type-categorical-distribution.R

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```
#Installing the packages
#install.packages("TraMineR")
#install.packages("TraMineRextras")
#install.packages("dplyr")
#install.packages("ggplot2")
#install.packages("RColorBrewer")
#install.packages("fpc")
#set workspace to this folder
setwd("D:/Work/IJGIS/R-scripts")
library(TraMineR)
## TraMineR stable version 2.0-14 (Built: 2020-01-19)
## Website: http://traminer.unige.ch
## Please type 'citation("TraMineR")' for citation information.
library(TraMineRextras)
## TraMineRextras stable version 0.4.6 (Built: 2020-01-19)
## Functions provided by this package are still in test
##
    and subject to changes in future releases.
## Attaching package: 'TraMineRextras'
```

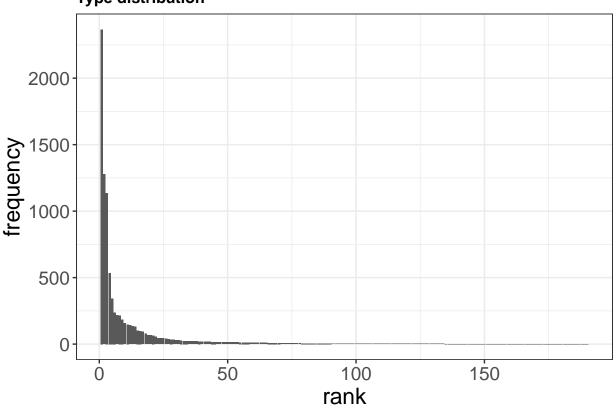
```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:TraMineR':
##
      seqprecarity, seqprecorr, seqprecstart
##
library(dplyr)
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
      filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
      intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
library(ggplot2)
library(RColorBrewer)
library(cluster)
library(fpc)
fun.to.type <- function(file_address, result_address) {</pre>
 raw <- read.table(file = file address, sep = ",")</pre>
 processed = data.frame(V1 = c(raw))
 processed$woQ <- gsub("Q-", "T", raw$V1)
processed$woQA <- gsub("A-", "T", processed$woQ)</pre>
 write.table(processed$woQA, file=result_address,
             quote = F, sep = " ", row.names = F, col.names = F)
########READING FILES########
all_questions <- read.table("../sequences/type-nf-Q.txt",</pre>
                           header = FALSE, sep = " ",
                           col.names = paste0("V",seq_len(5)), fill = TRUE)
all_answers <- read.table("../sequences/type-nf-A.txt",</pre>
                         header = FALSE, sep = " ",
                         col.names = paste0("V",seq_len(13)), fill = TRUE)
fun.to.type("../sequences/type-nf-all.txt",
            "../sequences/type-nf-all-t.txt")
all_qas <- read.table("../sequences/type-nf-all-t.txt",</pre>
                     header = FALSE, sep = " ",
                     col.names = paste0("V",seq_len(13)), fill = TRUE)
types_q = as.data.frame(table(all_answers$V2))
vector_a = all_answers$V3
for (i in 1:10) {
 vector_a = c(as.character(vector_a), as.character(all_answers[,i+3]))
}
```

```
types = as.data.frame(table(vector_a))
write.csv(types_q, file="result/types_q.csv")
write.csv(types, file="result/types_a.csv")
aaID = all answers[,1:6]
aa =all_answers[,2:6]
qqID = all answers[,1:4]
qq = all_questions[, 2:4]
aq = all_qas[, 2:8]
########FUNCTIONS########
fun.histogram = function (df) {
  result = df %>% dplyr::group_by(df[,1]) %>% dplyr::summarize(count=dplyr::n())
  names(result) <- c("type", "count")</pre>
  if (length(df[1,]) > 1) {
  for (i in 2:length(df)) {
    temp = df %>% dplyr::group_by(df[,i]) %>% dplyr::summarize(count=dplyr::n())
    names(temp) <- c("type", "count")</pre>
    result = rbind(result, temp)
 }
 result <- result %>% dplyr::group_by(type) %>% dplyr::summarize(total=sum(count))
  #result <- result[2:length(result$type),]</pre>
 result <- as.data.frame(result[order(result$total, decreasing = TRUE),])</pre>
 result <- result[order(as.character(result$type)), ]</pre>
 }
 return (result)
}
fun.naming = function(df) {
 for (i in 1:length(df)) {
    names(df)[i] = as.character(i)
 return (df)
fun.change.to.other = function (df, number) {
 result <- data.frame(lapply(df, as.character), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
  all_types_total = fun.histogram(result)
  all_types_total = as.data.frame(all_types_total[order(all_types_total$total, decreasing = TRUE),])
  selected <- c(as.character(all_types_total[0:number,]$type)) #"Q-" issue</pre>
  for (i in 1:length(df)) {
    temp = result[, i]
    temp[!temp %in% selected] = "OTHER"
    temp[temp %in% c("Q-")] = "OTHER"
    result[, i] = temp
 }
 return (data.frame(lapply(result, as.factor), stringsAsFactors=FALSE))
cstats.table <- function(dist, tree, k) {</pre>
  clust.assess <- c("cluster.number", "n", "within.cluster.ss", "average.within", "average.between",</pre>
```

