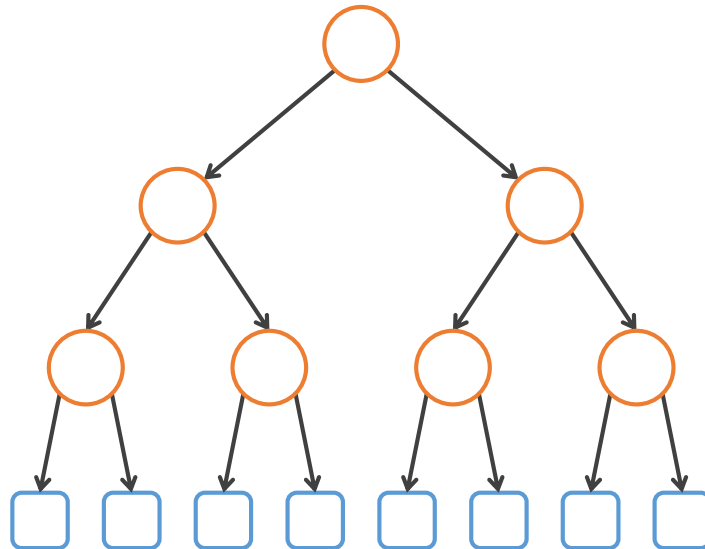


Tracking and Detection

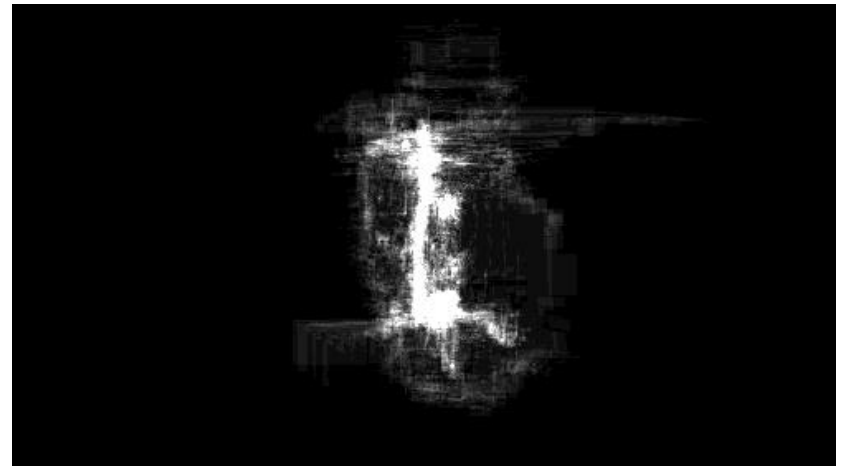
Exercise 05

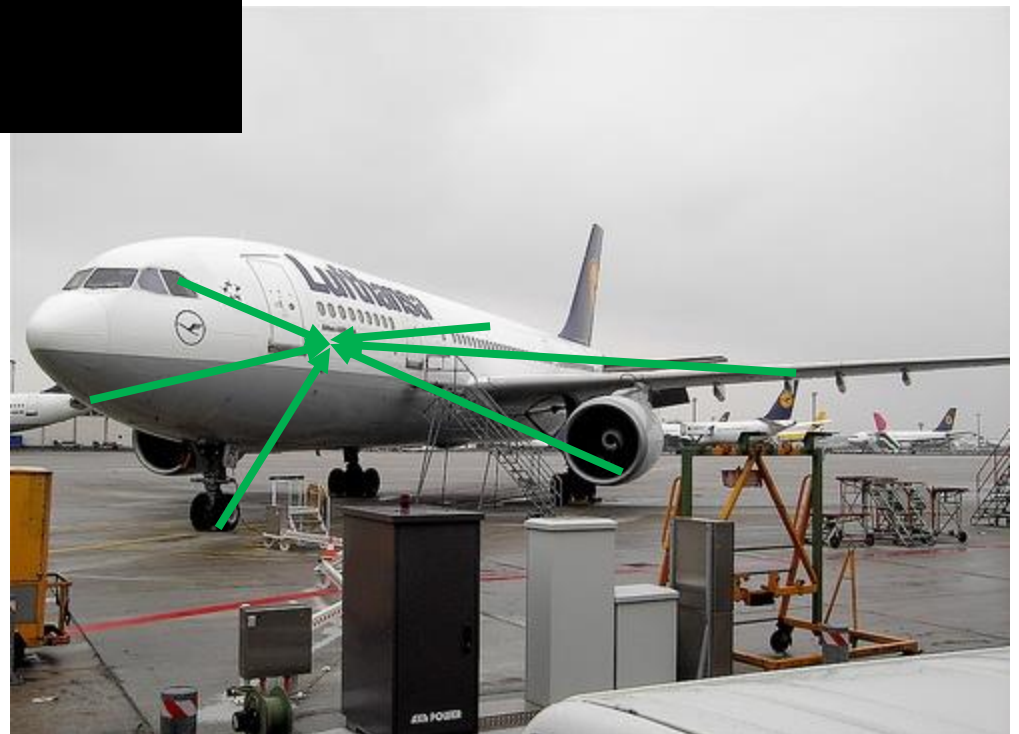
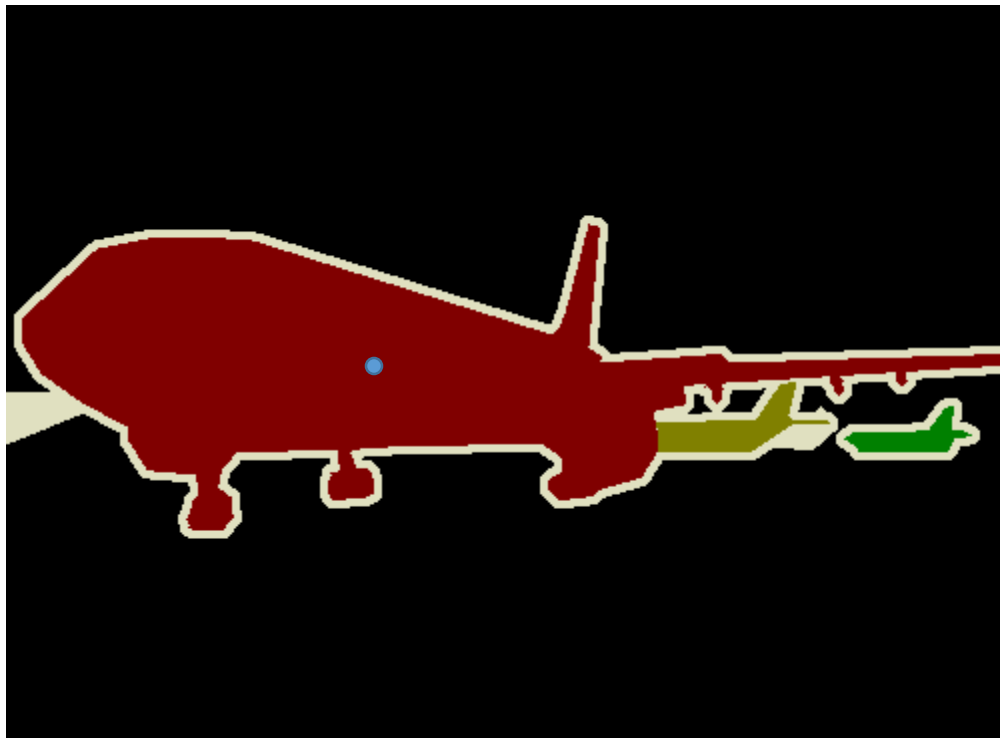
Hough Forests

