

STAT 427

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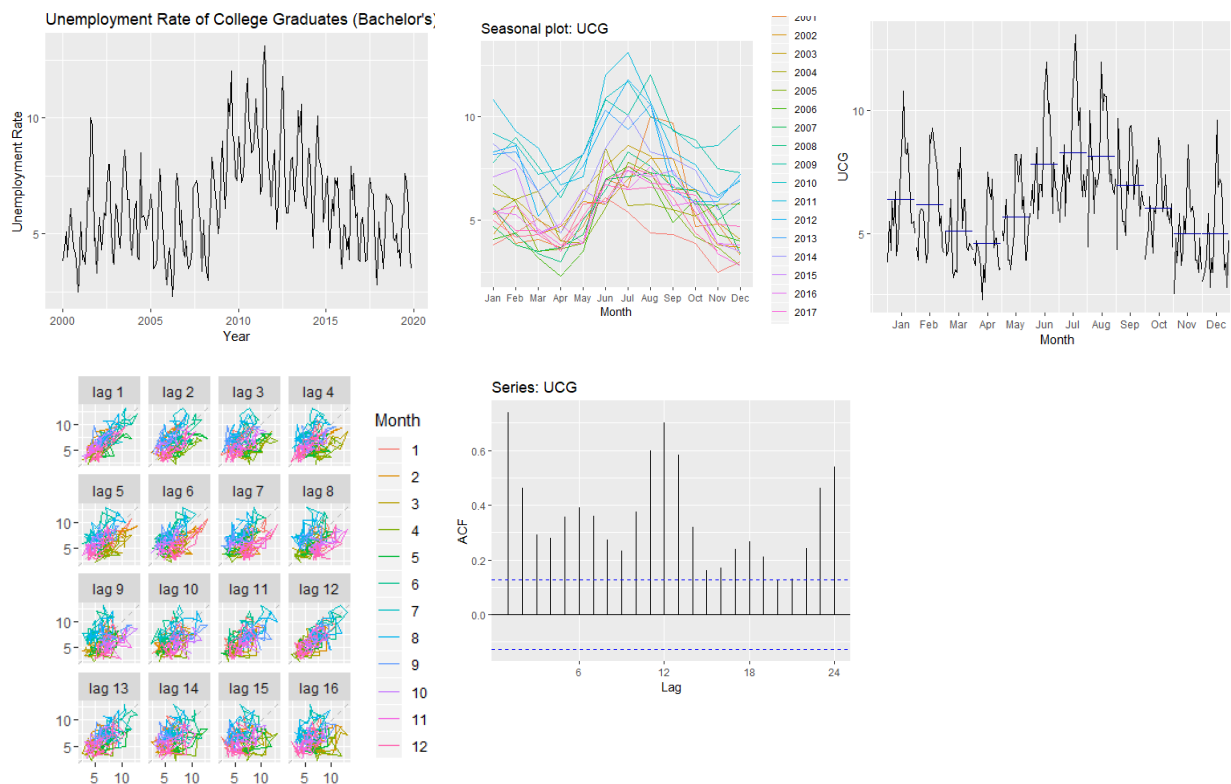
12/17/2019

Time Series Analysis of Unemployment Rate and Personal Saving Rate

1. Unemployment Rate of Bachelor's Degree College Graduates aged from 20 to 24

- Data Description
 - Monthly Data from January 2000 to November 2019 (length: 239)
 - Not seasonally adjusted
 - Source: FRED (<https://fred.stlouisfed.org/series/CGBD2024#0>)

a) Preliminary Graphs and Analysis



- Trend

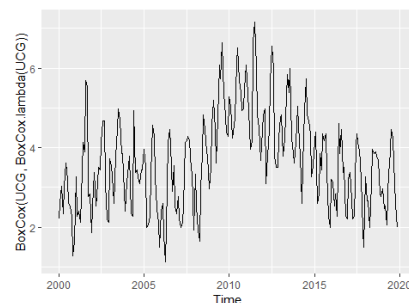
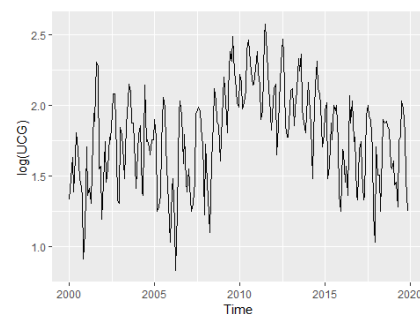
Polynomial trend. Small peak around 2004, large peak around 2012, and troughs around 2006, 2018.

- Seasonality

Strong seasonal pattern. Strong autocorrelation every 12 month. Peaks in June, July and January, and troughs in April and November. Roughly constant over time.

- Transformation

From the original time series plot, it is hard to tell whether we need transformation due to non-constant variance. The plots of Box-Cox transformation of log and auto selection, we can see that they do not make much difference in forming constant variance. Therefore, we will not consider transformation. However, if we observe any non-constant variance issues in residual diagnostics in ant of our model, we will apply Box-Cox transformation.



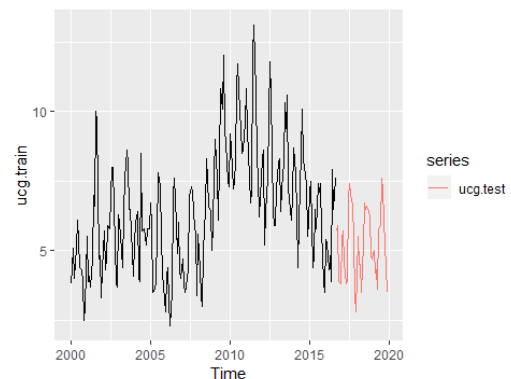
b) Basic Forecasting

To determine which basic forecasting method performs the best, we will split the data into training and test set and test which method gives the lowest accuracy error measures, as well as checking residuals. Before starting this process, let's see if there are any methods that may not be important to even consider.

- Naive: Since we know that this data is seasonal, Seasonal Naive method will most likely perform better than naive method. Therefore, we will not consider Naive method.
- Average: This may perform better than any other methods since the data has overall cyclical trend not exactly increasing or decreasing.
- Seasonal Naive: This will perform better than naive method, but still it does not take any overall trend into account. Still, we will compare the result.
- Naive with Drift: This will be affected by the seasonal variation of the endpoints, so it will not be accurate. However, we will still compare the result.

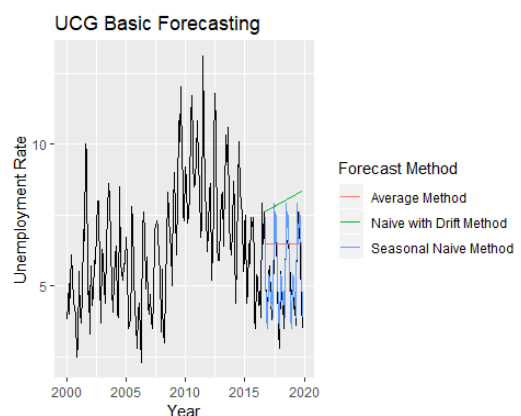
- Test/Training Set

Since the length of our data set is 239, we will split them into 200 and 39 (about 20% of training set).

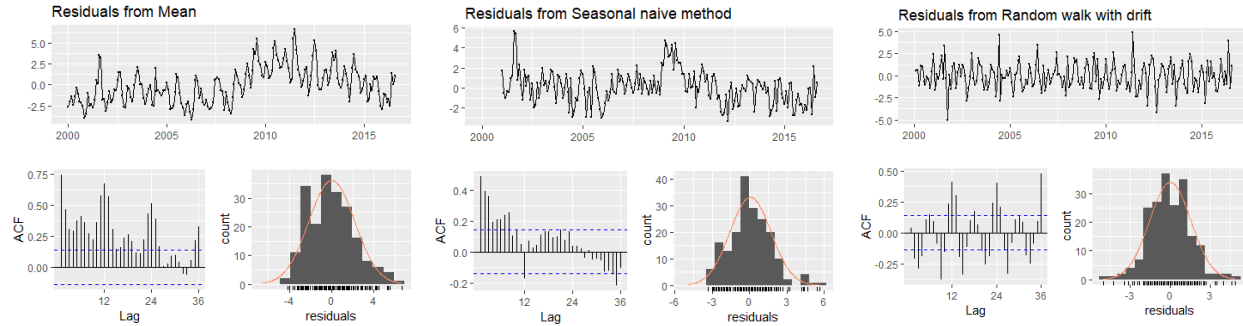


- Fitting with Training Set

Looking at the plot, we can see that Seasonal Naive method is forecasting very close to the actual values. This may be due to the fact that there has not been a dramatic overall trend change in the recent 5 years of data that include test set.



- Residual Diagnostics



Surprisingly, the residuals show that Naive with Drift captures overall trend as well as some seasonality. The other two methods' residuals plots show non-zero mean as well as high ACF over lags. Therefore, Naive with Drift may be the best option for this data.

- Forecast Accuracy (order: Average, Seasonal Naïve, Naïve with Drift)

```
##           ME      RMSE      MAE      MPE      MAPE      ACF1 Theil's U
## Test set 1.213218 1.751494 1.429603 18.76739 22.11467 0.5334935      Inf
##           ME      RMSE      MAE      MPE      MAPE      ACF1 Theil's U
## Test set 0.2769231 0.9251473 0.7538462 3.099576 13.97456 -0.3677591 0.5044827
##           ME      RMSE      MAE      MPE      MAPE      ACF1 Theil's U
## Test set 2.730627 3.009716 2.730627 34.19415 34.19415 0.5196436 158.5842
```

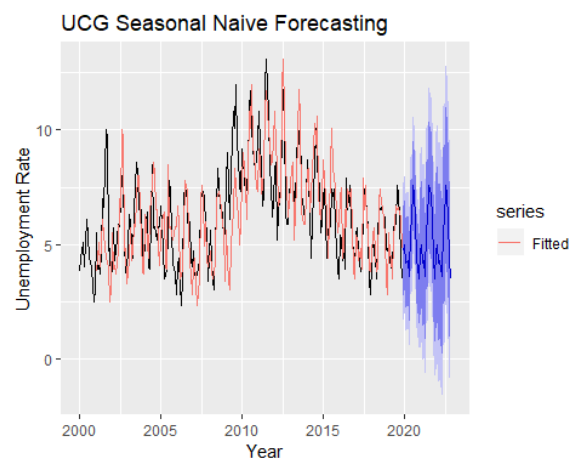
Even with residual diagnostics, the forecast accuracy states that Seasonal Naïve method has the lowest forecast errors in most of measures. Therefore, we will use seasonal naive as our final basic forecast method.

