HX-Citadel Fleet FQDN Documentation Analysis

Date: October 12, 2025
Analyst: DeepAgent
Status: Comprehensive Review Complete
Domain: `dev-test.hana-x.ai`

Executive Summary

The `docs/fqdn` directory contains comprehensive FQDN policy documentation, enforcement tooling, and remediation reports for the HX-Citadel fleet. The documentation demonstrates a mature approach to infrastructure management with automated policy enforcement and complete remediation tracking.

Key Findings:
- ✅ **17 hosts** in the fleet, all properly mapped to FQDNs
- ✅ **Zero violations** in production roles after remediation
- ✅ **Automated enforcement** via pre-commit hooks and Ansible guardrails
- ✅ **Complete audit trail** from violation detection to remediation
- ⚠️ **Documentation may be outdated** compared to current playbooks (as noted by user)

Fleet Architecture Overview

Domain Structure

```
graph TB
    subgraph "HX-Citadel Fleet - dev-test.hana-x.ai"
        subgraph "Infrastructure Core"
            DC[hx-dc-server<br/>192.168.10.2<br/>Domain Controller]
            CA[hx-ca-server<br/>192.168.10.4<br/>Certificate Authority]
            FS[hx-fs-server<br/>192.168.10.17<br/>File Server]
        end

        subgraph "Orchestration Layer"
            ORCH[hx-orchestrator-server<br/>192.168.10.8<br/>FastAPI Orchestrator]
            REDIS[hx-sqldb-server<br/>192.168.10.48<br/>PostgreSQL + Redis]
            VECTOR[hx-vectordb-server<br/>192.168.10.9<br/>Qdrant Vector DB]
        end

        subgraph "AI/ML Services"
            LITE[hx-litellm-server<br/>192.168.10.46<br/>LiteLLM Gateway]
            PRISMA[hx-prisma-server<br/>192.168.10.47<br/>Prisma Service]
            OL1[hx-ollama1<br/>192.168.10.50<br/>Ollama Instance 1]
            OL2[hx-ollama2<br/>192.168.10.52<br/>Ollama Instance 2]
            MCP[hx-mcp1-server<br/>192.168.10.59<br/>MCP Server]
        end

        subgraph "Frontend & UI"
            WEBUI[hx-webui-server<br/>192.168.10.11<br/>Web UI]
            QWEBUI[hx-qwebui-server<br/>192.168.10.53<br/>Qdrant Web UI]
        end

        subgraph "Development & Operations"
            DEV[hx-dev-server<br/>192.168.10.12<br/>Development]
            TEST[hx-test-server<br/>192.168.10.13<br/>Testing]
            DEVOPS[hx-devops-server<br/>192.168.10.14<br/>DevOps Tools]
            METRICS[hx-metrics-server<br/>192.168.10.16<br/>Prometheus/Grafana]
        end
    end

    DC -.DNS.-> ORCH
    DC -.DNS.-> WEBUI
    DC -.DNS.-> LITE

    ORCH --> REDIS
    ORCH --> VECTOR
    ORCH --> LITE

    LITE --> OL1
    LITE --> OL2

    WEBUI --> ORCH
    QWEBUI --> VECTOR

    METRICS -.monitors.-> ORCH
    METRICS -.monitors.-> REDIS
    METRICS -.monitors.-> VECTOR
```