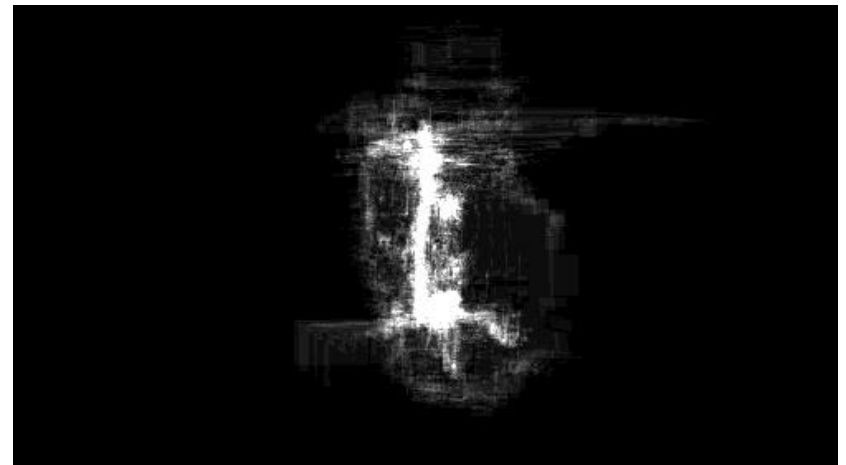


What is a Hough Forest?

- Find the center of an object
- Every pixels votes where it thinks the object is
- Create a heatmap of votes
- Center where it is hottest