- 3-Year Forecasts with Seasonal Naïve

Since we used 39 data points for our test set, we will use $h=36$, which is about the same size as 39 while including 3 monthly cycle (see Appendix Table 1-b for forecast table).

- Limitation

This method does not take into account (non-monotonous) trend.

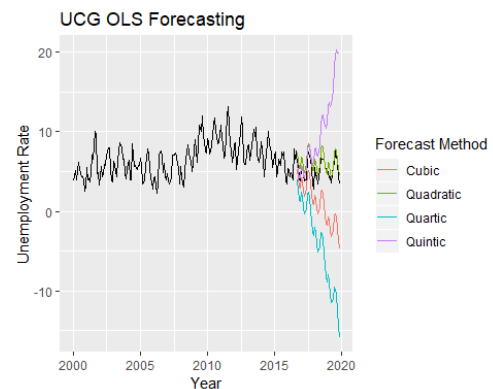


c) OLS Regression

OLS Regression for time series requires two components to fit, Trend and Seasonality. For seasonality, we do not need to specify any values (unless Fourier), however we must find appropriate degree of trend. Looking at the overall shape of the time series curve, we can assume that it has some type of polynomial shape. Therefore, we will try 2-5 polynomials and find the best-performing model by comparing test-training forecasting accuracy. For training/test set splitting, we will use the one from part (b).

- Fitting with Training Set

From the forecast plots, we can clearly see that cubic, quartic, and quintic trends are over-/under-estimating the forecasts.



- Forecast Accuracy (order: Quadratic, Cubic, Quartic, Quintic)

##		ME	RMSE	MAE	MPE	MAPE	ACF1	Theil's U
##	Test set	0.9786029	1.179334	1.028599	15.88309	16.79752	0.190932	1.079327
##		ME	RMSE	MAE	MPE	MAPE	ACF1	Theil's U
##	Test set	-4.222192	4.874214	4.222192	180.6898	453.9723	0.8718977	6.418366
##		ME	RMSE	MAE	MPE	MAPE	ACF1	Theil's U
##	Test set	-9.463041	10.84951	9.463041	-68.94383	418.281	0.9116709	4.629228
##		ME	RMSE	MAE	MPE	MAPE	ACF1	Theil's U
##	Test set	4.936267	6.884367	4.986817	37.89307	38.90397	0.8920531	3.093746

The quadratic trend model has the lowest forecasting errors in most of the measures.

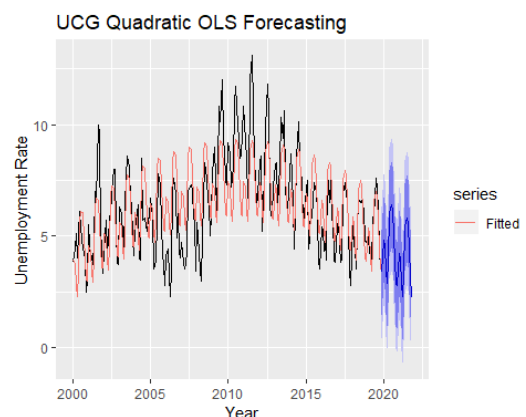
Therefore, we will use quadratic trend OLS forecasting method for our final forecasts.

- 2-Year Forecasts with Quadratic OLS

(See Appendix Table 1-c for forecast table)

- Limitation

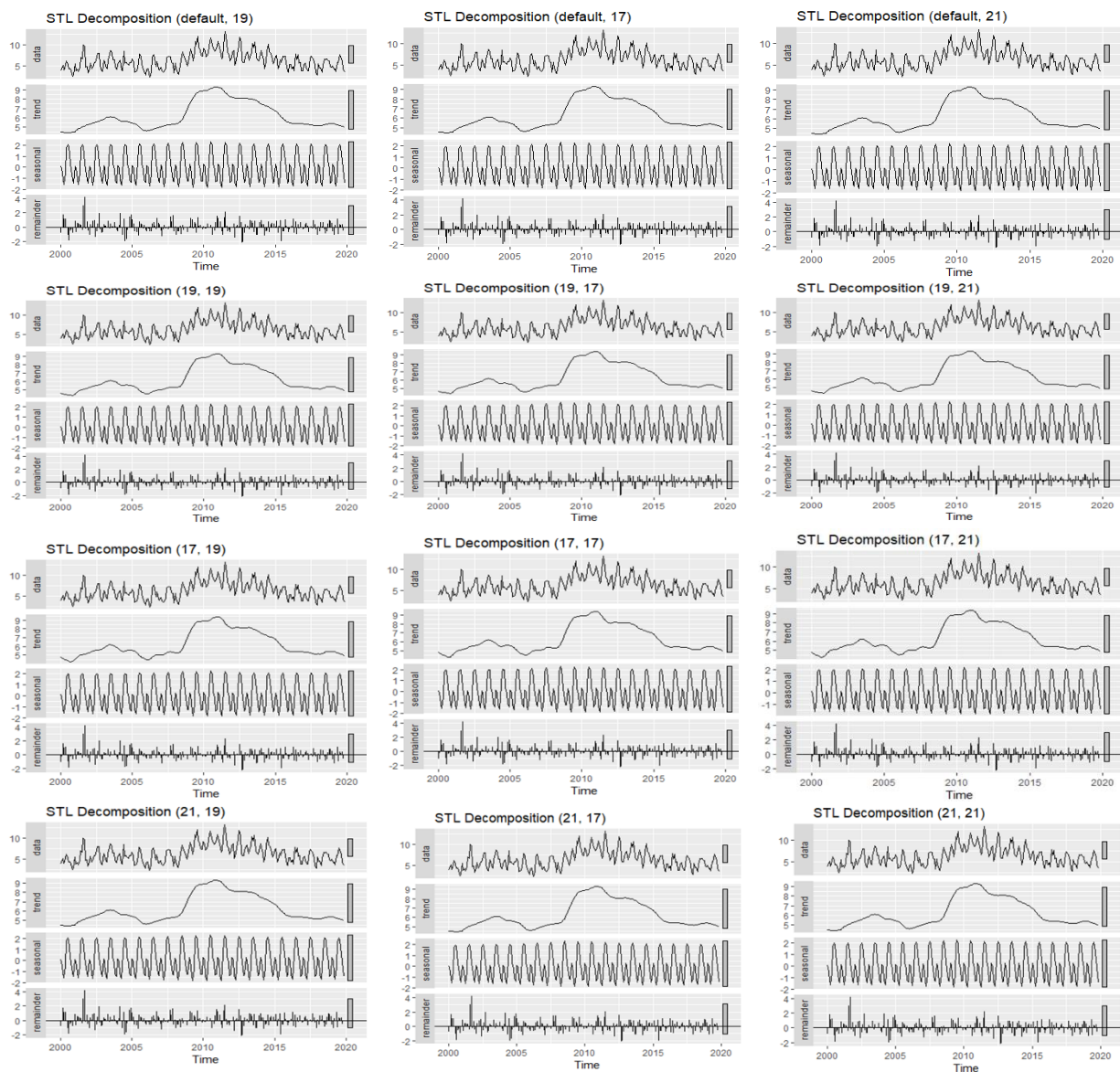
This method does not take into account nonconstant seasonality.



d) STL Decomposition

For STL decomposition, we must input odd numbers for seasonal trend smoother and (optionally) time trend smoother, and both should refer to the number of consecutive years in the data. Since we have 239 data, we have about 19-20 consecutive years. Therefore, let's fit 17, 19, 21 for seasonal trend smoother and default, 17, 19, 21 for time trend smoother. Then, we will compare the results of remainder components.

- Fitting (time trend smoother, seasonal trend smoother)



There is not much of difference in their remainder, seasonal, and time trend components. Therefore, let's stick with default time trend and seasonal trend as 19.

- Time Trend

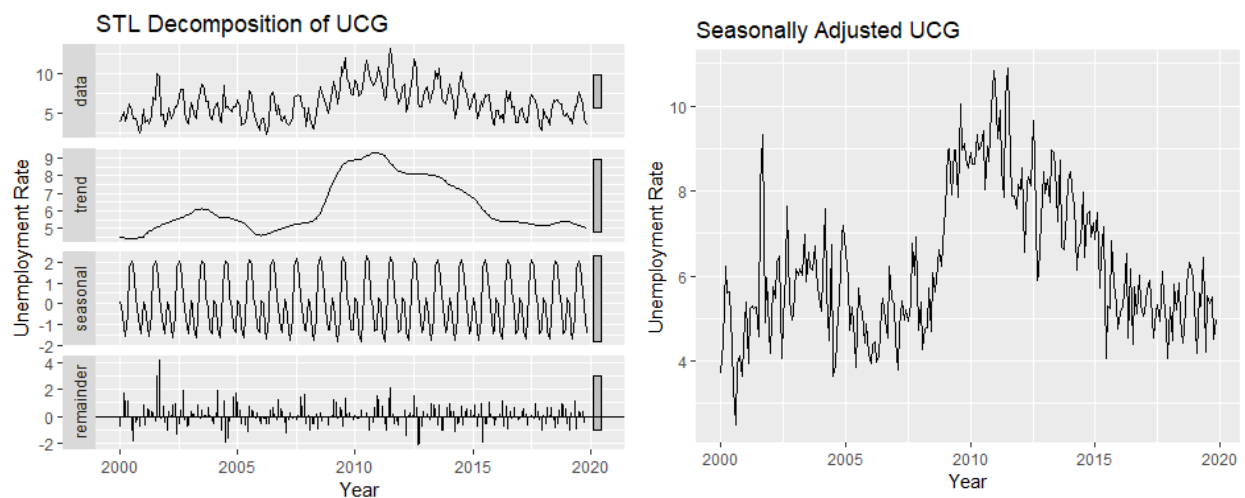
There are two peaks around 2004 and 2010.

