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# Controlling the Structure of Generated Servlets: The JSP page Directive

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## **Agenda**

- Understanding the purpose of the page directive
- Designating which classes are imported
- Specifying the MIME type of the page
- Generating Excel spreadsheets
- Participating in sessions
- Setting the size and behavior of the output buffer
- Designating pages to handle JSP errors
- Controlling threading behavior

## Purpose of the page Directive

- Give high-level information about the servlet that will result from the JSP page
- Can control
  - Which classes are imported
  - What class the servlet extends
  - What MIME type is generated
  - How multithreading is handled
  - If the servlet participates in sessions
  - The size and behavior of the output buffer
  - What page handles unexpected errors

## The import Attribute

#### Format

- <%@ page import="package.class" %>
- <%@ page import="package.class1,...,package.classN" %>

## Purpose

Generate import statements at top of servlet definition

- Although JSP pages can be almost anywhere on server, classes used by JSP pages must be in normal servlet dirs
- − E.g.:
  - .../WEB-INF/classes or
  - .../WEB-INF/classes/directoryMatchingPackage
    - Always use packages for utilities that will be used by JSP!

## The Importance of Using Packages

 What package will the system think that SomeHelperClass and SomeUtilityClass are in?

```
public class SomeClass {
 public String someMethod(...) {
  SomeHelperClass test = new SomeHelperClass(...);
  String someString =
   SomeUtilityClass.someStaticMethod(...);
```

## The Importance of Using Packages (Continued)

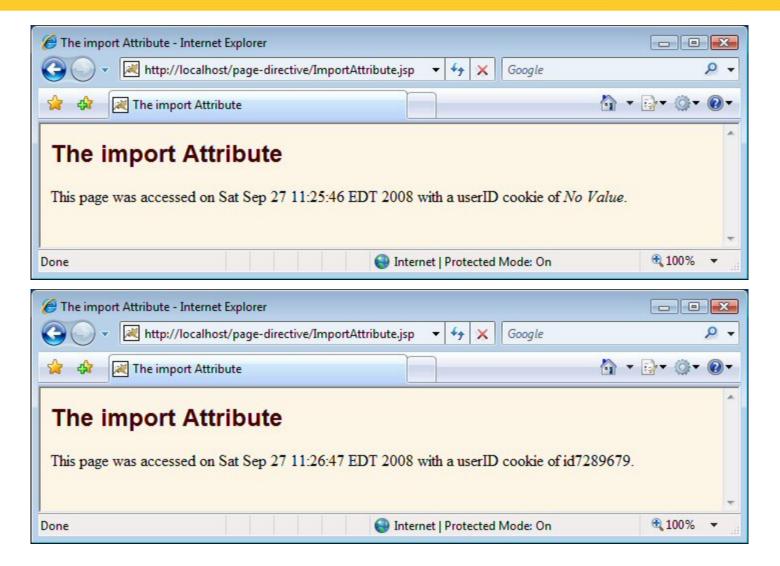
 What package will the system think that SomeHelperClass and SomeUtilityClass are in?

```
...
<%
SomeHelperClass test = new SomeHelperClass(...);
String someString =
   SomeUtilityClass.someStaticMethod(...);
%>
```

## The import Attribute: Example (Code)

```
...<H2>The import Attribute</H2>
<%@ page import="java.util.*,coreservlets.*" %>
< 8!
private String randomID() {
  int num = (int) (Math.random()*10000000.0);
  return("id" + num);
private final String NO VALUE = "<I>No Value</I>";
응>
< %
String oldID =
  CookieUtilities.getCookieValue(request, "userID",
                                  NO VALUE);
if (oldID.equals(NO VALUE)) {
  String newID = randomID();
  Cookie cookie = new LongLivedCookie("userID", newID);
  response.addCookie(cookie);
}
응>
This page was accessed on <%= new Date() %> with a userID
cookie of <%= oldID %>.
K/BODY></HTML>
```

## The import Attribute: Example (Results)



## The contentType and pageEncoding Attributes

#### Format

- <%@ page contentType="MIME-Type" %>
- <%@ page pageEncoding="Character-Set" %>

## Purpose

 Specify the MIME type of the page generated by the servlet that results from the JSP page

- Attribute value cannot be computed at request time
- See section on response headers for table of the most common MIME types

## Generating Excel Spreadsheets

First Last Email Address

Marty Hall hall@coreservlets.com

Larry Brown brown@coreservlets.com

Steve Balmer balmer@ibm.com

Scott McNealy mcnealy@microsoft.com

<%@ page contentType="application/vnd.ms-excel" %>

<%-- There are tabs, not spaces, between cols. --%>



## Conditionally Generating Excel Spreadsheets

- You cannot use the contentType attribute for this task, since you cannot make contentType be conditional.
  - The following *always* results in the Excel MIME type