Fleet Inventory

Complete Host Mapping

Short Name	FQDN	IP Address	Role/Purpose
hx-dc-server	hx-dc-server.dev-test.hana-x.ai	192.168.10.2	Domain Controller, DNS
hx-ca-server	hx-ca-server.dev-test.hana-x.ai	192.168.10.4	Certificate Authority
hx-orchestrator-server	hx-orchestrator-server.dev-test.hana-x.ai	192.168.10.8	FastAPI Orchestrator
hx-vectordb-server	hx-vectordb-server.dev-test.hana-x.ai	192.168.10.9	Qdrant Vector Database
hx-webui-server	hx-webui-server.dev-test.hana-x.ai	192.168.10.11	Primary Web UI
hx-dev-server	hx-dev-server.dev-test.hana-x.ai	192.168.10.12	Development Environment
hx-test-server	hx-test-server.dev-test.hana-x.ai	192.168.10.13	Testing Environment
hx-devops-server	hx-devops-server.dev-test.hana-x.ai	192.168.10.14	DevOps Tooling
hx-metrics-server	hx-metrics-server.dev-test.hana-x.ai	192.168.10.16	Prometheus/Grafana
hx-fs-server	hx-fs-server.dev-test.hana-x.ai	192.168.10.17	File Server/NFS
hx-litellm-server	hx-litellm-server.dev-test.hana-x.ai	192.168.10.46	LiteLLM API Gateway
hx-prisma-server	hx-prisma-server.dev-test.hana-x.ai	192.168.10.47	Prisma ORM Service
hx-sqldb-server	hx-sqldb-server.dev-test.hana-x.ai	192.168.10.48	PostgreSQL + Redis
hx-ollama1	hx-ollama1.dev-test.hana-x.ai	192.168.10.50	Ollama LLM Instance 1
hx-ollama2	hx-ollama2.dev-test.hana-x.ai	192.168.10.52	Ollama LLM Instance 2
hx-qwebui-server	hx-qwebui-server.dev-test.hana-x.ai	192.168.10.53	Qdrant Web UI

Short Name	FQDN	IP Address	Role/Purpose
hx-mcp1-server	hx-mcp1-server.dev-test.hana-x.ai	192.168.10.59	MCP Server

---

Service Dependencies

```
graph LR
    subgraph "Client Layer"
        WEBUI[Web UI<br/>:11]
        QWEBUI[Qdrant UI<br/>:53]
        DEV[Dev Server<br/>:12]
    end

    subgraph "API Gateway"
        ORCH[Orchestrator<br/>:8<br/>Port 8000]
        LITE[LiteLLM<br/>:46<br/>Port 4000]
    end

    subgraph "Data Layer"
        REDIS[Redis<br/>:48<br/>Port 6379]
        PG[PostgreSQL<br/>:48<br/>Port 5432]
        VECTOR[Qdrant<br/>:9<br/>Port 6333]
    end

    subgraph "AI Compute"
        OL1[Ollama 1<br/>:50<br/>Port 11434]
        OL2[Ollama 2<br/>:52<br/>Port 11434]
    end

    WEBUI -->|HTTP| ORCH
    DEV -->|HTTP| ORCH
    QWEBUI -->|HTTPS| VECTOR

    ORCH -->|PostgreSQL| PG
    ORCH -->|Redis| REDIS
    ORCH -->|HTTPS| VECTOR
    ORCH -->|HTTP| LITE

    LITE -->|HTTP| OL1
    LITE -->|HTTP| OL2

    style ORCH fill:#4a90e2
    style LITE fill:#4a90e2
    style REDIS fill:#e24a4a
    style PG fill:#e24a4a
    style VECTOR fill:#e24a4a
    style OL1 fill:#50c878
    style OL2 fill:#50c878
```

FQDN Policy Framework

Policy Hierarchy

```
graph TD
    POLICY[FQDN Policy<br/>Universal Instruction]

    POLICY --> ENFORCE[Enforcement Layer]
    POLICY --> REMEDIATE[Remediation Layer]
    POLICY --> PREVENT[Prevention Layer]

    ENFORCE --> ANSIBLE[Ansible Guardrails<br/>Build-time Checks]
    ENFORCE --> SCANNER[Shell Scanner<br/>scripts/check-fqdn.sh]

    REMEDIATE --> AUTO[Auto-fix Tasks<br/>IP → FQDN Mapping]
    REMEDIATE --> MANUAL[Manual Review<br/>Violation Reports]

    PREVENT --> PRECOMMIT[Pre-commit Hooks<br/>Git Integration]
    PREVENT --> CI[CI Pipeline<br/>Automated Testing]

    style POLICY fill:#ffd700
    style ENFORCE fill:#ff6b6b
    style REMEDIATE fill:#4ecdc4
    style PREVENT fill:#95e1d3
```

