

Method for computing muticlass ROC AUC

Dataiku DSS
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ABSTRACT

This document explains the methodology implemented to compute the ROC AUC for multiclass classification models in Dataiku DSS.

General Formula

We define MROC_{AUC} as an equivalent of ROC_{AUC} for multiclass classification.

Let C be the number of classes,

$$\text{MROC}_{\text{AUC}} = \frac{1}{C \times (C - 1)} \cdot \sum_{i=0}^{C-1} \sum_{j=0, j \neq i}^{C-1} A(i, j)$$

Detail of how $A(i, j)$ is computed

Input arrays

Let y_{truth} be the array of ground truth class values (in $\{0, \dots, C - 1\}$). It is of shape $(M, 1)$, i.e. M rows and 1 column:

$$y_{\text{truth}} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \left. \right\} M \text{ rows, } \text{values} \in \{0, \dots, C - 1\}$$

Let y_{probas} be the array of predicted probabilities. Each column i corresponds to a class i , where values are probability estimates for the class i . It is of shape (M, C) , i.e. M rows and C columns:

$$y_{\text{probas}} = \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} 0.1 & 0.9 & \dots & 0 \\ 0.8 & 0 & \dots & 0.2 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & 0.7 \\ 0 & 0.1 & \dots & 0.9 \end{pmatrix}}_{C \text{ cols}} \quad \left. \right\} M \text{ rows}$$

$A(i, j)$ computation

For every pair of classes $i \neq j$, let $L_{i,j}$ be the subset of rows of y_{truth} where the ground truth is either i or j .

$$L_{i,j} = \{k \in \{0, \dots, M - 1\} \mid y_{\text{truth},k} = i \text{ or } y_{\text{truth},k} = j\}$$

With $y_{\text{truth},L_{i,j}}$ and $y_{\text{proba},L_{i,j}}$ the corresponding arrays with only these rows

- Let $y_{\text{truth},L_{i,j},\text{binarized}}$ be a copy of $y_{\text{truth},L_{i,j}}$ with all values at j set to 0 and all at i set to 1
- Note $y_{\text{probas},L_{i,j}, \text{ col } i}$ the column i of $y_{\text{probas},L_{i,j}}$

$$A(i, j) = \text{ROC}_{\text{AUC}}(y_{\text{truth},L_{i,j},\text{binarized}}, y_{\text{probas},L_{i,j}, \text{ col } i})$$

with ROC_{AUC} the usual binary classification ROC AUC metric.

