

Security Assessment

Hanchain

CertiK Assessed on Feb 18th, 2024







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Hanchain

The security assessment was prepared by CertiK, the leader in Web3.0 security.

Executive Summary

TYPES ECOSYSTEM METHODS

DeFi Ethereum (ETH) Manual Review, Static Analysis

LANGUAGE TIMELINE KEY COMPONENTS

Solidity Delivered on 02/18/2024 N/A

CODEBASE

https://github.com/hanchain-paykhan/hanchain

View All in Codebase Page

COMMITS

base1: c9246c9e9f49d0da7cc93f40ed93fdafe7a61f83 base2: f8f6cc6a0917f1f4cd665780d964ef20f67e086d

View All in Codebase Page

Vulnerability Summary

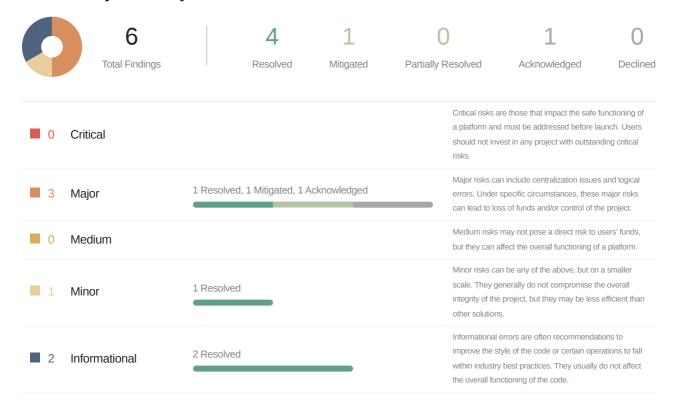




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Disclaimer



CODEBASE HANCHAIN

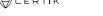
Repository

https://github.com/hanchain-paykhan/hanchain

Commit

base1: c9246c9e9f49d0da7cc93f40ed93fdafe7a61f83

base2: f8f6cc6a0917f1f4cd665780d964ef20f67e086d



AUDIT SCOPE HANCHAIN

2 files audited • 1 file with Mitigated findings • 1 file without findings

ID	Repo	File	SHA256 Checksum
• TTB	hanchain- paykhan/hanchain	contracts/TokenTimelock.sol	261591c77b8ad03ec3b11b57009926c82ae 1bda3b2ffa1cbf977dd0227028cff
• HCU	hanchain- paykhan/hanchain	contracts/HanChain.sol	871bcc62c468a291d47d0f0c230bdd780ee7 ce4f0853e5a342a3f2d37970b12c



APPROACH & METHODS HANCHAIN

This report has been prepared for Hanchain to discover issues and vulnerabilities in the source code of the Hanchain project as well as any contract dependencies that were not part of an officially recognized library. A comprehensive examination has been performed, utilizing Manual Review and Static Analysis techniques.

The auditing process pays special attention to the following considerations:

- Testing the smart contracts against both common and uncommon attack vectors.
- Assessing the codebase to ensure compliance with current best practices and industry standards.
- · Ensuring contract logic meets the specifications and intentions of the client.
- · Cross referencing contract structure and implementation against similar smart contracts produced by industry leaders.
- Thorough line-by-line manual review of the entire codebase by industry experts.

The security assessment resulted in findings that ranged from critical to informational. We recommend addressing these findings to ensure a high level of security standards and industry practices. We suggest recommendations that could better serve the project from the security perspective:

- Testing the smart contracts against both common and uncommon attack vectors;
- Enhance general coding practices for better structures of source codes;
- Add enough unit tests to cover the possible use cases;
- · Provide more comments per each function for readability, especially contracts that are verified in public;
- Provide more transparency on privileged activities once the protocol is live.



