## **Graded Assignment 5.5 (a) & (b)**

Name: Mohammad Hamza Asim Employee#: 2303.KHI.DEG.014

Collaborated with: Saad Sameer Khan (2303.KHI.DEG.034)

#### main.tf

- First we defined the providers we're using, AWS in our case.
- Next, we defined a region for our provider, via a variable.
- Next, we defined the module which contains the resources, and outputs we're going to be using. We also gave a name to our bucket via a variable.
- And finally, we provided an output block which will display the bucket ID on the terminal.

```
🍸 main.tf 🛛 🗡 variables.tf
🍸 main.tf > ધ output "s3_bucket_id"
      terraform {
        required providers {
          aws = {
             source = "hashicorp/aws"
            version = ">= 3.20.0"
        required version = ">= 1.2.0"
 10
      provider "aws" {
 11
 12
      region = var.region
 13
 14
      module "s3 module" {
 15
 16
        source = "./s3 module"
        bucket name = var.bucket name
 17
 18
 19
      output "s3 bucket id" {
 20
        value = module.s3 module.s3 bucket name
 21
 22
```

# variables.tf (of main file)

- Here, we have just set the region name, "eu-central-1"
- and the name for our bucket "saad-hamza-bucket"

```
wain.tf

variables.tf > variable "bucket_name"

variable "region" {

description = "AWS Region"

default = "eu-central-1"

}

variable "bucket_name" {

description = "AWS S3 bucket name"

default = "saad-hamza-bucket"

}
```

#### s3\_module.tf

- We first create the bucket and also give a name to this resource "s3\_data" which can be referenced by other resources.
- Next, we create a folder inside this bucket.
  - we first define which bucket we want to create the folder in.
  - the path of the folder inside the bucket is given via a variable called "s3" bucket"
  - finally, "/dev/null" defines that this will be an empty folder.

```
s3_module.tf X variables.tf voutputs.tf

s3_module > variables.tf variables.tf

1    resource "aws_s3_bucket" "s3_data" {
2         bucket = var.bucket_name
3    }

4         resource "aws_s3_object" "folder" {
6             bucket = "${aws_s3_bucket.s3_data.id}"
7             key = var.s3_bucket
8             source = "/dev/null"
9    }
```

## variables.tf (of s3\_module)

- We have given a "bucket\_name" variable again, so that it can be referenced in the s3\_module.tf file.
- Then, we have defined a path for our folder inside the bucket "day2/IaC". This is also referenced in the above s3\_module.tf

```
s3_module.tf  variables.tf × variable "s3_bucket"

1  variable "bucket_name" {
2   description = "AWS S3 bucket name"
3   default = "saad-hamza-bucket"
4  }
5
6  variable "s3_bucket" {
7   description = "Path for S3 bucket directory"
8   default = "day2/IaC/"
9 }
```

### outputs.tf

• here, we have simply given the value that will be output to the screen. In our case, we're outputting the bucket ID ("saad-hamza-bucket")

```
s3_module.tf  variables.tf  outputs.tf •

s3_module > voutputs.tf > ...

1  output "s3_bucket_name" {
2  description = "AWS S3 bucket name"
3  value = aws_s3_bucket.s3_data.id
4  }
5
```

#### **Results:**

• First, we use terraform init to initialize terraform in our current folder.

```
(base) saadsameerkhan@all-MS-7D35:~/Documents/Assignments/Unit 5.5$ terraform init
 Initializing the backend...
 Initializing modules...
 - s3 module in s3 module
 Initializing provider plugins...
 - Finding hashicorp/aws versions matching ">= 3.20.0"...
   Installing hashicorp/aws v4.67.0...
 - Installed hashicorp/aws v4.67.0 (signed by HashiCorp)
 Terraform has created a lock file .terraform.lock.hcl to record the provider
 selections it made above. Include this file in your version control repository
 so that Terraform can guarantee to make the same selections by default when
 you run "terraform init" in the future.
 Terraform has been successfully initialized!
 You may now begin working with Terraform. Try running "terraform plan" to see any changes that are required for your infrastructure. All Terraform commands
 should now work.
 rerun this command to reinitialize your working directory. If you forget, other
```

