

# WAL Data Analysis

```
usethis::use_git_config(user.name = "hanastepnick", user.email = "hana.stepnick@duke.edu")
```

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## -- Attaching packages ----- tidyverse 1.3.0 --
```

```
## v tibble 3.0.3      v purrr 0.3.4
## v tidyr  1.1.1      v dplyr 1.0.1
## v readr  1.3.1      v forcats 0.5.0
```

```
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
```

```
## x lubridate::as.difftime() masks base::as.difftime()
## x lubridate::date()        masks base::date()
## x dplyr::filter()          masks stats::filter()
## x readr::guess_encoding()  masks rvest::guess_encoding()
## x lubridate::intersect()   masks base::intersect()
## x dplyr::lag()              masks stats::lag()
## x purrr::pluck()           masks rvest::pluck()
## x lubridate::setdiff()     masks base::setdiff()
## x lubridate::union()       masks base::union()
```

```
library(infer)
```

```
wal <- read_csv("wal.csv")
```

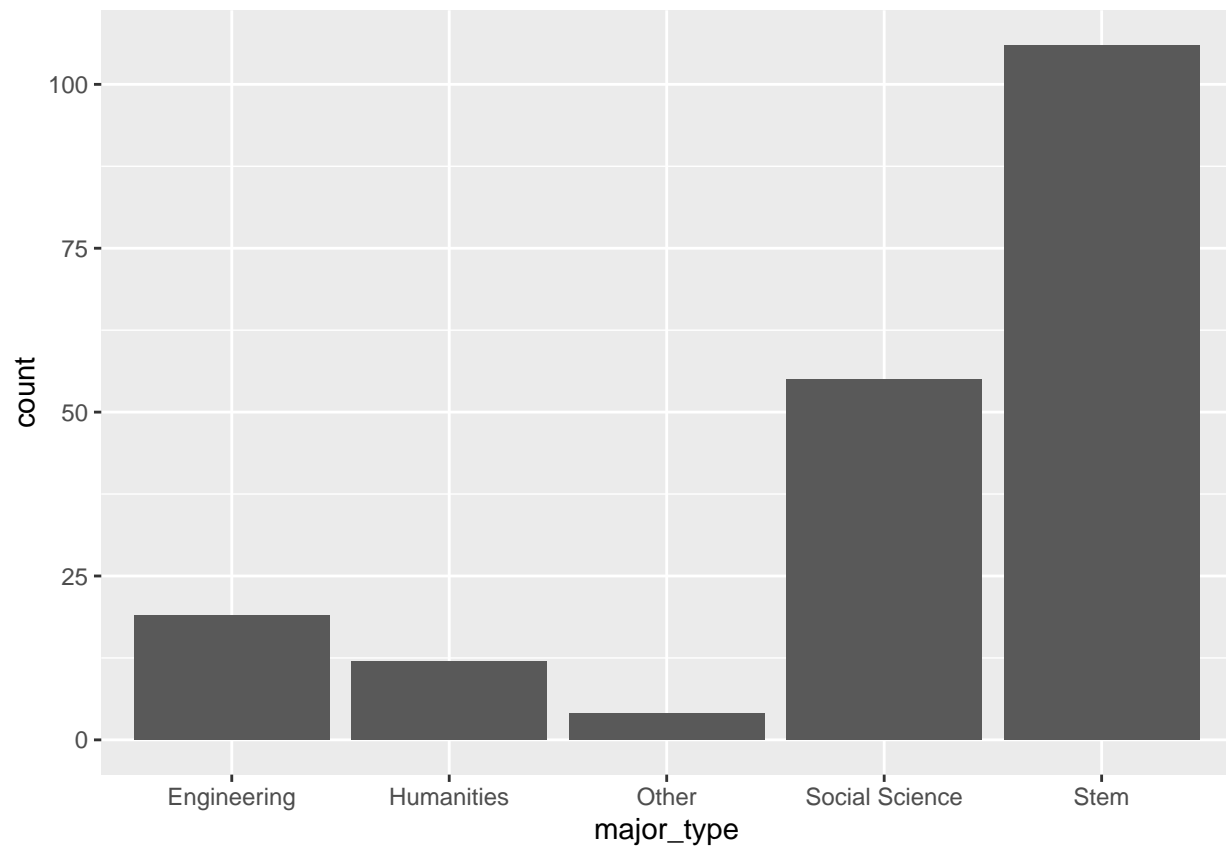
```
## Parsed with column specification:
```

