

Reference Based Image Inpainting

Hamza Pehlivan
Hakan Sivuk

Outline

- Background Information
- Our Task
- Method
- Visual Results
- Evaluation

Image Inpainting

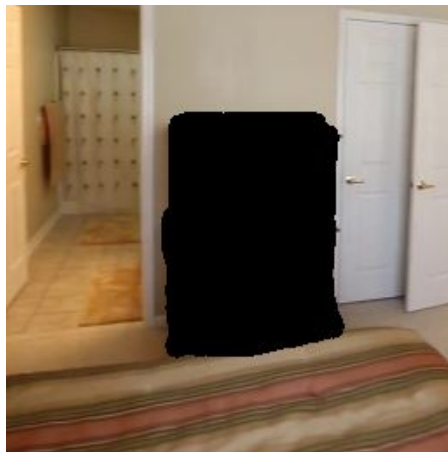


- Diffusion based
- Exemplar based
- Deep neural networks

Our Task



Reference Image



Target Image

Dataset*: Real Estate 10K.
Image pairs from a moving camera.

* Tinghui Zhou, Richard Tucker, John Flynn, Graham Fyfe, and Noah Snavely. Stereo magnification: Learning view synthesis using multiplane images. In SIGGRAPH, 2018.

Pipeline

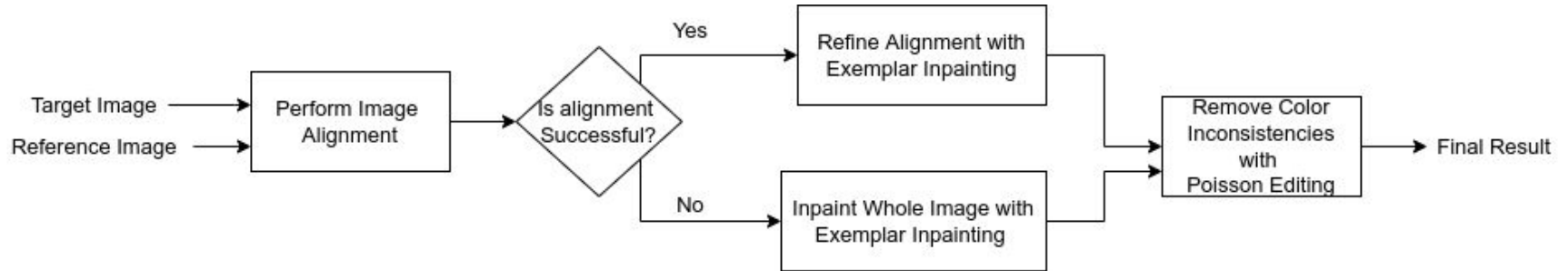
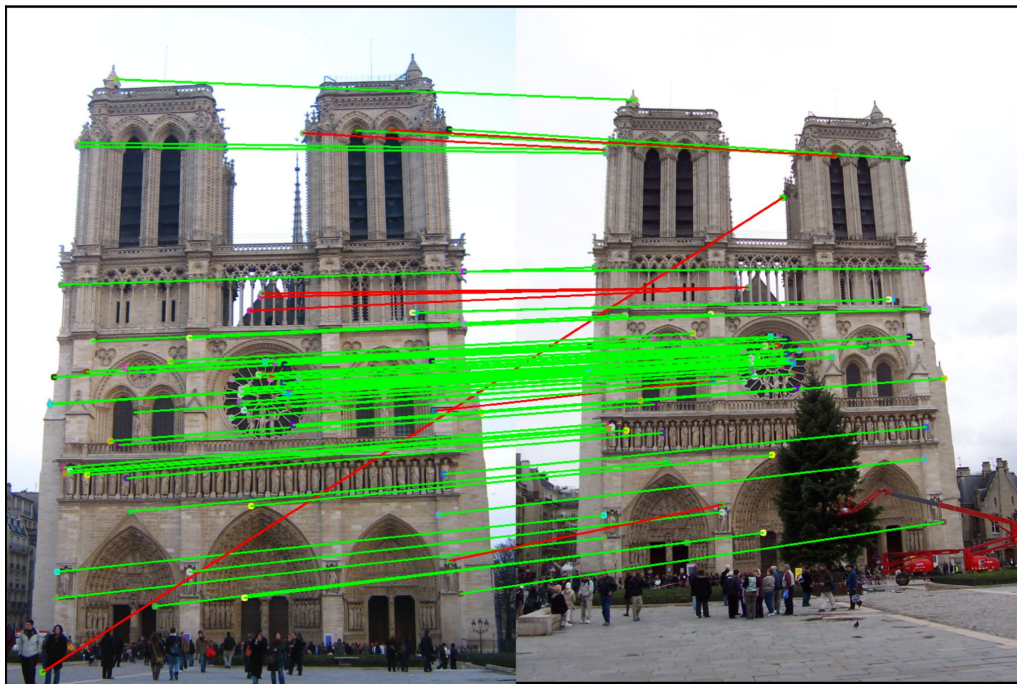


