

14.4

(Q1) $y^2 + z^2 = 9$

$$z = \sqrt{9 - y^2}$$

$$zx = 0 \quad zy = \frac{-y}{\sqrt{9 - y^2}}$$

$$zy^2 = \frac{y^2}{9 - y^2}$$

$$S.A = \int_{-3}^3 \int_0^2 \sqrt{\frac{y^2}{9-y^2} + 1} \, dx \, dy$$

$$= \int_{-3}^3 \int_0^2 \sqrt{\frac{9}{9-y^2}} \, dx \, dy$$

$$= \int_{-3}^3 \int_0^2 \frac{3}{\sqrt{9-y^2}} \, dx \, dy$$

$$= \int_{-3}^3 \left[\frac{3x}{\sqrt{9-y^2}} \right]_0^2 \, dy$$

$$S.A = \int_{-3}^3 \frac{6}{\sqrt{9-y^2}} \, dy$$

~~$$Z \int_{-3}^3 \frac{3}{\sqrt{9-y^2}} \, dy$$~~

$$= 6 \int_{-3}^3 \frac{1}{3\sqrt{1 - (\frac{y}{3})^2}} \, dy$$

$$= 6 \int_{-3}^3 \frac{y}{\sqrt{1 - (\frac{y}{3})^2}} \, dy$$

$$= 6 \left[\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{y}{3}\right) \right]_{-3}^3$$

$$= 6 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \left(-\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)$$

= 6π

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(Q2)

$$2x+2y+z=8$$

$$z=8-2x-2y$$

$$z=0 \therefore$$

$$2y = 8 - 2x$$

$$y = 4 - x$$

$$z_x = -2, z_{x^2} = 4$$

$$z_y = -2, z_{y^2} = 4$$

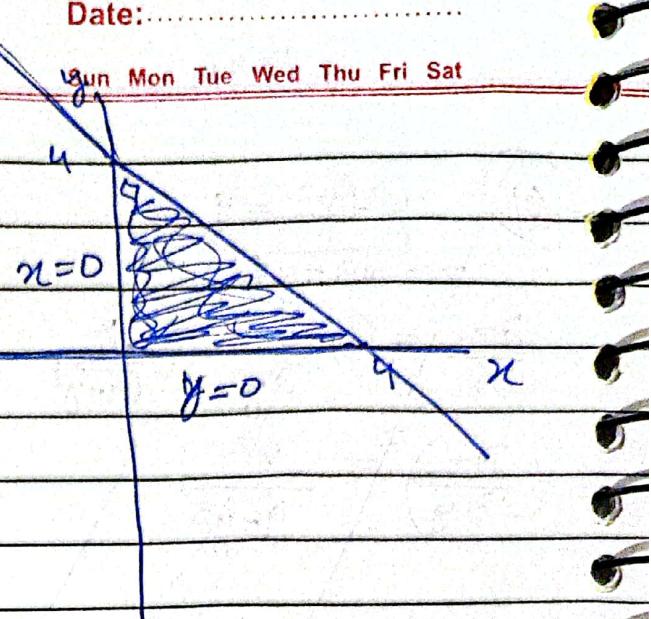
$$\text{S.A.} = \int_0^4 \int_0^{4-x} \sqrt{4+4+1} dy dx$$

$$= \int_0^4 \int_0^{4-x} \sqrt{12} dy dx$$

$$= \int_0^4 12(4-x) dx$$

$$= \left[12x - \frac{3x^2}{2} \right]_0^4$$

$$= 48 - 24 = 24$$



$$Q3) z^2 = 4x^2 + 4y^2$$

$$z = \sqrt{4x^2 + 4y^2}$$

$$z = 2\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$z_x = \frac{2x}{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}}, z_x^2 = \frac{4x^2}{x^2+y^2}$$

$$z_y = \frac{2y}{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}}, z_y^2 = \frac{4y^2}{x^2+y^2}$$

$$S \cdot A = \int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^x \sqrt{\frac{4(x^2+y^2)}{x^2+y^2} + 1} dy dx$$