- Seasonal Trend

Slight increase in the size of trend around 2010, but overall very similar over time.

- Remainder Component

Some sinusoidal patterns over time.

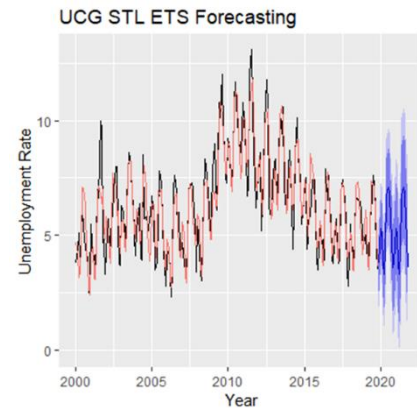


- 2-Year Forecasts with STL Model

For the forecasting method, let's use naïve default ETS (see Appendix Table 1-d for forecast table).

- Limitation

Notice that the forecasts have flat trend. Therefore, the model fails to capture nonconstant trend over time.



- Forecast Accuracy Comparisons with OLS and STL

Let's compare test/training set forecast accuracy of Quadratic OLS method and STL method. (Order: STL, OLS)

##		ME	RMSE	MAE	MPE	MAPE	ACF1	Theil's U
##	Test set	0.03314763	0.6892201	0.5719824	-0.2831312	11.35006	0.07888046	0.5823551
##		ME	RMSE	MAE	MPE	MAPE	ACF1	Theil's U
##	Test set	0.9786029	1.179334	1.028599	15.88309	16.79752	0.190932	1.079327

STL Decomposition with ETS forecasting method has lower forecast error measures. Therefore, STL Decomposition forecasts better than OLS regression.

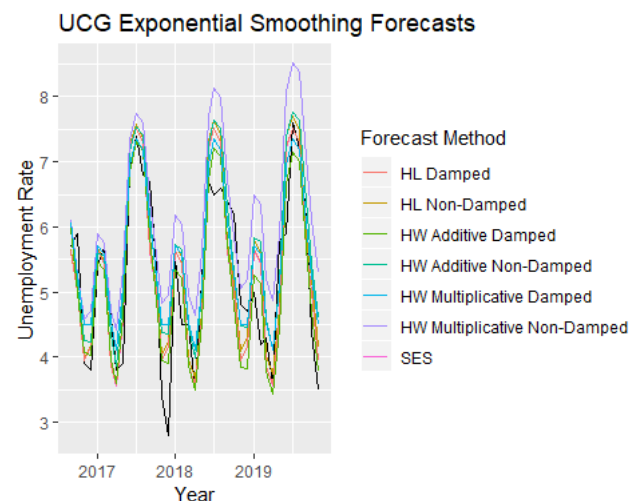
e) Exponential Smoothing

For exponential smoothing, let's compare SES, Holt's Linear Trend, and Holt-Winter's Seasonal methods by looking at their test/training set accuracy and residual plots. We will explore as many tuning options using test/training set from part (b). For alpha and initial values, we will use training set SSE minimizing values (default).

- Fitting with Training Set

Note that for SES and Holt's Linear Trend, they do not capture seasonality. Therefore, let's use seasonally adjusted time series using STL model in part (e). Note that STL decomposition is additive, therefore we need to add the seasonal components back to the forecasts. Seasonal component's forecast will be done by ETS. For HW seasonal methods, we will explore all options of damping and seasonality.

From the plots, we can see that Holt-Winters' Additive Seasonality with Damped Trend (green curve) follow along the actual curve well.



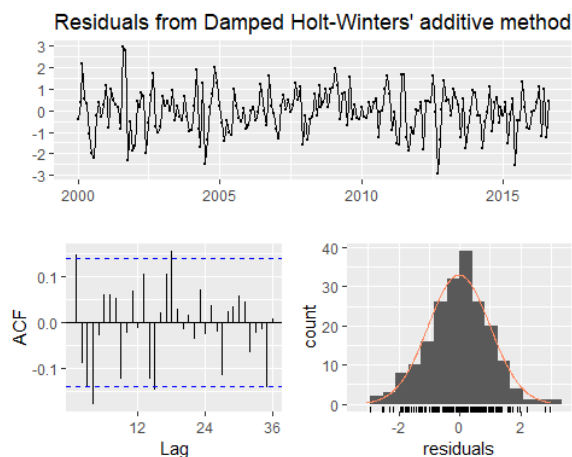
- Forecast Accuracy & Residual Diagnostics

(Order: SES, Holt's Non-Damped/Damped, HW Additive Non-Damped/Damped, Multiplicative Non-Damped/Damped)

	ME	RMSE	MAE	MPE	MAPE	ACF1	Theil's U
Test set	0.03338396	0.6892191	0.5720183	-0.2775891	11.35019	0.0788784	0.5824266
Test set	0.1400182	0.7085215	0.5904581	1.802074	11.30344	0.09178412	0.5921647
Test set	0.03951715	0.6896299	0.5724716	-0.153837	11.33504	0.07905486	0.582684
Test set	0.3556708	0.7206685	0.5792596	6.291581	10.6407	0.08458998	0.6797894
Test set	-0.103156	0.6254612	0.5149548	-2.616402	10.77612	0.04693611	0.5954174
Test set	0.8405881	1.090129	0.9048738	13.98165	15.11647	0.2274478	1.127999
Test set	0.2982443	0.6754245	0.5313605	5.831943	10.15883	0.08947097	0.7677914

Holt-Winters' Additive Seasonal with Damped Trend has the lowest forecast error measures. This result is consistent what we found in plots.

Now, let's see if this model's residuals resemble white noise.

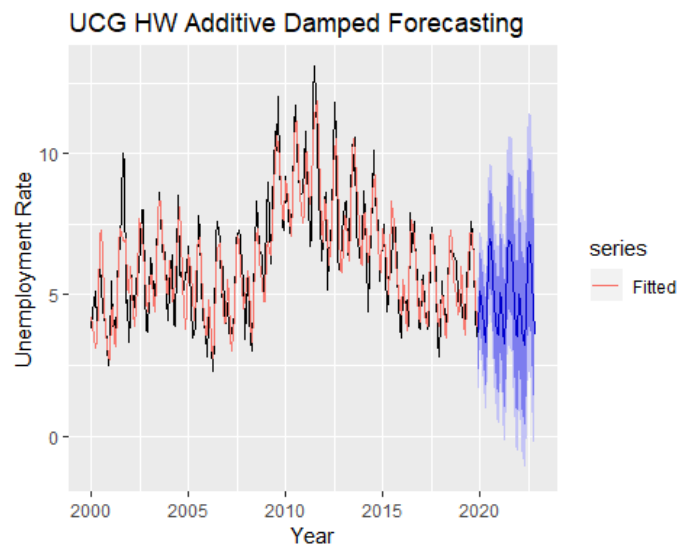


- Residuals have zero mean with slightly non-constant variance, but not so noticeable.
- Residuals are randomly, normally distributed (no big significant lags).

Therefore, residuals roughly resemble white noise. So, we will choose this model.

- 3-Year Forecasts with Holt-Winters' Additive Seasonality with Damped Trend

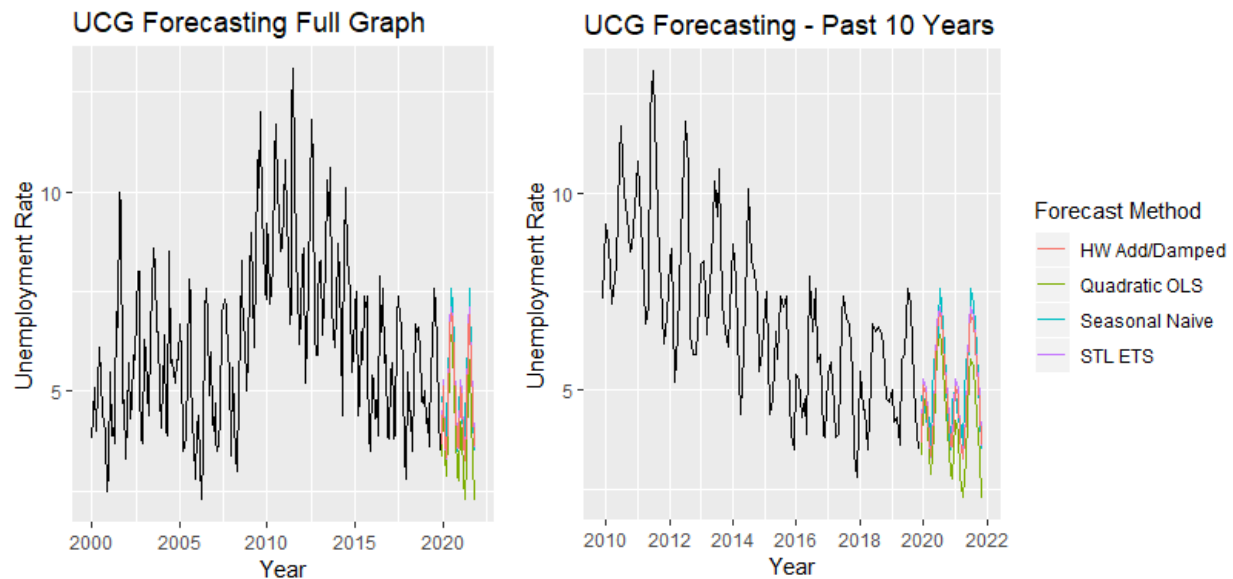
(See Appendix Table 1-e for forecast table)



- Slightly decreasing trend
- Constant seasonality

- Final 2-Year Forecasts - Graphical Comparisons

Now, let's compare all four models we selected from each parts from (b), (c), (d), (e).



