

There are two ATM components: ATM-1 and ATM-2.

The **ATM-1** component supports the following operations:

```
create()                // ATM is created
card (int x, string y)  // ATM card is inserted where x is a balance and y is a pin #
pin (string x)          // provides pin #
deposit (int d);        // deposit amount d
withdraw (int w);       // withdraw amount w
balance ();             // display the current balance
lock(string x)          // lock the ATM, where x is a pin #
unlock(string x)        // unlock the ATM, where x is pin #
exit()                 // exit from the ATM
```

The **ATM-2** component supports the following operations:

```
create()                // ATM is created
CARD (float x, int y)   // ATM card is inserted where x is a balance and y is a pin #
PIN (int x)             // provides pin #
DEPOSIT (float d);      // deposit amount d
WITHDRAW (float w);     // withdraw amount w
BALANCE ();            // display the current balance
EXIT()                 // exit from the ATM
```

These ATM components are state-based components and support three types of transactions: withdrawal, deposit, and balance inquiry. Before any transaction can be performed, operation *card(x, y)* (or *CARD(x, y)*) must be issued, where *x* is an initial balance in the account and *y* is a pin used to get permission to perform transactions. Before any transaction can be performed, operation *pin(x)* (or *PIN(x)*) must be issued. The *pin(x)* (or *PIN(x)*) operation must contain the valid pin # that must be the same as the pin # provided in *card(x, y)* (or *CARD(x, y)*) operation. There is a limit on the number of attempts with an invalid pin. The account can be overdrawn (below minimum balance), but a penalty may apply. If the balance is below the minimum balance then the withdrawal transaction cannot be performed. In addition, ATM-1 component can be locked by issuing *lock(x)* operation, where *x* is a pin #. The ATM-1 can be unlocked by *unlock(x)* operation. The detailed behavior of ATM components is specified using EFSM. The EFSM of Figure 1 shows the detail behavior of ATM-1, and the EFSM of Figure 2 shows the detailed behavior of ATM-2. Notice that there are several differences between ATM components.

Aspects that vary between these ATM components:

- a. Maximum number of times incorrect pin can be entered
- b. Minimum balance
- c. Display menu(s)
- d. Messages, e.g., error messages, etc.
- e. Penalties
- f. Operation names and signatures
- g. Data types
- h. etc.

The goal is to design an executable meta-model, referred to as **MDA-EFSM**, for all ATM components. The MDA-EFSM should capture the “generic behavior” of these two ATM components and should be de-coupled from data and implementation details. Notice that there should be **ONLY** one MDA-EFSM for these two ATM components.