$$= \int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^x \sqrt{5} dy dx$$

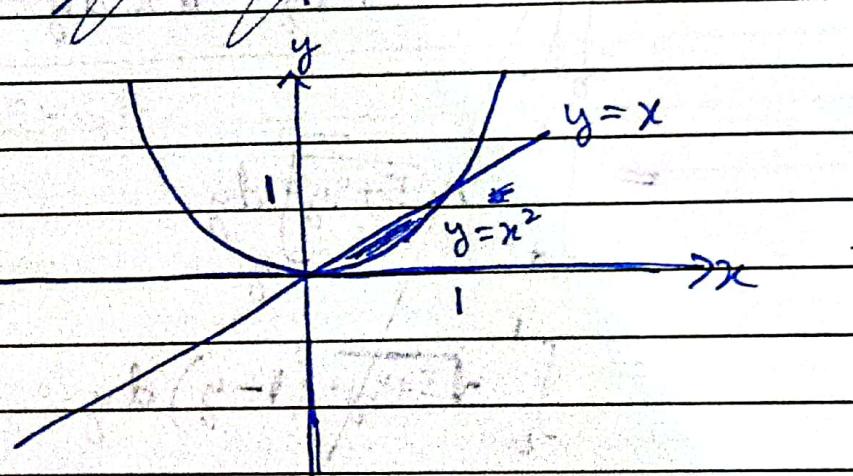
$$= \int_0^1 y \sqrt{5} \Big|_{x^2}^x dx$$

$$= \int_0^1 x \sqrt{5} - x^2 \sqrt{5} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{x^2 \sqrt{5}}{2} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{5}}{3} \right]_0^1$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{5}}{3}$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{6}}$$



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(Q4)

$$z = 2x + y^2$$

$$z_x = 2, z_{y^2} = 4$$

$$z_y = 2y, z_{y^2} = 4y^2$$

$$z_x^2 + z_{y^2} + 1 = 5 + 4y^2$$

$$S.A = \int_0^1 \int_0^y \sqrt{5+4y^2} dx dy$$

$$= \int_0^1 y\sqrt{5+4y^2} dy$$

$$u = 5 + 4y^2$$

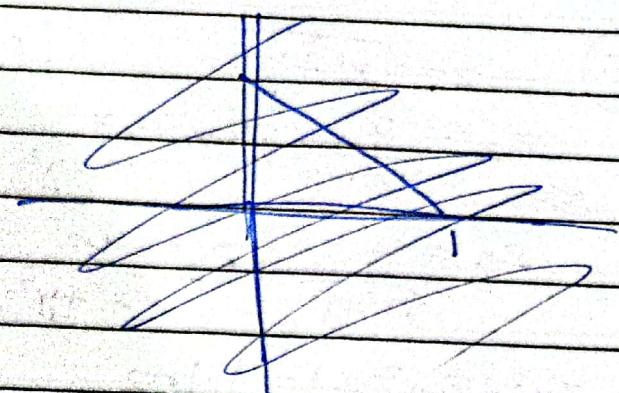
$$\frac{du}{dy} = 8y$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \int_5^9 \sqrt{u} du$$

$$= \cancel{\left[\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{2}{3} u^{3/2} \right) \right]_5^9}$$

$$= \frac{1}{12} [u^{3/2}]_5^9$$

$$S.A = \frac{27 - 5\sqrt{5}}{12}$$



(5)

$$z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}, R = \{x^2 + y^2 = 2x\}$$

$$z_x = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}, z_x^2 = \frac{x^2}{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$z_y = \frac{y}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}, z_y^2 = \frac{y^2}{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$z_x^2 + z_y^2 + 1 = 1 = 2$$

$$S = \int_0^{\pi} \int_0^{2\cos\theta} \sqrt{2} r dr d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi} \left[\frac{r^2 \sqrt{2}}{2} \right]_0^{2\cos\theta} d\theta$$