```
"wb.ratio", "dunn2", "avg.silwidth")
  clust.size <- c("cluster.size")</pre>
  stats.names <- c()
  row.clust <- c()
  output.stats <- matrix(ncol = k, nrow = length(clust.assess))</pre>
  cluster.sizes <- matrix(ncol = k, nrow = k)</pre>
  for(i in c(1:k)){
    row.clust[i] <- paste("Cluster-", i, " size")</pre>
  }
  for(i in c(2:k)){
    stats.names[i] <- paste("Test", i-1)</pre>
    for(j in seq_along(clust.assess)){
      output.stats[j, i] <- unlist(cluster.stats(d = dist, clustering = cutree(tree, k = i))[clust.asse
    }
    for(d in 1:k) {
      cluster.sizes[d, i] <- unlist(cluster.stats(d = dist, clustering = cutree(tree, k = i))[clust.siz</pre>
      dim(cluster.sizes[d, i]) <- c(length(cluster.sizes[i]), 1)</pre>
      cluster.sizes[d, i]
    }
  }
  output.stats.df <- data.frame(output.stats)</pre>
  cluster.sizes <- data.frame(cluster.sizes)</pre>
  cluster.sizes[is.na(cluster.sizes)] <- 0</pre>
  rows.all <- c(clust.assess, row.clust)</pre>
  \# rownames(output.stats.df) <- clust.assess
  output <- rbind(output.stats.df, cluster.sizes)[ ,-1]</pre>
  colnames(output) <- stats.names[2:k]</pre>
  rownames(output) <- rows.all</pre>
  is.num <- sapply(output, is.numeric)</pre>
  output[is.num] <- lapply(output[is.num], round, 2)</pre>
  output
getPalette = colorRampPalette(brewer.pal(12, "Paired")) ###only for categories
colourCount <- 21</pre>
gt <- getPalette(colourCount)</pre>
###Shuffeling!!
gtA <- c(gt)
gtX <- list(gtA)</pre>
gt <- gtX[[1]][sample(1:length(gtA))]</pre>
gt = gt[sample(1:length(gt))]
########question
agg_qs = fun.histogram(all_questions[,2:5])
write.csv(file = "result/types_in_question_agg.csv", x = agg_qs)
agg_qq = fun.histogram(qq)
```

```
agg_qq = as.data.frame(agg_qq[order(agg_qq$total, decreasing = TRUE),])
agg_qq = agg_qq[2:length(agg_qq[,1]),]
agg_qq$order = c(1:length(agg_qq$type))
ggplot(agg_qq, aes(x = order, y = total))+geom_bar(stat = "identity")+labs(title="Type distribution",x=
    theme_bw() + theme(plot.title = element_text(color = "black", size = "12", face = "bold"), text = element_text(size = total)
```

Type distribution



```
qq = fun.change.to.other(qq, 21)
qq = fun.naming(qq)
all_sequence <- seqdef(qq)</pre>
```

```
## [!] found '-' character in state codes, not recommended
```

[>] 21 distinct states appear in the data:

1 =

2 = OTHER

3 = Q-ADM1

4 = Q-ADM2

