Figure 19.1: Dynamic environment semantics rules for evaluating expressions, for a functional language with naming and arithmetic.

$$E \vdash \overline{n} \Downarrow \overline{n}$$
 (R_{int})

$$E \vdash x \downarrow E(x)$$
 (R_{var})

$$E \vdash \text{fun } x \rightarrow P \downarrow \text{fun } x \rightarrow P$$
 (R_{fun})

(and similarly for other binary operators)

$$E \vdash P \ Q \Downarrow$$

$$E \vdash P \Downarrow \text{fun } x \rightarrow B$$

$$E \vdash Q \Downarrow v_Q$$

$$E\{x \mapsto v_Q\} \vdash B \Downarrow v_B$$

$$\Downarrow v_B$$

$$(R_{app})$$

Figure 19.2: Lexical environment semantics rules for evaluating expressions, for a functional language with naming and arithmetic.

$$E \vdash \overline{n} \downarrow \overline{n}$$
 (R_{int})

$$E \vdash x \downarrow E(x)$$
 (R_{var})

$$E \vdash \text{fun } x \rightarrow P \downarrow [E \vdash \text{fun } x \rightarrow P]$$
 (R_{fun})

$$E \vdash P + Q \Downarrow$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} E \vdash P \Downarrow \overline{m} \\ E \vdash Q \Downarrow \overline{n} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\parallel \overline{m+n}$$

$$(R_{+})$$

(and similarly for other binary operators)

$$E \vdash \text{let } x = D \text{ in } B \downarrow$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} E \vdash D \Downarrow v_D \\ E\{x \mapsto v_D\} \vdash B \Downarrow v_B \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\Downarrow v_B$$

 $E \vdash \text{let rec } x = D \text{ in } B \downarrow$

$$\left| \begin{array}{l} E\{x \mapsto \mathsf{let} \ \mathsf{rec} \ x = D \ \mathsf{in} \ x\} \vdash D \Downarrow v_D \\ E\{x \mapsto v_D\} \vdash B \Downarrow v_B \end{array} \right.$$

$$\downarrow v_B$$

 (R_{letrec})

$$E_d \vdash P Q \downarrow$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} E_d \vdash P \Downarrow [E_l \vdash \mathsf{fun} \ x \rightarrow B] \\ E_d \vdash Q \Downarrow v_Q \\ E_l\{x \mapsto v_Q\} \vdash B \Downarrow v_B \end{vmatrix}$$
 (Rapp)

$$E, S \vdash \overline{n} \Downarrow \overline{n}, S$$
 (R_{int})

$$E, S \vdash x \downarrow E(x), S$$
 (R_{var})

$$E, S \vdash \text{fun } x \rightarrow P \downarrow [E \vdash \text{fun } x \rightarrow P], S$$
 (R_{fun})

(and similarly for other binary operators)

$$E, S \vdash \mathsf{let} \ x = D \ \mathsf{in} \ B \Downarrow$$

$$\left| \begin{array}{c} E, S \vdash D \Downarrow \nu_D, S' \\ E\{x \mapsto \nu_D\}, S' \vdash B \Downarrow \nu_B, S'' \end{array} \right. \tag{R_{let}}$$

$$E, S \vdash \text{let rec } x = D \text{ in } B \downarrow$$

 (R_{letrec})

$$E_d, S \vdash P Q \downarrow$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} E_d, S \vdash P \Downarrow [E_l \vdash \mathsf{fun} \ x \ -> \ B], S' \\ E_d, S' \vdash Q \Downarrow \nu_Q, S'' \\ E_l\{x \mapsto \nu_Q\}, S'' \vdash B \Downarrow \nu_B, S''' \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\downarrow \nu_B, S'''$$

$$\downarrow \nu_B, S'''$$

$$(R_{app})$$

$$E, S \vdash \mathsf{ref} P \downarrow \!\!\!\downarrow$$

$$| E, S \vdash P \Downarrow \nu_P, S'$$

$$| l, S' \{ l \mapsto \nu_P \}$$
 (where l is a new location)

$$E, S \vdash ! P \Downarrow$$

$$\mid E, S \vdash P \Downarrow I, S'$$

$$\Downarrow S'(I), S'$$

$$(R_{deref})$$

$$E, S \vdash P := Q \Downarrow$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} E, S \vdash P \Downarrow I, S' \\ E, S' \vdash Q \Downarrow \nu_Q, S'' \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\parallel (), S'' \{I \mapsto \nu_Q\}$$

$$(R_{assign})$$