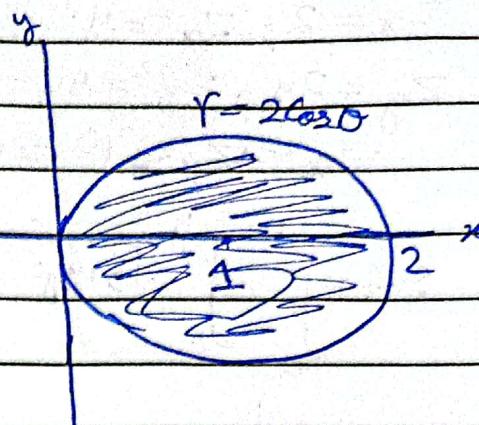
$$= \int_0^{\pi} 2\sqrt{2} \cos^2 \theta d\theta$$

$$= 2\sqrt{2} \int_0^{\pi} \frac{1 + \cos 2\theta}{2} d\theta$$

$$= \sqrt{2} \int_0^{\pi} 1 + \cos 2\theta d\theta$$

$$= \sqrt{2} \left[\theta + \frac{\sin 2\theta}{2} \right]_0^{\pi}$$

$$= \sqrt{2} \pi$$

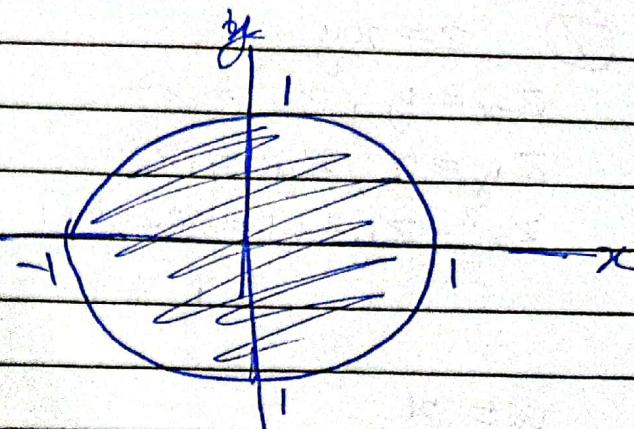


Q6) $z = 1 - x^2 - y^2$, $\Rightarrow x^2 + y^2 = 1$

$$zx = z - 2x, \quad z x^2 = 4x^2$$

$$zy = -2y, \quad z y^2 = 4y^2$$

$$z_x^2 + z_y^2 + 1 = 4x^2 + 4y^2 + 1 \\ = 4r^2 + 1$$



$$S.A = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 \sqrt{4r^2+1} r dr d\theta$$

$$u = 4r^2 + 1$$

$$\frac{du}{dr} = 8r \quad dr = \frac{du}{8r}$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_1^5 \sqrt{u} du d\theta$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \int_0^{2\pi} \left[-\frac{2}{3} u^{3/2} \right]_1^5 d\theta$$

$$= \frac{1}{12} \int_0^{2\pi} 5\sqrt{5} - 1 d\theta$$

$$= \frac{5\sqrt{5} - 1}{12} \theta \Big|_0^{2\pi}$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{5\sqrt{5} - 1}{6} \pi}$$

