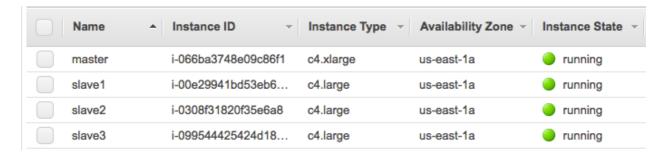
Cloud Compute Project Task 1 Report

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System setup



- 1. Amazon linux AMI is used (with aws CLI pre-installed for querying dynamo db)
- 2. Create hadoop users on all hosts, grant sudo access and password-less ssh login between master and slaves
- 3. Enable PubkeyAuthentication and PasswordAuthentication on all hosts and restart sshd services
- 4. Run aws configure on all hosts
- 5. Install hadoop-2.7.4 on master, configure slaves, hdfs, mapred, yarn related configuration files, format namenode then scp Hadoop folder to all slaves
- 6. Start yarn and dfs
- 7. Attach transportation snapshot volume to master and mount to /data folder
- 8. Create empty dynamo db tables for Group 2 and 3's results

Data cleanup and import

- 1. Examine /data folder, only aviation/aviation-ontime folder is needed for task 1
- Unzip and open any CSV file, determined only FlightDate, UniqueCarrier, FlightNum, Origin, Dest, DepTime, DepDelayMins, ArrTime, ArrDelaysMins fields are needed.
- 3. Wrote mapreduce job to unzip each year's ontime data folder, filter needed fields to generate new CSV file, re-compress and then upload to HDFS

Browse Directory

/user/hadoop/data									
Permission	Owner	Group	Size	Last Modified	Replication	Block Size	Name		
-rw-rr	hadoop	supergroup	25.09 MB	10/30/2017, 9:09:13 PM	3	128 MB	1988.		
-rw-rr	hadoop	supergroup	24.95 MB	10/30/2017, 9:08:45 PM	3	128 MB	1989.		
-rw-rr	hadoop	supergroup	26.15 MB	10/30/2017, 9:05:30 PM	3	128 MB	1990.		
-rw-rr	hadoop	supergroup	24.95 MB	10/30/2017, 9:07:19 PM	3	128 MB	1991.		

(Pic: Part of the uploaded HDFS directory)

Q11 method and result

- 1. Simple MapReduce job similar with wordcount example included in every Hadoop package
- 2. One optimization used here is utilizing reducer class also as combiner, so that to relieve the network traffic between datanodes.
- 3. Concatenate 2 Mapreduce job, one for count the popularity and the second one for ranking out top 10 performors.

```
[hadoop@ip-172-31-29-190 ~]$ hdfs dfs -cat q11/part-r-00000
        5050872
MSP
        5073589
        5400340
IAH
DTW
        5491596
DEN
        6169795
PHX
        6494512
LAX
        7574328
DFW
        10562404
ATL
        11301229
ORD
        12020931
```

Q12 method and result

1. Simliar tactic as Q11, use "UniqueCarrier" as key

```
[hadoop@ip-172-31-29-190 ~]$ hdfs dfs -cat q12/part-r-00000
        3.9723442
AQ
        5.0444994
        5.672567
ML (1) 8.703598
WN
        9.097612
        9.933341
        10.344809
PA (1)
US
        10.463056
NW
        10.551522
        10.657513
```

Q21, Q22, Q23 method

- 1. Multi-phases MapReduce jobs are developed and concatenated as a workflow
- 2. Airport+Carrier are connected together as the key for first MapReduce job to count the performance data
- 3. Optimization used by Second MapReduce job is using MapReduce framework's own shuffle and sort feature so that our job itself only needs to count the top 10 performers
- 4. AWS dynamodb java SDK is utilized for saving data into pre-created tables