- Quadratic OLS: Assumes harsh decreasing trend, so may be underestimating.
- Seasonal Naïve: Returns flat trend, so may not be meaningful over time.
- HW Additive/Damped: slightly decreasing trend with constant seasonality.
- STL with ETS: Returns flat trend, so may not be meaningful over time.

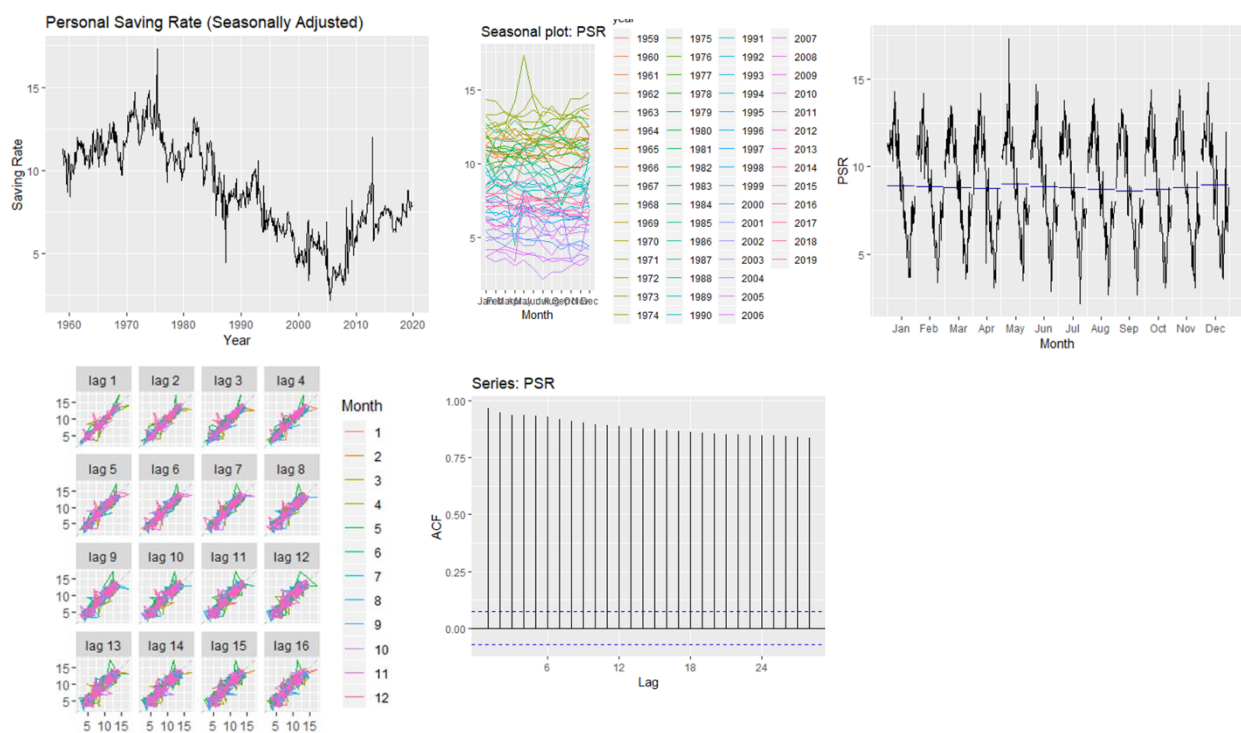
- Conclusions and Remarks

Holt-Winters' Additive Seasonality with Damped Trend Model would be our best estimate models in the long run since it returns some type of time trend. The data itself has roughly constant seasonality, however many of the models fail to identify both time trend. This may be due to stagnant time trend in the recent years in the data, which would make test set for forecasting accuracy not representative for the whole dataset.

2. Personal Saving Rate

- Data Description
 - Monthly Data from January 1959 to October 2019 (length: 730)
 - Seasonally adjusted
 - Source: FRED (<https://fred.stlouisfed.org/series/PSAVERT>)

a) Preliminary Graphs and Analysis



▪ Trend

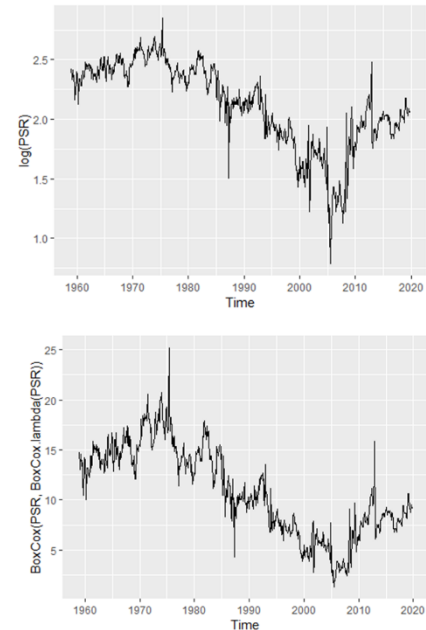
Polynomial overall trend. Peak around 1975 and trough around 2005.

▪ Seasonality

Since the data is seasonally adjusted, we expect no seasonality. The seasonal plots show that there isn't much strong seasonality. Although, the lag plots and ACF plot show that there is strong autocorrelation.

- Transformation

From the original time series plot, it does not seem to have issues with constant variance except a few spikes. These do not get solved through transformation in Box-Cox transformed plots, therefore we will not consider transformation. However, if we observe any issues in residuals plots in any forecasts, we may consider transformation.



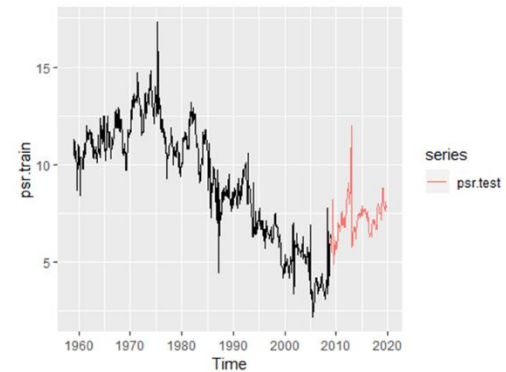
b) Basic Forecasting

To determine which basic forecasting method performs the best, we will split the data into training and test set and test which method gives the lowest accuracy error measures, as well as checking residuals. Before starting this process, let's see if there are any methods that may not be important to even consider.

- Naive: As you may have noticed in the time series plot, this data is not non-stationary, therefore most recent data point may not represent the future forecasts well. But, let's still compare the results with other forecasting methods.
- Average: This may perform better than any other methods since the data has overall cyclical trend not exactly increasing or decreasing.
- Seasonal Naive: This will not perform any better than Naive since the data is already seasonally adjusted. Therefore, we will not consider this method.
- Naive with Drift: This will be affected by the variation of the endpoints, so it will not be accurate. However, we will still compare the result.

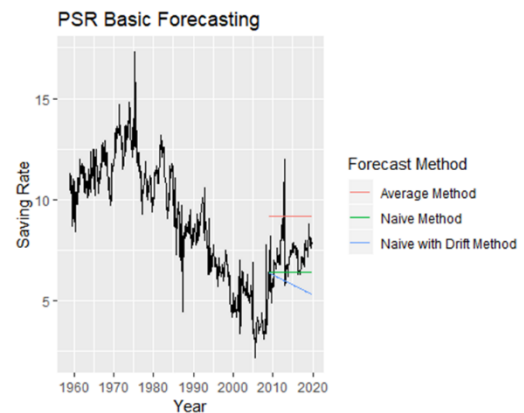
- Test/Training Set

Since the length of our data set is 730, we will split them into 600 and 130 (about 20% of training set)



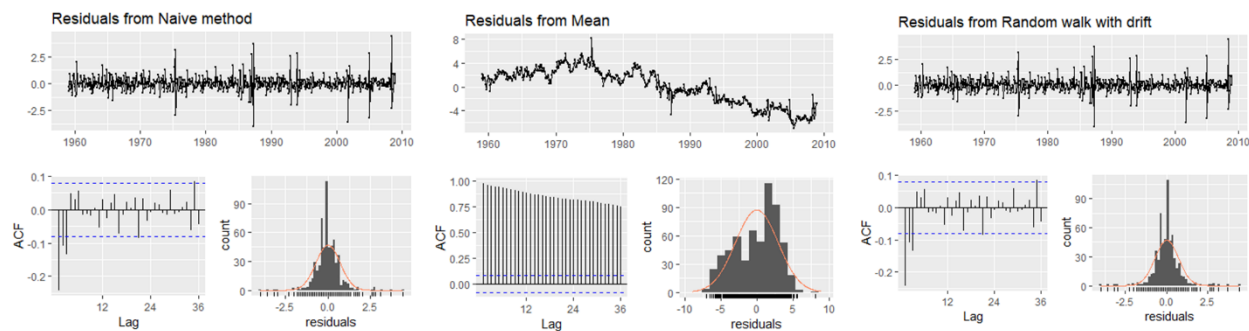
- Fitting with Training Set

- Average: fails to account for low value of the most recent data, thus overestimates.
- Naive: visually closest to the actuals since it captures the low value of the most recent data.
- Drift: fails to capture the recent increasing trend, therefore underestimates.



From the plots, we can say that Naive method performs the best.

- Residual Diagnostics



Residuals of Naive method and Naive with Drift method seem to have the same result that residuals have zero mean with constant variance, normal distribution, and relatively low autocorrelation. Residuals from average method do not have any of these properties.