Figure 1: EFSM of ATM-1

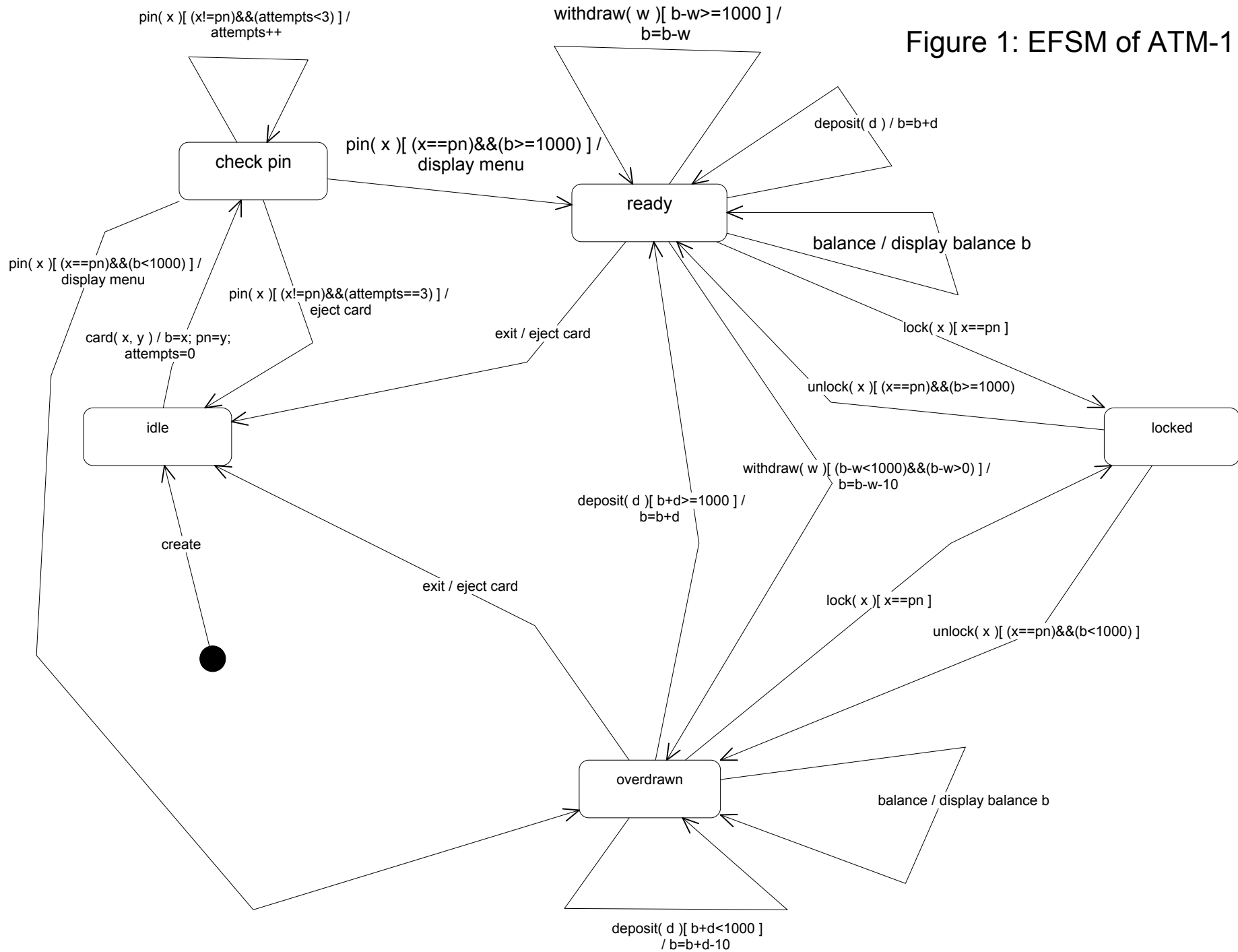
