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What is a SSD

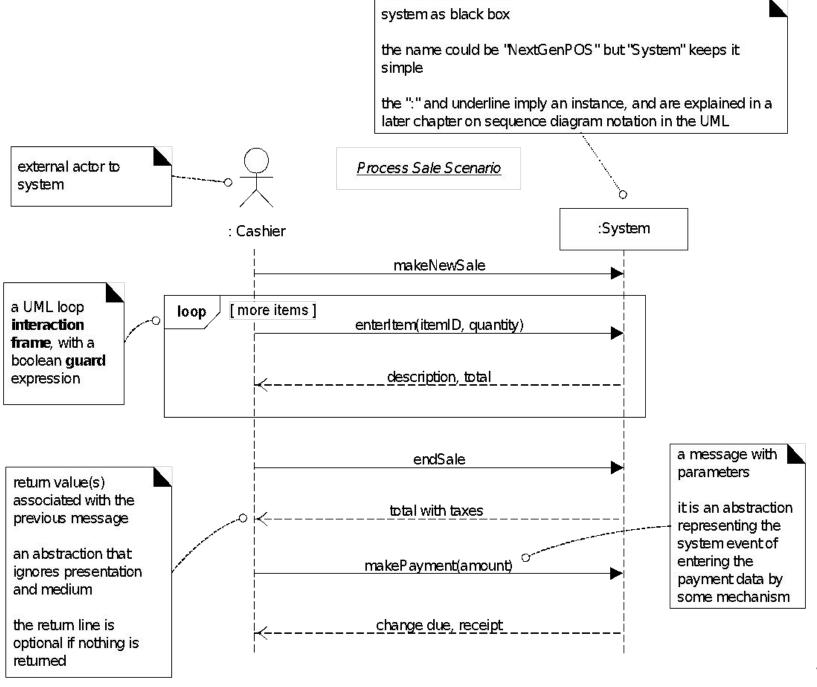
- A way of modeling input and output events related to systems
- It is a picture that shows, for one particular use case scenario, the events an external actor generates and in what order
- Draw SSD for the main success scenario and complex alternatives
- They show the system as a black box
- There should be one for the main success scenario of a use case
- Like Domain Models very high level with a lower level counterpart

Process Sale Use Case

Simple cash-only Process Sale scenario:

- 1. Customer arrives at a POS checkout with goods and/or services to purchase.
- 2. Cashier starts a new sale.
- 3. Cashier enters item identifier.
- 4. System records sale line item and presents item description, price, and running total.
- Cashier repeats steps 3-4 until indicates done.
- 5. System presents total with taxes calculated.
- 6. Cashier tells Customer the total, and asks for payment.
- 7. Customer pays and System handles payment.

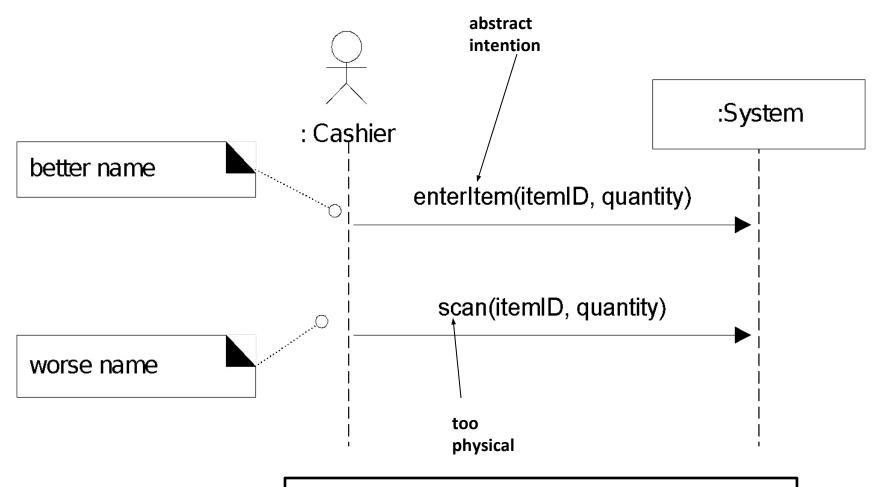
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Why Draw SSDs

- Easy way to capture external events like "customer arrives at CheckOut"
- A description of "what" the system does but with some time aspects