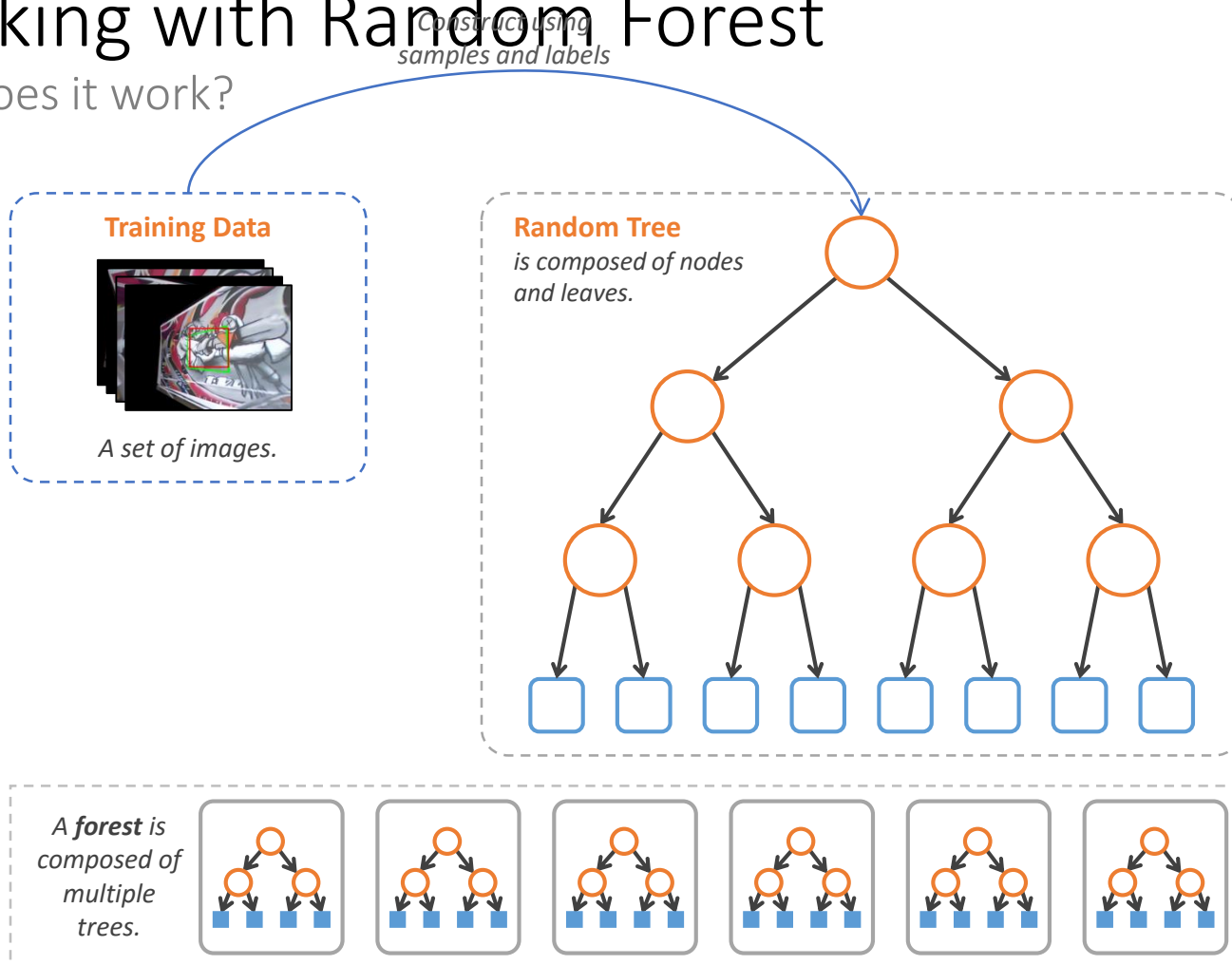
the following slides were created by

David Tan

for his CVPR14 presentation

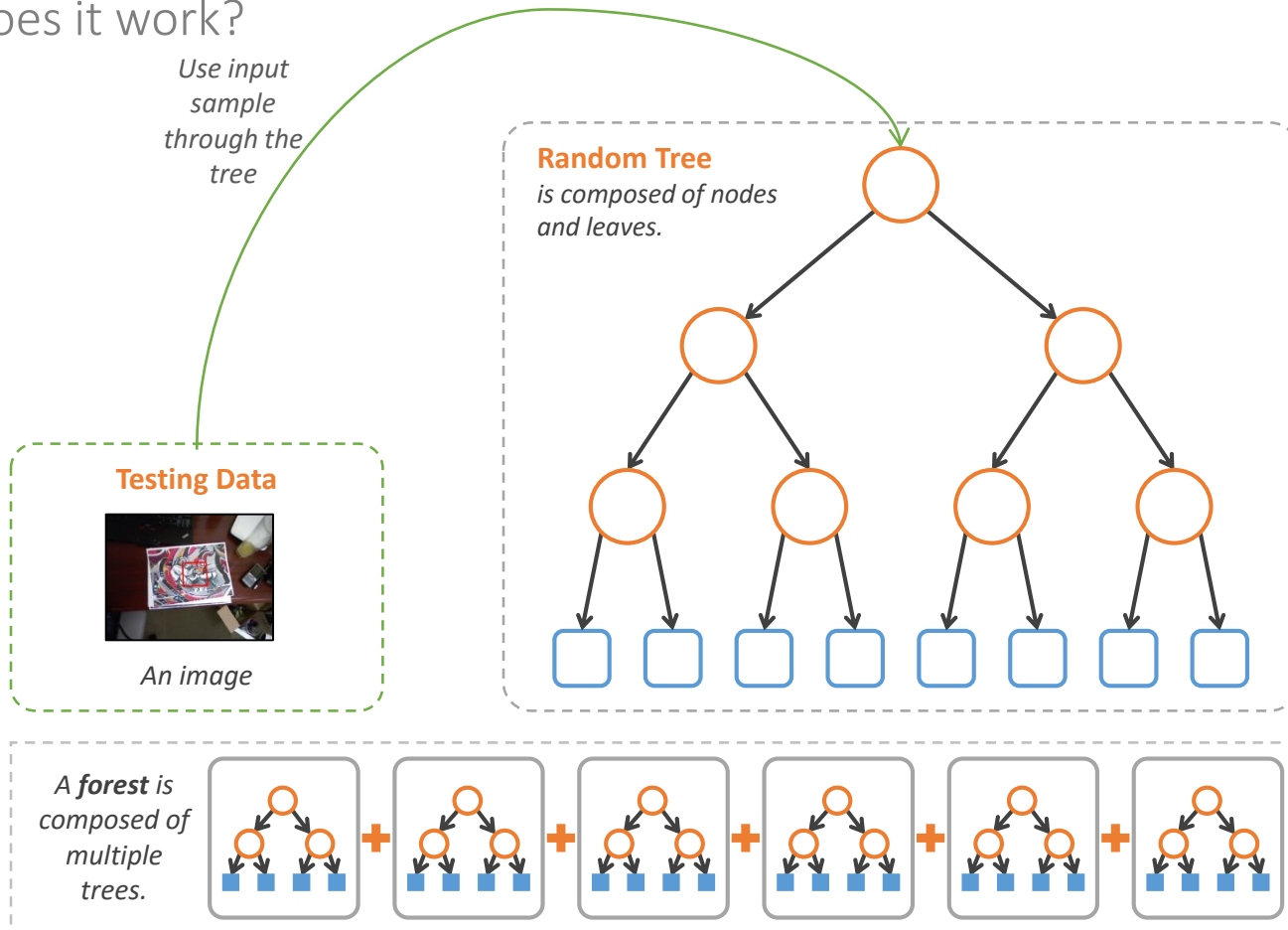
Tracking with Random Forest

How does it work?