• Next, we do "terraform apply" to see what changes will take place.

```
• (base) saadsameerkhan@all-MS-7D35:~/Documents/Assignments/Unit 5.5$ terraform plan
 Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following
 symbols:
   + create
 Terraform will perform the following actions:
   # module.s3 module.aws s3 bucket.s3 data will be created
   + resource "aws s3 bucket" "s3 data" {
      + acceleration status
                                = (known after apply)
                                   = (known after apply)
      + acl
                                   = (known after apply)
      + arn
                                   = "saad-hamza-bucket
       + bucket
                              = (known after apply)
= (known after apply)
       + bucket domain name
       + bucket prefix
       + bucket_regional_domain_name = (known after apply)
       + force_destroy
```

• We also see that our bucket name is displayed on the terminal after we did "terraform apply"

```
Only 'yes' will be accepted to approve.

Enter a value: yes

module.s3_module.aws_s3_bucket.s3_data: Creating...
module.s3_module.aws_s3_bucket.s3_data: Creation complete after 4s [id=saad-hamza-bucket]
module.s3_module.aws_s3_object.folder: Creating...
module.s3_module.aws_s3_object.folder: Creation complete after 1s [id=day2/IaC/]

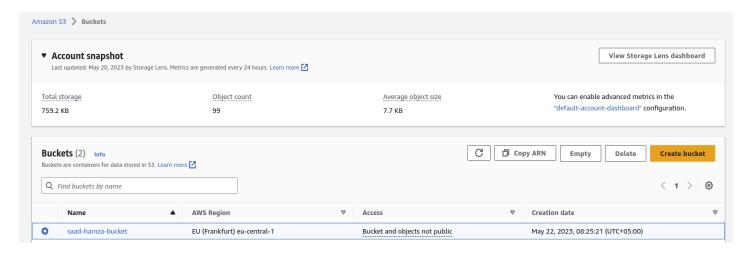
Apply complete! Resources: 2 added, 0 changed, 0 destroyed.

Outputs:

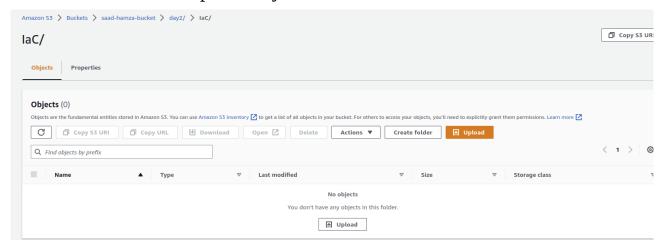
s3_bucket_id = "saad-hamza-bucket"

(base)_saadsameerkbanges11_MS_7D35...(Desuments/Assignments/Unit 5_5t_
```

 Now we open AWS S3, and see that there is a bucket with the name "saad-hamza-bucket"



 We go inside this bucket and find that there is an empty folder created with the path "day2/IaC"



• Finally, we do "terraform destroy" to get rid of all the resources created using terraform.

```
TERMINAL
s3 bucket id = "saad-hamza-bucket"
(base) saadsameerkhan@all-MS-7D35:~/Documents/Assignments/Unit 5.5$ terraform destroy
module.s3_module.aws_s3_bucket.s3_data: Refreshing state... [id=saad-hamza-bucket]
module.s3_module.aws_s3_object.folder: Refreshing state... [id=day2/IaC/]
Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:
   destroy
Terraform will perform the following actions:
 # module.s3_module.aws_s3_bucket.s3_data will be destroyed
- resource "aws_s3_bucket" "s3_data" {
                                     = "arn:aws:s3:::saad-hamza-bucket" -> null
       arn
                                     = "saad-hamza-bucket" -> null
        bucket
        bucket domain name
                                     = "saad-hamza-bucket.s3.amazonaws.com" -> null
        bucket_regional_domain_name = "saad-hamza-bucket.s3.eu-central-1.amazonaws.com" -> null
                                     = false -> null
        force_destroy
        hosted zone id
                                     = "Z21DNDUVLTQW6Q" -> null
```

```
- server_side_encryption = "AES256" -> null
- source = "/dev/null" -> null
- storage_class = "STANDARD" -> null
- tags = {} -> null
- tags_all = {} -> null
}

Plan: 0 to add, 0 to change, 2 to destroy.

Changes to Outputs:
- s3_bucket_id = "saad-hamza-bucket" -> null

Do you really want to destroy all resources?
Terraform will destroy all your managed infrastructure, as shown above.
There is no undo. Only 'yes' will be accepted to confirm.

Enter a value: yes

module.s3_module.aws_s3_object.folder: Destroying... [id=day2/IaC/]
module.s3_module.aws_s3_object.folder: Destroying... [id=saad-hamza-bucket]
module.s3_module.aws_s3_bucket.s3_data: Destroying... [id=saad-hamza-bucket]
```