```
## cols(
##   year = col_character(),
##   major = col_character(),
##   major_type = col_character(),
##   hispanic = col_character(),
##   race = col_character(),
##   ask_question = col_double(),
##   answer_question = col_double(),
##   reach_male = col_double(),
##   reach_female = col_double(),
##   lead_group = col_double(),
##   disagree = col_double(),
##   accountable = col_double(),
##   breakdown = col_double(),
##   gender = col_character()
## )
```

```
majors <- wal %>%
  distinct(major)
```

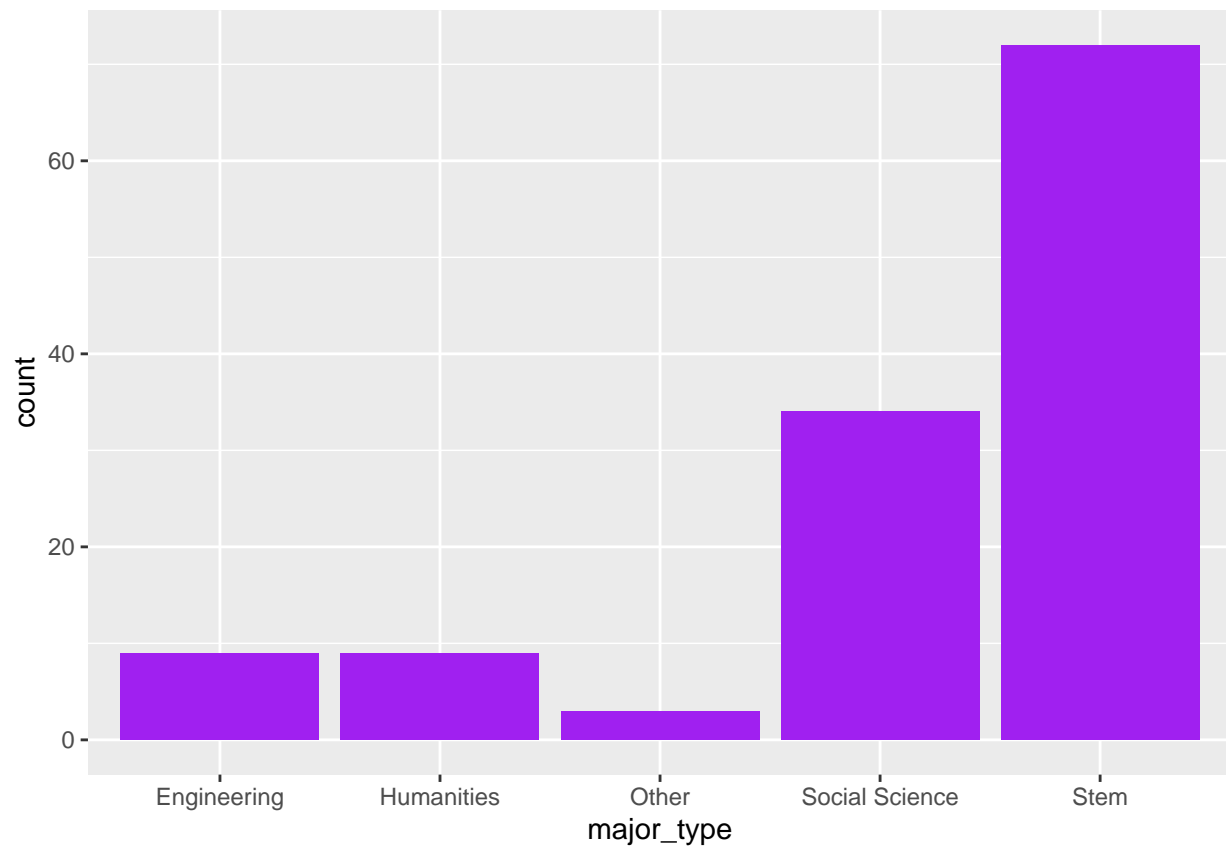
Distribution of all major breakdowns:

```
ggplot(data = wal, mapping = aes(x = major_type)) +
  geom_bar()
```



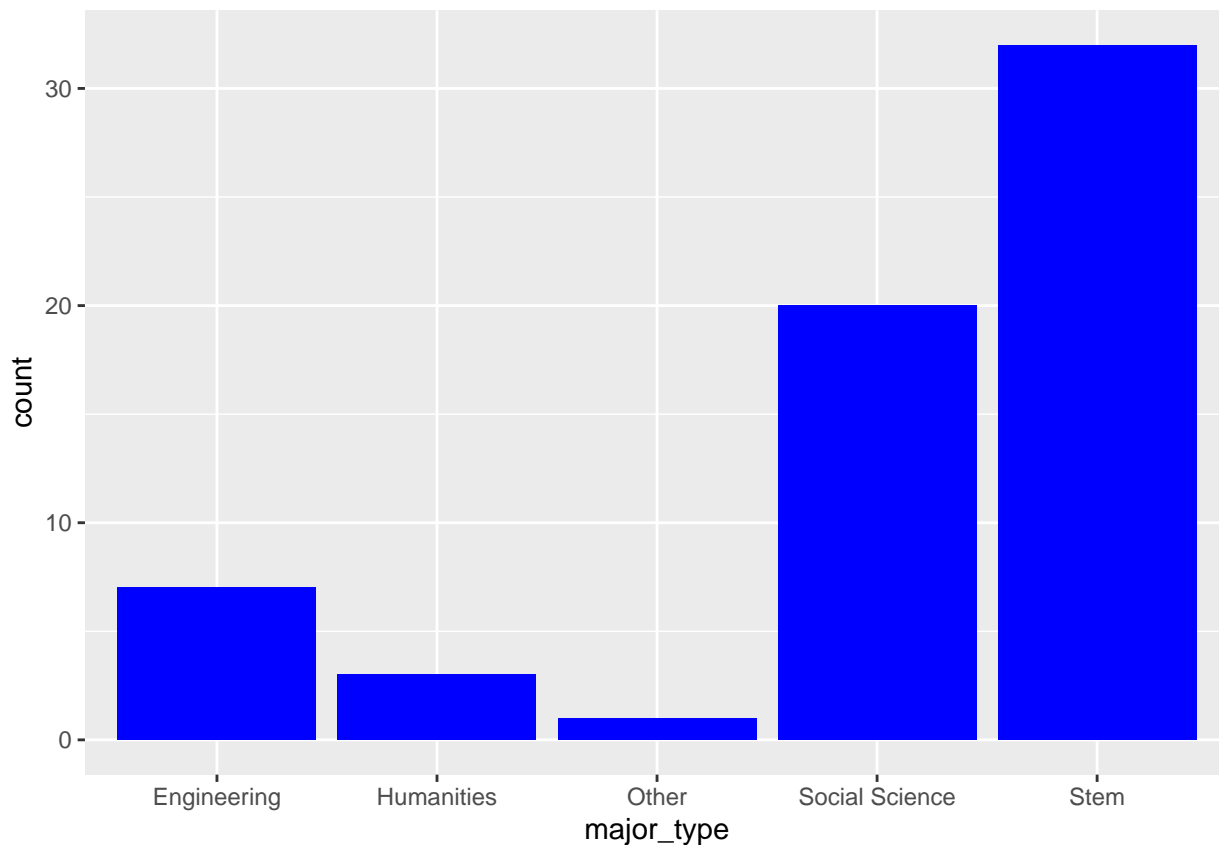
Distribution of major breakdowns for females:

```
wal_female <- wal %>%  
  filter(gender == "Female")  
  
ggplot(data = wal_female, mapping = aes(x = major_type)) +  
  geom_bar(fill = "purple")
```



Distribution of major breakdowns for males:

```
wal_male <- wal %>%  
  filter(gender == "Male")  
  
ggplot(data = wal_male, mapping = aes(x = major_type)) +  
  geom_bar(fill = "blue")
```



Asking question:

```
mean(wal_female$ask_question, na.rm = FALSE)
```

```
## [1] 3.661417
```

```
mean(wal_male$ask_question, na.rm = FALSE)
```

```
## [1] 3.698413
```

```
wal_male_female <- wal %>%
  filter(gender == "Female" | gender == "Male")
```

```
t_ask <- wal_male_female %>%
  t_test(ask_question ~ gender,
        order = c("Female", "Male"),
        alternative = "less",
        conf_int = FALSE)
```

```
t_ask
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 4
##   statistic t_df p_value alternative
##   <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
## 1    -0.212  112.    0.416 less
```

Answering question:

```
mean(wal_female$answer_question, na.rm = FALSE)
```

```
## [1] 3.338583
```

```
mean(wal_male$answer_question, na.rm = FALSE)
```

```
## [1] 3.587302
```

```
t_answer <- wal_male_female %>%  
  t_test(answer_question ~ gender,  
    order = c("Female", "Male"),  
    alternative = "less",  
    conf_int = FALSE)  
t_answer
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 4  
##   statistic t_df p_value alternative  
##   <dbl> <dbl>   <dbl> <chr>  
## 1     -1.40  114.  0.0823 less
```

Reach out to male prof:

```
mean(wal_female$reach_male, na.rm = FALSE)
```

```
## [1] 3.472441
```

```
mean(wal_male$reach_male, na.rm = FALSE)
```

```
## [1] 4.333333
```

```
t_reach_male <- wal_male_female %>%  
  t_test(reach_male ~ gender,  
    order = c("Female", "Male"),  
    alternative = "less",  
    conf_int = FALSE)  
t_reach_male
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 4  
##   statistic t_df      p_value alternative  
##   <dbl> <dbl>         <dbl> <chr>  
## 1     -5.60  151. 0.0000000502 less
```

Reach out to female prof:

```
mean(wal_female$reach_female, na.rm = FALSE)
```

```
## [1] 4.362205
```

```
mean(wal_male$reach_female, na.rm = FALSE)
```

```
## [1] 4.349206
```

```
t_reach_female <- wal_male_female %>%  
  t_test(reach_female ~ gender,  
    order = c("Male", "Female"),  
    alternative = "less",  
    conf_int = FALSE)  
t_reach_female
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 4  
##   statistic t_df p_value alternative  
##   <dbl> <dbl>   <dbl> <chr>  
## 1   -0.0894  104.   0.464 less
```

Comfort with disagreeing with group:

```

mean(wal_female$disagree, na.rm = FALSE)

## [1] 3.629921

mean(wal_male$disagree, na.rm = FALSE)

## [1] 3.555556

t_disagree <- wal_male_female %>%
  t_test(lead_group ~ gender,
    order = c("Male", "Female"),
    alternative = "less",
    conf_int = FALSE)
t_disagree

## # A tibble: 1 x 4
##   statistic t_df p_value alternative
##       <dbl> <dbl>   <dbl>   <chr>
## 1    -0.801  107.    0.212 less

Comfort with keeping others accountable:

mean(wal_female$accountable, na.rm = FALSE)

## [1] 3.362205

mean(wal_male$accountable, na.rm = FALSE)

## [1] 3.365079

t_accountable <- wal_male_female %>%
  t_test(lead_group ~ gender,
    order = c("Female", "Male"),
    alternative = "less",
    conf_int = FALSE)
t_accountable

## # A tibble: 1 x 4
##   statistic t_df p_value alternative
##       <dbl> <dbl>   <dbl>   <chr>
## 1     0.801  107.    0.788 less

Perceptions of major breakdowns:

wal_stem <- wal %>%
  filter(major_type == "Stem")

mean(wal_stem$breakdown, na.rm = FALSE)

## [1] 5.028302

wal_humanities <- wal %>%
  filter(major_type == "Humanities")

mean(wal_humanities$breakdown, na.rm = FALSE)

## [1] 5.083333

wal_social_science <- wal %>%
  filter(major_type == "Social Science")

```

```

mean(wal_social_science$breakdown, na.rm = FALSE)

## [1] 4.909091

wal_engineering <- wal %>%
  filter(major_type == "Engineering")

mean(wal_engineering$breakdown, na.rm = FALSE)

## [1] 4.105263

wal_stem_engineering <- wal %>%
  filter(major_type == "Engineering" | major_type == "Stem")

mean(wal_stem_engineering$breakdown, na.rm = FALSE)

## [1] 4.888

Engineering vs SS Gender Breakdown:

wal_engineering_ss <- wal %>%
  filter(major_type == "Engineering" | major_type == "Social Science")

t_engineering_ss_breakdown <- wal_engineering_ss %>%
  t_test(breakdown ~ major_type,
        order = c("Engineering", "Social Science"),
        alternative = "less",
        conf_int = FALSE)

t_engineering_ss_breakdown

## # A tibble: 1 x 4
##   statistic t_df p_value alternative
##       <dbl> <dbl>   <dbl>   <chr>
## 1      -2.70  44.8 0.00486 less

```