Forbidden Patterns

The policy prohibits the following patterns in production code:

1. **Loopback addresses**:
   - `localhost`
   - `127.0.0.1`
   - `::1`

2. **Raw IP addresses** (fleet subnet):
   - `192.168.10.x` (any host in the fleet subnet)

3. **Exceptions** (allowlisted):
   - Local bind interfaces (Redis, PostgreSQL)
   - Health check scripts (localhost validation)
   - Documentation examples
   - Test fixtures

Remediation Journey

Timeline

```
gantt
    title FQDN Remediation Timeline
    dateFormat YYYY-MM-DD
    section Discovery
    Initial Scan           :done, 2025-10-10, 1d
    Violation Report       :done, 2025-10-10, 1d
    section Remediation
    Critical Fixes (26)    :done, 2025-10-10, 1d
    Template Updates (8)   :done, 2025-10-10, 1d
    Documentation (5)      :done, 2025-10-10, 1d
    section Validation
    FQDN Scanner           :done, 2025-10-10, 1d
    Service Health Check   :done, 2025-10-10, 1d
    Pre-commit Install     :done, 2025-10-10, 1d
    section Enforcement
    Automated Hooks        :active, 2025-10-10, 30d
```

Violation Breakdown

```
pie title "35 Total Violations by Component"
    "Component 2 (FastAPI)" : 13
    "Component 4 (Redis)" : 2
    "Component 5 (Qdrant)" : 2
    "Component 3 (PostgreSQL)" : 1
    "Qdrant Web UI" : 1
    "Legacy FastAPI" : 2
    "FastMCP Server" : 2
    "Redis API Templates" : 2
    "Documentation" : 5
    "Other Templates" : 5
```

Technical Implementation

Variable Structure

The fleet uses a centralized FQDN mapping in `group_vars/all/fqdn_map.yml`:

```yaml
# Domain configuration
hx_domain: dev-test.hana-x.ai
hx_dc_ip: 192.168.10.2

# Short name → FQDN mapping
hx_hosts_fqdn:
  hx-orchestrator-server: hx-orchestrator-server.dev-test.hana-x.ai
  hx-sqldb-server: hx-sqldb-server.dev-test.hana-x.ai
  # ... 15 more hosts

# FQDN → IP mapping (for reporting only)
hx_hosts_ip:
  hx-orchestrator-server.dev-test.hana-x.ai: 192.168.10.8
  # ... 16 more hosts

# IP → FQDN mapping (for auto-remediation)
ip_map:
  "192.168.10.8": hx-orchestrator-server.dev-test.hana-x.ai
  # ... 16 more hosts
```

Usage Pattern in Templates

Before (hardcoded IP):

```yaml
cors_origins:
  - "http://192.168.10.11"
  - "http://192.168.10.12:3000"
```

After (FQDN variable):

```yaml
cors_origins:
  - "http://{{ hx_hosts_fqdn['hx-webui-server'] }}"
  - "http://{{ hx_hosts_fqdn['hx-dev-server'] }}:3000"
```

Enforcement Mechanisms

1. Pre-commit Hook

Location: `.pre-commit-config.yaml`

```yaml
repos:
  - repo: local
    hooks:
      - id: fqdn-policy-enforcer
        name: HX-Citadel FQDN Policy Enforcer
        entry: bash scripts/check-fqdn.sh .
        language: system
        always_run: true
        pass_filenames: false
        stages: [commit, push]
```

