Internship Report – Day 3, Week 5

Company: ProSensia

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Topic: Array Methods in JavaScript – map(), filter(), reduce()

date: 23-7-2025

Objective:

To understand and implement the most commonly used array methods in JavaScript: map(), filter(), and reduce() for effective data manipulation.

♦ 1. map() Method:

✓ Purpose:

Creates a new array by applying a function to every element of the original array.

Syntax:

javascript

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array.map(callback(currentValue, index, array))

Example:

javascript

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const numbers = [1, 2, 3, 4];

const squared = numbers.map(num => num * num);

console.log(squared); // Output: [1, 4, 9, 16]

2. filter() Method:

V Purpose:

Returns a new array containing only elements that pass a specific test (return true).

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Syntax:
javascript
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array.filter(callback(currentValue, index, array))
Example:
javascript
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const ages = [12, 17, 19, 21, 16];
const adults = ages.filter(age => age >= 18);
console.log(adults); // Output: [19, 21]
♦ 3. reduce() Method:
Purpose:
Reduces the array to a single value by executing a reducer function on each element.
Syntax:
javascript
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array.reduce(callback(accumulator, currentValue, index, array), initialValue)
Example:
javascript
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const prices = [100, 200, 300];
const total = prices.reduce((sum, price) => sum + price, 0);
console.log(total); // Output: 600
```

Key Learnings:

- map() is used to **transform** each element.
- filter() is used to **select** elements based on a condition.
- reduce() is used to accumulate or calculate a single value from multiple values.

Conclusion:

These array methods help write cleaner, more readable, and functional-style JavaScript. Mastering them is crucial for working with dynamic data structures in frontend or backend development.