```
5 = Q-ADM3
##
##
       6 = Q-ADM4
       7 = Q-AREA
##
       8 = Q-FRM
##
       9 = Q-HTL
##
        10 = Q-ISL
##
        11 = Q-LCTY
##
##
        12 = Q-LK
##
         . . .
## Warning: [!] No automatic color palette assigned because number of states > 12.
##
       Use 'cpal' argument to assign one.
##
    [>] state coding:
##
          [alphabet] [label] [long label]
##
##
        1
##
       2 OTHER
                       OTHER
                                OTHER
       3 Q-ADM1
##
                       Q-ADM1
                                Q-ADM1
##
        4 Q-ADM2
                       Q-ADM2
                                Q-ADM2
       5 Q-ADM3
##
                       Q-ADM3
                                Q-ADM3
##
       6 Q-ADM4
                       Q-ADM4
                                Q-ADM4
       7 Q-AREA
                       Q-AREA
                                Q-AREA
##
       8 Q-FRM
##
                       Q-FRM
                                Q-FRM
##
       9 Q-HTL
                       Q-HTL
                                Q-HTL
##
        10 Q-ISL
                        Q-ISL
                                 Q-ISL
```

##

11 Q-LCTY

Q-LCTY

Q-LCTY

```
## 12 Q-LK Q-LK Q-LK
## ... (21 states)

## [>] no color palette attributed, provide one to use graphical functions

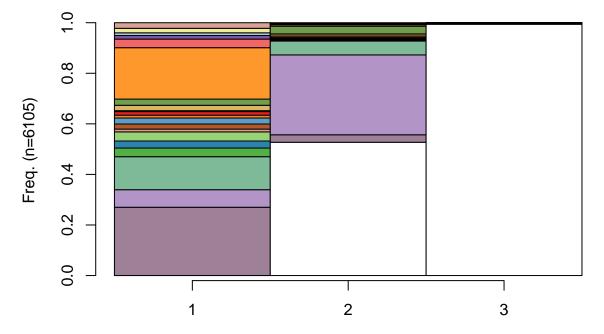
## [>] 6105 sequences in the data set

## [>] min/max sequence length: 3/3

cpal(all_sequence)
```

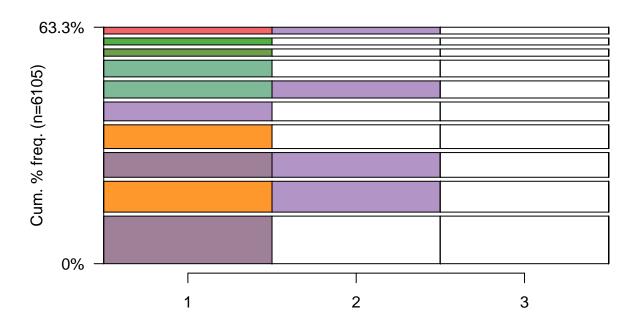
NULL

State Distribution of type in Questions



```
## Warning in (function (seqdata, idxs = 1:10, weighted = TRUE, format = "SPS", :
## '-' character in states codes may cause invalid results
```

State Distribution of type in Questions



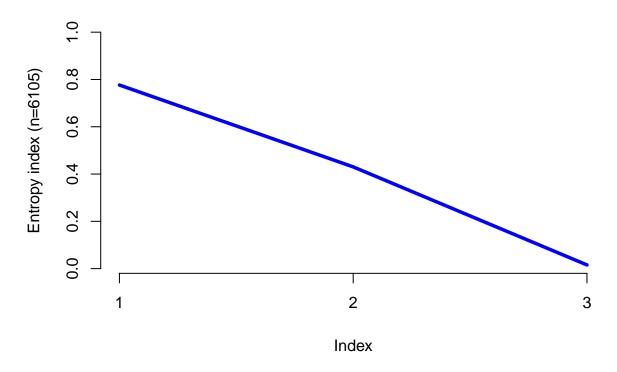
```
seqlegend(all_sequence, cex=1.1, ncol=4)
```

```
Q-AREA
                 Q-MN
                          Q-RSV
■ Q-FRM
                 ■ Q-MT
                          □ Q-SCH
■ OTHER
■ Q-ADM1
        Q-HTL
                 ■ Q-PCLI
                          ■ Q-STM
■ Q-ADM2
        Q-ISL
                 Q-PPL
■ Q-ADM3
        Q-LCTY
                 Q-PPLA2
■ Q-ADM4
        Q-LK
                 Q-PRK
```