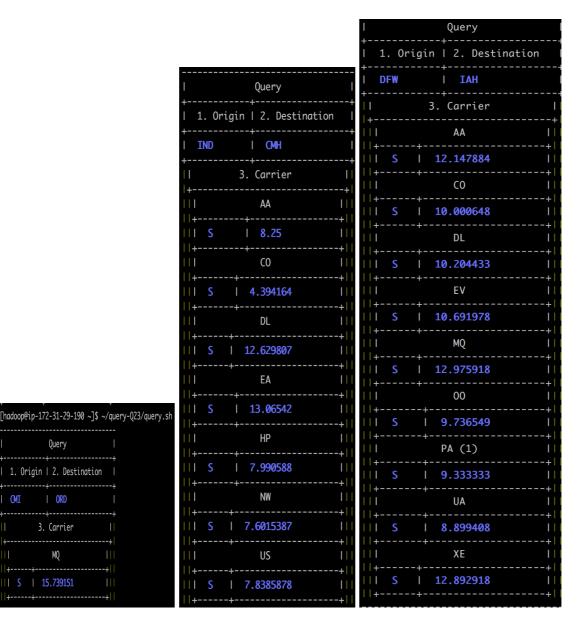
Q21 result

		- !		Query			Query
	Query +	Airport	Carrier	Departure Delay (avg)	Airport	Carrier	Departure Delay
irport∣Carri	er Departure Delay (avg)	MIA	+ I 9E	 0. 6666667	-+ + 	+ PI	+ 4.606278
+		MIA	PA (1)	4.6715474	I I IAH	PA (1)	5.657978
CMI I US	2.6746335	MIA	I EV	5.6696033	IAH	NW	6.1125956
CMI I TW	3.7823129	MIA	I XE	1 6.0986886	IAH	WN	6.2142253
CMI PI	4.4373507	MIA	I TZ	6.8230352	IAH	I US	7.02648
CMI I OH	1 5.367574	MIA	NW	6.9137883	I IAH	I AA	7.183435
CMI I EV	1 9.69266	MIA	I US	7.356537	I IAH	TW	7.432934
CMI DH	9.707415	MIA	ML (1)	7.639676	I IAH	00	7.9388795
CMI I MQ	11.731388	MIA	I UA	8.214287	I IAH	I HP	8.0394
	+	MIA	l PI	8.402743	IAH	l DL	8.24734
	Query	- +	+	 	-+ + 	+	-+ Ouery
+ Airport∣Carri	er Departure Delay (avg)	+ Airnort	+ Carrier	-+		+	
BWI F9	+	+	+	-+	-+ +	+	+
BWI PA (I LAX	l PS	4.9191217	I SFO	PA (1)	6.1363635
BWI CO		I LAX	I MQ	1 5.0626464	I I SF0	l PS	6.3918405
	7.077083	I LAX	I 00	1 6.087762	I I SF0	TZ	7.6628203
BWI AA	7.569195	I LAX	ML (1)	6.94721	I SFO	I DL	7.7030063
BWI YV	7.6819596	I LAX	I NW	7.226622	I SFO	I NW	7.907103
BWI NW	8.260861	I LAX	I TZ	7.4530783	I SFO	I MQ	8.045227
BWI US	I 8.482188	LAX	l US	7.787091	I SFO	l US	8.529584
BWI EA	8.6006565	LAX	l FL	8.0514965	I SF0	I TW	8.647407
BWI DL	1 8.779586	LAX	l F9	8.354594	I SFO	CO	8.840944
BWI TW	1 9.058592	LAX	I AA	8.378402	SF0	I F9	8.906127

