Test Plan

A detail plan for automated testing Travel Insurance application

Glossary:

1. SDE : Software Development Engineer

2. SDET : Software Development Engineer in Test

3. QAE: Manual Software Test Engineer

Project:

Automated regression test for Travel Insurance.

Goal

- Automated all possible manual regression test cases
- Reduce workload from manual works
- · Verify all important business flow before deploying
- Bring confidence for each deployment to production

Assumptions

1. All new code have been reviewed by SDEs/SDETs

- 2. All unit and integration tests are being written, updated and reviewed by the SDEs/SDETs/QAEs
- 3. There are existing test cases/suites written by QAEs. (Incase we don't have any existing stuff, manual tests should be written by QAEs/SDETs

Deliverables

- 1. Test scripts to automated regression test every deployment
- 2. Test Report
- 3. Business Coverage Percent (estimated)

Test Approach

1. Test types

API test

- Interact with service layer, send calls to APIs/services then validate output (http code/ http response/ gRPC response message) .
- Interact with model layer, send queries to database then validate out (records created / updated/ deleted, records match with response from api/service layer)
- Goals:
- Validate the correctness of all backend functions

GUI test

- Intera ct with browser, simulate end-user behaviors then verify how application works, how front end application responses/displays to user,. any broken elements.
- All test cases represent for previous bug, issue which often happen

2. Tools

• API testing: There are many options for api testing 1. PostMan • Pros: • Can be share between SDEs - SDETs - QAEs Have GUI, everyone can you • Cons: • Have GUI:D, then sometime it's too complex 2. API testing lib together with GUI test framework • Pros: • Both api - gui tests are maintained in same location • Cons: Once number of tests is becoming huge, it's complex for rookies able to understand / maintain 3. API testing lib together with backend repo • Pros: • Easy to maintain by both SDEs/SDETs Update test when feature changes could be faster • Cons: • Multiple languages SDETs have to write Overall: Depend on development process GUI testing:

• Java: Common language in Vietnam, many supported libs

Programming Languages :

- Python: Common language, easy to learn, many supported libs
- NodeJS: Many modern test framework built with this language.

In here, I choose NodeJS, the reason is easier if GUI test framework - front end framework are same languages. If necessary we can switch FE-SDE/SDETs to develop together

- Core API:
- SeleniumJS
- Protractor
- WebdriverIO

All of them are good, I choose Protractor as it has alot of pre-build functions to help my work easier. And its community is huge.

- BDD framework:
- Cucumber: Almost SDETs/QAEs love this.
- Reporter:
- basic HTML report : able to store in local / CI workplace, view by open file
- Report Portal: Central server to store report with ML integrated More details...

I choose report portal to not miss any report, can analyze test report each round.

Overall: Protractor + Cucumber + Report Portal

Schedule

Depend on how our CI/CD pipeline work

- Idealy, this regression test should run after:
- Code is merged to protect branch
- Deploying to staging / UAT environment

- Unit test passed
- · Integration test passed
- Code coverage percent on new code line are passed
- For e.g:



Facilities

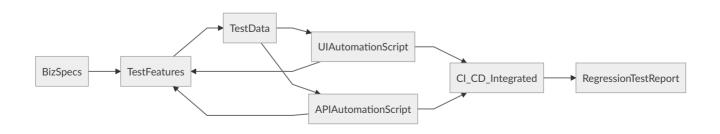
Must have

- Business Specification document provide
- 1 VM instance to execute test
- · Any works from SDEs to make AUT testable
- A clean, as much as posible same as Prodcution environment

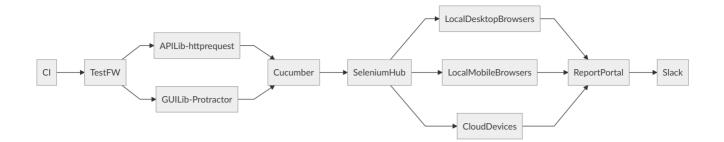
Nice to have

- Test Management server
- 1 VM instance to host report portal

Process



Framework Architect



• More details, please check on assignment 2

Risks

- AUT is not testable
- In some design, application/function are not able to test. This common software
 architect bug. Fixing this need to involve more SDEs/Sr.TAs and making test progress
 would be slower than expect
- Test environment is not good enough
- Test environment somehow is not same config with production, then it would not behave correctly and give flaky tests, unexpected result
- Many change requests come during tests are making
- This would slowly/ add more effort for making test scripts.
- Not enough test data preparation
- Happen when SDEs/SDETs don't understand system deeply, includemake lesson learn then

FAQ

• Does making api + gui tests duplicate work?

No, while api test validate correctness of data, gui test only verify how application work. This reduce many effort in maintaining when frontend - backend changes

• What is system testable?

Refer to **Design for Testability**

• Can we skip unit test / integration test?

No, while unit tests / integration tests are low cost than api/gui tests, there is no reason to put more dependents on them.

Question

- What are the most used browsers's application?
- What are screen size most used from this application?
- Do we have Fully and updated Business Specs?