How to Name System Events

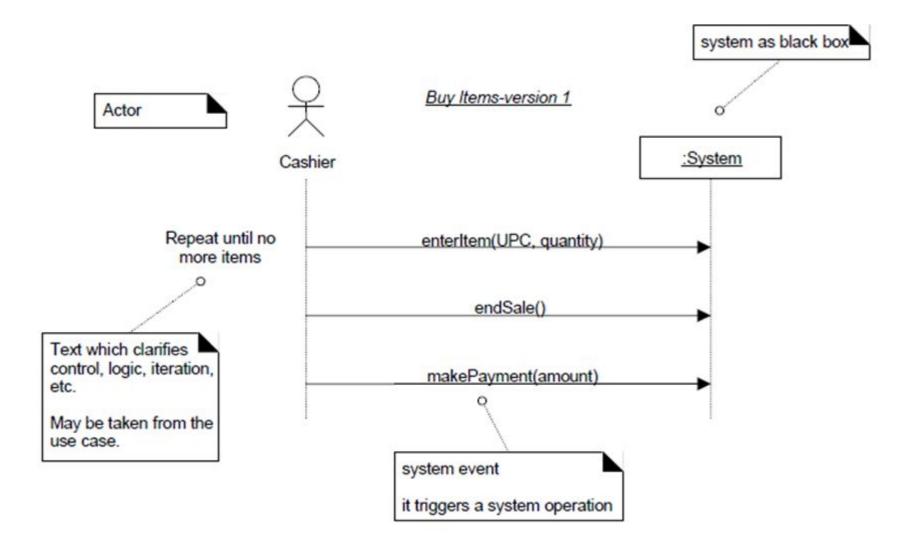


System event names should be expressed at the abstract level of intention

- SSD is a picture that shows for one particular scenario of a use case, the events that external actors generate which trigger some inter-system events
- This diagram treats the system as black box and only emphasize on events that cross the system boundary from actor to system
- It illustrates inputs and outputs to the system

Motivation behind SSD

- The motivation behind SSD is to design a pattern for handling external system requests and producing proper response
- Events may be external (triggered by human or computer), time events or fault / exception events
- It is useful to investigate and define system's behavior as "black box" before proceeding with the detailed design
- It shows events from one scenario of a use-case diagram and operations performed by system in response



System events

- System events: External input to system generated by actor
- System operation: Methods invoked in response to system events

- System events may have arguments
 - enterItem(UPC, quantity)
 - raise(money)

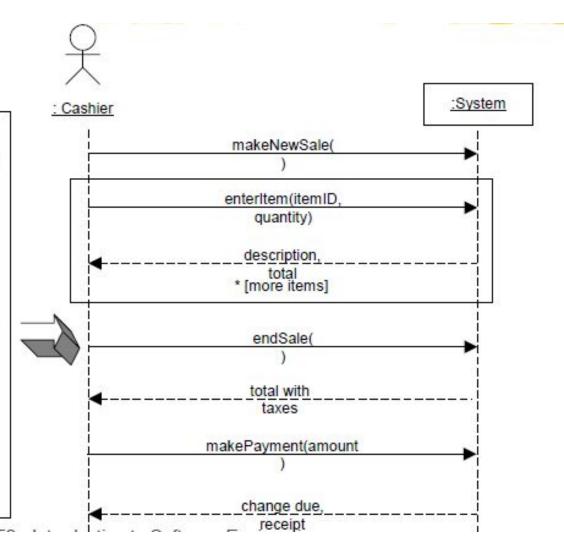
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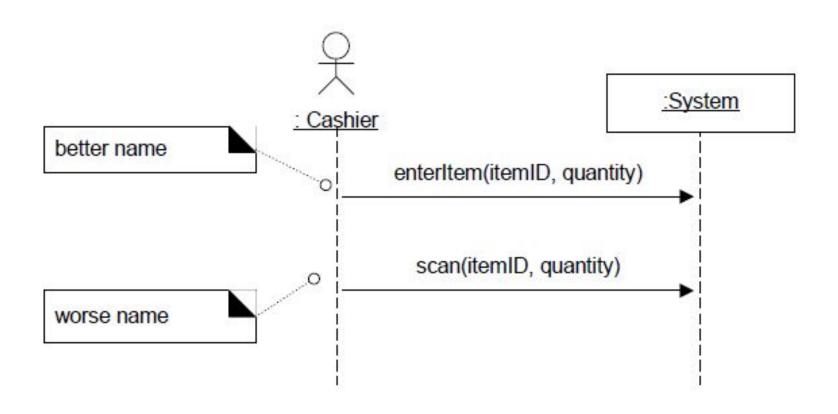
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Naming system events and operations



Difference with sequence diagram

- Sequence diagram shows the internal operations of the system triggered by events.
- It ignores the external events source
- Operations are drawn between different objects of the system
- The flow of messaging is maintained

A Sequence Diagram