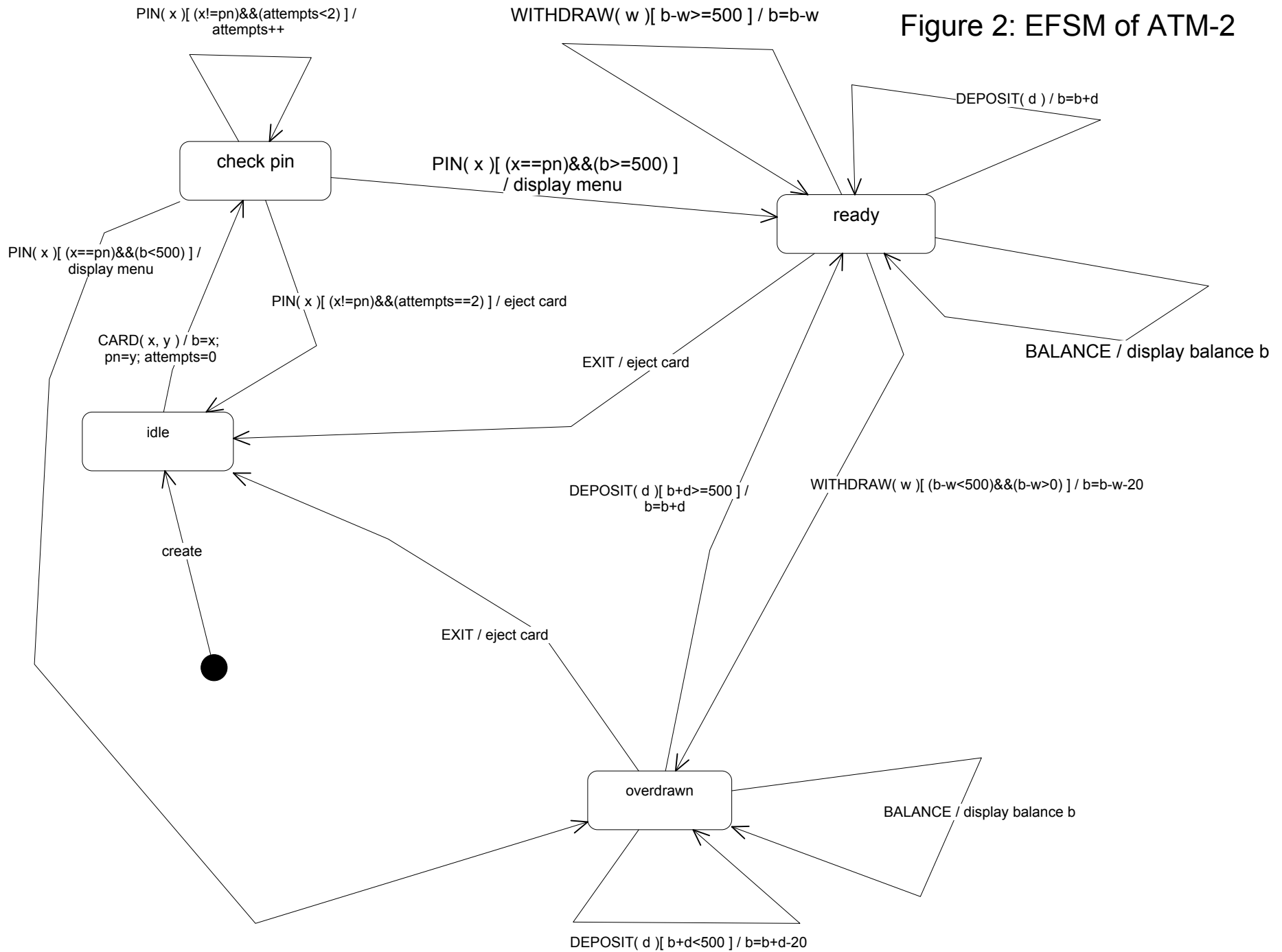
