

Data Analysis with python

December 20, 2024

```
[5]: import pandas as pd
```

```
[12]: # using the iris dataset
      from sklearn.datasets import load_iris
```

```
[52]: iris = load_iris()
      df = pd.DataFrame(data=iris.data, columns=iris.feature_names)
      df['species'] = iris.target # this is the target variable
```

```
[16]: df.head()
```

```
[16]:   sepal length (cm)  sepal width (cm)  petal length (cm)  petal width (cm) \
0                5.1                3.5                1.4                0.2
1                4.9                3.0                1.4                0.2
2                4.7                3.2                1.3                0.2
3                4.6                3.1                1.5                0.2
4                5.0                3.6                1.4                0.2

      species
0          0
1          0
2          0
3          0
4          0
```

```
[18]: df.info() # summary of the DataFrame
      df.isnull().sum() # counts number of missing values in each column
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 150 entries, 0 to 149
Data columns (total 5 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   sepal length (cm)      150 non-null   float64
1   sepal width (cm)       150 non-null   float64
2   petal length (cm)      150 non-null   float64
3   petal width (cm)       150 non-null   float64
4   species                150 non-null   int64
```

```
dtypes: float64(4), int64(1)
memory usage: 6.0 KB
```

```
[18]: sepal length (cm)    0
      sepal width (cm)    0
      petal length (cm)   0
      petal width (cm)    0
      species             0
      dtype: int64
```

```
[20]: # drop any rows with missing values
      df.dropna(inplace=True)
```

```
[22]: # basic statistics - mean, median , standard deviation etc
      df.describe()
```

```
[22]:
```

	sepal length (cm)	sepal width (cm)	petal length (cm)	\
count	150.000000	150.000000	150.000000	
mean	5.843333	3.057333	3.758000	
std	0.828066	0.435866	1.765298	
min	4.300000	2.000000	1.000000	
25%	5.100000	2.800000	1.600000	
50%	5.800000	3.000000	4.350000	
75%	6.400000	3.300000	5.100000	
max	7.900000	4.400000	6.900000	

	petal width (cm)	species
count	150.000000	150.000000
mean	1.199333	1.000000
std	0.762238	0.819232
min	0.100000	0.000000
25%	0.300000	0.000000
50%	1.300000	1.000000
75%	1.800000	2.000000
max	2.500000	2.000000

```
[24]: # group by species and compute mean
      group_means = df.groupby('species').mean()
      group_means
```

```
[24]:
```

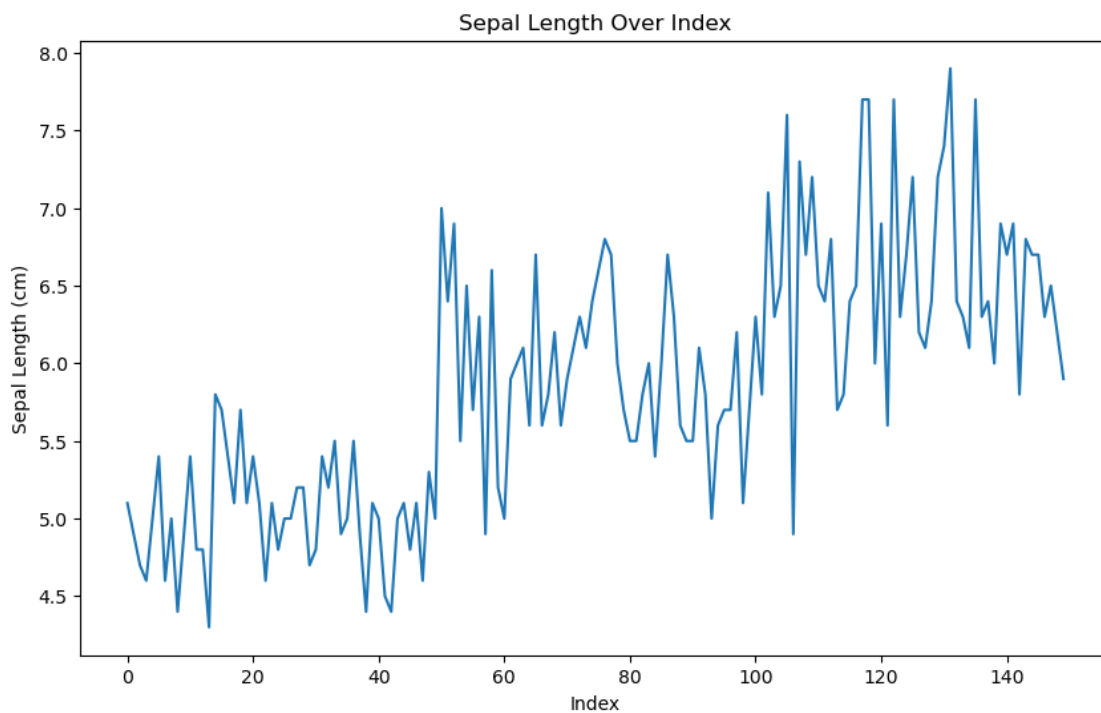
	sepal length (cm)	sepal width (cm)	petal length (cm)	\
species				
0	5.006	3.428	1.462	
1	5.936	2.770	4.260	
2	6.588	2.974	5.552	