Image Alignment Based Inpainting



- SIFT keypoints and descriptors
- Matching with NNDR
- Calculating homography with RANSAC

$$I_f = I_t \odot M + I_{r \rightarrow t} \odot (1 - M)$$

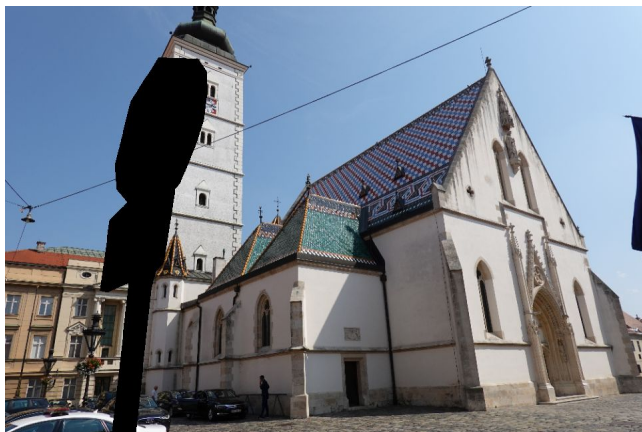
David G. Lowe. Distinctive image features from scale-invariant key-points. *Int. J. Comput. Vision*, 60(2):91–110, November 2004.

Martin A. Fischler and Robert C. Bolles. Random sample consensus: A paradigm for model fitting with applications to image analysis and automated cartography. *Commun. ACM*, 24(6):381–395, jun 1981.

Original



Masked



Reference

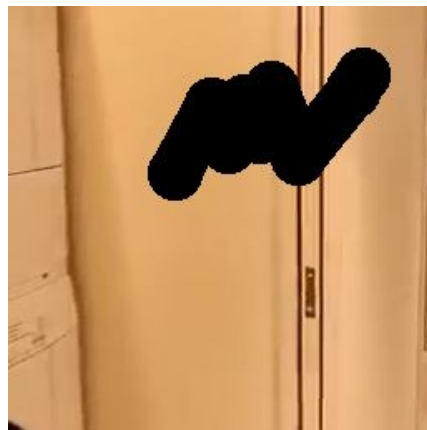


Warped

2 Problems

1-) Cannot align some regions (Red arrows)

2-) Cannot align flat regions



Flat Region

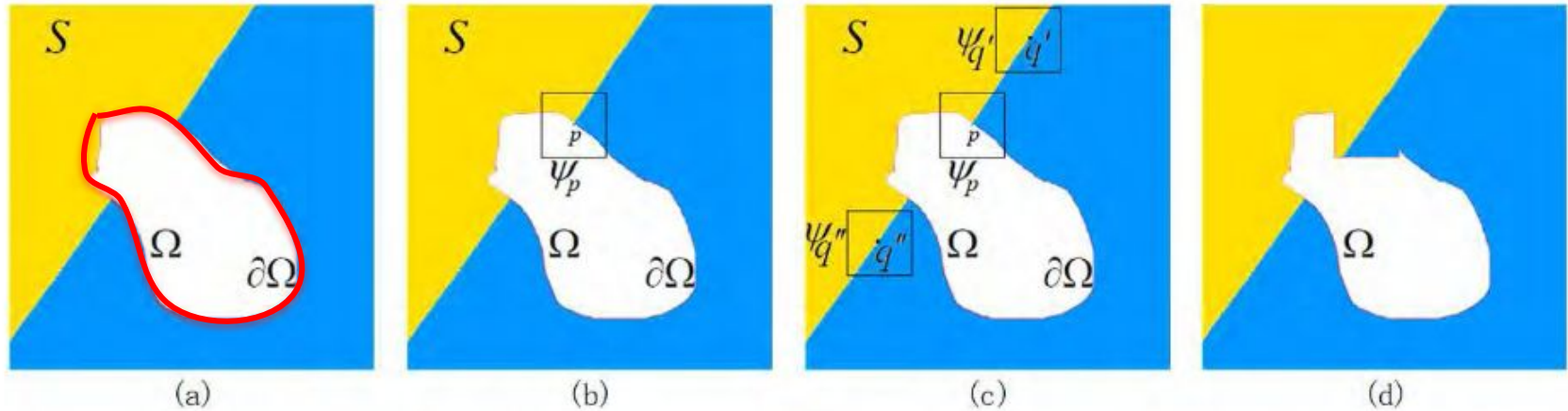
Exemplar Based Image Inpainting

S: Source Region (Yellow and Blue Regions)

Ω : The hole (White region)

$\partial\Omega$: Boundary of the hole. (Red)

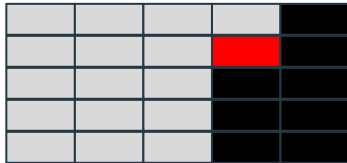
ψ : Patch around a pixel.