```
seqHtplot(all_sequence, title = "Entropy Index type in Questions")
```

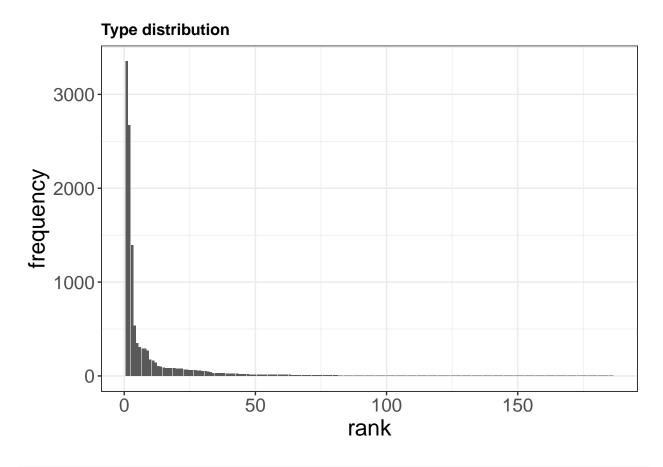
[!] In rmarkdown::render() : title is deprecated, use main instead.

Entropy Index type in Questions



```
##########answers
agg_as = fun.histogram(all_answers[,2:13])
write.csv(file = "result/types_in_answers_agg.csv", x = agg_as)

agg_aa = fun.histogram(aa)
agg_aa = as.data.frame(agg_aa[order(agg_aa$total, decreasing = TRUE),])
agg_aa = agg_aa[2:length(agg_aa[,1]),]
agg_aa$order = c(1:length(agg_aa$type))
ggplot(agg_aa, aes(x = order, y = total))+geom_bar(stat = "identity")+
   labs(title="Type distribution",x="rank", y = "frequency") +
   theme_bw() + theme(
    plot.title = element_text(color = "black", size = "12", face = "bold"),
    text = element_text(color = "black", size=17))
```



```
aa = fun.change.to.other(aa, 21)
aa = fun.naming(aa)
all_sequence <- seqdef(aa)</pre>
```

```
## [>] 22 distinct states appear in the data:
## 1 =
```

2 = ADM1

3 = ADM2

4 = ADM3

5 = ADM4

6 = AREA

7 = CONT

8 = FRM

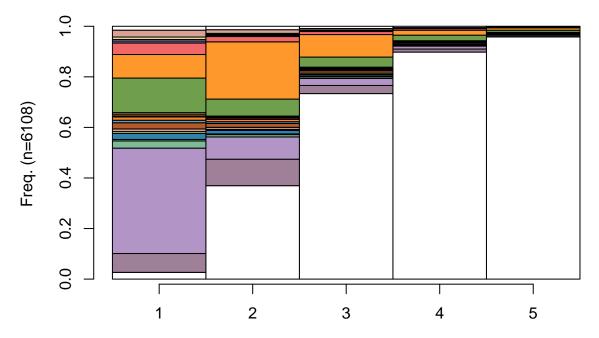
```
9 = HTL
##
        10 = ISL
##
        11 = LCTY
##
        12 = MN
##
##
         . . .
## Warning: [!] No automatic color palette assigned because number of states > 12.
##
##
        Use 'cpal' argument to assign one.
##
    [>] state coding:
##
          [alphabet] [label] [long label]
##
##
        2 ADM1
                       ADM1
                                ADM1
        3 ADM2
                       ADM2
                                ADM2
##
##
           ADM3
                       ADM3
                                ADM3
        5 ADM4
                       ADM4
                                ADM4
##
##
        6 AREA
                       AREA
                                AREA
        7 CONT
                       CONT
                                CONT
##
##
           FRM
                       FRM
                                FRM
##
        9 HTL
                       HTL
                                HTL
        10 ISL
                        ISL
                                  ISL
##
        11 LCTY
                                 LCTY
##
                        LCTY
##
        12 MN
                        MN
                                 MN
         ... (22 states)
##
    [>] no color palette attributed, provide one to use graphical functions
##
   [>] 6108 sequences in the data set
##
```

[>] min/max sequence length: 5/5

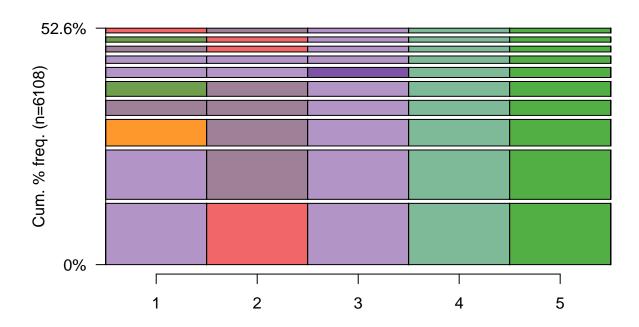
```
cpal(all_sequence)
```

NULL

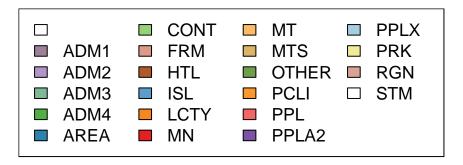
State Distribution of type in Answers



State Distribution of type in Answers



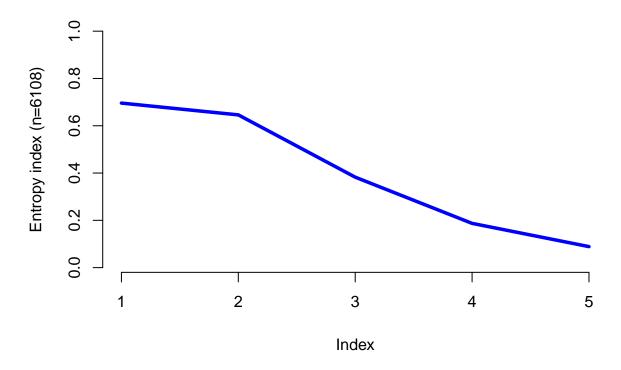
seqlegend(all_sequence, cex=1.1, ncol=4)



