

Lecture 18:-

ER \rightarrow EC \rightarrow Partition.
 $\leftarrow \leftarrow \leftarrow \leftarrow \leftarrow$

Ex 13:- List the tuples in the Relation R.
 499 produced by partition $A_1 = \{1, 2, 3\}$.
 $A_2 = \{4, 5\}$
 $A_3 = \{6\}$.

Ex 12 HW.
 498

$S = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$.

$R = \{(1,1), (1,2), (1,3), (2,1), (2,2), (2,3), (3,1), (3,2), (3,3),$
 $(4,4), (4,5), (5,4), (5,5), (6,6)\}$.

HW.

Ex 500 - 503.

1-40 (HW.)

	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	1	1	1	-	-	-
2	1	1	1	-	-	-
3	1	1	1	-	-	-
4	-	-	-	1	1	-
5	-	-	-	1	1	-
6	-	-	-	-	-	1

Ex 35 :-
 501

[3]

$R = \{(a,b) \mid a \equiv b \pmod{5}\}$.

$A = \mathbb{Z}$.

$[3] = \{3, 8, 13, 18, 23, \dots\}$
 $\{-2, -7, -12, \dots\}$
 HW.

PARTIAL ORDER:- 1- Reflexive.

- 2- Anti Symmetric.
- 3- Transitive.

(S, \leq) .

Poset.
Partial order - Set.

$$(a, b) \in R \rightarrow a \leq b.$$

R, A .

(A, R) .

$$(a, b) \in R.$$

Ex 6:
595

$$R = \{(a, b) \mid a \leq b\}.$$

$$A = \mathbb{Z}.$$

Reflexive

$$\forall a \in A \\ \forall a \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$(a, a) \in R. \\ a \leq a$$

✓.

$$\text{Anti Symmetric } \forall a, b \in A \quad \text{if } (a, b) \in R \wedge (b, a) \in R \rightarrow a = b. \\ \forall a, b \in \mathbb{Z} \quad \text{if } a \leq b \wedge b \leq a \rightarrow a = b. \quad \checkmark.$$

$$\text{Transitive: } \forall a, b, c \in A \quad \text{if } (a, b) \in R \wedge (b, c) \in R \rightarrow (a, c) \in R. \\ \forall a, b, c \in \mathbb{Z} \quad \text{if } a \leq b \wedge b \leq c \rightarrow a \leq c. \quad \checkmark.$$

$$(S, \leq) = (\mathbb{Z}, \leq).$$

Ex 7:
505

$$R = \{(a, b) \mid a / b\}.$$

$$A = \mathbb{Z}^+.$$

Reflexive

$$\forall a \in A \\ \forall a \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

$$(a, a) \in R. \\ a / a$$

✓.

$$\text{Anti Symmetric } \forall a, b \in A \quad \text{if } (a, b) \in R \wedge (b, a) \in R \rightarrow a = b. \\ \forall a, b \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \quad \text{if } a / b \wedge b / a \rightarrow a = b. \quad \checkmark.$$

Transitive: $\forall a, b, c \in A$ if $(a, b) \in R \wedge (b, c) \in R \rightarrow (a, c) \in R$.
 $\forall a, b, c \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ if $a/b \wedge b/c \rightarrow a/c \dots \checkmark$.

$\leq, /, =, \geq$ ✓.
 HW.

$(<, >)$ Not PO.
 HW.

$(S, \leq) = (\mathbb{Z}, \leq)$.
 $(\mathbb{Z}^+, /)$.
 $(\mathbb{Z}^+, =)$.
 (\mathbb{Z}, \geq) .

Not PO.
 $R = \{(a, b) \mid a \text{ \& b has met}\}$.

Comparable: (S, \leq) . 'a' & 'b' $\in S$ are comparable
 if either $a \leq b$ or $b \leq a$.
 $(a, b) \in R$ or $(b, a) \in R$.

Exs :- $(\mathbb{Z}^+, /)$. 5, 7 are comparable?
 504 3, 9 4 4 ?

$a \leq b$ or $b \leq a$

$5 \leq 7$ or $7 \leq 5$

$5/7$ or $7/5$

7, 5 are Not Comparable.

$3/9$ or $9/3$.

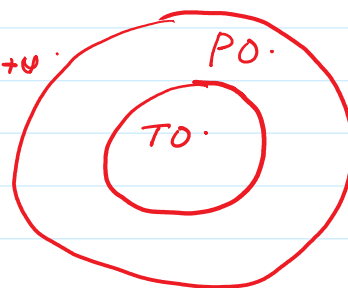
3, 9 are Comparable.

Total Order Set: (S, \leq) .

If $\forall a, b \in S$ a and b are comparable
 then \leq will be a total order set.

Total order Examples. \leq, \geq .

$$-\infty \leq -\infty + 1 < \dots -1 \leq 0 \leq 1 \leq 2 \dots \leq +\infty$$

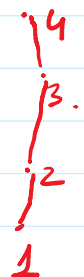


HASSE. DIAGRAM. 1898-1979.

$$A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$$

$$R = \{ (a, b) \mid a \leq b \}$$

$$= \{ (\cancel{1,1}), (1,2), (1,3), (1,4), \\ (\cancel{2,2}), (2,3), (2,4), \\ (\cancel{3,3}), (3,4), \\ (\cancel{4,4}) \}$$

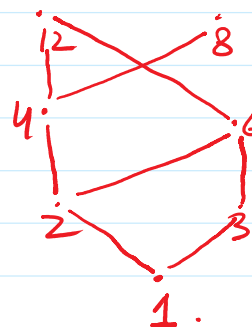


Ex 12 :-
PSO8

$$R = \{ (a, b) \mid a \text{ divides } b \}$$

$$A = \{ \cancel{1}, 2, 3, 4, 6, \cancel{8}, \cancel{12} \}$$

$$R = \{ (\cancel{1,1}), (1,2), (1,3), (1,4), (1,6), (1,12), \\ (\cancel{2,2}), (2,4), (2,6), (2,8), (2,12), \\ (\cancel{3,3}), (3,6), (3,12), \\ (\cancel{4,4}), (4,8), (4,12), \\ (\cancel{6,6}), (6,12), \\ (\cancel{8,8}), \\ (\cancel{12,12}) \}$$



→ Same level. link.