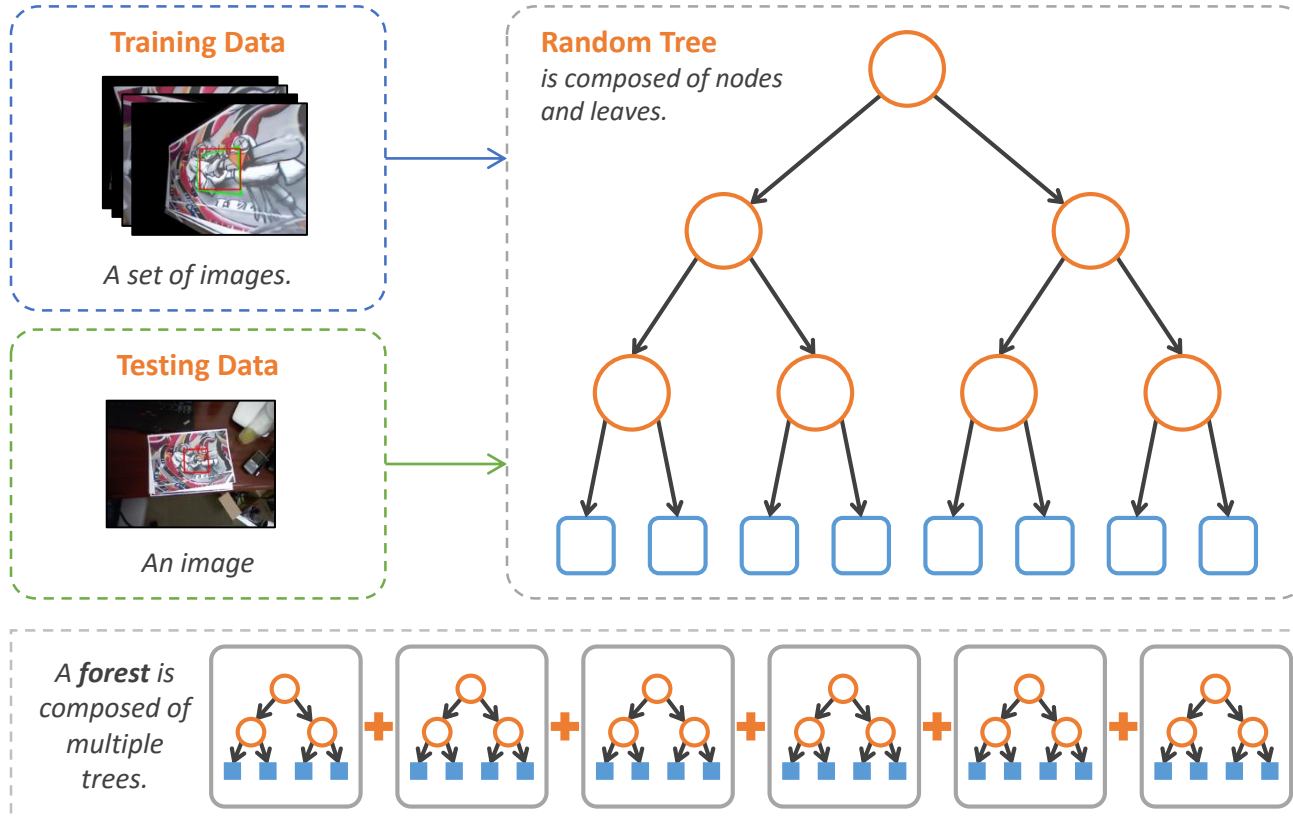
Tracking with Random Forest

How does it work?



Tracking with Random Forest

How does it work?

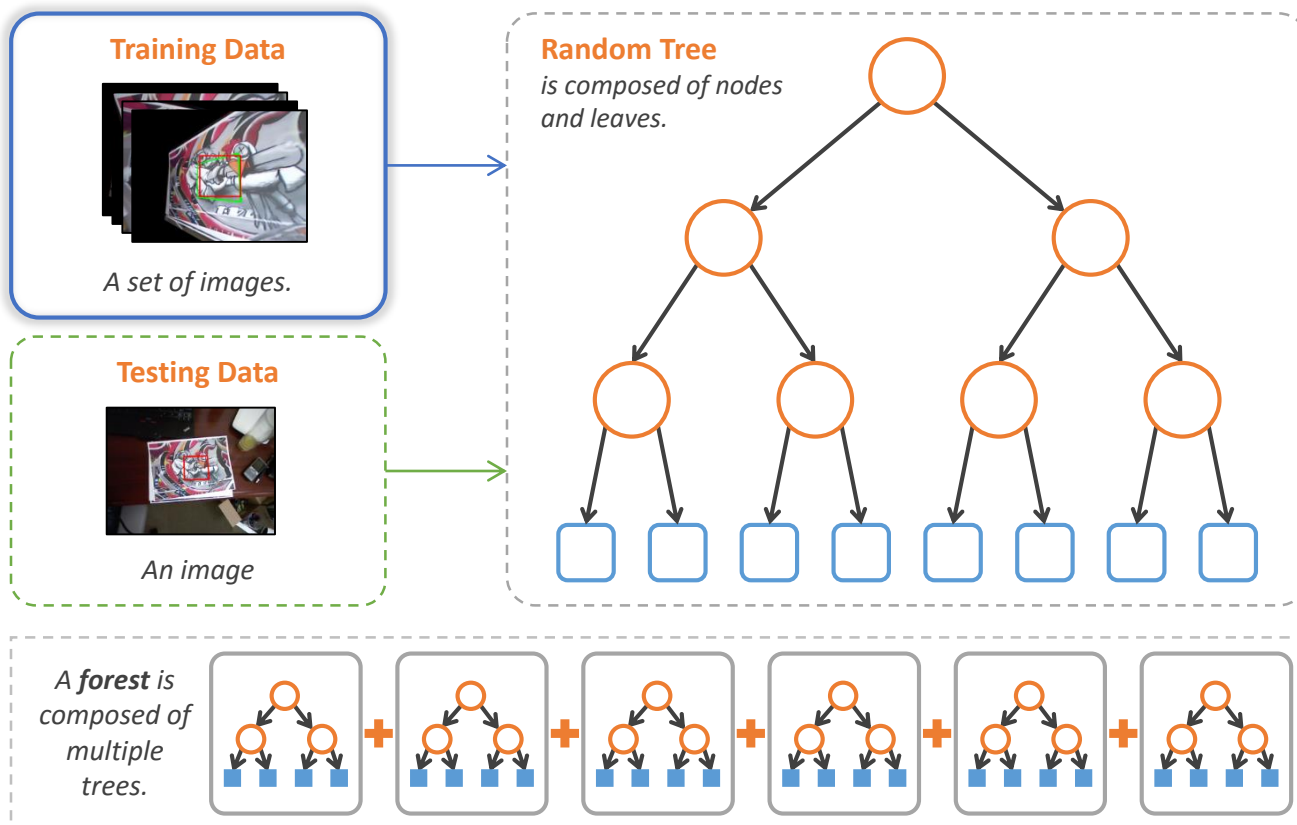




Tracking with Random Forest

How does it work?