Behavior:
- Runs before every `git commit` and `git push`

- Scans all files for forbidden patterns
- Blocks commit/push if violations found
- Execution time: ~1 second (using ripgrep)

2. Ansible Guardrail

Location: `roles/common_dns_guard/tasks/main.yml`

```yaml
- name: Scan for forbidden patterns
  ansible.builtin.shell: |
    grep -EnH -R \
      -e "{{ forbidden_patterns | join('" -e "') }}" \
      {{ guard_paths }} || true
  register: _grep_out

- name: Fail if violations found
  ansible.builtin.fail:
    msg: "Forbidden non-FQDN usage detected"
  when: _grep_out.stdout | length > 0
```

Behavior:
- Runs during Ansible playbook execution
- Fails deployment if violations detected
- Provides detailed violation report

3. Shell Scanner

Location: `scripts/check-fqdn.sh`

Features:
- Uses `ripgrep` (fast) or falls back to `grep`
- Respects `.fqdn-allowlist` for legitimate exceptions
- Provides IP→FQDN mapping suggestions
- Exit code 1 on violations (CI-friendly)

Network Topology

IP Address Allocation

```
graph TB
    subgraph "192.168.10.0/24 Subnet"
        subgraph "Infrastructure (.2-.17)"
            DC[.2 DC]
            CA[.4 CA]
            ORCH[.8 Orchestrator]
            VECTOR[.9 Vector DB]
            WEBUI[.11 Web UI]
            DEV[.12 Dev]
            TEST[.13 Test]
            DEVOPS[.14 DevOps]
            METRICS[.16 Metrics]
            FS[.17 File Server]
        end

        subgraph "Services (.46-.59)"
            LITE[.46 LiteLLM]
            PRISMA[.47 Prisma]
            SQLDB[.48 SQL+Redis]
            OL1[.50 Ollama1]
            OL2[.52 Ollama2]
            QWEBUI[.53 Qdrant UI]
            MCP[.59 MCP]
        end
    end

    style DC fill:#ff6b6b
    style CA fill:#ff6b6b
    style ORCH fill:#4a90e2
    style VECTOR fill:#e24a4a
    style SQLDB fill:#e24a4a
    style LITE fill:#4a90e2
    style OL1 fill:#50c878
    style OL2 fill:#50c878
```

Allocation Strategy:
- `.2-.17` : Infrastructure and development hosts
- `.46-.59` : Application services and AI/ML workloads
- Gaps in numbering suggest room for expansion

Key Strengths

1. Comprehensive Documentation ✅

- **Policy document**: Clear universal instruction for AI/scripts/agents
- **Violation report**: Detailed breakdown with fix recommendations
- **Remediation report**: Complete audit trail with verification results
- **README**: High-level overview with quick reference

2. Automated Enforcement ✅

- **Pre-commit hooks**: Prevent violations at commit time

- **Ansible guardrails**: Fail deployments with violations
- **Shell scanner**: Fast, CI-friendly validation
- **Allowlist support**: Handles legitimate exceptions

3. Complete Remediation ✅

- **35 violations fixed**: 100% remediation rate
- **Zero technical debt**: Clean foundation for future work
- **Service stability**: Health checks passed throughout
- **Automated testing**: Pre-commit validation confirms compliance

4. Maintainability ✅

- **Single source of truth**: `group_vars/all/fqdn_map.yml`
- **Variable-based templates**: Easy to update fleet-wide
- **Clear naming conventions**: Consistent `hx-*-server` pattern
- **Documentation**: Well-structured and comprehensive

Identified Gaps & Recommendations

1. Documentation Synchronization ⚠️

Issue: User noted that fleet documentation may be outdated compared to playbooks.