- Forecast Accuracy (order: Naïve, Average, Naïve with Drift)

##		ME	RMSE	MAE	MPE	MAPE	ACF1	Theil's U
##	Test set	-0.8123077	1.218574	0.9553846	-12.69231	14.92788	0.7099106	Inf
##		ME	RMSE	MAE	MPE	MAPE	ACF1	Theil's U
##	Test set	1.962859	2.162844	2.014392	21.39317	21.95483	0.7099106	Inf
##		ME	RMSE	MAE	MPE	MAPE	ACF1	Theil's U
##	Test set	-1.348117	1.708536	1.456038	-23.58936	25.29808	0.7747826	214.0008

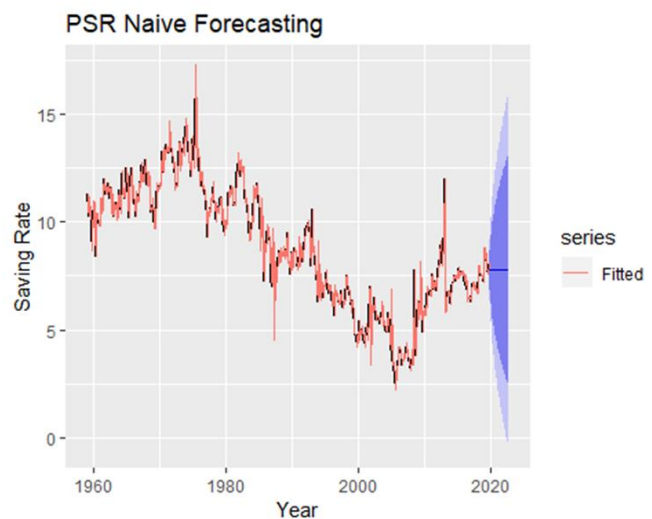
As expected from plots, Naive method has the lowest forecast error measures. Therefore, we will forecast with Naive method for basic forecasting.

- Forecast with Naïve

Since we used 130 data points for our test set, we will use $h=100$ for simplicity (see Appendix Table 2-b for forecast table).

- Limitation

This method does not take into account (non-monotonous) trend.

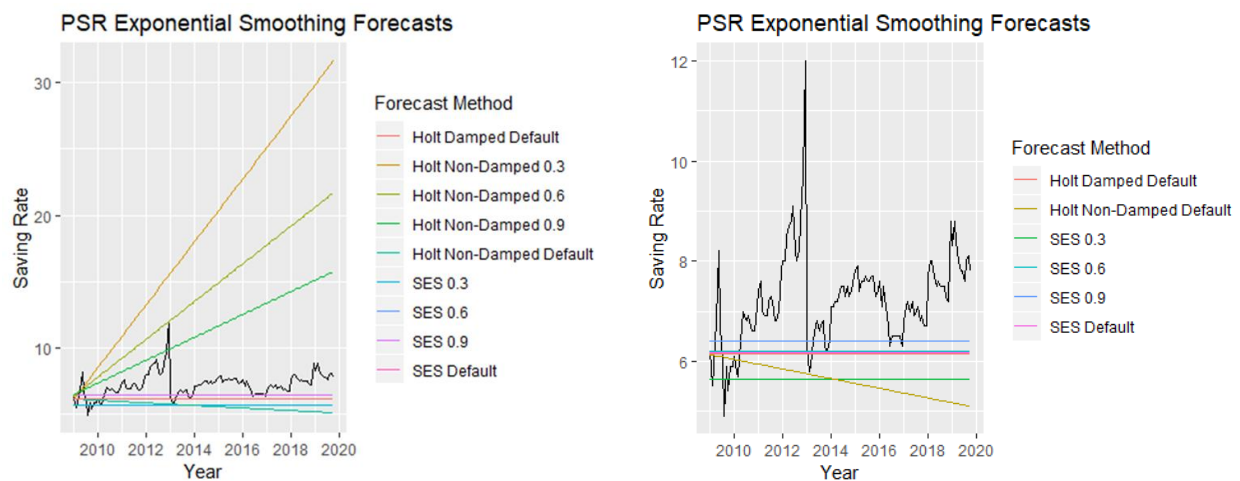


e) Exponential Smoothing

For exponential smoothing, let's compare SES and Holt's Linear Trend methods by looking at their test/training set accuracy and residual plots. We will explore as many tuning options using test/training set from part (b). Note that Holt-Winters' Method will not be used since the data is already seasonally adjusted.

- Fitting with Training Set

Since we do not include Holt-Winters' Method, let's explore more of different parameter settings. For damped Holt's Linear trend, initial value is required to be optimal, we will use default values.



On the right graph, by eliminating methods with large errors (Holt Non-Damped 0.3, 0.6, 0.9), let's see other methods more closely. From the plots, we can see that all methods besides SES 0.3 and Holt Non-Damped Default performs similarly. Therefore, let's compare these methods in forecast accuracy. However, note that all of them are flat forecasts, which may not be so meaningful.

- Forecast Accuracy & Residual Diagnostics

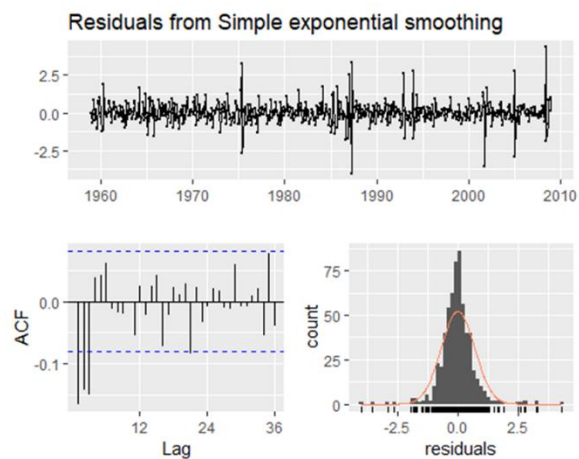
(Order: SES Default, alpha = 0.6, 0.9, Holt's Damped)

```
##           ME      RMSE      MAE      MPE      MAPE      ACF1 Theil's U
## Test set -1.05173 1.389681 1.134614 -17.07193 18.41734 0.7099106      Inf
##           ME      RMSE      MAE      MPE      MAPE      ACF1 Theil's U
## Test set -1.018866 1.364979 1.108324 -16.45073 17.89512 0.7099106      Inf
##           ME      RMSE      MAE      MPE      MAPE      ACF1 Theil's U
## Test set -0.8221904 1.225184 0.9623785 -12.86659 15.06042 0.7099106      Inf
##           ME      RMSE      MAE      MPE      MAPE      ACF1 Theil's U
## Test set -1.053274 1.390831 1.135827 -17.10121 18.4416 0.7098978 66068.28
```

SES with alpha = 0.9 has the lowest forecast error measures.

Now, let's see if this model's residuals resemble white noise.

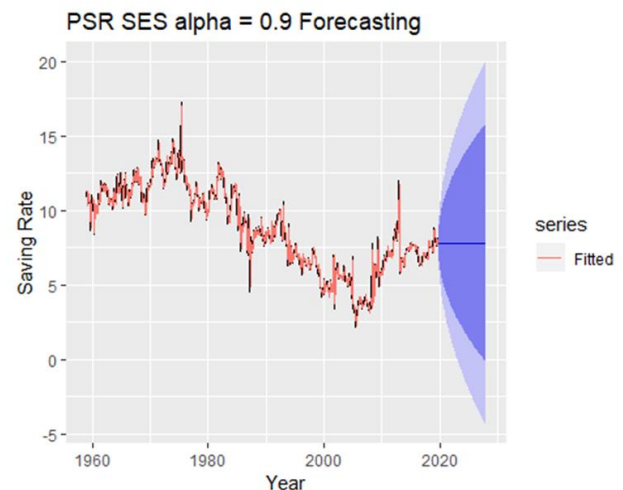
- Residuals have zero mean and constant variance except a handful of spikes, which can be ignored.
- Residuals are randomly, normally distributed (no big significant lags after 3 lags).



Therefore, residuals roughly resemble white noise. So, we will choose this model.

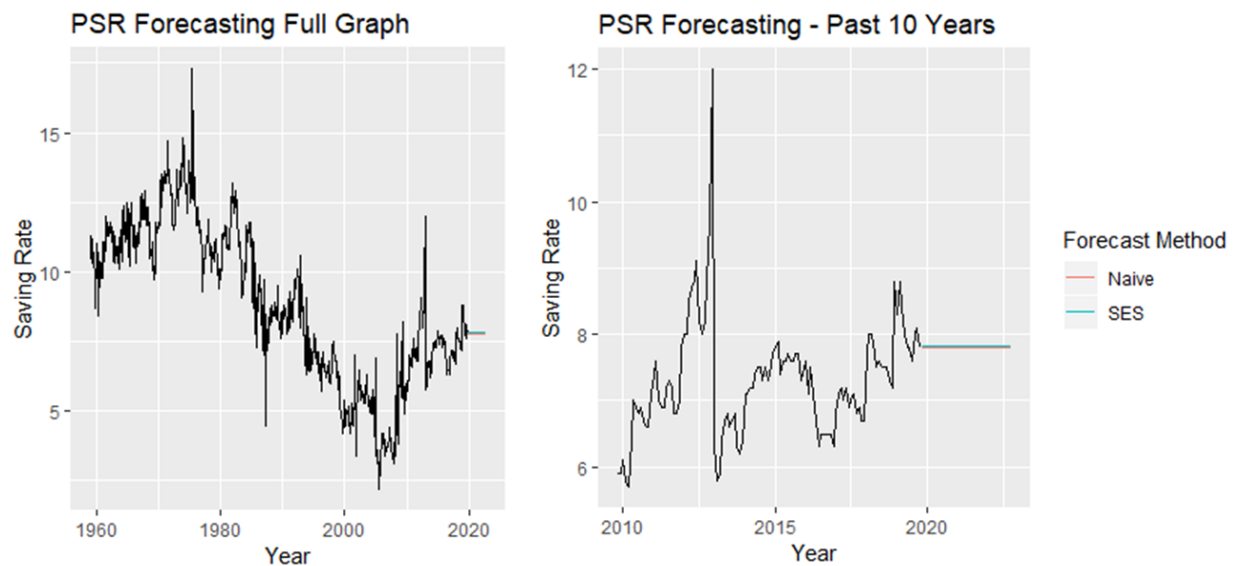
- 100 Steps Ahead Forecasts with SES with alpha = 0.9

This model returns flat forecasts. However, no other model considered above could predict the trend well. Therefore, these are our best estimates (see Appendix Table 2-e for forecast table).