1

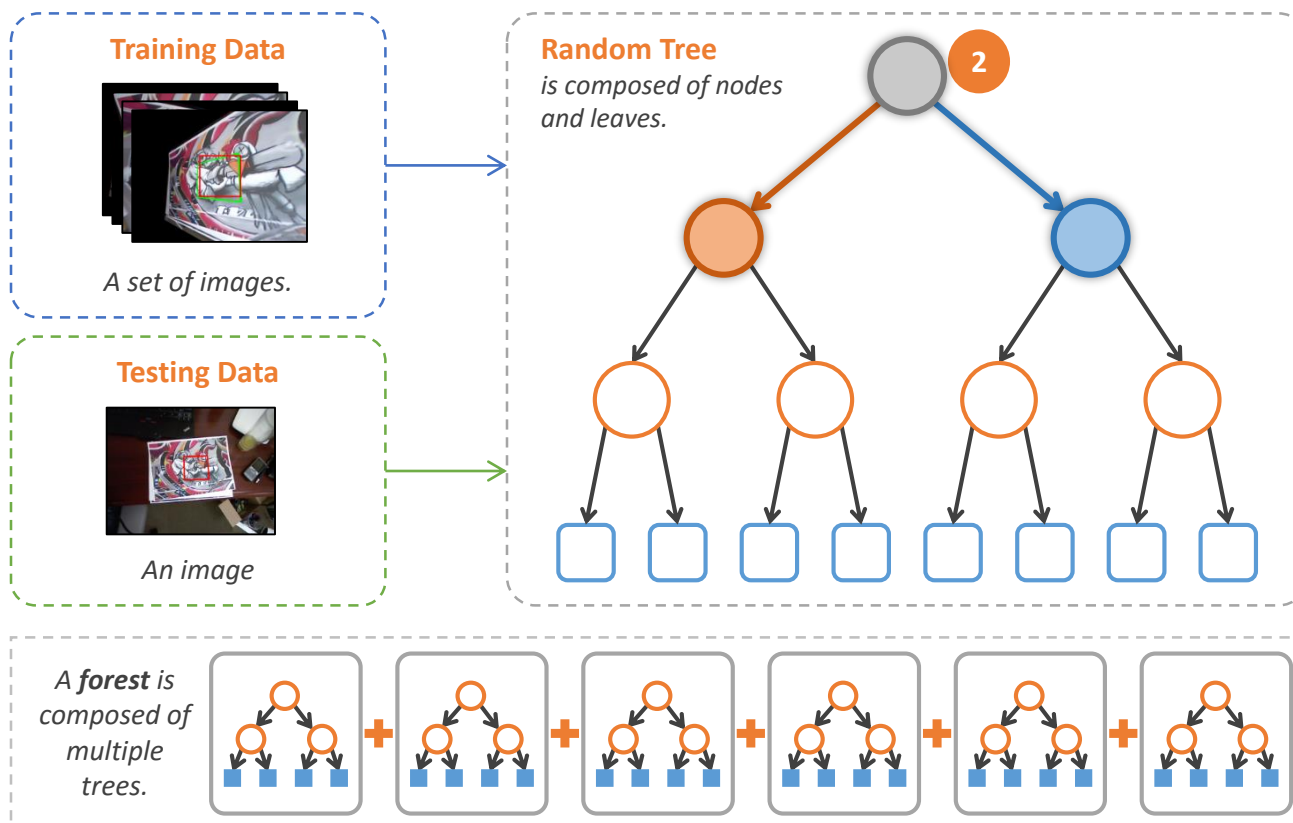


Tracking with Random Forest

How does it work?

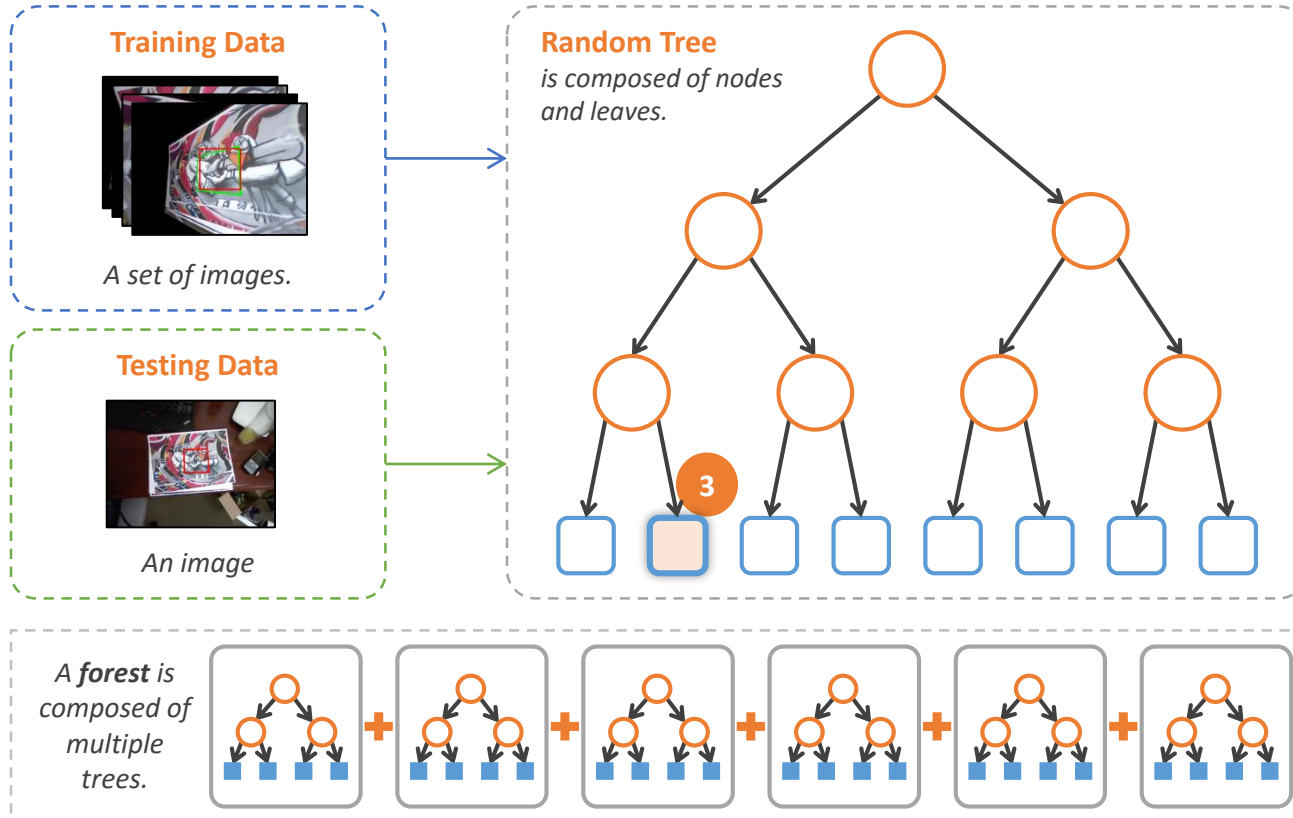


Splitting
Function



Tracking with Random Forest

How does it work?