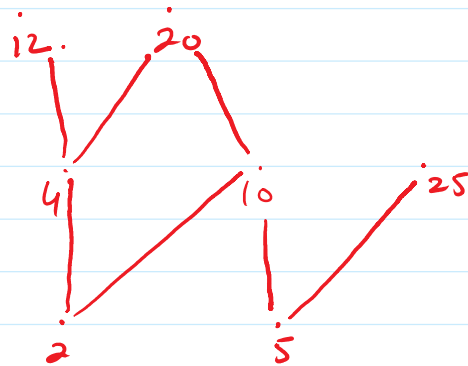
→ two level. jump.

Ex 14
1-2

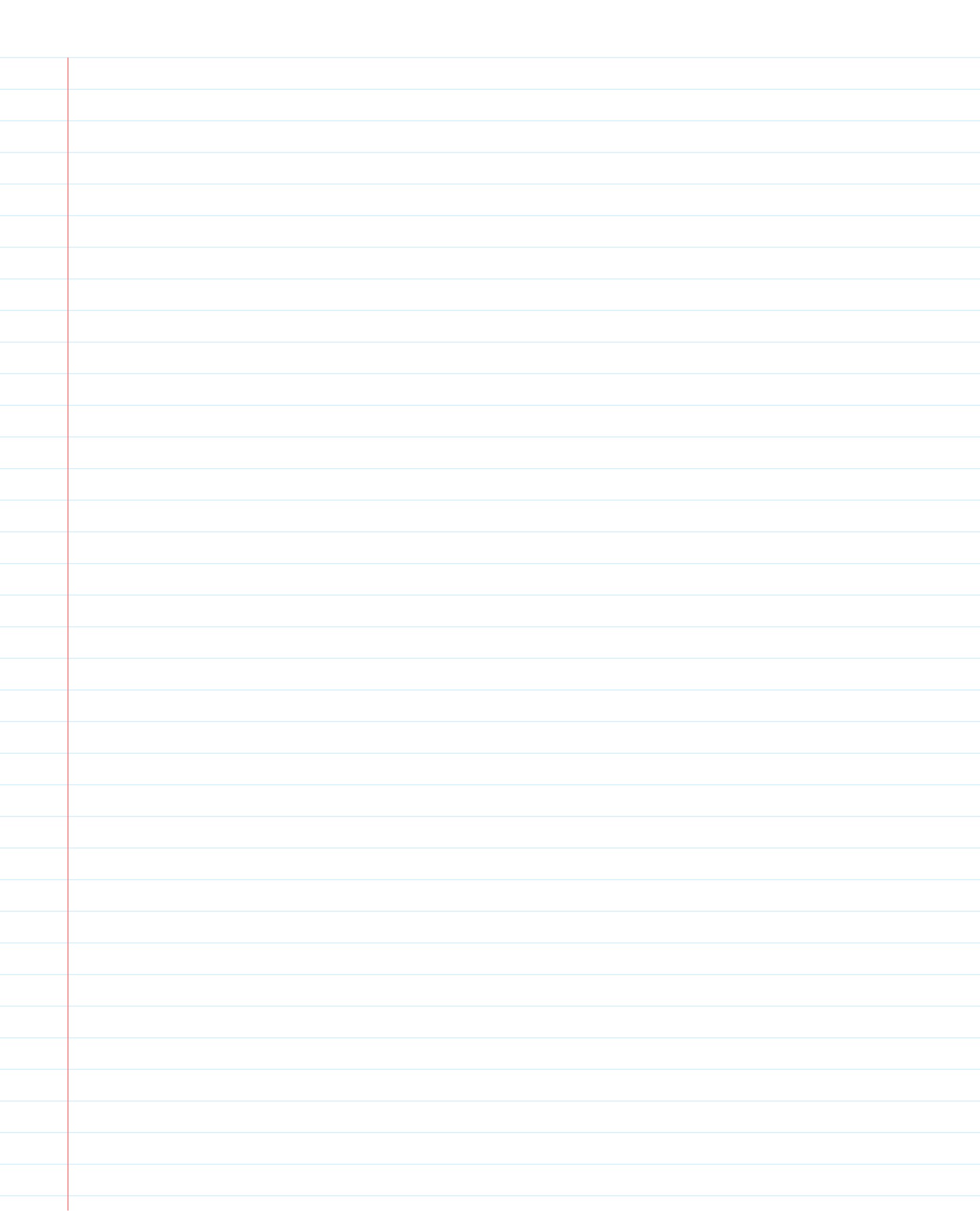
$$(\cancel{1}, \cancel{4}, \cancel{5}, \cancel{10}, \cancel{12}, \cancel{20}, \cancel{53}, 1)$$

Ex 14
509

$(\cancel{2}, 4, \cancel{8}, 10, 12, \cancel{20}, \cancel{25}, 1)$.



HW.
find out original
Relation from.
Hasse Diagram.



A handwritten red mark, possibly a signature or initials, located in the upper left quadrant of the page. It consists of several overlapping, fluid strokes.