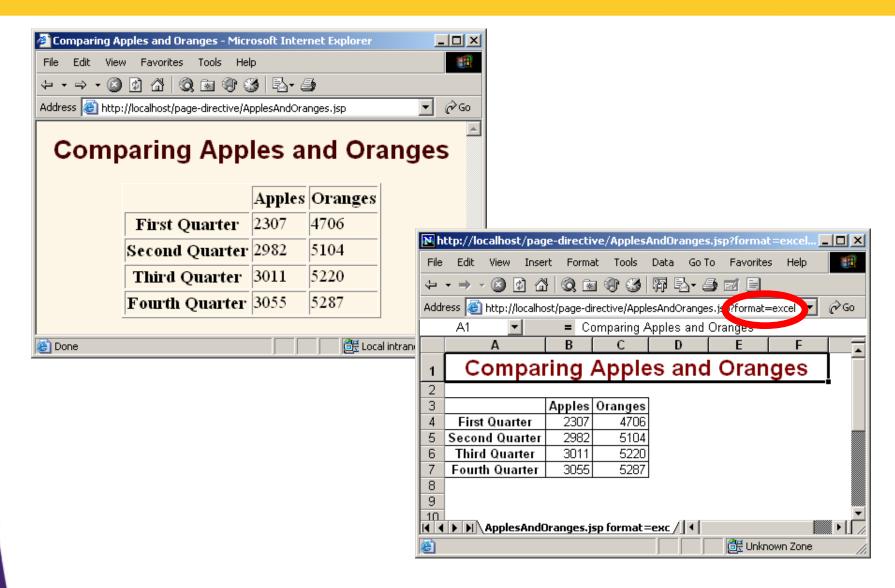
```
<% boolean usingExcel = checkUserRequest(request); %>
<% if (usingExcel) { %>
<%@ page contentType="application/vnd.ms-excel" %>
<% } %>
```

 Solution: use a regular JSP scriptlet with response.setContentType

## Conditionally Generating Excel Spreadsheets (Code)

```
<BODY>
<CENTER>
<H2>Comparing Apples and Oranges</H2>
<%
String format = request.getParameter("format");
if ((format != null) && (format.equals("excel"))) {
  response.setContentType("application/vnd.ms-excel");
<TABLE BORDER=1>
  <TR><TH></TH>
                       <TH>Apples<TH>Oranges
  <TR><TH>First Quarter <TD>2307 <TD>4706
  <TR><TH>Second Quarter<TD>2982 <TD>5104
  <TR><TH>Third Quarter <TD>3011 <TD>5220
  <TR><TH>Fourth Quarter<TD>3055 <TD>5287
</TABLE>
</CENTER></BODY></HTML>
```

## Conditionally Generating Excel Spreadsheets (Results)



## The session Attribute

#### Format

- <%@ page session="true" %> <%-- Default --%>
- <%@ page session="false" %>

### Purpose

To designate that page not be part of a session

- By default, it is part of a session
- Saves memory on server if you have a high-traffic site
- All related pages have to do this for it to be useful

## The isELIgnored Attribute

#### Format

- <%@ page isELIgnored="false" %>
- <%@ page isELIgnored="true" %>

## Purpose

- To control whether the JSP 2.0 Expression Language (EL) is ignored (true) or evaluated normally (false).

- If your web.xml specifies servlets 2.3 (corresponding to JSP 1.2) or earlier, the default is true
  - But it is still legal to change the default—you are permitted to use this attribute in a JSP-2.0-compliant server regardless of the web.xml version.
- If your web.xml specifies servlets 2.4 (corresponding to JSP 2.0) or earlier, the default is false

## The buffer Attribute

### Format

- <%@ page buffer="sizekb" %>
- <%@ page buffer="none" %>

## Purpose

- To give the size of the buffer used by the out variable

- Buffering lets you set HTTP headers even after some page content has been generated (as long as buffer has not filled up or been explicitly flushed)
- Servers are allowed to use a larger size than you ask for, but not a smaller size
- Default is system-specific, but must be at least 8kb

## The errorPage Attribute

### Format

- <%@ page errorPage="Relative URL" %>

## Purpose

 Specifies a JSP page that should process any exceptions thrown but not caught in the current page

- The exception thrown will be automatically available to the designated error page by means of the "exception" variable
- The web.xml file lets you specify application-wide error pages that apply whenever certain exceptions or certain HTTP status codes result.
  - The errorPage attribute is for page-specific error pages

## The isErrorPage Attribute

### Format

- <%@ page isErrorPage="true" %>
- <%@ page isErrorPage="false" %> <%-- Default --%>

## Purpose

 Indicates whether or not the current page can act as the error page for another JSP page