FINDINGS HANCHAIN



This report has been prepared to discover issues and vulnerabilities for Hanchain. Through this audit, we have uncovered 6 issues ranging from different severity levels. Utilizing the techniques of Manual Review & Static Analysis to complement rigorous manual code reviews, we discovered the following findings:

ID	Title	Category	Severity	Status
HCB-01	Centralization Risks In HanChain.Sol	Centralization	Major	Resolved
HCB-02	Initial Token Distribution	Centralization	Major	Acknowledged
TTB-01	Centralization Risks In TokenTimelock.Sol	Centralization	Major	Mitigated
TTB-02	Potential Duplicate Beneficiaries	Logical Issue	Minor	Resolved
HCB-03	Too Many Digits	Coding Style	Informational	Resolved
TTB-03	Missing Emit Events	Coding Style	Informational	Resolved

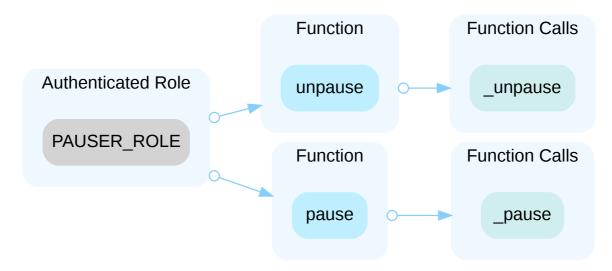


HCB-01 CENTRALIZATION RISKS IN HANCHAIN.SOL

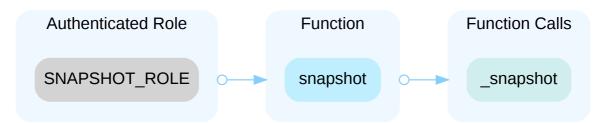
Category	Severity	Location	Status
Centralization	Major	contracts/HanChain.sol (base): 23, 27, 31	Resolved

Description

In the contract Hanchain the role PAUSER_ROLE has authority over the functions shown in the diagram below. Any compromise to the PAUSER_ROLE account may allow the hacker to take advantage of this authority.



In the contract Hanchain the role SNAPSHOT_ROLE has authority over the functions shown in the diagram below. Any compromise to the SNAPSHOT_ROLE account may allow the hacker to take advantage of this authority.



Recommendation

The risk describes the current project design and potentially makes iterations to improve in the security operation and level of decentralization, which in most cases cannot be resolved entirely at the present stage. We advise the client to carefully manage the privileged account's private key to avoid any potential risks of being hacked. In general, we strongly recommend centralized privileges or roles in the protocol be improved via a decentralized mechanism or smart-contract-based accounts with enhanced security practices, e.g., multisignature wallets. Indicatively, here are some feasible suggestions that would also mitigate the potential risk at a different level in terms of short-term, long-term and permanent:



Short Term:

Timelock and Multi sign (2/3, 3/5) combination *mitigate* by delaying the sensitive operation and avoiding a single point of key management failure.

- Time-lock with reasonable latency, e.g., 48 hours, for awareness on privileged operations;
- Assignment of privileged roles to multi-signature wallets to prevent a single point of failure due to the private key compromised;

AND

A medium/blog link for sharing the timelock contract and multi-signers addresses information with the public

Long Term:

Timelock and DAO, the combination, *mitigate* by applying decentralization and transparency.

- Time-lock with reasonable latency, e.g., 48 hours, for awareness on privileged operations;
- Introduction of a DAO/governance/voting module to increase transparency and user involvement.
 AND
- A medium/blog link for sharing the timelock contract, multi-signers addresses, and DAO information with the public audience.

Permanent:

Renouncing the ownership or removing the function can be considered fully resolved.

- Renounce the ownership and never claim back the privileged roles.
 OR
- Remove the risky functionality.

Alleviation

[Hanchain]: As recommended, Short-Term measures were completed with a combination of Timelock and Multi-sign, all private keys are stored in hardware wallets, and are stored and managed in each fireproof safe according to the Information Security Management System. In the Long-Term, we plan to switch to a combination of Timelock and DAO. We also permanently relinquish ownership once the token distribution is complete.