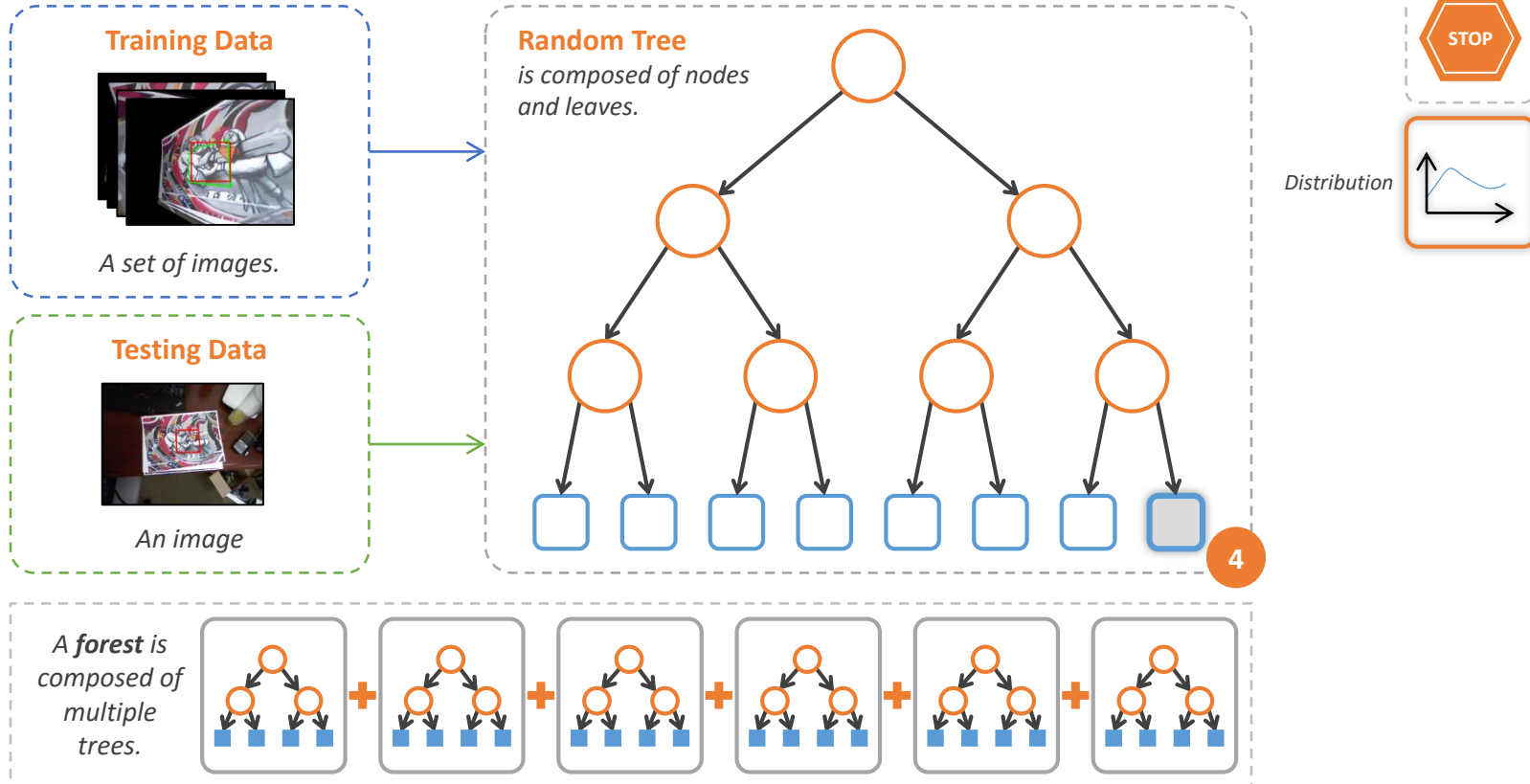


Stopping
Criteria

STOP

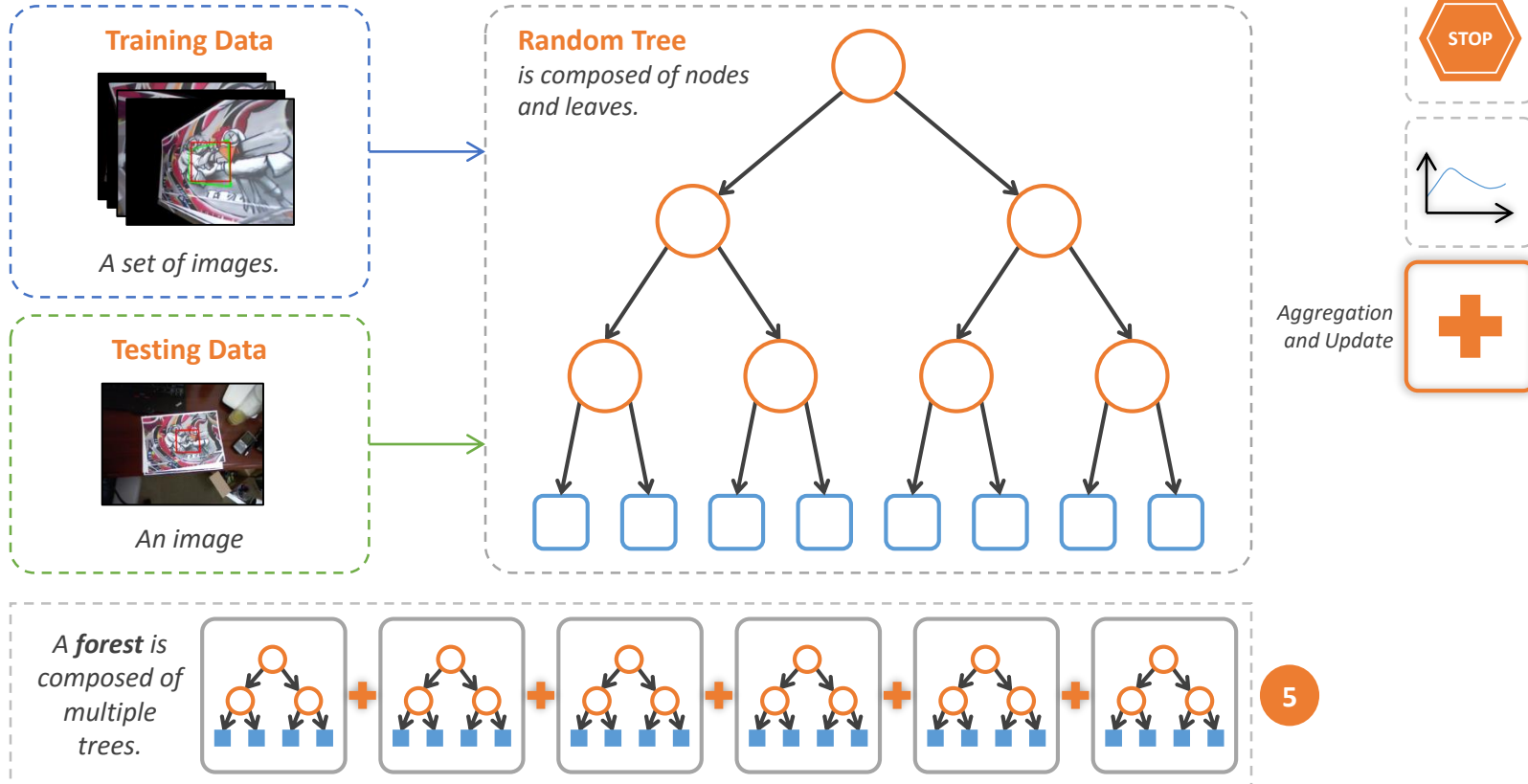
Tracking with Random Forest

How does it work?