Recommendations:
1. **Audit playbooks** against fleet inventory:
```bash
# Extract hosts from playbooks
grep -r “hosts:” playbooks/ | sort -u

# Compare with fqdn_map.yml
diff <(grep -r “hosts:” playbooks/ | cut -d: -f3 | sort -u) \
<(yq ‘.hx_hosts_fqdn | keys’ group_vars/all/fqdn_map.yml)
```

1. **Add validation task** to check playbook hosts exist in fqdn_map:
   ```yaml
   - name: Validate all playbook hosts have FQDN mappings
     assert:
       that: item in hx_hosts_fqdn.keys()
       fail_msg: "Host {{ item }} not found in fqdn_map.yml"
     loop: "{{ groups['all'] }}"
   ```

2. **Document update process**:
   - When adding new host: Update `fqdn_map.yml` first
   - When removing host: Update playbooks, then `fqdn_map.yml`
   - Run FQDN scanner after any fleet changes

2. Missing Service Ports Documentation 📝

Issue: Port numbers scattered across templates, no central reference.

Recommendation: Create `docs/fqdn/SERVICE_PORTS.md`:

```
# HX-Citadel Service Ports

| Service | Host | Port | Protocol | Purpose |
|---------|------|------|----------|---------|
| FastAPI Orchestrator | hx-orchestrator-server | 8000 | HTTP | Main API |
| LiteLLM Gateway | hx-litellm-server | 4000 | HTTP | LLM Proxy |
| Qdrant Vector DB | hx-vectordb-server | 6333 | HTTPS | Vector Search |
| PostgreSQL | hx-sqldb-server | 5432 | TCP | Database |
| Redis | hx-sqldb-server | 6379 | TCP | Cache/Queue |
| Ollama 1 | hx-ollama1 | 11434 | HTTP | LLM Inference |
| Ollama 2 | hx-ollama2 | 11434 | HTTP | LLM Inference |
```

3. Network Diagram Automation 🔄

Issue: Mermaid diagrams in this analysis are manually created.

Recommendation: Generate diagrams from `fqdn_map.yml`:

```python
#!/usr/bin/env python3
"""Generate fleet network diagram from fqdn_map.yml"""

import yaml
from pathlib import Path

def generate_mermaid_diagram(fqdn_map_path):
    with open(fqdn_map_path) as f:
        data = yaml.safe_load(f)

    # Generate mermaid graph from hx_hosts_fqdn and hx_hosts_ip
    # Output to docs/fqdn/FLEET_DIAGRAM.md
    pass

if __name__ == "__main__":
    generate_mermaid_diagram("group_vars/all/fqdn_map.yml")
```

4. Health Check Dashboard 📊

Issue: No centralized view of fleet health.

Recommendation: Create Ansible playbook to check all hosts:

```yaml
---
# playbooks/fleet-health-check.yml
- name: HX-Citadel Fleet Health Check
  hosts: all
  gather_facts: yes
  tasks:
    - name: Check DNS resolution
      command: "nslookup {{ inventory_hostname }}.{{ hx_domain }}"
      register: dns_check

    - name: Check service ports
      wait_for:
        host: "{{ inventory_hostname }}.{{ hx_domain }}"
        port: "{{ item }}"
        timeout: 5
      loop: "{{ service_ports | default([]) }}"

    - name: Generate health report
      template:
        src: health-report.md.j2
        dest: /tmp/fleet-health-{{ ansible_date_time.date }}.md
      delegate_to: localhost
      run_once: yes
```

5. Disaster Recovery Documentation 🚨

Issue: No documented procedure for fleet-wide IP changes.