[Certik]: The team acknowledged the issue and adopted the timelock solution to delay-sensitive operations at the current stage. The Hanchain contract has transferred the ownership to a Timelock contract with a minimal 48 hours delay.

HanChain contract address:



https://etherscan.io/address/0x0c90C57aaf95A3A87eadda6ec3974c99D786511F

Timelock contract address:

https://etherscan.io/address/0x1FF7652E80ab0Ee42Ba6fAD132a1e8A334384F4c

Grant Role transaction hash for the Timelock contract:

https://etherscan.io/tx/0x641f90488ac0803f8515afb937cc612c0b59b52599af6a850d78e8c8644507ee

The team also adopted the multisign solution to ensure the private key management process at the current stage. The Timelock contract has transferred the PROPOSER_ROLE and CANCELLER_ROLE to a Gnosis Safe contract with 2/3 signers in the sensitive function signing process.

Multi-sign proxy address:

https://etherscan.io/address/0xfc0e60F7B7AEe268d7492F7075ED9dD23E48F7cE

Grant Role transaction hash for Gnosis Safe:

https://etherscan.io/tx/0x66381f8cabdcec8a45ed8258b6241243e186ed0c92bd999527b02b12c371821a

The 3 multisign addresses:

- 1. EOA: 0x60A3fc3f8E68C3561d52697cD14f9C0c4fBa4b9A
- EOA: 0xfDB509381b0dEdde0599607aFd92C935CAdC3Ef7
- 3. EOA: 0xA137120BCC903638CF156c6F66b5c24997630722

[Certik], 02/18/2024]: HanChain (HAN) Project Team has renounce related roles in below transactions.

PAUSER ROLE

https://etherscan.io/tx/0x5d77d0f95a0e37fee5a1c3faf77e127edf1e21611468cc636844070156d3e436

SNAPSHOT_ROLE

https://etherscan.io/tx/0x806fe63c146097857916cdad568c0a4189f498235c65e23805501630ab073146

DEFAULT_ADMIN_ROLE

https://etherscan.io/tx/0x8aa423c844c1dc0b60be34ae2632b37b8d6cbe53b5cae4730dfe89302d93f00f



HCB-02 INITIAL TOKEN DISTRIBUTION

Category	Severity	Location	Status
Centralization	Major	contracts/HanChain.sol (base): 20	Acknowledged

Description

All **HanChain** tokens are sent to the contract deployer when deploying the contract. This is a potential centralization risk as the deployer can distribute **HanChain** tokens without the consensus of the community.

Recommendation

We recommend transparency through providing a breakdown of the intended initial token distribution in a public location. We also recommend the team make an effort to restrict the access of the corresponding private key.

Alleviation

[Hanchain]: The distributed tokens are stored in 5 multisig wallets according to each distribution plan, and when the tokentimelock contract audit is completed, the planned distribution amount to the founders and team members is sent to the tokentimelock address.

In addition, detailed plans for token distribution will be officially announced as soon as tokentimelock's audit is completed.

And all private keys related to multisig are stored in hardware wallets and stored and managed in each fire safe in accordance with the Information Security Management System.

Multisig address list

 $reward_multisigColdWallet: 0x3811F5674ABbC216AD29a1EDcDd0B05172A9f123$

HANeP multisigColdWallet: 0x495FCD7f56A0bf8BE1F29BE02D1aA5F492F2ff66

partner_multisigColdWallet: 0x19681F34aFCe6B7fadfb07cd34C8f20DcF0A4F2A

founder_multisigColdWallet: 0x90A692e0819075C49100F9F5f2724E75d8a34711

 $team_multisigColdWallet: 0xC7BdBCda0B8162427868aC41713d2559a9e2281c$

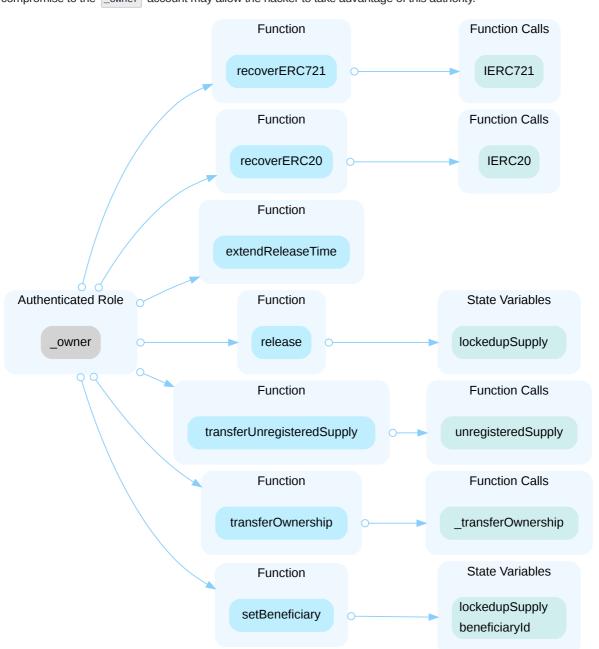


TTB-01 CENTRALIZATION RISKS IN TOKENTIMELOCK.SOL

Category	Severity	Location	Status
Centralization	Major	contracts/TokenTimelock.sol: 46, 57, 86, 111, 116, 122, 168	Mitigated

Description

In the contract TokenTimelock the role _owner has authority over the functions shown in the diagram below. Any compromise to the _owner account may allow the hacker to take advantage of this authority.





Recommendation

The risk describes the current project design and potentially makes iterations to improve in the security operation and level of decentralization, which in most cases cannot be resolved entirely at the present stage. We advise the client to carefully manage the privileged account's private key to avoid any potential risks of being hacked. In general, we strongly recommend centralized privileges or roles in the protocol be improved via a decentralized mechanism or smart-contract-based accounts with enhanced security practices, e.g., multisignature wallets. Indicatively, here are some feasible suggestions that would also mitigate the potential risk at a different level in terms of short-term, long-term and permanent:

Short Term:

Timelock and Multi sign (2/3, 3/5) combination *mitigate* by delaying the sensitive operation and avoiding a single point of key management failure.

- Time-lock with reasonable latency, e.g., 48 hours, for awareness on privileged operations;
 AND
- Assignment of privileged roles to multi-signature wallets to prevent a single point of failure due to the private key compromised;

AND

 A medium/blog link for sharing the timelock contract and multi-signers addresses information with the public audience.

Long Term:

Timelock and DAO, the combination, mitigate by applying decentralization and transparency.

- Time-lock with reasonable latency, e.g., 48 hours, for awareness on privileged operations;
 AND
- Introduction of a DAO/governance/voting module to increase transparency and user involvement.
 AND
- A medium/blog link for sharing the timelock contract, multi-signers addresses, and DAO information with the public audience.

Permanent:

Renouncing the ownership or removing the function can be considered *fully resolved*.

- Renounce the ownership and never claim back the privileged roles.
 OR
- Remove the risky functionality.

Alleviation



[Hanchain]: As recommended, Short-Term measures were completed with a combination of Timelock and Multi-sign, all private keys are stored in hardware wallets, and are stored and managed in each fireproof safe according to the Information Security Management System.

[Certik]: The team acknowledged the issue and adopted the timelock solution to delay-sensitive operations at the current stage. The TokenTimelock contract has transferred the ownership to a Timelock contract with a minimal 48 hours delay.

TokenTimelock contract address:

https://etherscan.io/address/0xfA2B470cac8b79A56B9486e029fef07DC634826B

Timelock contract address:

https://etherscan.io/address/0x1FF7652E80ab0Ee42Ba6fAD132a1e8A334384F4c

Grant Role transaction hash for the Timelock contract:

https://etherscan.io/tx/0x06bbd70c8c14ec7734a4ddb21d2f147cfb327093a79e2e480ccb29ea3c9af50c

The team also adopted the multisign solution to ensure the private key management process at the current stage. The Timelock contract has transferred the PROPOSER_ROLE and CANCELLER_ROLE to a Gnosis Safe contract with 2/3 signers in the sensitive function signing process.

Multi-sign proxy address:

https://etherscan.io/address/0xfc0e60F7B7AEe268d7492F7075ED9dD23E48F7cE

Grant Role transaction hash for Gnosis Safe:

https://etherscan.io/tx/0x66381f8cabdcec8a45ed8258b6241243e186ed0c92bd999527b02b12c371821a

The 3 multisign addresses:

- 1. EOA: 0x60A3fc3f8E68C3561d52697cD14f9C0c4fBa4b9A
- 2. EOA: 0xfDB509381b0dEdde0599607aFd92C935CAdC3Ef7
- 3. EOA: 0xA137120BCC903638CF156c6F66b5c24997630722



TTB-02 POTENTIAL DUPLICATE BENEFICIARIES

Category	Severity	Location	Status
Logical Issue	Minor	contracts/TokenTimelock.sol: 66~73	Resolved

Description

Because there is no prohibition on adding beneficiaries repeatedly after release, this function <code>getAllBeneficiary()</code> may return the duplicate values.

Scenario

- 1. The owner calls setBeneficiary() to set Alice as beneficiary.
- 2. The owner calls setBeneficiary() to set Bob as beneficiary.
- 3. It is time for Alice's release, the owner calls release() to release token for Alice.
- 4. If the owner calls <code>setBeneficiary()</code> to set Alice as beneficiary again. Now the beneficiary array returned by <code>getAllBeneficiary()</code> will be <code>[Alice's address, Bob's address, Alice's address]</code>. We are not sure if Alice appears twice would cause a problem or not.

Recommendation

We recommend the client to ensure if or not this design is correct. If the <code>[getAllBeneficiary()]</code> is only used to return all beneficiary addresses, we recommend refactoring the code and removing the duplicate addresses.

Alleviation

[Certik]: The team resolved this issue in the commit hash: 93eccd7e758701a11e7caa109b25f4f15115fd40.



HCB-03 TOO MANY DIGITS

Category	Severity	Location	Status
Coding Style	Informational	contracts/HanChain.sol (base): 20	Resolved

Description

Literals with many digits are difficult to read and review.

```
_mint(msg.sender, 15000000000 * 10 ** decimals());
```

Recommendation

We advise the client to use the scientific notation to improve readability.

Alleviation

[Certik]: The client has added comment on the digits to improve readability. Changes have been reflected in the commit hash: 38b8e3ebae88007c5171c8147b31b0b6777de7bd.



TTB-03 MISSING EMIT EVENTS

Category	Severity	Location	Status
Coding Style	Informational	contracts/TokenTimelock.sol: 46, 57, 111	Resolved

Description

There should always be events emitted in the sensitive functions that are controlled by centralization roles.

Recommendation

It is recommended emitting events for the sensitive functions that are controlled by centralization roles.

Alleviation

[Certix]: The team resolved this issue in the commit hash: 93eccd7e758701a11e7caa109b25f4f15115fd40.



APPENDIX HANCHAIN

I Finding Categories

Categories	Description
Coding Style	Coding Style findings may not affect code behavior, but indicate areas where coding practices can be improved to make the code more understandable and maintainable.
Logical Issue	Logical Issue findings indicate general implementation issues related to the program logic.
Centralization	Centralization findings detail the design choices of designating privileged roles or other centralized controls over the code.

Checksum Calculation Method

The "Checksum" field in the "Audit Scope" section is calculated as the SHA-256 (Secure Hash Algorithm 2 with digest size of 256 bits) digest of the content of each file hosted in the listed source repository under the specified commit.

The result is hexadecimal encoded and is the same as the output of the Linux "sha256sum" command against the target file.



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