```
seqHtplot(all_sequence, title = "Entropy Index type in Answers")
```

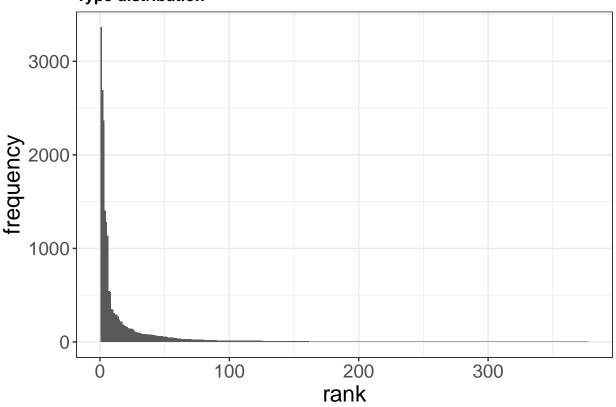
[!] In rmarkdown::render() : title is deprecated, use main instead.

Entropy Index type in Answers



```
##########concatenated q-a
agg_aq = fun.histogram(aq)
agg_aq = as.data.frame(agg_aq[order(agg_aq$total, decreasing = TRUE),])
agg_aq = agg_aq[2:length(agg_aq[,1]),]
agg_aq$order = c(1:length(agg_aq$type))
ggplot(agg_aq, aes(x = order, y = total))+geom_bar(stat = "identity")+
    labs(title="Type distribution",x="rank", y = "frequency") +
    theme_bw() + theme(
    plot.title = element_text(color = "black", size = "12", face = "bold"),
    text = element_text(color = "black", size=17))
```





```
fun.extract.ncomplex.ids = function(questions, n) {
 validIds = c()
 counter = 0
 for (i in 1:length(questions[,1])) {
  qVals = questions[i, 2:5]
  if (length(qVals[qVals!=""]) == n) {
    counter= counter + 1
    validIds[counter] = questions[i, 1]
  }
 }
 return (validIds)
}
Q_swq <- read.table("../sequences/type-nf-Q-SWQ.txt",
             header = FALSE, sep = " ",
             col.names = paste0("V",seq_len(5)), fill = TRUE)
Q_swq = as.data.frame(Q_swq[, 1])
A_swq <- read.table("../sequences/type-nf-A-SWQ.txt",
             header = FALSE, sep = " ",
             col.names = paste0("V",seq_len(20)), fill = TRUE)
```