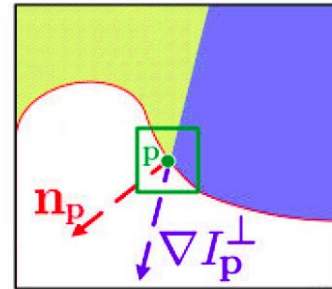
Priority for Inpainting

Criminisi et al. proposes to calculate two terms: **Confidence Term** and **Data Term**.
(We slightly modified these terms in the implementation)

Confidence Term: Ratio of known regions to patch size



Data Term: Edge information near to boundary.



$$P(x) = C(x)D(x)$$

Filling Holes



- Holes are filled with exemplar based inpainting.

Original



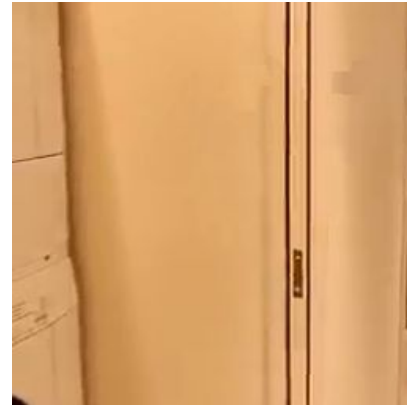
Masked



After Some Iteration

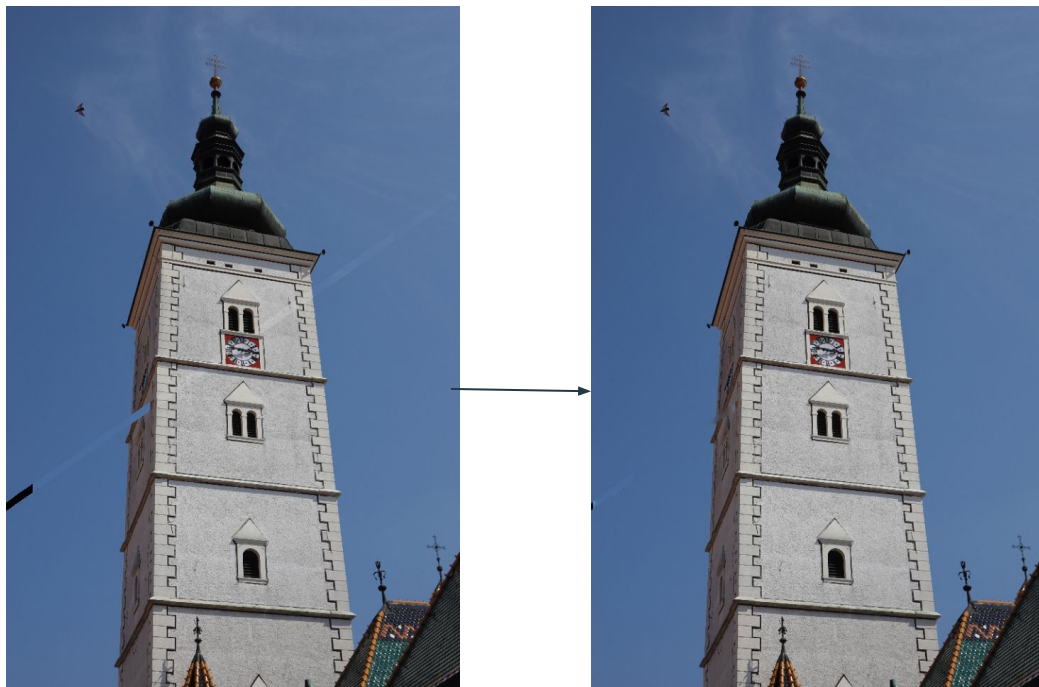


- Flat Regions are inpainted with Exemplar Based Inpainting.



Result

Poisson Blending



$$\begin{aligned} \min \int \int_{\Omega} (\nabla R - \nabla I_r)^2 \\ \text{s.t. } R(x, y) = I_t(x, y) \quad \forall (x, y) \in \delta\Omega \end{aligned}$$

Change color values so that they can match with target.