Recommendation: Create `docs/fqdn/DISASTER_RECOVERY.md`:

```
# Fleet IP Change Procedure

## Scenario: Subnet Migration (192.168.10.x → 10.0.0.x)

1. Update DNS records on hx-dc-server
2. Update `group_vars/all/fqdn_map.yml` (hx_hosts_ip only)
3. Run playbooks (FQDNs remain unchanged)
4. Verify services with health checks
5. Update monitoring dashboards

**Key Insight**: FQDN-based architecture means IP changes
require NO code changes, only DNS and variable updates.
```

Compliance Status

Current State

Category	Status	Details
Production Roles	✅ 100% Compliant	0 violations in `roles/`
Templates	✅ 100% Compliant	All IPs replaced with variables
Documentation	⚠️ Partially Compliant	Examples use FQDNs, but may be outdated
Pre-commit Hooks	✅ Installed	Enforcing on all commits/pushes
Ansible Guardrails	✅ Active	Failing builds on violations
Service Health	✅ Operational	All services responding

Verification Commands

```
# 1. Check for violations in production code
bash scripts/check-fqdn.sh roles/

# 2. Verify pre-commit hooks installed
pre-commit run --all-files

# 3. Test Ansible syntax
ansible-playbook playbooks/deploy-orchestrator.yml --syntax-check

# 4. Check service health
curl http://hx-orchestrator-server.dev-test.hana-x.ai:8000/health

# 5. Validate DNS resolution
for host in $(yq '.hx_hosts_fqdn | keys | .[]' group_vars/all/fqdn_map.yml); do
  nslookup "$host.dev-test.hana-x.ai"
done
```

Usage Guidelines for Engineers

Adding a New Host

1. **Update FQDN map** (`group_vars/all/fqdn_map.yml`):
   ```yaml
   hx_hosts_fqdn:
   hx-newhost-server: hx-newhost-server.dev-test.hana-x.ai

hx_hosts_ip:
hx-newhost-server.dev-test.hana-x.ai: 192.168.10.XX
```

ip_map:
“192.168.10.XX”: hx-newhost-server.dev-test.hana-x.ai
```

1. **Use in templates**:
   `yaml`
   `new_service_url: "http://{{ hx_hosts_fqdn['hx-newhost-server'] }}:PORT"`

2. **Run FQDN scanner**:
   `bash`
   `bash scripts/check-fqdn.sh .`

3. **Commit with pre-commit validation**:
   `bash`
   `git add group_vars/all/fqdn_map.yml roles/*/`
   `git commit -m "Add hx-newhost-server to fleet"`
   `# Pre-commit hook runs automatically`

## Troubleshooting Violations

**Scenario**: Pre-commit hook blocks your commit.

```
# 1. See what was caught
bash scripts/check-fqdn.sh .

# 2. Fix violations
# Replace: http://192.168.10.XX:PORT
# With:    http://{{ hx_hosts_fqdn['hx-host-server'] }}:PORT

# 3. Verify fix
bash scripts/check-fqdn.sh .

# 4. Commit again
git commit -m "Fix FQDN violations"
```

Legitimate Localhost Usage

When localhost/127.0.0.1 IS allowed:
- Local bind interfaces (Redis: `bind 127.0.0.1`)
- Health check scripts (testing local process)
- Development-only configurations
- Test fixtures

Add to allowlist (`.fqdn-allowlist`):

```
# Health check script - localhost is intentional
roles/myservice/templates/health-check.sh.j2:.*localhost
```

```

Performance Metrics

Scanner Performance

Tool	Scan Time	Files Scanned	Violations Found
ripgrep	~1 second	~500 files	0 (post-remediation)
grep (fallback)	~3 seconds	~500 files	0 (post-remediation)

Remediation Impact

Metric	Before	After	Improvement
Hardcoded IPs	26	0	100%
Localhost refs (non-legit)	9	0	100%
FQDN compliance	0%	100%	+100%
Service downtime	0 min	0 min	No impact
Deployment time	N/A	+2 sec	Minimal overhead

Future Enhancements

Short-term (Next Sprint)

1. **Sync documentation with playbooks**
   - Audit all playbook hosts
   - Update fqdn_map.yml if needed
   - Document any deprecated hosts

2. **Add service port reference**
   - Create SERVICE_PORTS.md
   - Link from main README

3. **Improve pre-commit feedback**
   - Show IP→FQDN suggestions inline
   - Add quick-fix script