- Final 3-Year Forecasts - Graphical Comparisons

Now, let's compare both models we selected from part (b) and (e).



Both methods return flat forecasts. Therefore, we need different forecasting models.

- Conclusions and Remarks

None of the methods above were able to explain time trend. This may be due to the length of data set making the trend averagely underestimated. Also, data still carries some unexplained variability after seasonal adjustment, and none of the methods take that into account. The sudden increasing trend after around 2005 may indicate that the data went into new trend cycle that are not related to previous years. Therefore, we could split dataset and only use data after 2005, then apply other models such as ARIMA to capture random variability in the data.

- Appendix – Forecast Tables

Table 1-b UCG Seasonal Naïve 3-Year Forecasts

##	Point Forecast	Lo 80	Hi 80	Lo 95	Hi 95
## Dec 2019	4.7	2.73188635	6.668114	1.6900299	7.709970
## Jan 2020	5.0	3.03188635	6.968114	1.9900299	8.009970
## Feb 2020	4.2	2.23188635	6.168114	1.1900299	7.209970
## Mar 2020	4.3	2.33188635	6.268114	1.2900299	7.309970
## Apr 2020	3.6	1.63188635	5.568114	0.5900299	6.609970
## May 2020	5.8	3.83188635	7.768114	2.7900299	8.809970
## Jun 2020	5.9	3.93188635	7.868114	2.8900299	8.909970
## Jul 2020	7.6	5.63188635	9.568114	4.5900299	10.609970
## Aug 2020	7.2	5.23188635	9.168114	4.1900299	10.209970
## Sep 2020	6.1	4.13188635	8.068114	3.0900299	9.109970
## Oct 2020	4.4	2.43188635	6.368114	1.3900299	7.409970
## Nov 2020	3.5	1.53188635	5.468114	0.4900299	6.509970
## Dec 2020	4.7	1.91666699	7.483333	0.4432595	8.956741
## Jan 2021	5.0	2.21666699	7.783333	0.7432595	9.256741
## Feb 2021	4.2	1.41666699	6.983333	-0.0567405	8.456741
## Mar 2021	4.3	1.51666699	7.083333	0.0432595	8.556741
## Apr 2021	3.6	0.81666699	6.383333	-0.6567405	7.856741
## May 2021	5.8	3.01666699	8.583333	1.5432595	10.056741
## Jun 2021	5.9	3.11666699	8.683333	1.6432595	10.156741
## Jul 2021	7.6	4.81666699	10.383333	3.3432595	11.856741
## Aug 2021	7.2	4.41666699	9.983333	2.9432595	11.456741
## Sep 2021	6.1	3.31666699	8.883333	1.8432595	10.356741
## Oct 2021	4.4	1.61666699	7.183333	0.1432595	8.656741
## Nov 2021	3.5	0.71666699	6.283333	-0.7567405	7.756741
## Dec 2021	4.7	1.29112717	8.108873	-0.5134211	9.913421
## Jan 2022	5.0	1.59112717	8.408873	-0.2134211	10.213421
## Feb 2022	4.2	0.79112717	7.608873	-1.0134211	9.413421
## Mar 2022	4.3	0.89112717	7.708873	-0.9134211	9.513421
## Apr 2022	3.6	0.19112717	7.008873	-1.6134211	8.813421
## May 2022	5.8	2.39112717	9.208873	0.5865789	11.013421
## Jun 2022	5.9	2.49112717	9.308873	0.6865789	11.113421
## Jul 2022	7.6	4.19112717	11.008873	2.3865789	12.813421
## Aug 2022	7.2	3.79112717	10.608873	1.9865789	12.413421
## Sep 2022	6.1	2.69112717	9.508873	0.8865789	11.313421
## Oct 2022	4.4	0.99112717	7.808873	-0.8134211	9.613421
## Nov 2022	3.5	0.09112717	6.908873	-1.7134211	8.713421

Table 1-c UCG Quadratic OLS 2-Year Forecasts

##	Point	Forecast	Lo 80	Hi 80	Lo 95	Hi 95
##	Dec 2019	3.355504	1.4269910	5.284017	0.39885433	6.312154
##	Jan 2020	4.829294	2.9029881	6.755600	1.87602818	7.782560
##	Feb 2020	4.555973	2.6286399	6.483307	1.60113219	7.510814
##	Mar 2020	3.432653	1.5042663	5.361039	0.47619719	6.389108
##	Apr 2020	2.894332	0.9648672	4.823796	-0.06377676	5.852440
##	May 2020	3.896011	1.9654428	5.826579	0.93621042	6.855812
##	Jun 2020	6.012690	4.0809931	7.944388	3.05115878	8.974222
##	Jul 2020	6.409370	4.4765181	8.342221	3.44606840	9.372671
##	Aug 2020	6.216049	4.2820179	8.150080	3.25093934	9.181159
##	Sep 2020	4.967728	3.0324925	6.902964	2.00077168	7.934685
##	Oct 2020	3.984408	2.0479419	5.920873	1.01556548	6.953250
##	Nov 2020	2.901087	0.9633663	4.838808	-0.06967918	5.871853
##	Dec 2020	2.765541	0.8203951	4.710688	-0.21660919	5.747692
##	Jan 2021	4.234253	2.2913678	6.177139	1.25556892	7.212937
##	Feb 2021	3.955854	2.0115104	5.900198	0.97493385	6.936775
##	Mar 2021	2.827455	0.8816231	4.773288	-0.15574691	5.810658
##	Apr 2021	2.284057	0.3367061	4.231407	-0.70147327	5.269586
##	May 2021	3.280658	1.3317594	5.229556	0.29275489	6.268561
##	Jun 2021	5.392259	3.4417832	7.342735	2.40193767	8.382580
##	Jul 2021	5.783860	3.8317774	7.735943	2.79107519	8.776645
##	Aug 2021	5.585461	3.6317421	7.539180	2.59016755	8.580755
##	Sep 2021	4.332062	2.3766775	6.287447	1.33421487	7.329910
##	Oct 2021	3.343663	1.3865836	5.300743	0.34321727	6.344109
##	Nov 2021	2.255264	0.2964604	4.214069	-0.74782515	5.258354

Table 1-d UCG STL with Naive 2-Year Forecasts

##	Point	Forecast	Lo 80	Hi 80	Lo 95	Hi 95
##	Dec 2019	3.776242	2.544987	5.007496	1.89320041	5.659283
##	Jan 2020	5.278172	3.973521	6.582824	3.28287979	7.273465
##	Feb 2020	5.037923	3.663789	6.412057	2.93636646	7.139480
##	Mar 2020	3.742459	2.302191	5.182728	1.53975903	5.945160
##	Apr 2020	3.323407	1.819910	4.826903	1.02400748	5.622806
##	May 2020	4.391376	2.827206	5.955547	1.99918400	6.783569
##	Jun 2020	6.731753	5.109176	8.354331	4.25023523	9.213272
##	Jul 2020	7.102866	5.423912	8.781820	4.53512737	9.670604
##	Aug 2020	6.872327	5.138830	8.605825	4.22117137	9.523483
##	Sep 2020	5.636500	3.850123	7.422877	2.90447222	8.368528
##	Oct 2020	4.918589	3.080854	6.756324	2.10801544	7.729163
##	Nov 2020	3.577754	1.690057	5.465450	0.69077030	6.464737
##	Dec 2020	3.776242	1.839872	5.712611	0.81481977	6.737664
##	Jan 2021	5.278172	3.294324	7.262021	2.24413746	8.312207
##	Feb 2021	5.037923	3.007705	7.068141	1.93297293	8.142873
##	Mar 2021	3.742459	1.666908	5.818011	0.56817767	6.916741
##	Apr 2021	3.323407	1.203491	5.443322	0.08127587	6.565537
##	May 2021	4.391376	2.228006	6.554746	1.08278759	7.699965
##	Jun 2021	6.731753	4.525785	8.937722	3.35801544	10.105491
##	Jul 2021	7.102866	4.855105	9.350626	3.66521309	10.540518
##	Aug 2021	6.872327	4.583539	9.161116	3.37192689	10.372728
##	Sep 2021	5.636500	3.307405	7.965595	2.07445690	9.198543
##	Oct 2021	4.918589	2.549874	7.287304	1.29595197	8.541226
##	Nov 2021	3.577754	1.170070	5.985437	-0.10448051	7.259988

Table 1-e UCG Holt-Winters' Additive Seasonality with Damped Trend 3-Year Forecasts