	petal width (cm)
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```
species
0          0.246
1          1.326
2          2.026
```

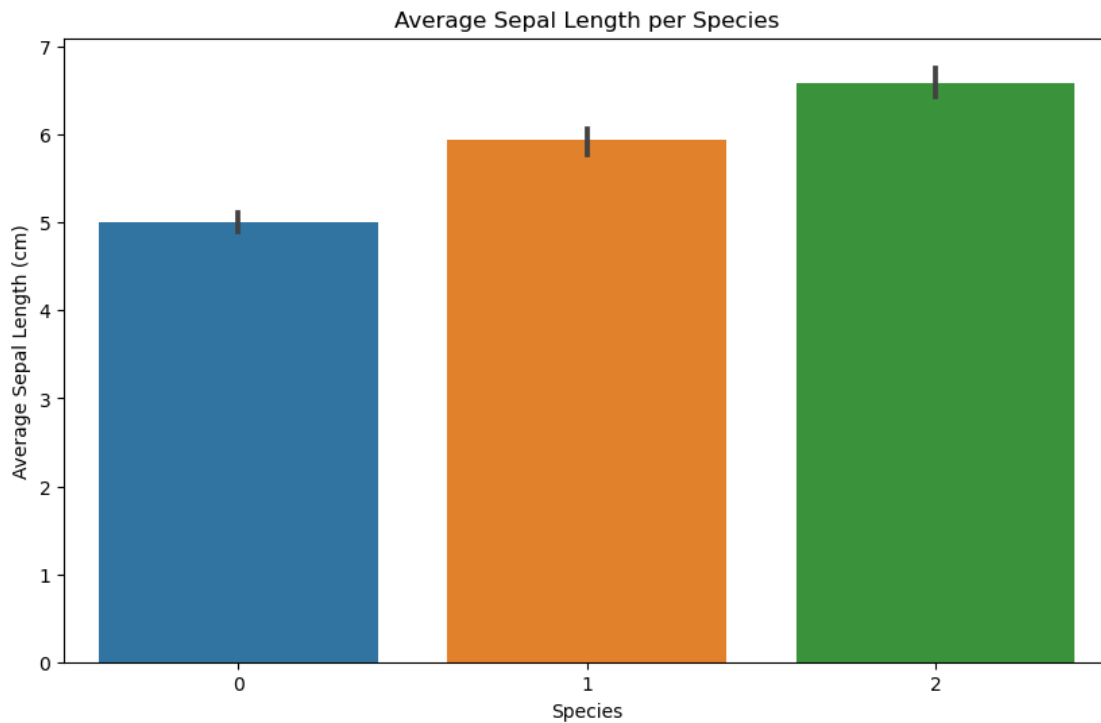
```
[42]: # Data Visualization
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt # for creating plots
import seaborn as sns # for more advanced and attractive data visualizations
import numpy as np # for numerical operations
```

```
[44]: # Line chart
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.plot(df.index, df['sepal length (cm)'])
# Plotting 'sepal length()' against index
plt.title('Sepal Length Over Index')
plt.xlabel('Index')
plt.ylabel('Sepal Length (cm)')
plt.show()
```