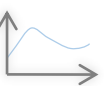
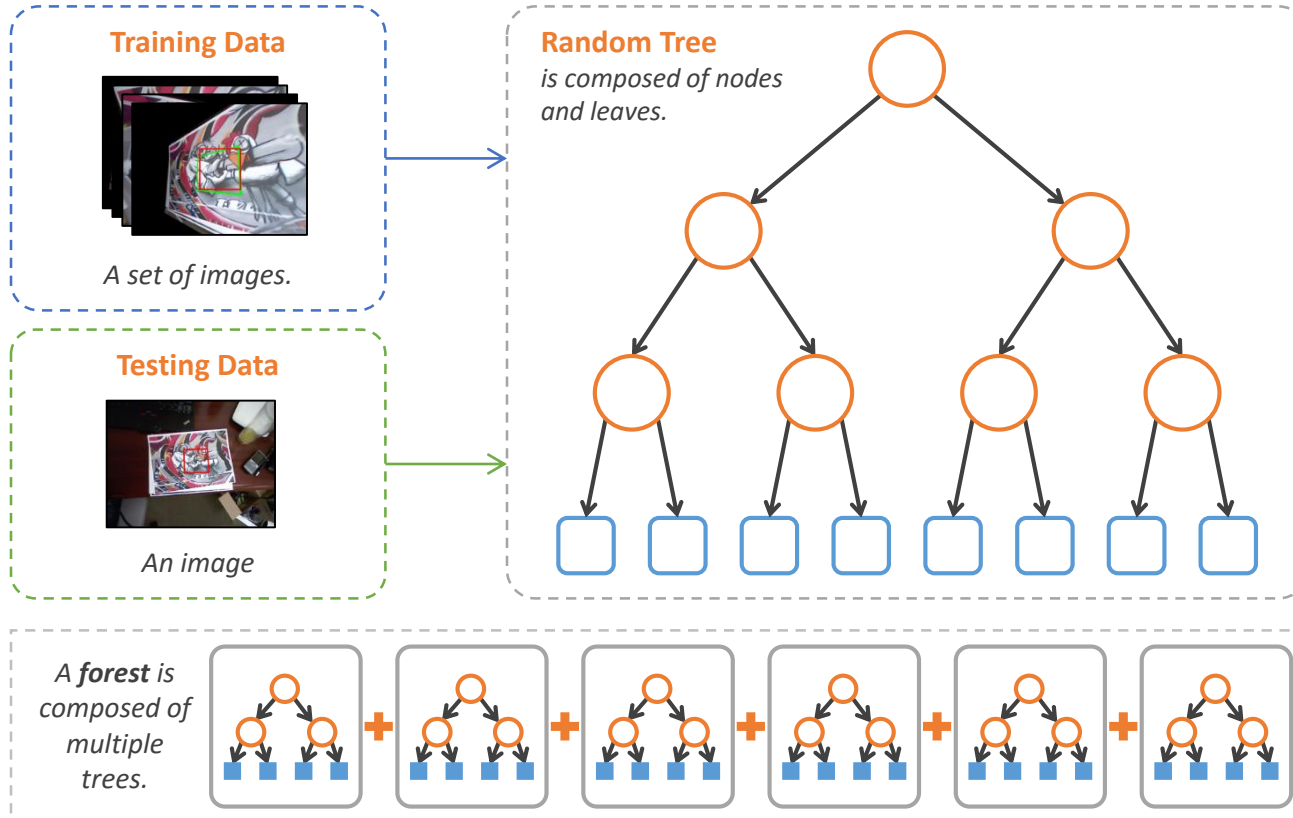
Tracking with Random Forest

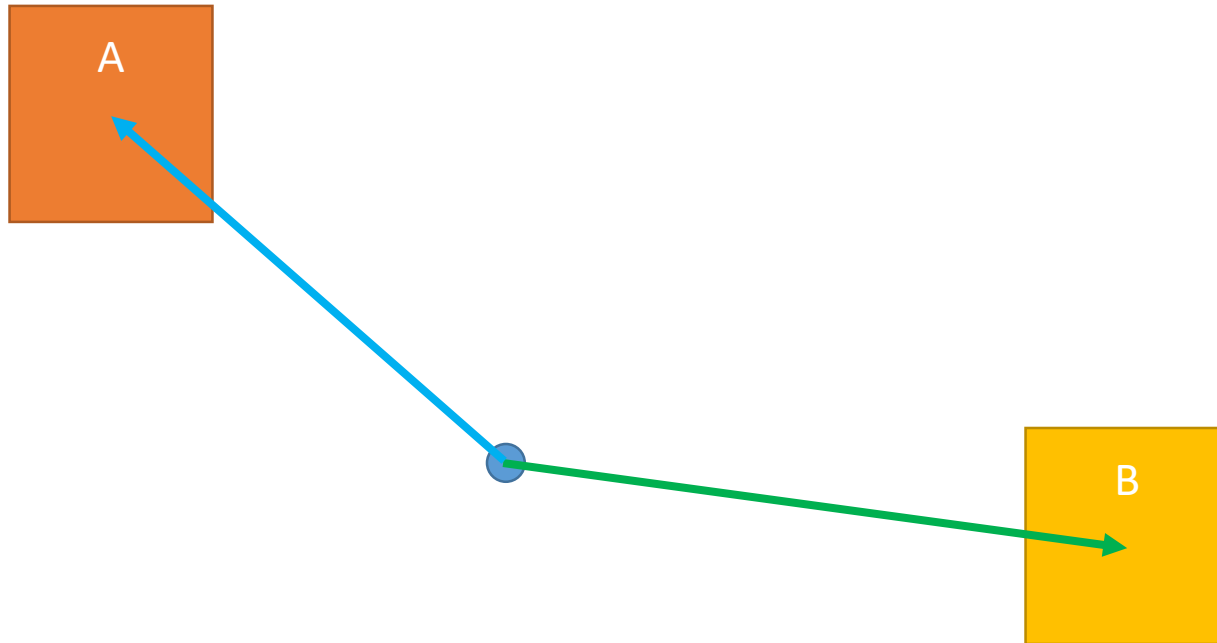
How does it work?