##	Point	Forecast	Lo 80	Hi 80	Lo 95	Hi 95
##	Dec 2019	3.640644	2.3578944	4.923394	1.6788478	5.602440
##	Jan 2020	5.135469	3.7780393	6.492898	3.0594596	7.211478
##	Feb 2020	4.901857	3.4725800	6.331134	2.7159666	7.087747
##	Mar 2020	3.827988	2.3293076	5.326668	1.5359543	6.120021
##	Apr 2020	3.331390	1.7654440	4.897337	0.9364821	5.726299
##	May 2020	4.374279	2.7429562	6.005602	1.8793860	6.869172
##	Jun 2020	6.530741	4.8357290	8.225753	3.9384438	9.123038
##	Jul 2020	6.965346	5.2081646	8.722528	4.2779689	9.652723
##	Aug 2020	6.828705	5.0107331	8.646678	4.0483567	9.609054
##	Sep 2020	5.630014	3.7525098	7.507517	2.7586193	8.501408
##	Oct 2020	4.680673	2.7447944	6.616551	1.7200022	7.641344
##	Nov 2020	3.652502	1.6593175	5.645687	0.6041892	6.700815
##	Dec 2020	3.584998	1.5354686	5.634527	0.4505133	6.719483
##	Jan 2021	5.081266	2.9763473	7.186185	1.8620705	8.300462
##	Feb 2021	4.849061	2.6896167	7.008504	1.5464763	8.151645
##	Mar 2021	3.776561	1.5634049	5.989717	0.3918308	7.161292
##	Apr 2021	3.281298	1.0151949	5.547401	-0.1844077	6.747004
##	May 2021	4.325486	2.0071598	6.643813	0.7799119	7.871061
##	Jun 2021	6.483214	4.1133501	8.853078	2.8588199	10.107608
##	Jul 2021	6.919052	4.4983028	9.339802	3.2168354	10.621269
##	Aug 2021	6.783613	4.3125986	9.254626	3.0045229	10.562702
##	Sep 2021	5.586091	3.0654054	8.106776	1.7310352	9.441146
##	Oct 2021	4.637890	2.0681004	7.207679	0.7077362	8.568043
##	Nov 2021	3.610829	0.9924799	6.229178	-0.3935903	7.615248
##	Dec 2021	3.544406	0.8779951	6.210816	-0.5335174	7.622329
##	Jan 2022	5.041727	2.3277824	7.755672	0.8911068	9.192347
##	Feb 2022	4.810547	2.0495525	7.571542	0.5879703	9.033124
##	Mar 2022	3.739047	0.9314698	6.546624	-0.5547717	8.032866
##	Apr 2022	3.244757	0.3910492	6.098465	-1.1196126	7.609127
##	May 2022	4.289893	1.3904916	7.189295	-0.1443590	8.724146
##	Jun 2022	6.448545	3.5038722	9.393217	1.9450568	10.952032
##	Jul 2022	6.885282	3.8957497	9.874815	2.3131868	11.457377
##	Aug 2022	6.750719	3.7167246	9.784713	2.1106252	11.390812
##	Sep 2022	5.554050	2.4759818	8.632118	0.8465509	10.261549
##	Oct 2022	4.606680	1.4849143	7.728446	-0.1676488	9.381009
##	Nov 2022	3.580429	0.4153324	6.745526	-1.2601687	8.421027

Table 2-b PSR Naïve 100-Step Ahead Forecasts

##	Point Forecast	Lo 80	Hi 80	Lo 95	Hi 95
## Nov 2019	7.8	6.893669471	8.706331	6.41388707	9.186113
## Dec 2019	7.8	6.518255074	9.081745	5.83974030	9.760260
## Jan 2020	7.8	6.230189475	9.369811	5.39918198	10.200818
## Feb 2020	7.8	5.987338942	9.612661	5.02777414	10.572226
## Mar 2020	7.8	5.773383327	9.826617	4.70055726	10.899443
## Apr 2020	7.8	5.579952665	10.020047	4.40473060	11.195269
## May 2020	7.8	5.402074814	10.197925	4.13268990	11.467310
## Jun 2020	7.8	5.236510147	10.363490	3.87948059	11.720519
## Jul 2020	7.8	5.081008412	10.518992	3.64166121	11.958339
## Aug 2020	7.8	4.933931215	10.666069	3.41672605	12.183274
## Sep 2020	7.8	4.794041699	10.805958	3.20278349	12.397217
## Oct 2020	7.8	4.660378950	10.939621	2.99836396	12.601636
## Nov 2020	7.8	4.532178805	11.067821	2.80229876	12.797701
## Dec 2020	7.8	4.408821681	11.191178	2.61364032	12.986360
## Jan 2021	7.8	4.289796954	11.310203	2.43160771	13.168392
## Feb 2021	7.8	4.174677883	11.425322	2.25554828	13.344452
## Mar 2021	7.8	4.063103496	11.536897	2.08490998	13.515090
## Apr 2021	7.8	3.954765221	11.645235	1.91922089	13.680779
## May 2021	7.8	3.849396814	11.750603	1.75807381	13.841926
## Jun 2021	7.8	3.746766653	11.853233	1.60111453	13.998885
## Jul 2021	7.8	3.646671745	11.953328	1.44803258	14.151967
## Aug 2021	7.8	3.548933002	12.051067	1.29855407	14.301446
## Sep 2021	7.8	3.453391478	12.146609	1.15243592	14.447564
## Oct 2021	7.8	3.359905330	12.240095	1.00946119	14.590539
## Nov 2021	7.8	3.268347354	12.331653	0.86943535	14.730565
## Dec 2021	7.8	3.178602946	12.421397	0.73218312	14.867817
## Jan 2022	7.8	3.090568425	12.509432	0.59754594	15.002454
## Feb 2022	7.8	3.004149628	12.595850	0.46537980	15.134620
## Mar 2022	7.8	2.919260731	12.680739	0.33555343	15.264447
## Apr 2022	7.8	2.835823246	12.764177	0.20794681	15.392053
## May 2022	7.8	2.753765179	12.846235	0.08244983	15.517550
## Jun 2022	7.8	2.673020295	12.926980	-0.04103882	15.641039
## Jul 2022	7.8	2.593527497	13.006473	-0.16261256	15.762613
## Aug 2022	7.8	2.515230283	13.084770	-0.28235781	15.882358
## Sep 2022	7.8	2.438076279	13.161924	-0.40035468	16.000355
## Oct 2022	7.8	2.362016825	13.237983	-0.51667758	16.116678
## Nov 2022	7.8	2.287006617	13.312993	-0.63139579	16.231396
## Dec 2022	7.8	2.213003395	13.386997	-0.74457395	16.344574
## Jan 2023	7.8	2.139967659	13.460032	-0.85627247	16.456272
## Feb 2023	7.8	2.067862430	13.532138	-0.96654791	16.566548
## Mar 2023	7.8	1.996653021	13.603347	-1.07545330	16.675453
## Apr 2023	7.8	1.926306853	13.673693	-1.18303848	16.783038
## May 2023	7.8	1.856793272	13.743207	-1.28935033	16.889350
## Jun 2023	7.8	1.788083397	13.811917	-1.39443301	16.994433
## Jul 2023	7.8	1.720149980	13.879850	-1.49832821	17.098328
## Aug 2023	7.8	1.652967277	13.947033	-1.60107528	17.201075
## Sep 2023	7.8	1.586510938	14.013489	-1.70271148	17.302711
## Oct 2023	7.8	1.520757900	14.079242	-1.80327208	17.403272
## Nov 2023	7.8	1.455686296	14.144314	-1.90279051	17.502791
## Dec 2023	7.8	1.391275368	14.208725	-2.00129852	17.601299
## Jan 2024	7.8	1.327505393	14.272495	-2.09882628	17.698826
## Feb 2024	7.8	1.264357609	14.335642	-2.19540248	17.795402
## Mar 2024	7.8	1.201814152	14.398186	-2.29105445	17.891054
## Apr 2024	7.8	1.139857996	14.460142	-2.38580821	17.985808
## May 2024	7.8	1.078472901	14.521527	-2.47968861	18.079689
## Jun 2024	7.8	1.017643361	14.582357	-2.57271937	18.172719
## Jul 2024	7.8	0.957354561	14.642645	-2.66492313	18.264923
## Aug 2024	7.8	0.897592331	14.702408	-2.75632157	18.356322
## Sep 2024	7.8	0.838343110	14.761657	-2.84693544	18.446935
## Oct 2024	7.8	0.779593909	14.820406	-2.93678459	18.536785
## Nov 2024	7.8	0.721332278	14.878668	-3.02588806	18.625888
## Dec 2024	7.8	0.663546277	14.936454	-3.11426412	18.714264
## Jan 2025	7.8	0.606224442	14.993776	-3.20193030	18.801930
## Feb 2025	7.8	0.549355767	15.050644	-3.28890344	18.888903
## Mar 2025	7.8	0.492929669	15.107070	-3.37519971	18.975200
## Apr 2025	7.8	0.436935974	15.163064	-3.46083468	19.060835
## May 2025	7.8	0.381364891	15.218635	-3.54582331	19.145823

## Jun 2025	7.8	0.326206993	15.273793	-3.63018004	19.230180
## Jul 2025	7.8	0.271453199	15.328547	-3.71391874	19.313919
## Aug 2025	7.8	0.217094754	15.382905	-3.79705281	19.397053
## Sep 2025	7.8	0.163123217	15.436877	-3.87959515	19.479595
## Oct 2025	7.8	0.109530442	15.490470	-3.96155823	19.561558
## Nov 2025	7.8	0.056308564	15.543691	-4.04295406	19.642954
## Dec 2025	7.8	0.003449989	15.596550	-4.12379428	19.723794
## Jan 2026	7.8	-0.049052625	15.649053	-4.20409010	19.804090
## Feb 2026	7.8	-0.101206372	15.701206	-4.28385237	19.883852
## Mar 2026	7.8	-0.153018117	15.753018	-4.36309160	19.963092
## Apr 2026	7.8	-0.204494500	15.804494	-4.44181793	20.041818
## May 2026	7.8	-0.255641950	15.855642	-4.52004120	20.120041
## Jun 2026	7.8	-0.306466693	15.906467	-4.59777094	20.197771
## Jul 2026	7.8	-0.356974763	15.956975	-4.67501637	20.275016
## Aug 2026	7.8	-0.407172004	16.007172	-4.75178642	20.351786
## Sep 2026	7.8	-0.457064087	16.057064	-4.82808978	20.428090
## Oct 2026	7.8	-0.506656509	16.106657	-4.90393485	20.503935
## Nov 2026	7.8	-0.555954607	16.155955	-4.97932978	20.579330
## Dec 2026	7.8	-0.604963558	16.204964	-5.05428250	20.654283
## Jan 2027	7.8	-0.653688393	16.253688	-5.12880071	20.728801
## Feb 2027	7.8	-0.702133995	16.302134	-5.20289186	20.802892
## Mar 2027	7.8	-0.750305112	16.350305	-5.27656323	20.876563
## Apr 2027	7.8	-0.798206356	16.398206	-5.34982186	20.949822
## May 2027	7.8	-0.845842212	16.445842	-5.42267461	21.022675
## Jun 2027	7.8	-0.893217045	16.493217	-5.49512817	21.095128
## Jul 2027	7.8	-0.940335097	16.540335	-5.56718901	21.167189
## Aug 2027	7.8	-0.987200501	16.587201	-5.63886346	21.238863
## Sep 2027	7.8	-1.033817276	16.633817	-5.71015767	21.310158
## Oct 2027	7.8	-1.080189339	16.680189	-5.78107762	21.381078
## Nov 2027	7.8	-1.126320503	16.726321	-5.85162914	21.451629
## Dec 2027	7.8	-1.172214485	16.772214	-5.92181793	21.521818
## Jan 2028	7.8	-1.217874904	16.817875	-5.99164952	21.591650
## Feb 2028	7.8	-1.263305292	16.863305	-6.06112930	21.661129