⑦

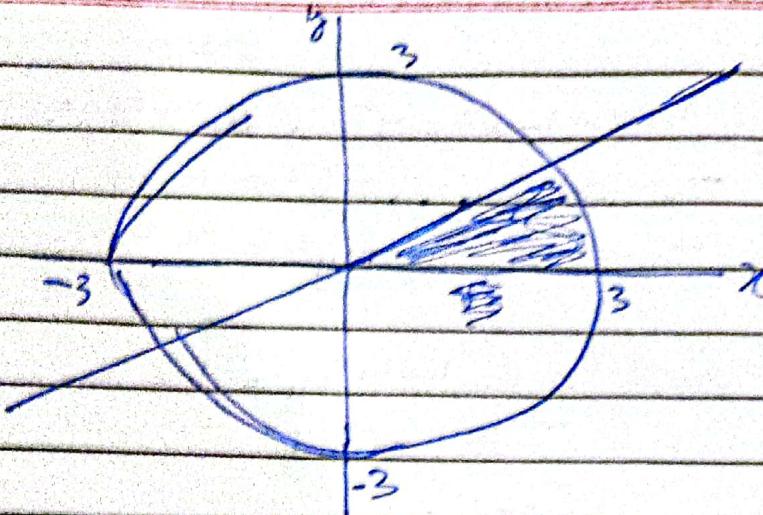
$$z = xy$$

$$zx = y, zy^2 = y^2$$

$$zy = x, zy^2 = x^2$$

$$zx^2 + zy^2 + 1 = x^2 + y^2 + 1 \\ = r^2 + 1$$

$$y = \frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}$$



$$r \sin \theta = \frac{r \cos \theta}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$S = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{6}} \int_0^3 r \sqrt{r^2 + 1} \ dr \ d\theta$$

$$u = r^2 + 1$$

$$\frac{du}{2} = r dr$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{6}} \int_{\sqrt{10}}^{10} \sqrt{u} \ du \ d\theta$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{6}} \left[\frac{2}{3} u^{3/2} \right]_1^{10} d\theta$$

$$= \cancel{\frac{1}{3}} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{6}} \frac{1}{3} \left[10^{3/2} \sqrt{10} - 1 \right] d\theta$$

$$= \frac{10\sqrt{10} - 1}{3} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{6}} d\theta$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{10\sqrt{10} - 1}{18} \pi}$$

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(8)

$$2z = x^2 + y^2$$

$$\frac{z^2}{2} = \frac{x^2 + y^2}{2}$$

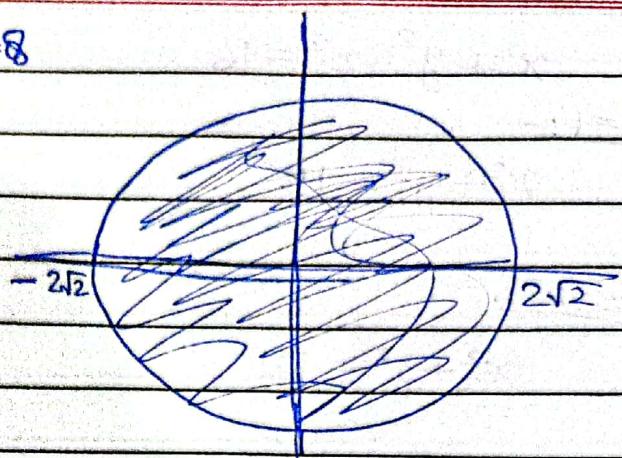
$$x^2 + y^2 = 8$$

$$8zx = x, z^2 = x^2$$

$$zy = y, z^2 = y^2$$

$$z^2 x^2 + z^2 y^2 + 1 = x^2 + y^2 + 1$$

$$= r^2 + 1$$



$$S = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{2\sqrt{2}} r \sqrt{r^2 + 1} \ dr \ d\theta \quad u = r^2 + 1$$

$$\frac{du}{2} = r \ dr$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_1^9 \sqrt{u} \ du \ d\theta$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} \left[\frac{2}{3} u^{3/2} \right]_1^9$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \left\{ \int_0^{2\pi} 27 - 1 \ d\theta \right\}$$

~~$$= \frac{26}{3} \theta \Big|_0^{2\pi}$$~~

~~$$= \frac{52}{3} \pi$$~~

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(9)