Medium-term (Next Quarter)

1. **Automated diagram generation**
   - Script to generate Mermaid from fqdn_map.yml
   - Run in CI to keep diagrams current

2. **Fleet health dashboard**
   - Ansible playbook for health checks

   - HTML report with status indicators
   - Integration with hx-metrics-server

3. **Disaster recovery procedures**
   - Document IP migration process
   - Create runbooks for common scenarios
   - Test procedures in staging

Long-term (Next Year)

1. **Multi-environment support**
   - Extend to prod.hana-x.ai
   - Separate fqdn_map per environment
   - Environment-aware scanner

2. **Service mesh integration**
   - Evaluate Consul/Istio for service discovery
   - Migrate from static DNS to dynamic discovery
   - Maintain FQDN policy in service mesh

3. **Automated compliance reporting**
   - Weekly FQDN compliance reports
   - Trend analysis (violations over time)
   - Integration with security dashboards

Conclusion

The HX-Citadel fleet FQDN documentation demonstrates **mature infrastructure management** with:

✅ **Complete fleet inventory** (17 hosts, all mapped)
✅ **Automated policy enforcement** (pre-commit + Ansible)
✅ **Zero violations** in production code
✅ **Comprehensive audit trail** (detection → remediation → verification)
✅ **Maintainable architecture** (single source of truth)

Recommendations for Engineer:
1. **Verify documentation sync** with current playbooks
2. **Add service port reference** for quick lookup
3. **Create health check dashboard** for fleet monitoring
4. **Document disaster recovery** procedures
5. **Consider automated diagram generation** to keep visuals current

Overall Assessment: 🟢 **Excellent** - Production-ready with minor documentation gaps

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Analysis Date: October 12, 2025
Analyst: DeepAgent
Next Review: When new hosts added or major fleet changes occur
Contact: Refer to project maintainers for questions

Appendix: Quick Reference

Essential Commands

```
# Check FQDN compliance
bash scripts/check-fqdn.sh .

# Install pre-commit hooks
pre-commit install --hook-type pre-commit --hook-type pre-push

# Run pre-commit on all files
pre-commit run --all-files

# Test Ansible syntax
ansible-playbook playbooks/deploy-orchestrator.yml --syntax-check

# Check orchestrator health
curl http://hx-orchestrator-server.dev-test.hana-x.ai:8000/health

# Resolve all fleet FQDNs
for host in hx-{dc,ca,orchestrator,vectordb,litellm,prisma,sqldb,ollama{1,2},webui,qwe
bui,dev,test,devops,metrics,fs,mcp1}-server; do
  echo -n "$host: "
  nslookup "$host.dev-test.hana-x.ai" | grep Address | tail -1 | awk '{print $2}'
done
```

Key Files

File	Purpose
`group_vars/all/fqdn_map.yml`	Fleet FQDN/IP mappings
`scripts/check-fqdn.sh`	FQDN policy scanner
`.pre-commit-config.yaml`	Git hook configuration
`.fqdn-allowlist`	Legitimate localhost exceptions
`docs/fqdn/fleetwide_fqdn_policy_ansible_validation.md`	Policy document
`docs/fqdn/FQDN_VIOLATIONS_REPORT.md`	Original violation report
`docs/fqdn/FQDN_REMEDIATION_COMPLETE.md`	Remediation completion report

Support Resources

- **FQDN Policy**: `docs/fqdn/fleetwide_fqdn_policy_ansible_validation.md`
- **Violation History**: `docs/fqdn/FQDN_VIOLATIONS_REPORT.md`
- **Remediation Details**: `docs/fqdn/FQDN_REMEDIATION_COMPLETE.md`
- **Fleet Inventory**: `group_vars/all/fqdn_map.yml`
- **Pre-commit Docs**: https://pre-commit.com/

End of Fleet FQDN Analysis