Table 2-e PSR SES with $\alpha = 0.9$ 100-Step Ahead Forecasts

##	Point Forecast	Lo 80	Hi 80	Lo 95	Hi 95
## Nov 2019	7.82862	6.94017522	8.717065	6.46986084	9.187380
## Dec 2019	7.82862	6.63333972	9.023901	6.00059643	9.656644
## Jan 2020	7.82862	6.39054635	9.266694	5.62927601	10.027964
## Feb 2020	7.82862	6.18319704	9.474043	5.31216261	10.345078
## Mar 2020	7.82862	5.99919998	9.658041	5.03076339	10.626477
## Apr 2020	7.82862	5.83208838	9.825152	4.77518825	10.882052
## May 2020	7.82862	5.67792257	9.979318	4.53941200	11.117828
## Jun 2020	7.82862	5.53409165	10.123149	4.31944158	11.337799
## Jul 2020	7.82862	5.39875966	10.258481	4.11246917	11.544771
## Aug 2020	7.82862	5.27057735	10.386663	3.91643124	11.740809
## Sep 2020	7.82862	5.14851867	10.508722	3.72975860	11.927482
## Oct 2020	7.82862	5.03178178	10.625459	3.55122492	12.106016
## Nov 2020	7.82862	4.91972588	10.737515	3.37985022	12.277390
## Dec 2020	7.82862	4.81182933	10.845411	3.21483669	12.442404
## Jan 2021	7.82862	4.70766071	10.949580	3.05552454	12.601716
## Feb 2021	7.82862	4.60685840	11.050382	2.90136070	12.755880
## Mar 2021	7.82862	4.50911571	11.148125	2.75187615	12.905364
## Apr 2021	7.82862	4.41416987	11.243071	2.60666903	13.050571
## May 2021	7.82862	4.32179371	11.335447	2.46539188	13.191849
## Jun 2021	7.82862	4.23178923	11.425451	2.32774191	13.329499
## Jul 2021	7.82862	4.14398263	11.513258	2.19345331	13.463787
## Aug 2021	7.82862	4.05822036	11.599020	2.06229122	13.594949
## Sep 2021	7.82862	3.97436593	11.682875	1.93404695	13.723194
## Oct 2021	7.82862	3.89229743	11.764943	1.80853401	13.848706
## Nov 2021	7.82862	3.81190538	11.845335	1.68558498	13.971656
## Dec 2021	7.82862	3.73309107	11.924149	1.56504888	14.092192
## Jan 2022	7.82862	3.65576508	12.001475	1.44678899	14.210452
## Feb 2022	7.82862	3.57984616	12.077394	1.33068102	14.326559
## Mar 2022	7.82862	3.50526018	12.151980	1.21661161	14.440629
## Apr 2022	7.82862	3.43193931	12.225301	1.10447702	14.552763
## May 2022	7.82862	3.35982128	12.297419	0.99418200	14.663058
## Jun 2022	7.82862	3.28884875	12.368392	0.88563889	14.771602
## Jul 2022	7.82862	3.21896883	12.438272	0.77876677	14.878474
## Aug 2022	7.82862	3.15013254	12.507108	0.67349076	14.983750
## Sep 2022	7.82862	3.08229449	12.574946	0.56974141	15.087499
## Oct 2022	7.82862	3.01541246	12.641828	0.46745418	15.189786
## Nov 2022	7.82862	2.94944715	12.707793	0.36656893	15.290672
## Dec 2022	7.82862	2.88436185	12.772879	0.26702955	15.390211
## Jan 2023	7.82862	2.82012226	12.837118	0.16878358	15.488457
## Feb 2023	7.82862	2.75669624	12.900544	0.07178186	15.585459
## Mar 2023	7.82862	2.69405365	12.963187	-0.02402171	15.681262
## Apr 2023	7.82862	2.63216616	13.025074	-0.11867047	15.775911
## May 2023	7.82862	2.57100709	13.086233	-0.21220519	15.869446
## Jun 2023	7.82862	2.51055132	13.146689	-0.30466431	15.961905
## Jul 2023	7.82862	2.45077513	13.206465	-0.39608410	16.053325
## Aug 2023	7.82862	2.39165611	13.265584	-0.48649885	16.143739
## Sep 2023	7.82862	2.33317304	13.324067	-0.57594099	16.233181
## Oct 2023	7.82862	2.27530583	13.381935	-0.66444124	16.321682
## Nov 2023	7.82862	2.21803543	13.439205	-0.75202876	16.409269
## Dec 2023	7.82862	2.16134374	13.495897	-0.83873122	16.495972
## Jan 2024	7.82862	2.10521357	13.552027	-0.92457491	16.581815
## Feb 2024	7.82862	2.04962856	13.607612	-1.00958485	16.666825
## Mar 2024	7.82862	1.99457311	13.662667	-1.09378488	16.751025
## Apr 2024	7.82862	1.94003239	13.717208	-1.17719772	16.834438
## May 2024	7.82862	1.88599221	13.771248	-1.25984504	16.917086
## Jun 2024	7.82862	1.83243905	13.824801	-1.34174753	16.998988
## Jul 2024	7.82862	1.77935997	13.877881	-1.42292498	17.080165
## Aug 2024	7.82862	1.72674259	13.930498	-1.50339632	17.160637
## Sep 2024	7.82862	1.67457508	13.982665	-1.58317964	17.240420
## Oct 2024	7.82862	1.62284609	14.034394	-1.66229231	17.319533
## Nov 2024	7.82862	1.57154474	14.085696	-1.74075095	17.397991
## Dec 2024	7.82862	1.52066060	14.136580	-1.81857152	17.475812
## Jan 2025	7.82862	1.47018366	14.187057	-1.89576935	17.553010
## Feb 2025	7.82862	1.42010429	14.237136	-1.97235914	17.629600
## Mar 2025	7.82862	1.37041323	14.286827	-2.04835504	17.705596
## Apr 2025	7.82862	1.32110161	14.336139	-2.12377066	17.781011
## May 2025	7.82862	1.27216085	14.385080	-2.19861910	17.855860

## Jun 2025	7.82862	1.22358272	14.433658	-2.27291294	17.930153
## Jul 2025	7.82862	1.17535926	14.481881	-2.34666436	18.003905
## Aug 2025	7.82862	1.12748282	14.529758	-2.41988504	18.077126
## Sep 2025	7.82862	1.07994603	14.577294	-2.49258630	18.149827
## Oct 2025	7.82862	1.03274174	14.624499	-2.56477904	18.222020
## Nov 2025	7.82862	0.98586307	14.671377	-2.63647376	18.293714
## Dec 2025	7.82862	0.93930339	14.717937	-2.70768065	18.364921
## Jan 2026	7.82862	0.89305627	14.764184	-2.77840952	18.435650
## Feb 2026	7.82862	0.84711549	14.810125	-2.84866988	18.505910
## Mar 2026	7.82862	0.80147505	14.855765	-2.91847092	18.575711
## Apr 2026	7.82862	0.75612913	14.901111	-2.98782152	18.645062
## May 2026	7.82862	0.71107210	14.946168	-3.05673029	18.713971
## Jun 2026	7.82862	0.66629851	14.990942	-3.12520559	18.782446
## Jul 2026	7.82862	0.62180308	15.035437	-3.19325547	18.850496
## Aug 2026	7.82862	0.57758069	15.079660	-3.26088778	18.918128
## Sep 2026	7.82862	0.53362637	15.123614	-3.32811011	18.985351
## Oct 2026	7.82862	0.48993531	15.167305	-3.39492983	19.052170
## Nov 2026	7.82862	0.44650283	15.210738	-3.46135407	19.118595
## Dec 2026	7.82862	0.40332439	15.253916	-3.52738980	19.184630
## Jan 2027	7.82862	0.36039559	15.296845	-3.59304374	19.250284
## Feb 2027	7.82862	0.31771214	15.339528	-3.65832243	19.315563
## Mar 2027	7.82862	0.27526990	15.381971	-3.72323225	19.380473
## Apr 2027	7.82862	0.23306480	15.424176	-3.78777937	19.445020
## May 2027	7.82862	0.19109293	15.466148	-3.85196981	19.509210
## Jun 2027	7.82862	0.14935046	15.507890	-3.91580941	19.573050
## Jul 2027	7.82862	0.10783366	15.549407	-3.97930387	19.636544
## Aug 2027	7.82862	0.06653892	15.590702	-4.04245872	19.699699
## Sep 2027	7.82862	0.02546272	15.631778	-4.10527936	19.762520
## Oct 2027	7.82862	-0.01539839	15.672639	-4.16777104	19.825012
## Nov 2027	7.82862	-0.05604775	15.713288	-4.22993886	19.887179
## Dec 2027	7.82862	-0.09648861	15.753729	-4.29178782	19.949028
## Jan 2028	7.82862	-0.13672415	15.793965	-4.35332277	20.010563
## Feb 2028	7.82862	-0.17675747	15.833998	-4.41454845	20.071789