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 16$$

$$z=1:-$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 15$$

$$z=2:-$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 12$$

$$z^2 = 16 - x^2 - y^2$$

$$z_x = \frac{-x}{\sqrt{16-x^2-y^2}}, z_{x^2} = \frac{x^2}{16-x^2-y^2}$$

$$z_y = \frac{-y}{\sqrt{16-x^2-y^2}}, z_{y^2} = \frac{y^2}{16-x^2-y^2}$$

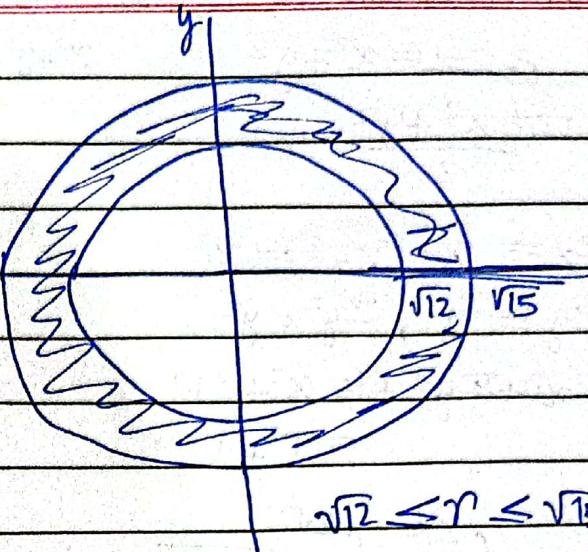
$$z_x^2 + z_y^2 + 1 = \frac{16}{16-x^2-y^2} - \frac{16}{16-r^2}$$

$$S = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_{\sqrt{12}}^{\sqrt{15}} \sqrt{\frac{16}{16-r^2}} r dr d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_{\sqrt{12}}^{\sqrt{15}} \frac{4r}{\sqrt{16-r^2}} dr d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_1^4 \frac{4}{\sqrt{u}} du d\theta$$

$$= \frac{2}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_1^4 \frac{1}{\sqrt{u}} du d\theta$$



$$\sqrt{12} \leq r \leq \sqrt{15}$$

$$u = 16 - r^2$$

$$-\frac{du}{2} = r dr$$

$$= \frac{2}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} [2u^{1/2}]^4$$

$$= 4 \int_0^{2\pi} 2 - 1 d\theta$$

$$= 8\pi$$

(Q10)

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 8$$

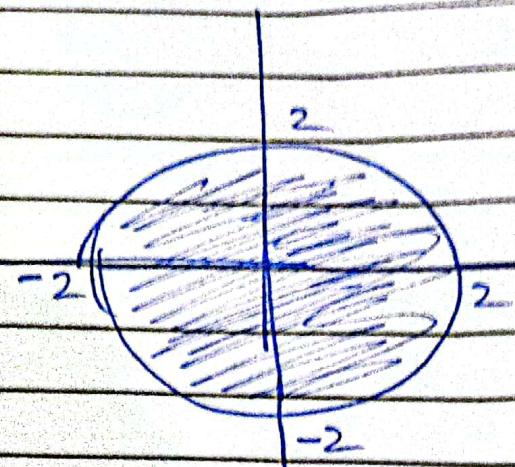
$$z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$z^2 = x^2 + y^2$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + x^2 + y^2 = 8$$

$$2(x^2 + y^2) = 8$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 4$$



$$z_x = -x \quad z_x^2 = x^2$$

$$\sqrt{8-x^2-y^2} \quad 8-x^2-y^2$$

$$z_y = \frac{-y}{\sqrt{8-x^2-y^2}} \quad z_y^2 = \frac{y^2}{8-x^2-y^2}$$

$$z_x^2 + z_y^2 + 1 = \frac{8}{8-x^2-y^2} = \frac{8}{8-r^2}$$

$$u = 8-r^2$$

$$S = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^2 \frac{2\sqrt{2}r}{\sqrt{8-r^2}} dr d\theta \quad -\frac{du}{2} = r dr$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} -\frac{1}{2} \int_8^4 \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{u}} du d\theta$$

$$= \boxed{\approx (16-8\sqrt{2})\pi}$$

$$= \sqrt{2} \left[\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{u}} \right]_4^8$$

$$= 2\sqrt{2} \int_0^{2\pi} 2\sqrt{2} - 2 \quad d\theta$$

$$= \boxed{\approx 8\pi(8-4\sqrt{2})}$$