Applying Poisson Editing

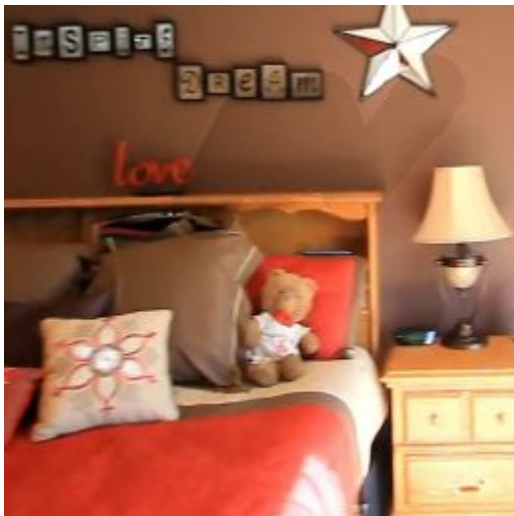


Before Poisson

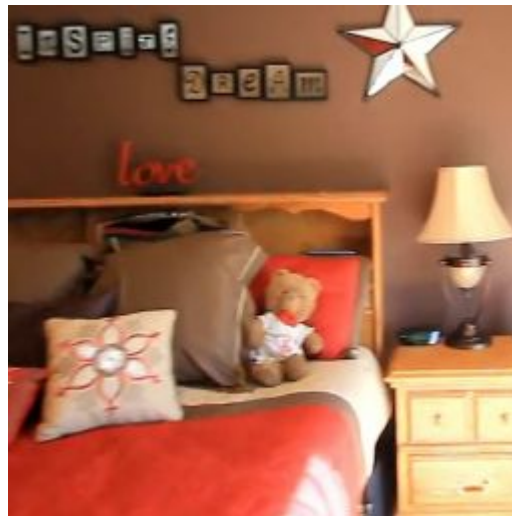


After Poisson

Applying Poisson Editing



Before Poisson

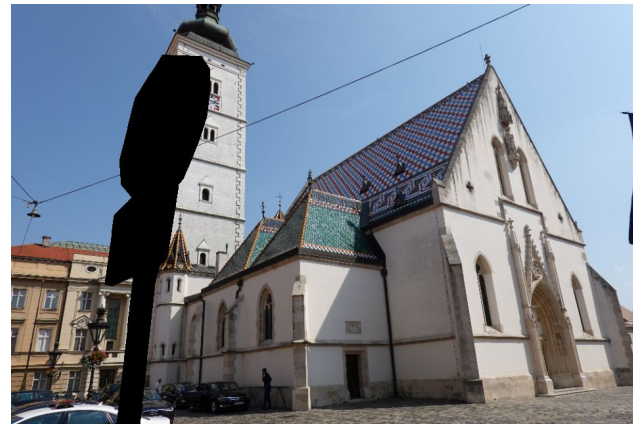


After Poisson

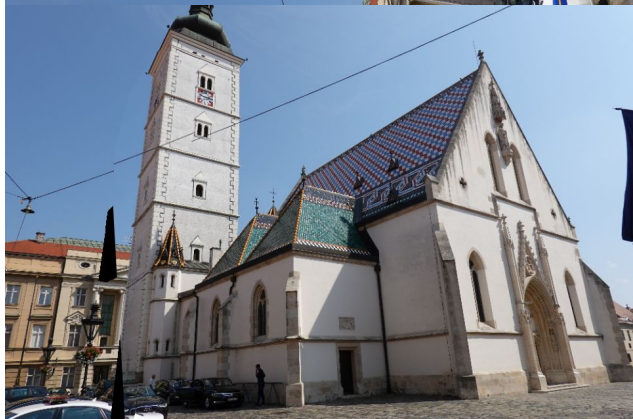
Visual Results - Extreme Viewpoint Change



Reference



Target



Aligned



Blending

Visual Results - Extreme Lightning Change



Reference



Target



Aligned



Blending

Visual Results - Object Removal



Reference



Target



Aligned



Blending

Visual Results - Object Addition



Reference



Target



Result

Ablation Study

SSIM: Structural Similarity. Higher is better.

PSNR: Peak signal-to-noise ratio. Higher is better.

	SSIM	PSNR
With Poisson Blending	0.9693	33.7108
Without Poisson Blending	0.9662	32.8033

Comparison with Other Works

TransFill: Classical Methods + Attention Based Network (CVPR 2021)

ProFill: Attention Based Deep Neural Network for single image inpainting (ECCV 2020)

	SSIM	PSNR
TransFill*	0.9914	38.83
Ours	0.9693	33.71
ProFill**	0.9690	30.95

*Zhou, Yuqian, et al. "Transfill: Reference-guided image inpainting by merging multiple color and spatial transformations." *Proceedings of the IEEE/CVF Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition*. 2021.

**High-Resolution Image Inpainting with Iterative Confidence Feedback and Guided Upsampling (ECCV 2020). Yu Zeng, Zhe Lin, Jimei Yang, Jianming Zhang, Eli Shechtman, Huchuan Lu