Q22 result

[hadoop@ip-172-31-29-190 ~]\$ ~/query-Q22/query.sh					uery	_	l Query		
	Qu	ery	+		+		1. Origin	2. Destination	-+ 3. Departure Delay (avg)
1. Origin	1 2. Destination	3. Departure Delay (avg)	+	+ BUF	+		IAH	MSN	-+ 0
CMT	PIT	2.173913	MIA	I SAN	2.5136611		IAH	HOU	1 2.3019054
CMT	I DAY	1 3.4394906	MIA	I HOU	3.618392		IAH	AGS	1 2.8345945
OMI	I PIA	1 3.453552	MIA	i SLC	1 3.9502075		IAH	EFD	I 3.9198737
CMI	I STL	3.8784971	I MTA	ISP	1 4.4502926		IAH	VCT	5.319814
CMI	I CVG	6.3914895	MTA	I PSE	1 4.94686		IAH	RNO	5.5143776
CMI	I DFW	I 9.590446 I	MIA	I GNV	1 4.97379		IAH	MTJ	5.586871
CMI		I 9.69266 I	MIA	I MCI	1 5.360544		IAH	SNA	5.8282757
CMI	I ORD	I 11.9128065	MIA	i TLH	5.416809		IAH	JAC	1 5.8869047
			MIA	I MEM	6.1854177				-+
Query I		+	+				0uerv		
 1. Origin	. Origin 2. Destination 3. Departure Delay (avg)		l Query						-+
BWI	+	-+			3. Departure Delay (avg)				-+
BWI	I IAD	1 3.097902	+				SF0	SDF	
BWI	I DAB	1 3.8508475	I LAX	I SDF			SF0	MSO	0.5833333
BWT	I SRO	4.2281632	I LAX	I BZN			SF0	LGA	1.2121212
BWT	I UCA	4.6114526	I LAX		I 2.4805195		SF0	OAK	2.5501559
BWI	I CHO	1 4.826087	I LAX	I PMD			SF0	PIE	2.7283237
BWI	I MDT	1 4.9014306	I LAX	IYK	I 3.6435883		SF0	BNA	3.0175695
BWI	I BGM	I 5.055007 I	I LAX	I SNA	1 3.994529		SF0	SCK	
BWI	I OAJ	I 5.3214684 I	I LAX	MEM	4.117761		SF0	MKE	5.142407
BWI	GSP	1 5.4288726	I LAX	I CLD	4.594013		SF0	MEM	5.399692

Q23 result

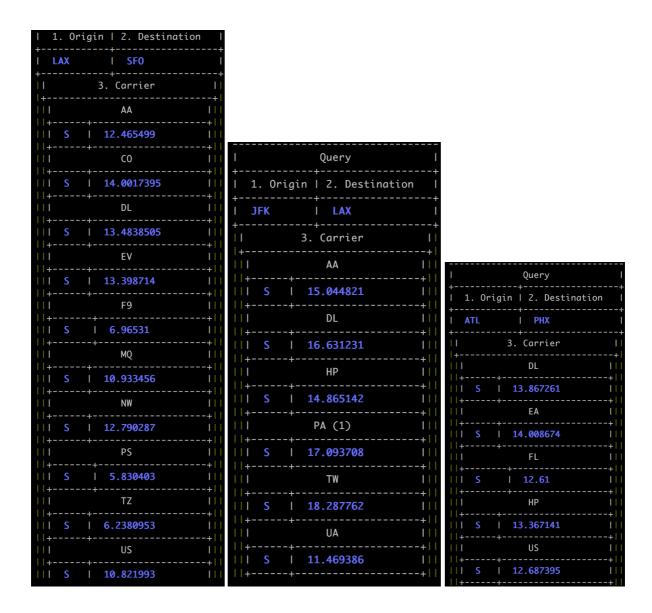


Query

1. Origin | 2. Destination |

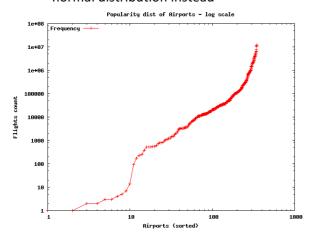
3. Carrier

ll MQ



Q31 method and result

- 1. Use Same code as Q11 but remove the top 10 ranking job
- 2. Use output <airport, popularity> key-value pairs for plotting
- 3. From https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Zipf%27s_law, log-log plot shall be straight-line
- 4. Our data's log-log plot is not, so it does not follow Zipf distribution but more like a lognormal distribution instead



Q32 method and result

- 1. 2 MapReduce jobs are implemented
- 2. First one to find out the best performer as part of the requirement (least delay)
- 3. Second job divides the best performers into 2 sub-set, one before 12pm and one after;
- 4. Second job matches the 2 sub-set to find out the best 2-leg options for given date and airports
- 5. The resulting datasets are tremendous, around 59 million lines, it does take a while to save all into dynamo db and default "5 reads, 5 writes" setting is not adequate, "writes" shall be increased to 10000 at least