- A new predefined variable called exception is created and accessible from error pages
- Use this for emergency backup only; explicitly handle as many exceptions as possible
  - Don't forget to always check query data for missing or malformed values

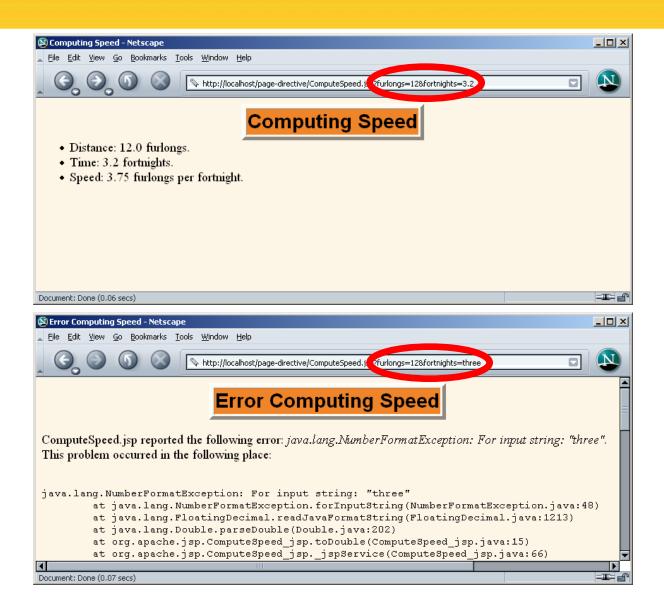
## **Error Pages: Example**

```
<BODY>
<%@ page errorPage="/WEB-INF/SpeedErrors.jsp" %>
<TABLE BORDER=5 ALIGN="CENTER">
  <TR><TH CLASS="TITLE">Computing Speed</TABLE>
< 8!
private double toDouble(String value) {
  return (Double.parseDouble(value));
응>
< %
double furlongs = toDouble(request.getParameter("furlongs"));
double fortnights =
  toDouble (request.getParameter ("fortnights"));
double speed = furlongs/fortnights;
응>
<UL>
  <LI>Distance: <%= furlongs %> furlongs.
  <LI>Time: <%= fortnights %> fortnights.
  <LI>Speed: <%= speed %> furlongs per fortnight.
</UL>
</BODY></HTML>
```

## Error Pages: Example (Continued)

```
...<BODY>
<%@ page isErrorPage="true" %>
<TABLE BORDER=5 ALIGN="CENTER">
  <TR><TH CLASS="TITLE">
      Error Computing Speed</TABLE>
<P>
ComputeSpeed.jsp reported the following error:
<!><!= exception %></!>. This problem occurred in the
following place:
<PRE>
<%@ page import="java.io.*" %>
<% exception.printStackTrace(new PrintWriter(out)); %>
</PRE>
</BODY></HTML>
```

## **Error Pages: Results**



## The extends Attribute

### Format

- <%@ page extends="package.class" %>

## Purpose

 To specify parent class of servlet that will result from JSP page

- Use with extreme caution
- Can prevent system from using high-performance custom superclasses
- Typical purpose is to let you extend classes *that come from the server vendor* (e.g., to support personalization features), not to extend your own classes.

## The isThreadSafe Attribute

### Format

- <%@ page isThreadSafe="true" %> <%-- Default --%>
- <%@ page isThreadSafe="false" %>

## Purpose

- To tell the system when your code is not threadsafe, so that the system can prevent concurrent access
  - Normally tells the servlet to implement SingleThreadModel

- Avoid this like the plague
  - Causes degraded performance in some situations
  - Causes incorrect results in others

## Example of Non-Threadsafe Code (IDs Must Be Unique)

What's wrong with this code?

```
<%! private int idNum = 0; %>
<%
String userID = "userID" + idNum;
out.println("Your ID is " + userID + ".");
idNum = idNum + 1;
%>
```

## Is isThreadSafe Needed Here?

No! It is not needed. Synchronize normally:

```
<%! private int idNum = 0; %>
<%
synchronized(this) {
  String userID = "userID" + idNum;
  out.println("Your ID is " + userID + ".");
  idNum = idNum + 1;
}</pre>
```

- Better performance in high-traffic environments
- isThreadSafe="false" will totally fail if server uses pool-of-instances approach

## Summary

### Used frequently

- import
  - Changes the packages imported by the servlet that results from the JSP page
    - Always use packages for utility classes!
- contentType
  - Specifies MIME type of result
  - Cannot be used conditionally (use <% response.setContentType(...) %> for that)

### Used moderately

isELIgnored, session, buffer

### Used occasionally

- errorPage/isErrorpage
- extends

### Avoid like the plague

- isThreadSafe
  - Always use explicit synchronization instead



## **Questions?**

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