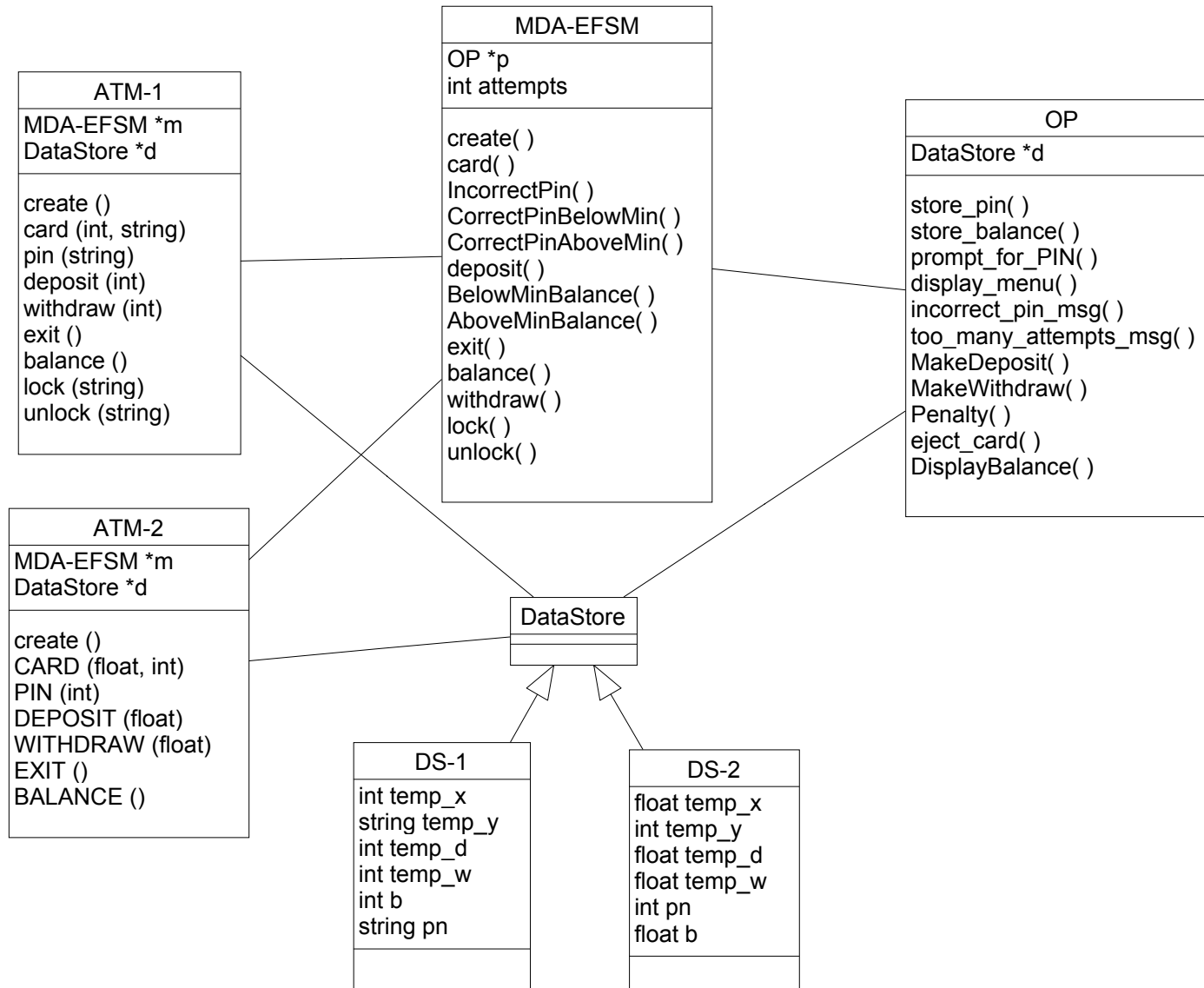
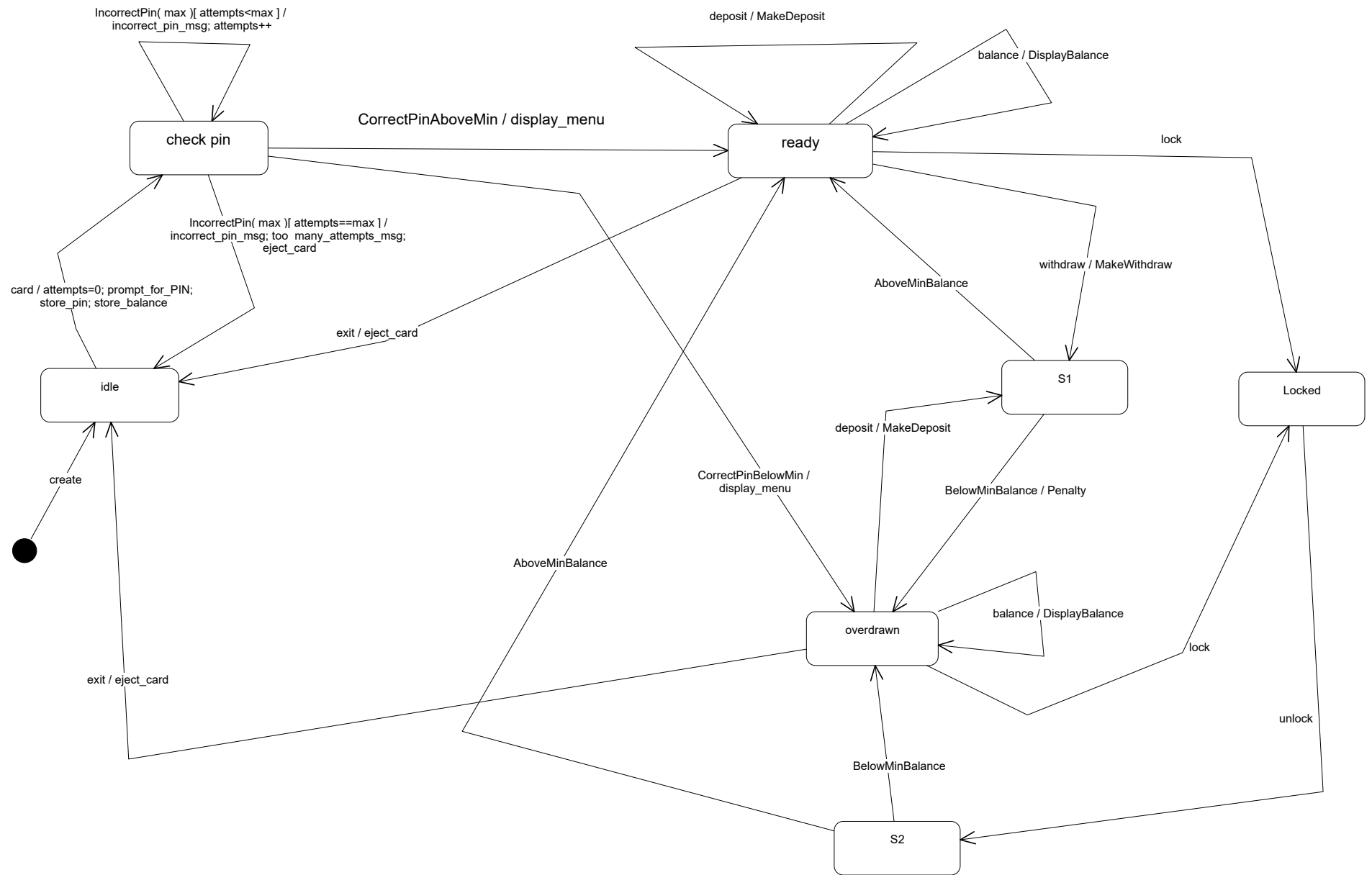