```
agg_swq_q = fun.histogram(Q_swq)
agg_swq_a = fun.histogram(A_swq)
## Warning: Factor `type` contains implicit NA, consider using
## `forcats::fct_explicit_na`
write.csv(file = "result/types_in_question_agg_swq.csv", x = agg_swq_q)
write.csv(file = "result/types_in_answers_agg_swq.csv", x = agg_swq_a)
QA_swq <- A_swq
QA_swq[,1] \leftarrow Q_swq
QA_swq[, 2:7] \leftarrow A_swq[,1:6]
colnames(QA_swq) <- c("Q", "A1", "A2", "A3", "A4", "A5", "A6")</pre>
aa = QA swq
aa = fun.change.to.other(aa, 16)
aa = fun.naming(aa)
all_sequence <- seqdef(aa)</pre>
   [!] found '-' character in state codes, not recommended
   [>] found missing values ('NA') in sequence data
    [>] preparing 3218 sequences
##
##
   [>] coding void elements with '%' and missing values with '*'
   [>] 16 distinct states appear in the data:
##
##
        1 =
##
        2 = ADM1
        3 = ADM2
##
##
        4 = ADM3
##
        5 = AREA
##
        6 = FRM
        7 = HTL
##
        8 = LCTY
##
        9 = OTHER
##
```

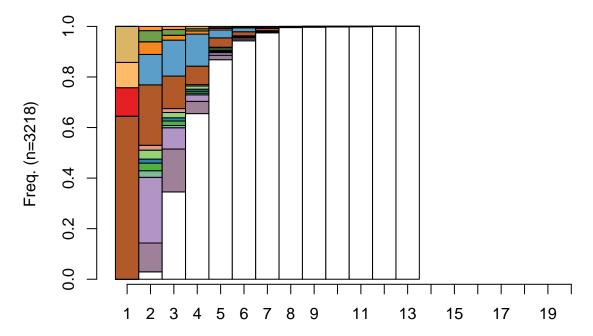
```
10 = PCLI
##
        11 = PPL
##
        12 = Q-ADM1
##
##
         . . .
## Warning: [!] No automatic color palette assigned because number of states > 12.
##
        Use 'cpal' argument to assign one.
##
    [>] state coding:
##
          [alphabet] [label] [long label]
##
##
        2 ADM1
                       ADM1
                                 ADM1
##
                       ADM2
        3 ADM2
                                 ADM2
##
##
        4 ADM3
                       ADM3
                                 ADM3
##
        5 AREA
                       AREA
                                 AREA
                       FRM
##
        6 FRM
                                 FRM
        7 HTL
                       \mathtt{HTL}
                                 HTL
##
##
        8 LCTY
                       LCTY
                                 LCTY
##
        9 OTHER
                       OTHER
                                 OTHER
##
        10 PCLI
                        PCLI
                                  PCLI
        11 PPL
##
                        PPL
                                  PPL
##
        12 Q-ADM1
                        Q-ADM1
                                  Q-ADM1
         ... (16 states)
##
    [>] no color palette attributed, provide one to use graphical functions
##
   [>] 3218 sequences in the data set
##
```

[>] min/max sequence length: 13/13

```
cpal(all_sequence)
```

NULL

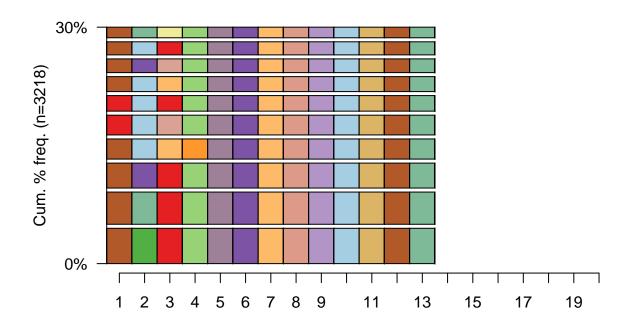
State Distribution of type in Answers



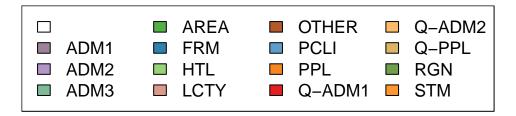
```
seqfplot(all_sequence, with.legend = F, border = T,
    main = "State Distribution of type in Answers")
```

```
## Warning in (function (seqdata, idxs = 1:10, weighted = TRUE, format = "SPS", :
## '-' character in states codes may cause invalid results
```

State Distribution of type in Answers



seqlegend(all_sequence, cex=1.1, ncol=4)



```
seqHtplot(all_sequence, title = "Entropy Index type in Answers")
```

[!] In rmarkdown::render() : title is deprecated, use main instead.

Entropy Index type in Answers

