example 2:

Input:

arvijayakumar

Output: false

Constraints:

1 <= sentence.length <= 1000

sentence consists of lowercase English letters.

For example:

Test Result

print(checkPangram('thequickbrownfoxjumpsoverthelazydog')) true

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
def checkPangram[%kimopgrstuvwxyz"

for i in l:

if i not in s.lower():

return "false"

return "true"
```

true

#### **Feedback**

Test Expected Got

print(checkPangram('thequickbrownfoxjumpsoverthelazydog')) true

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

# **Question 7**

Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

# **Question text**

Consider the below words as key words and check the given input is key word or not.

keywords: {break, case, continue, default, defer, else, for, func, goto, if, map, range, return, struct, type, var}

Input format:

Take string as an input from stdin.

Output format:

Print the word is key word or not.

Example Input:

break

Output:

break is a keyword

Example Input:

ΙF

Output:

IF is not a keyword

For example:

#### Input Result

break break is a keyword

IF IF is not a keyword

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

#### **Feedback**

# Input Expected Got

break break is a keyword break is a keyword

IF IF is not a keyword IF is not a keyword

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

# **Question 8**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

# **Question text**

Given a string s containing just the characters '(', ')', '{', '}', '[' and ']', determine if the input string is valid.

An input string is valid if:

Open brackets must be closed by the same type of brackets.

Open brackets must be closed in the correct order.

Constraints:

 $1 \le \text{s.length} \le 10^4$ 

s consists of parentheses only  $'()[]{}'.$ 

For example:

Test	Result
<pre>print(ValidParenthesis("()"))</pre>	true
<pre>print(ValidParenthesis("()[]{}"))</pre>	true

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

#### Reset answer

```
1 ⇒ def ValidParenthesis(s):
       stack=[]
 3
       mp={')':'(',']':'[','}':'{'}
4 -
       for char in s:
5 ∞
         if char in mp.values():
 6
               stack.append(char)
 7 -
           elif char in mp:
 8 =
              if not stack or stack[-1]!=mp[char]:
 9
                  return "false"
10
               stack.pop()
11
        return "true" if not stack else 'false'
```

#### **Feedback**

Test	Expected	Got
<pre>print(ValidParenthesis("()"))</pre>	true	true
<pre>print(ValidParenthesis("()[]{}"))</pre>	true	true
<pre>print(ValidParenthesis("(]"))</pre>	false	false

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

# **Question 9**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

# **Question text**

Assume that the given string has enough memory.

Don't use any extra space(IN-PLACE)

# Sample Input 1

a2b4c6

# Sample Output 1

aabbbbcccccc

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

1 <sup>∞</sup> def ds(a):

```
result=[]
 2
 4 =
        while i<len(a):</pre>
 5
            char=a[i]
 6
            count=""
 7
            i+=1
 8 =
            while i<len(a) and a[i].isdigit():</pre>
 9
                count+=a[i]
10
11
            ct=int(count)
12
            result.append(char*ct)
13
        return ''.join(result)
14 a=input()
15 x=ds(a)
16 print(x)
17
```

Input **Expected** Got

a2b4c6 aabbbbcccccc aabbbbcccccc

a12b3d4 aaaaaaaaaaabbbdddd aaaaaaaaaabbbdddd

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

# **Question 10**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

#### **Question text**

Find if a String2 is substring of String1. If it is, return the index of the first occurrence. else return -1.

# Sample Input 1

thistest123string

123

# Sample Output 1

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 ∞ def find(s1,s2):
2 -
3
          return s1.index(s2)
4 =
       except ValueError:
5
         return -1
6 s1=input()
  s2=input()
8 print(find(s1,s2))
```

# Input Expected Got

thistest123string <sub>8</sub>

8

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Finish review

Skip Quiz navigation

#### **Quiz navigation**

Question 1 This page Question 2 This page Question 3 This page Question 4 This page Question 5 This page Question 6 This page Question 7 This page Question 8 This page Question 9 This page Question 10 This page

Show one page at a time Finish review