# MITSUBISHI RF POWER TRANSISTOR

# 2SC1968A

#### NPN EPITAXIAL PLANAR TYPE

### DESCRIPTION

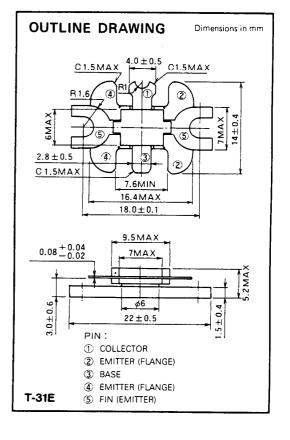
2SC1968A is a silicon NPN epitaxial planar type transistor designed for RF power amplifiers on UHF band mobile radio applications.

# **FEATURES**

- High power gain:  $G_{pe} \ge 5.4 dB$  $@V_{CC} = 13.5 V$ ,  $P_0 = 14 W$ , f = 470 MHz
- Emitter ballasted construction and gold metallization for high reliability and good performances.
- Low thermal resistance ceramic package with flange.
- Ability of withstanding more than 20:1 load VSWR all phase when operated at  $V_{CC}$  = 15.2V,  $P_{O}$  = 18W, f = 470MHz.

## **APPLICATION**

10 to 14 watts output power amplifiers in UHF band mobile radio applications.



### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T<sub>C</sub>=25°C unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Conditions Ratings	
V <sub>CBO</sub>	Collector to base voltage		35	V
VEBO	Emitter to base voltage		4	V
V <sub>CEO</sub>	Collector to emitter voltage	R <sub>BE</sub> =∞	17	V
lo	Collector current		5	А
PC	Collector dissipation	Ta = 25°C	3	w
		T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	40	w
Tj	Junction temperature		175	°C
Tstg	Storage temperature		-65 to 175	°C
Rth-a	Thermal resistance	Junction to ambient	50	*c/w
Rth-c	Thermal resistance	Junction to case	3.75	°C/W

Note. Above parameters are guaranteed independently.

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (T<sub>C</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

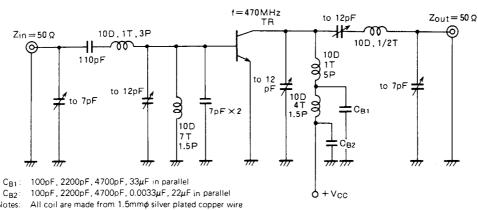
Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Limits			
		l est conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V(BR)EBO	Emitter to base breakdown voltage	I <sub>E</sub> =10mA, I <sub>C</sub> =0	4			V
V(BR)CB0	Collector to base breakdown voltage	i <sub>C</sub> =10mA, i <sub>E</sub> =0	35			V
V <sub>(BR)CE0</sub>	Collector to emitter breakdown voltage	I <sub>C</sub> =50mA, R <sub>BE</sub> =∞	- 17			V
СВО	Collector cutoff current	V <sub>CB</sub> =15V, I <sub>E</sub> =0			500	μА
EBO	Emitter cutoff current	V <sub>EB</sub> =2V, I <sub>C</sub> =0			400	μА
hfE	DC forward current gain *	V <sub>CE</sub> =10V, I <sub>C</sub> =0.1A	10	50	180	_
P <sub>0</sub>	Output power	V <sub>CC</sub> =13.5V, P <sub>in</sub> =4W, f=470MHz	14	16		w
$\eta_{C}$	Collector efficiency		. 50	60		%

Note. \*Pulse test,  $P_W = 150 \mu s$ , duty=5%.

Above parameters, ratings, limits and conditions are subject to change.



#### **TEST CIRCUIT**

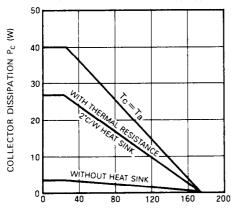


Coil dimensions in milli-meter

D: inner diameter of coil
T: Turn number of coil
P: Pitch of coil

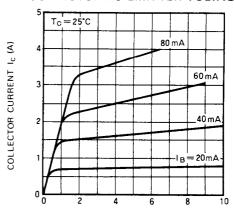
### TYPICAL PERFORMANCE DATA

# COLLECTOR DISSIPATION VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



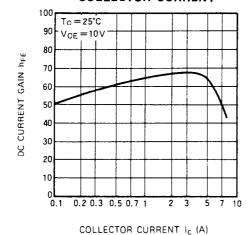
# AMBIENT TEMPERATURE $T_a$ (°C)

# COLLECTOR CURRENT VS. COLLECTOR TO EMITTER VOLTAGE

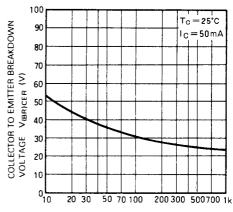


COLLECTOR TO EMITTER VOLTAGE VCE (V)

## DC CURRENT GAIN VS. COLLECTOR CURRENT



# COLLECTOR TO EMITTER BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE VS. BASE TO EMITTER RESISTANCE



BASE TO EMITTER RESISTANCE R<sub>BE</sub> (Ω)

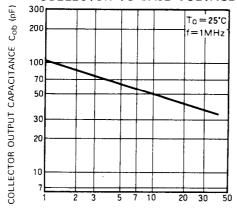


## NPN EPITAXIAL PLANAR TYPE

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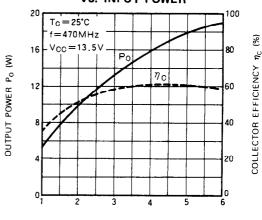
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### COLLECTOR OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VS. **COLLECTOR TO BASE VOLTAGE**



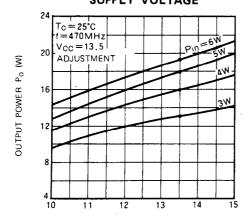
COLLECTOR TO BASE VOLTAGE VCB (V)

### **OUTPUT POWER,** COLLECTOR EFFICIENCY **VS. INPUT POWER**



INPUT POWER Pin (W)

### **OUTPUT POWER VS. COLLECTOR** SUPPLY VOLTAGE



COLLECTOR SUPPLY VOLTAGE VCC (V)