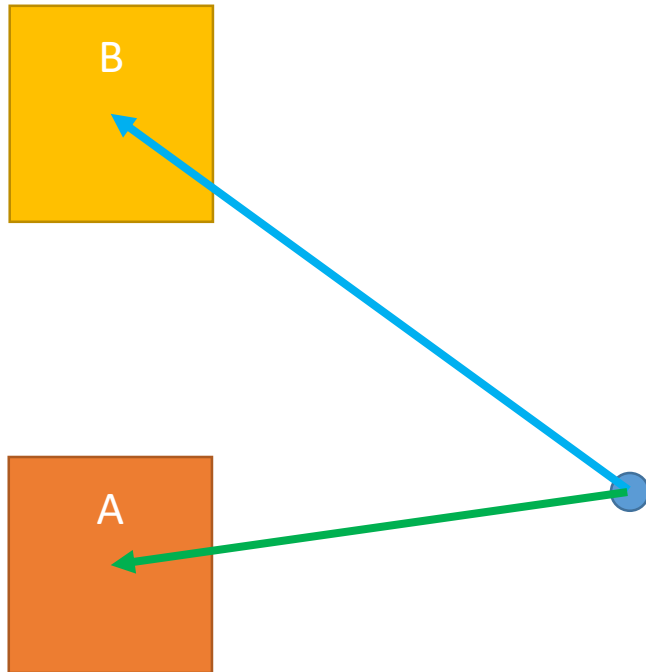
Tracking with Random Forest

How does it work?





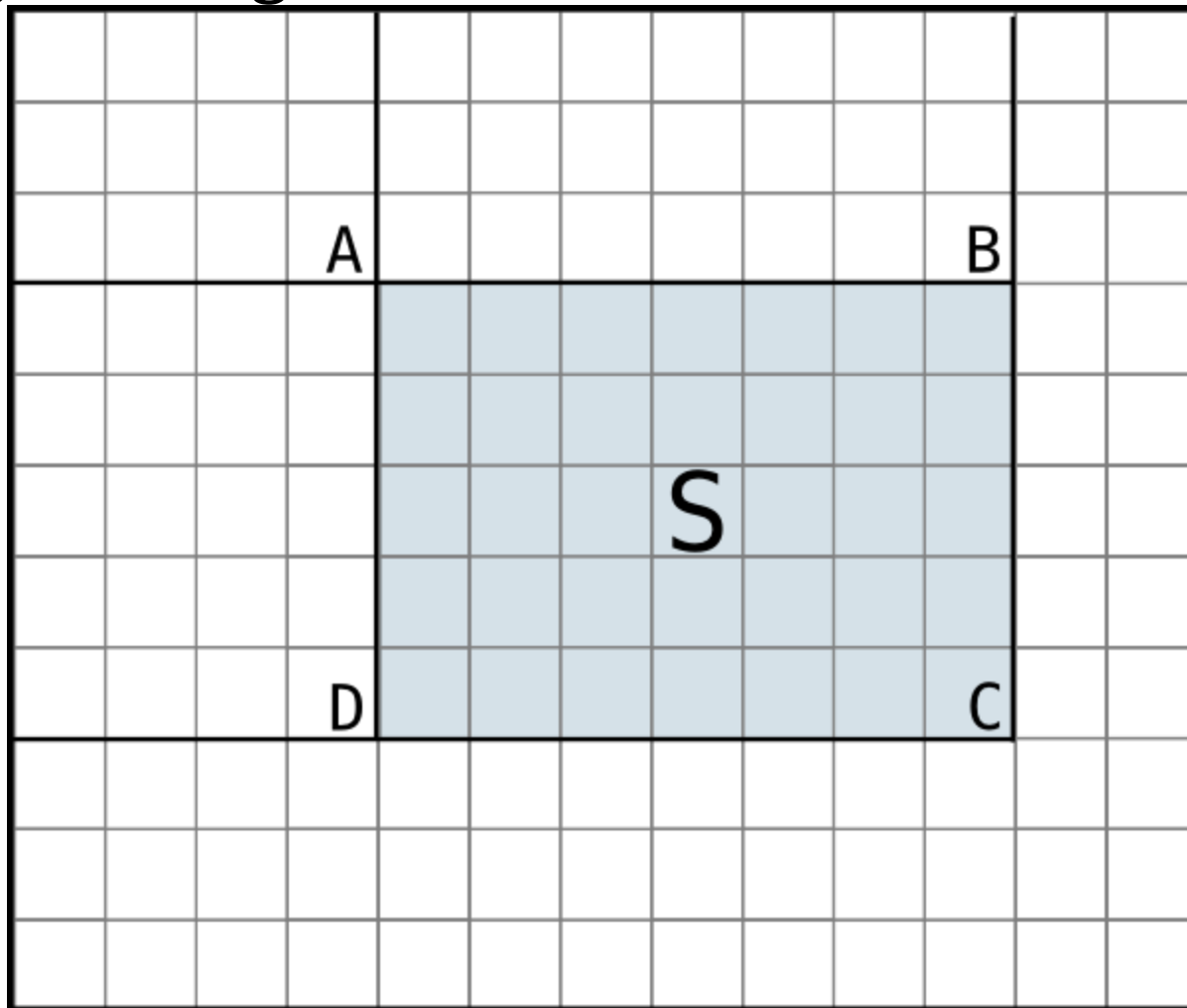
Feature: Compare average in A with average in B using threshold



Feature: Compare average in A with average in B using threshold

$$f = A - B < t$$

Integral Images



$$S = C - B - D + A$$