Figure 2: EFSM of ATM-2







MDA-EFSM Events:

create()
card()
IncorectPin(int max)
CorrectPinBelowMin()
CorrectPinAboveMin()
deposit()
BelowMinBalance()
AboveMinBalance()
exit()
balance()
withdraw()
lock()
unlock

MDA-EFSM Actions:

store_pin	// stores pin from temporary data store to <i>pin</i> in data store
store_balance	// stores pin from temporary data store to <i>b</i> in data store
prompt_for_PIN	// prompts to enter pin
display_menu	// display a menu with a list of transactions
incorrect_pin_msg	// displays incorrect pin message
too_many_attempts_msg	// display too many attempts message
MakeDeposit	// makes deposit (increases balance by a value stored in temp. data store)
MakeWithdraw	// makes withdraw (decreases balance by a value stored in temp. data store)
Penalty	// applies penalty (decreases balance by the amount of penalty)
eject_card	// ejects the card
DisplayBalance	// displays the current value of the balance

Operations of the Input Processor (ATM-1)

```
create() {m->create();}
```

```
card (int x, string y) {  
    d->temp_x=x;  
    d->temp_y=y;  
    m->card();  
}
```

```
deposit (int d) {  
    d->temp_d=d;  
    m->deposit();  
    if (d->b < 1000)  
        m->BelowMinBalance();  
    else m->AboveMinBalance();  
}
```

```
withdraw (int w) {  
    d->temp_w=w;  
    if ((d->b-w) > 0) m->withdraw();  
    if (d->b<1000)  
        m->BelowMinBalance();  
    else m->AboveMinBalance();  
}
```

```
pin (string x) {  
    if (x==d->pn) {  
        if (d->b<1000)  
            m->CorrectPinBelowMin ();  
        else m->CorrectPinAboveMin();  
    }  
    else m->IncorrectPin(3)  
}
```

```
exit() {m->exit();}
```

```
balance() {m->balance();}
```

```
lock (string x) {  
    if (d->pn==x) m->lock();  
}
```

```
unlock (string x) {  
    if (x==d->pn) {  
        m->unlock();  
        if (d->b<1000)  
            m->BelowMinBalance ();  
        else m->AboveMinBalance();  
    }  
}
```

Notice:

m: pointer to the MDA-EFSM

d: pointer to the data store

In the data store:

b: contains the current balance

pn: contains the correct pin #

Operations of the Input Processor (ATM-2)

```
create() {m->create();}
```

```
CARD (float x, int y) {  
    d->temp_x=x;  
    d->temp_y=y;  
    m->card();  
}
```

```
DEPOSIT (float d) {  
    d->temp_d=d;  
    m->deposit();  
    if (d->b<500)  
        m->BelowMinBalance();  
    else m->AboveMinBalance();  
}
```

```
WITHDRAW (float w) {  
    d->temp_w=w;  
    if ((d->b-w) > 0) m->withdraw();  
    if (d->b<500)  
        m->BelowMinBalance();  
    else m->AboveMinBalance();  
}
```

```
PIN (int x) {  
    if (x==d->pn) {  
        if (d->b<500)  
            m->CorrectPinBelowMin ();  
        else m->CorrectPinAboveMin();  
    }  
    else m->IncorrectPin(2)  
}
```

```
EXIT() {m->exit();}
```

```
BALANCE() {m->balance();}
```

Notice:

m: pointer to the MDA-EFSM

d: pointer to the data store

In the data store:

b: contains the current balance

pn: contains the correct pin #