```
[46]: # Bar chart
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.barplot(x=df['species'], y=df['sepal length (cm)'], estimator=np.mean)
plt.title('Average Sepal Length per Species')
plt.xlabel('Species')
```

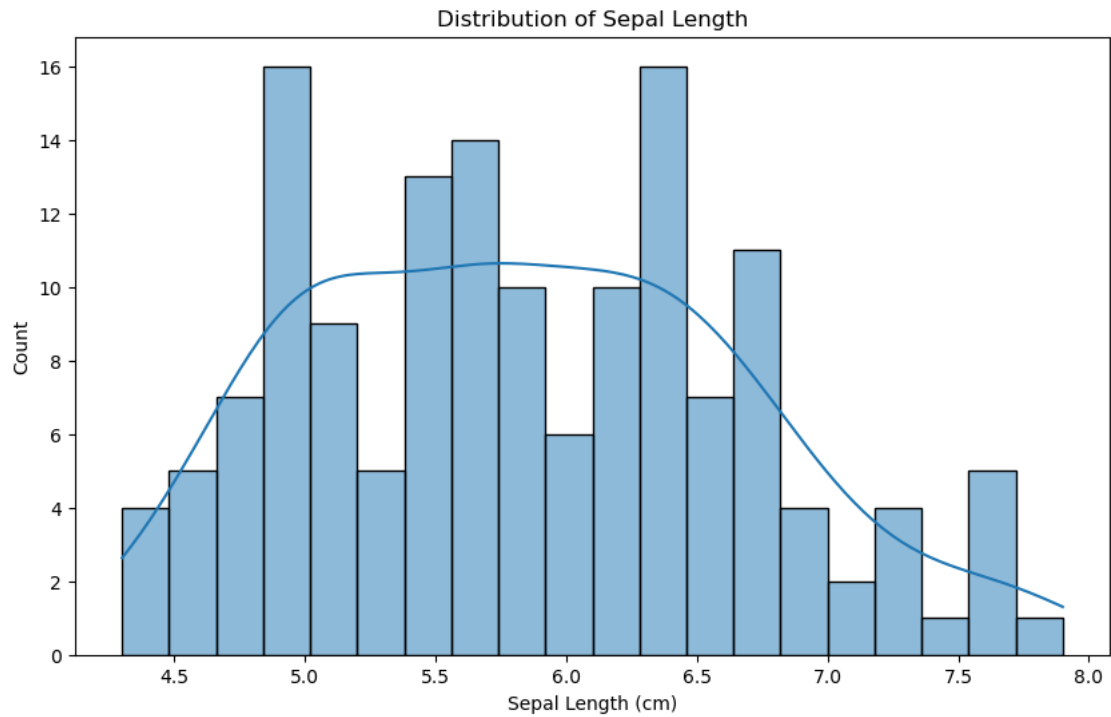
```
plt.ylabel('Average Sepal Length (cm)')
plt.show()
```



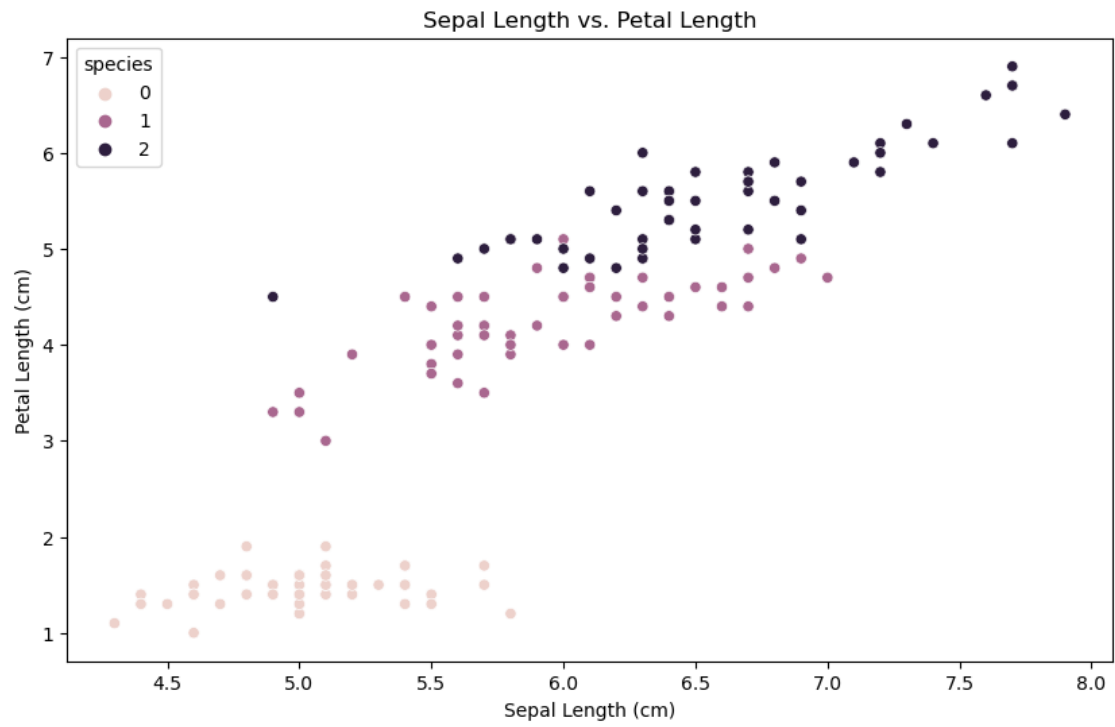
```
[48]: # Histogram
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.histplot(df['sepal length (cm)'], bins=20, kde=True)
# Histogram with a kernel density estimate (kde) overlay
plt.title('Distribution of Sepal Length')
plt.xlabel('Sepal Length (cm)')
plt.show()
```

```
/opt/conda/envs/anaconda-2024.02-py310/lib/python3.10/site-
packages/seaborn/_oldcore.py:1119: FutureWarning: use_inf_as_na option is
deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Convert inf values to NaN
before operating instead.
```

```
    with pd.option_context('mode.use_inf_as_na', True):
```



```
[50]: # Scatter plot
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.scatterplot(x=df['sepal length (cm)'], y=df['petal length (cm)'],
               hue=df['species'])
# Scatter Plot with different colors for each species
plt.title('Sepal Length vs. Petal Length')
plt.xlabel('Sepal Length (cm)')
plt.ylabel('Petal Length (cm)')
plt.show()
```



[]: