

**GATE 2025 15th Feb 25 S1**

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Subject	DA Data Science and Artificial Intelligence

Section : General Aptitude

Q.1 We \_\_\_\_\_ tennis in the lawn when it suddenly started to rain.

Select the most appropriate option to complete the above sentence.

Options

- A. could be playing
- B. have been playing
- C. would have been playing
- D. had been playing

Question Type : **MCQ**Question ID : **142276863**Status : **Answered**Chosen Option : **B**

**Q.2** Column-I has statements made by Shanthala; and, Column-II has responses given by Kanishk.

Column-I		Column-II	
P.	This house is in a mess.	1.	Alright, I won't bring it up during our conversations.
Q.	I am not happy with the marks given to me.	2.	Well, you can easily look it up.
R.	Politics is a subject I avoid talking about.	3.	No problem, let me clear it up for you.
S.	I don't know what this word means.	4.	Don't worry, I will take it up with your teacher.

Identify the option that has the correct match between Column-I and Column-II.

Options

- A. P – 3; Q – 4; R – 1; S – 2
- B. P – 2; Q – 3; R – 1; S – 4
- C. P – 4; Q – 1; R – 2; S – 3
- D. P – 1; Q – 2; R – 4; S – 3

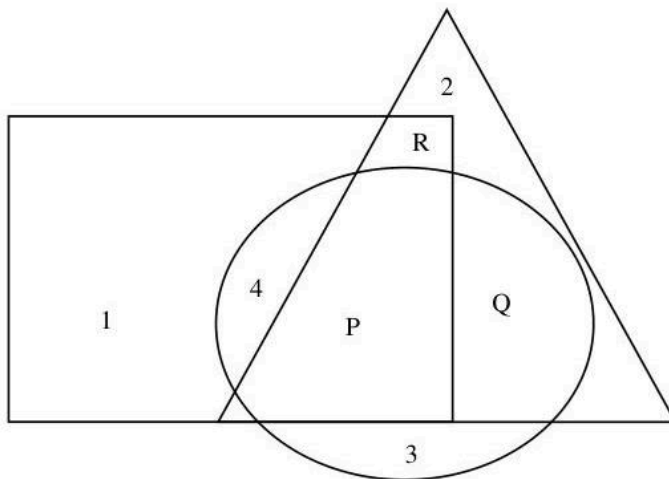
Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **142276867**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **B**

- Q.3** In the given figure, the numbers associated with the rectangle, triangle, and ellipse are 1, 2, and 3, respectively. Which one among the given options is the most appropriate combination of P, Q, and R ?



- Options**
- A.  $P = 6; Q = 5; R = 3$
  - B.  $P = 3; Q = 6; R = 6$
  - C.  $P = 5; Q = 3; R = 6$
  - D.  $P = 5; Q = 6; R = 3$

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **142276865**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **B**

- Q.4** A  $4 \times 4$  digital image has pixel intensities ( $U$ ) as shown in the figure. The number of pixels with  $U \leq 4$  is:

0	1	0	2
4	7	3	3
5	5	4	4
6	7	3	2

- Options**
- A. 3
  - B. 9
  - C. 11
  - D. 8

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **142276864**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **C**

Q.5

If a real variable  $x$  satisfies  $3^{x^2} = 27 \times 9^x$ , then the value of  $\frac{2^{x^2}}{(2^x)^2}$  is:

Options

- A.  $2^0$
- B.  $2^3$
- C.  $2^{15}$
- D.  $2^{-1}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 142276870

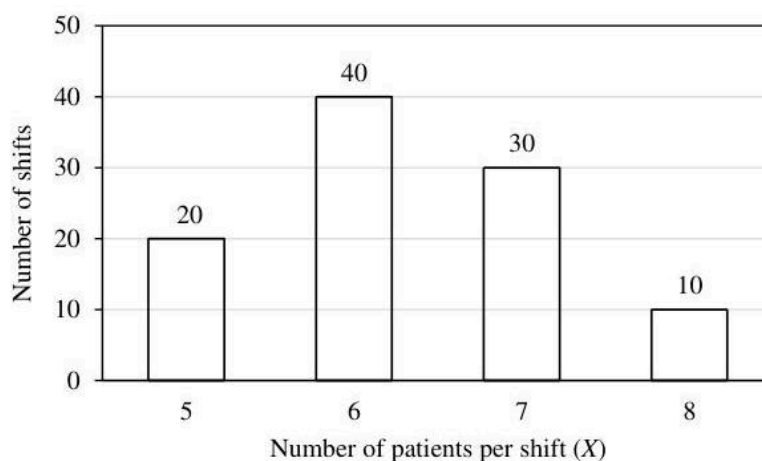
Status : Answered

Chosen Option : A

Q.6

The number of patients per shift ( $X$ ) consulting Dr. Gita in her past 100 shifts is shown in the figure. If the amount she earns is ₹  $1000(X - 0.2)$ , what is the average amount (in ₹) she has earned per shift in the past 100 shifts?

Note: The figure shown is representative.



Options

- A. 6,300
- B. 6,000
- C. 6,500
- D. 6,100

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 142276871

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : B

Q.7 Courage : Bravery :: Yearning : \_\_\_\_\_

Select the most appropriate option to complete the analogy.

Options

- A. Glaring
- B. Yelling
- C. Longing
- D. Yawning

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 142276862

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : A

Q.8 A rectangle has a length  $L$  and a width  $W$ , where  $L > W$ . If the width,  $W$ , is increased by 10%, which one of the following statements is correct for all values of  $L$  and  $W$ ?

Options

- A. Area increases by 10%.
- B. Length of the diagonals increases by 10%.
- C. The rectangle becomes a square.
- D. Perimeter increases by 10%.

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 142276866

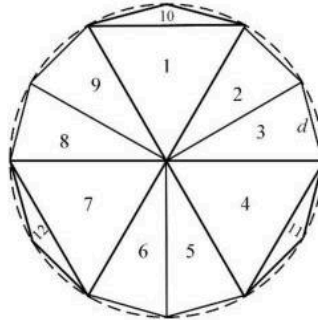
Status : Answered

Chosen Option : D

- Q.9** A regular dodecagon (12-sided regular polygon) is inscribed in a circle of radius  $r$  cm as shown in the figure. The side of the dodecagon is  $d$  cm. All the triangles (numbered 1 to 12) in the figure are used to form squares of side  $r$  cm and each numbered triangle is used only once to form a square.

The number of squares that can be formed and the number of triangles required to form each square, respectively, are:

Note: The figure shown is representative.



Options

- A. 3; 2
- B. 3; 4
- C. 4; 3
- D. 3; 3

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 142276869

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : C

- Q.10** Weight of a person can be expressed as a function of their age. The function usually varies from person to person. Suppose this function is identical for two brothers, and it monotonically increases till the age of 50 years and then it monotonically decreases. Let  $a_1$  and  $a_2$  (in years) denote the ages of the brothers and  $a_1 < a_2$ .

Which one of the following statements is correct about their age on the day when they attain the same weight?

Options

- A. Either  $a_1 = 50$  or  $a_2 = 50$
- B.  $a_1 < a_2 < 50$
- C.  $50 < a_1 < a_2$
- D.  $a_1 < 50 < a_2$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 142276868

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : B

Section : DA Data Science and Artificial Intelligence

**Q.1** It is given that  $P(X \geq 2) = 0.25$  for an exponentially distributed random variable  $X$  with  $E[X] = \frac{1}{\lambda}$ , where  $E[X]$  denotes the expectation of  $X$ . What is the value of  $\lambda$ ?  
( $\ln$  denotes natural logarithm)

- Options
- A.  $\ln 0.25$
  - B.  $\ln 2$
  - C.  $\ln 3$
  - D.  $\ln 4$

Question Type : **MCQ**  
Question ID : **142276882**  
Status : **Answered**  
Chosen Option : **D**

**Q.2** There are three boxes containing white balls and black balls.

Box-1 contains 2 black and 1 white balls.

Box-2 contains 1 black and 2 white balls.

Box-3 contains 3 black and 3 white balls.

In a random experiment, one of these boxes is selected, where the probability of choosing Box-1 is  $\frac{1}{2}$ , Box-2 is  $\frac{1}{6}$ , and Box-3 is  $\frac{1}{3}$ . A ball is drawn at random from the selected box. Given that the ball drawn is white, the probability that it is drawn from Box-2 is \_\_\_\_\_ (Round off to two decimal places)

Give  
n  
Ans  
wer :

Question Type : **NAT**  
Question ID : **142276892**  
Status : **Answered**

**Q.3** Which of the following statements is/are correct?

- Options
- A. Orthonormal vectors  $\mathbb{R}^n$  are linearly independent
  - B.  $\mathbb{R}^n$  has a unique set of orthonormal basis vectors
  - C.  $\mathbb{R}^n$  does not have a unique set of orthonormal basis vectors
  - D. Linearly independent vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^n$  are orthonormal

Question Type : **MSQ**  
Question ID : **142276886**  
Status : **Answered**  
Chosen Option : **B**



**Q.4** Consider the following three relations:

Car (model, year, serial, color)

Make (maker, model)

Own (owner, serial)

A tuple in Car represents a specific car of a given model, made in a given year, with a serial number and a color. A tuple in Make specifies that a maker company makes cars of a certain model. A tuple in Own specifies that an owner owns the car with a given serial number. Keys are underlined; (owner, serial) together form key for Own. ( $\bowtie$  denotes natural join)

$$\pi_{\text{owner}}(\text{Own} \bowtie (\sigma_{\text{color}=\text{"red"}}(\text{Car} \bowtie (\sigma_{\text{maker}=\text{"ABC"}}(\text{Make}))))$$

Which one of the following options describes what the above expression computes?

Options

- A. All red cars made by ABC
- B. All owners of more than one car, where at least one car is red and made by ABC
- C. All owners of a red car, a car made by ABC, or a red car made by ABC
- D. All owners of a red car made by ABC

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **142276878**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **A**

**Q.5** Let  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  be two sets of objects. Let  $D(x, y)$  be a measure of dissimilarity between two objects  $x$  and  $y$ . Consider the following definitions of dissimilarity between  $C_1$  and  $C_2$ .

$$\text{DIS-1}(C_1, C_2) = \max_{x \in C_1, y \in C_2} D(x, y)$$

$$\text{DIS-2}(C_1, C_2) = \min_{x \in C_1, y \in C_2} D(x, y)$$

Which of the following statements is/are correct?

Options

- A. Complete Linkage Clustering uses **DIS-2**
- B. Single Linkage Clustering uses **DIS-2**
- C. Complete Linkage Clustering uses **DIS-1**
- D. Single Linkage Clustering uses **DIS-1**

Question Type : **MSQ**

Question ID : **142276891**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **B**



**Q.6** Consider designing a linear classifier

$$y = \text{sign}(f(x; w, b)), \quad f(x; w, b) = w^\top x + b$$

on a dataset  $D = \{(x_1, y_1), (x_2, y_2), \dots, (x_N, y_N)\}$ ,  $x_i \in \mathbb{R}^d$ ,  $y_i \in \{+1, -1\}$ ,  $i = 1, 2, \dots, N$ . Recall that the sign function outputs +1 if the argument is positive, and -1 if the argument is non-positive. The parameters  $w$  and  $b$  are updated as per the following training algorithm:

$$w_{\text{new}} = w_{\text{old}} + y_n x_n, \quad b_{\text{new}} = b_{\text{old}} + y_n$$

whenever  $\text{sign}(f(x_n; w_{\text{old}}, b_{\text{old}})) \neq y_n$ . In other words, whenever the classifier wrongly predicts a sample  $(x_n, y_n)$  from the dataset,  $w_{\text{old}}$  gets updated to  $w_{\text{new}}$ , and likewise  $b_{\text{old}}$  gets updated to  $b_{\text{new}}$ . Consider the case  $(x_n, +1)$ ,  $f(x_n; w_{\text{old}}, b_{\text{old}}) < 0$ . Then

- Options
- A.  $y_n f(x_n; w_{\text{old}}, b_{\text{old}}) > 1$
  - B.  $f(x_n; w_{\text{new}}, b_{\text{new}}) < f(x_n; w_{\text{old}}, b_{\text{old}})$
  - C.  $f(x_n; w_{\text{new}}, b_{\text{new}}) > f(x_n; w_{\text{old}}, b_{\text{old}})$
  - D.  $f(x_n; w_{\text{new}}, b_{\text{new}}) = f(x_n; w_{\text{old}}, b_{\text{old}})$

Question Type : **MCQ**Question ID : **142276883**Status : **Answered**Chosen Option : **D****Q.7** Consider the following Python declarations of two lists.

```
A = [1, 2, 3]
```

```
B = [4, 5, 6]
```

Which one of the following statements results in  $A = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]$ ?

- Options
- A. `A.extend(B)`
  - B. `A.append(B)`
  - C. `A.update(B)`
  - D. `A.insert(B)`

Question Type : **MCQ**Question ID : **142276884**Status : **Answered**Chosen Option : **B**

**Q.8** Suppose  $X$  and  $Y$  are random variables. The conditional expectation of  $X$  given  $Y$  is denoted by  $E[X|Y]$ . Then  $E[E[X|Y]]$  equals

- Options
- A.  $E[X]$
  - B.  $E[X|Y]$
  - C.  $E[Y]$
  - D.  $\frac{E[X]}{E[Y]}$

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **142276872**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **D**

**Q.9** Suppose that insertion sort is applied to the array  $[1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, x, 15, 13]$  and it takes exactly two swaps to sort the array. Select all possible values of  $x$ .

- Options
- A. **14**
  - B. **12**
  - C. **16**
  - D. **10**

Question Type : **MSQ**

Question ID : **142276890**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **A**

**Q.10** Let  $A = I_n + xx^T$ , where  $I_n$  is the  $n \times n$  identity matrix and  $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$ ,  $x^T x = 1$ . Which of the following options is/are correct?

- Options
- A.  **$A^{-1}$  has a negative eigenvalue**
  - B. **0 is an eigenvalue of  $A$**
  - C. **Rank of  $A$  is  $n$**
  - D.  **$A$  is invertible**

Question Type : **MSQ**

Question ID : **142276889**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **C**

**Q.11** Consider two functions  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  and  $g : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow (1, \infty)$ . Both functions are differentiable at a point  $c$ . Which of the following functions is/are ALWAYS differentiable at  $c$ ? The symbol  $\cdot$  denotes product and the symbol  $\circ$  denotes composition of functions.

- Options
- A.  $f \pm g$
  - B.  $f \circ g + g \circ f$
  - C.  $f \cdot g$
  - D.  $\frac{f}{g}$

Question Type : **MSQ**  
 Question ID : **142276885**  
 Status : **Answered**  
 Chosen Option : **B**

**Q.12** Let  $X$  be a continuous random variable whose cumulative distribution function (CDF)  $F_X(x)$ , for some  $t$ , is given as follows:

$$F_X(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x \leq t \\ \frac{x-t}{4-t} & t \leq x \leq 4 \\ 1 & x \geq 4 \end{cases}$$

If the median of  $X$  is 3, then what is the value of  $t$ ?

- Options
- A.  $-1$
  - B.  $0$
  - C.  $1$
  - D.  $2$

Question Type : **MCQ**  
 Question ID : **142276880**  
 Status : **Answered**  
 Chosen Option : **B**

**Q.13** For which of the following inputs does binary search take time  $O(\log n)$  in the worst case?

- Options
- A. A linked list of  $n$  integers in increasing order
  - B. An array of  $n$  integers in any order
  - C. An array of  $n$  integers in increasing order
  - D. A linked list of  $n$  integers in any order

Question Type : **MSQ**  
 Question ID : **142276888**  
 Status : **Answered**  
 Chosen Option : **C**

**Q.14** The naive Bayes classifier is used to solve a two-class classification problem with class-labels  $y_1, y_2$ . Suppose the prior probabilities are  $P(y_1) = \frac{1}{3}$  and  $P(y_2) = \frac{2}{3}$ . Assuming a discrete feature space with

$$P(x|y_1) = \frac{3}{4} \quad \text{and} \quad P(x|y_2) = \frac{1}{4}$$

for a specific feature vector  $x$ . The probability of misclassifying  $x$  is \_\_\_\_\_  
(Round off to two decimal places)

Give **2.55**  
n  
Ans  
wer :

Question Type : **NAT**  
Question ID : **142276896**  
Status : **Answered**

**Q.15** Given data  $\{(-1, 1), (2, -5), (3, 5)\}$  of the form  $(x, y)$ , we fit a model  $y = wx$  using linear least-squares regression. The optimal value of  $w$  is \_\_\_\_\_  
(Round off to three decimal places)

Give **5.888**  
n  
Ans  
wer :

Question Type : **NAT**  
Question ID : **142276895**  
Status : **Answered**

**Q.16** Let  $p$  and  $q$  be any two propositions. Consider the following propositional statements.

$$S_1 : p \rightarrow q, \quad S_2 : \neg p \wedge q, \quad S_3 : \neg p \vee q, \quad S_4 : \neg p \vee \neg q,$$

where  $\wedge$  denotes conjunction (AND operation),  $\vee$  denotes disjunction (OR operation), and  $\neg$  denotes negation (NOT operation). Which one of the following options is correct?  
(Note:  $\equiv$  denotes logical equivalence)

- Options**
- A.  $S_2 \equiv S_4$
  - B.  $S_1 \equiv S_4$
  - C.  $S_2 \equiv S_3$
  - D.  $S_1 \equiv S_3$

Question Type : **MCQ**  
Question ID : **142276876**  
Status : **Answered**  
Chosen Option : **C**

**Q.17** Let  $X = aZ + b$ , where  $Z$  is a standard normal random variable, and  $a, b$  are two unknown constants. It is given that

$$E[X] = 1, \quad E[(X - E[X])Z] = -2, \quad E[(X - E[X])^2] = 4,$$

where  $E[X]$  denotes the expectation of random variable  $X$ . The values of  $a, b$  are:

- Options
- A.  $a = 1, b = 1$
  - B.  $a = -2, b = 1$
  - C.  $a = 2, b = -1$
  - D.  $a = -2, b = -1$

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **142276881**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **C**

**Q.18** If a relational decomposition is not dependency-preserving, which one of the following relational operators will be executed more frequently in order to maintain the dependencies?

- Options
- A. **Projection**
  - B. **Selection**
  - C. **Set union**
  - D. **Join**

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **142276877**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **C**

**Q.19** On a relation named **Loan** of a bank:

Loan		
loan_number	branch_name	amount
L11	Banjara Hills	90000
L14	Kondapur	50000
L15	SR Nagar	40000
L22	SR Nagar	25000
L23	Balanagar	80000
L25	Kondapur	70000
L19	SR Nagar	65000

the following SQL query is executed.

```
SELECT L1.loan_number
```

```
FROM Loan L1
```

```
WHERE L1.amount > (SELECT MAX (L2.amount)
```

```
FROM Loan L2
```

```
WHERE L2.branch_name = 'SR Nagar');
```

The number of rows returned by the query is \_\_\_\_\_(Answer in integer)

Give **8.1**

n  
Ans  
wer :

Question Type : **NAT**

Question ID : **142276894**

Status : **Answered**

**Q.20**

Let  $f(x) = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2}$ ,  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ . Let  $f^{(k)}(a)$  denote the  $k^{th}$  derivative of  $f$  evaluated at  $a$ .

What is the value of  $f^{(10)}(0)$ ? (Note: ! denotes factorial)

Options A. **0**

B.  $\frac{2}{10!}$

C. **1**

D.  $\frac{1}{10!}$

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **142276875**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **A**



**Q.21** Which of the following statements is/are correct in a Bayesian network?

- Options
- A. Rejection sampling is an approximate inference algorithm
  - B. Gibbs sampling is an exact inference algorithm
  - C. Variable elimination is an approximate inference algorithm
  - D. Variable elimination is used to determine conditional probabilities

Question Type : **MSQ**

Question ID : **142276887**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **C,D**

**Q.22**  $\lim_{t \rightarrow +\infty} \sqrt{t^2 + t} - t = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$   
(Round off to one decimal place)

Give **2.25**

n  
Ans  
wer :

Question Type : **NAT**

Question ID : **142276893**

Status : **Answered**

**Q.23** Consider a hash table of size 10 with indices  $\{0, 1, \dots, 9\}$ , with the hash function

$$h(x) = 3x \pmod{10},$$

where linear probing is used to handle collisions. The hash table is initially empty and then the following sequence of keys is inserted into the hash table: 1, 4, 5, 6, 14, 15. The indices where the keys 14 and 15 are stored are, respectively

- Options
- A. 4 and 6
  - B. 2 and 5
  - C. 4 and 5
  - D. 2 and 6

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **142276879**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **A**

**Q.24** The number of additions and multiplications involved in performing Gaussian elimination on any  $n \times n$  upper triangular matrix is of the order

- Options
- A.  $O(n^3)$
  - B.  $O(n^2)$
  - C.  $O(n^4)$
  - D.  $O(n)$

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **142276873**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **D**

**Q.25** The sum of the elements in each row of  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$  is 1. If  $B = A^3 - 2A^2 + A$ , which one of the following statements is correct (for  $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$ )?

- Options
- A. The equation  $Bx = 0$  has exactly two solutions
  - B. The equation  $Bx = 0$  has no solution
  - C. The equation  $Bx = 0$  has a unique solution
  - D. The equation  $Bx = 0$  has infinitely many solutions

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **142276874**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **C**

**Q.26** Let  $D = \{x^{(1)}, \dots, x^{(n)}\}$  be a dataset of  $n$  observations where each  $x^{(i)} \in \mathbb{R}^{100}$ . It is given that  $\sum_{i=1}^n x^{(i)} = 0$ . The covariance matrix computed from  $D$  has eigenvalues  $\lambda_i = 100^{2-i}$ ,  $1 \leq i \leq 100$ . Let  $u \in \mathbb{R}^{100}$  be the direction of maximum variance with  $u^\top u = 1$ .

The value of

$$\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (u^\top x^{(i)})^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

(Answer in integer)

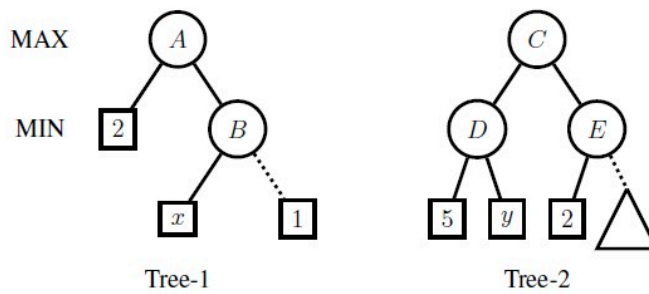
Give  
n  
Ans  
wer :

Question Type : **NAT**

Question ID : **142276921**

Status : **Answered**

**Q.27** Consider game trees Tree-1 and Tree-2 as shown. The first level is a MAX agent and the second level is a MIN agent. The value in the square node is the output of the utility function.



For what ranges of  $x$  and  $y$ , the right child of node  $B$  and the right child of node  $E$  will be pruned by alpha-beta pruning algorithm?

- Options
- A.  $x \in [1, \infty)$  and  $y \in (-\infty, 5]$
  - B.  $x \in (-\infty, 2]$  and  $y \in [2, \infty)$
  - C.  $x \in (-\infty, 2]$  and  $y \in (-\infty, 5]$
  - D.  $x \in [1, \infty)$  and  $y \in (-\infty, 2]$

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **142276904**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **C**

**Q.28** A random variable  $X$  is said to be distributed as  $Bernoulli(\theta)$ , denoted by  $X \sim Bernoulli(\theta)$ , if

$$P(X = 1) = \theta, \quad P(X = 0) = 1 - \theta$$

for  $0 < \theta < 1$ . Let  $Y = \sum_{i=1}^{300} X_i$ , where  $X_i \sim Bernoulli(\theta)$ ,  $i = 1, 2, \dots, 300$  be independent and identically distributed random variables with  $\theta = 0.25$ . The value of  $P(60 \leq Y \leq 90)$ , after approximation through Central Limit Theorem, is given by

(Recall that  $\phi(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^x e^{-\frac{t^2}{2}} dt$ )

- Options
- A.  $\phi(1) - \phi(-1)$
  - B.  $\phi(90) - \phi(60)$
  - C.  $\phi(2) - \phi(-2)$
  - D.  $\phi(3) - \phi(-3)$

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **142276901**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **C**

**Q.29** Consider the following tables, **Loan** and **Borrower**, of a bank.

Loan			Borrower	
loan_num	branch_name	amount	customer_name	loan_num
L11	Banjara Hills	90000	Anand	L11
L14	Kondapur	50000	Karteek	L11
L15	SR Nagar	40000	Karteek	L14
L22	SR Nagar	25000	Ankita	L15
L23	Balanagar	80000	Gopal	L19
L25	Kondapur	70000	Karteek	L22
L19	SR Nagar	65000	Karteek	L23
			Sunil	L23
			Sunil	L25

Query:  $\pi_{\text{branch\_name}, \text{customer\_name}}(\text{Loan} \bowtie \text{Borrower}) \div \pi_{\text{branch\_name}}(\text{Loan})$

where  $\bowtie$  denotes natural join.

The number of tuples returned by the above relational algebra query is \_\_\_\_\_

(Answer in integer)

Give **6500**

n  
Ans  
wer :

Question Type : **NAT**

Question ID : **142276923**

Status : **Answered**

**Q.30** Consider a directed graph  $G = (V, E)$ , where  $V = \{0, 1, 2, \dots, 100\}$  and

$E = \{(i, j) : 0 < j - i \leq 2, \text{ for all } i, j \in V\}$ . Suppose the adjacency list of each vertex is in *decreasing* order of vertex number, and depth-first search (DFS) is performed at vertex 0. The number of vertices that will be discovered after vertex 50 is

\_\_\_\_\_ (Answer in integer)

Give **6**

n  
Ans  
wer :

Question Type : **NAT**

Question ID : **142276926**

Status : **Answered**

**Q.31** Let  $\{x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n\}$  be a set of linearly independent vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . Let the  $(i, j)$ -th element of matrix  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$  be given by  $A_{ij} = x_i^\top x_j$ ,  $1 \leq i, j \leq n$ . Which one of the following statements is correct?

- Options
- A. 0 is a singular value of  $A$
  - B.  $A$  is invertible
  - C.  $z^\top A z = 0$  for some non-zero  $z \in \mathbb{R}^n$
  - D. Determinant of  $A$  is 0

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 142276899

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : B

**Q.32** A random experiment consists of throwing 100 fair dice, each die having six faces numbered 1 to 6. An event  $A$  represents the set of all outcomes where at least one of the dice shows a 1. Then,  $P(A) =$

- Options
- A. 0
  - B. 1
  - C.  $\left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^{100}$
  - D.  $1 - \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^{100}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 142276906

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : B

**Q.33** Let  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$  be such that  $A^3 = A$ . Which one of the following statements is ALWAYS correct?

- Options
- A.  $A$  is invertible
  - B. The sum of the diagonal elements of  $A$  is 1
  - C. Determinant of  $A$  is 0
  - D.  $A$  and  $A^2$  have the same rank

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 142276898

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : C



**Q.34** Consider the cumulative distribution function (CDF) of a random variable  $X$ :

$$F_X(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x \leq -1 \\ \frac{1}{4}(x+1)^2 & -1 \leq x \leq 1 \\ 1 & x \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

The value of  $P(X^2 \leq 0.25)$  is

- Options
- A. 0.5
  - B. 0.5625
  - C. 0.25
  - D. 0.625

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **142276900**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **B**

**Q.35** Let  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a twice-differentiable function and suppose its second derivative satisfies  $f''(x) > 0$  for all  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ . Which of the following statements is/are ALWAYS correct?

- Options
- A.  $f$  has at most one local minimum
  - B.  $f$  has at most one global minimum
  - C. There does not exist  $x$  and  $y$ ,  $x \neq y$ , such that  $f'(x) = f'(y) = 0$
  - D.  $f$  has a local minima

Question Type : **MSQ**

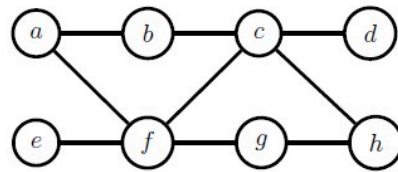
Question ID : **142276912**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **D**



**Q.36** Let  $G$  be a simple, unweighted, and undirected graph. A subset of the vertices and edges of  $G$  are shown below.



It is given that  $a - b - c - d$  is a shortest path between  $a$  and  $d$ ;  $e - f - g - h$  is a shortest path between  $e$  and  $h$ ;  $a - f - c - h$  is a shortest path between  $a$  and  $h$ . Which of the following is/are NOT the edges of  $G$ ?

- Options
- A.  $(b, g)$
  - B.  $(e, g)$
  - C.  $(b, h)$
  - D.  $(b, d)$

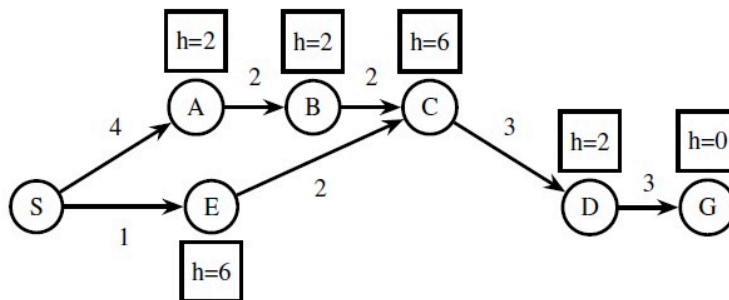
Question Type : **MSQ**

Question ID : **142276919**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **B**

**Q.37** The state graph shows the action cost along the edges and the heuristic function  $h$  associated with each state.



Suppose  $A^*$  algorithm is applied on this state graph using priority queue to store the frontier. In what sequence are the nodes expanded?

- Options
- A. **S, A, E, B, C, D, G**
  - B. **S, A, E, C, B, D, G**
  - C. **S, A, B, E, C, D, G**
  - D. **S, E, A, C, B, D, G**

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **142276905**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **B**

**Q.38** Consider the following Python code snippet.

```
def f(a,b):
    if (a==0):
        return b
    if (a%2==1):
        return 2*f((a-1)/2,b)
    return b+f(a-1,b)
print(f(15,10))
```

The value printed by the code snippet is \_\_\_\_\_ (Answer in integer)

Give **1.49**

n  
Ans  
wer :

Question Type : **NAT**

Question ID : **142276924**

Status : **Answered**

**Q.39** Let  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be such that  $|f(x) - f(y)| \leq (x - y)^2$  for all  $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$ . Then

$f(1) - f(0) =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (Answer in integer)

Give **2**

n  
Ans  
wer :

Question Type : **NAT**

Question ID : **142276920**

Status : **Answered**

**Q.40** Let  $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5$  be a system of orthonormal vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^{10}$ . Consider the matrix

$A = x_1 x_1^\top + \dots + x_5 x_5^\top$ . Which of the following statements is/are correct?

- Options
- A.  $A$  is invertible
  - B. Determinant of  $A$  is 1
  - C. Singular values of  $A$  are also its eigenvalues
  - D. Singular values of  $A$  are either 0 or 1

Question Type : **MSQ**

Question ID : **142276911**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **B,C**

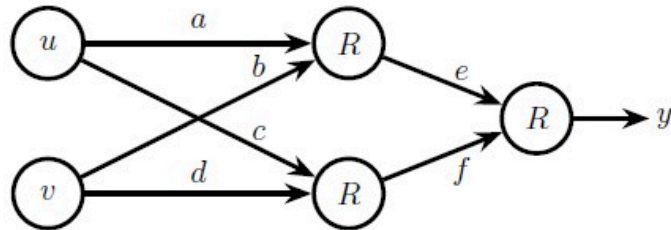
**Q.41** Consider the neural network shown in the figure with

*inputs:*  $u, v$

*weights:*  $a, b, c, d, e, f$

*output:*  $y$

$R$  denotes the ReLU function,  $R(x) = \max(0, x)$ .



Given  $u = 2, v = 3$ ,

$a = 1, b = 1, c = 1, d = -1, e = 4, f = -1$ ,

which one of the following is correct?

Options

A.  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial a} = 2, \frac{\partial y}{\partial f} = -1$

B.  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial a} = 1, \frac{\partial y}{\partial f} = -1$

C.  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial a} = 1, \frac{\partial y}{\partial f} = 0$

D.  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial a} = 8, \frac{\partial y}{\partial f} = 0$

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **142276903**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **C**

**Q.42** Consider the following pseudocode.

```

Create empty stack S
Set x=0, flag=0, sum=0
Push x onto S
while (S is not empty){
    if (flag equals 0){
        Set x = x+1
        Push x onto S}
    if (x equals 8):
        Set flag=1
    if (flag equals 1){
        x = Pop(S)
        if (x is odd):
            Pop(S)
        Set sum = sum + x}
}
Output sum

```

The value of `sum` output by a program executing the above pseudocode is \_\_\_\_\_

(Answer in integer)

Give 8  
n  
Ans  
wer :

Question Type : **NAT**

Question ID : **142276925**

Status : **Answered**

**Q.43** Consider a coin-toss experiment where the probability of head showing up is  $p$ . In the  $i^{\text{th}}$  coin toss, let  $X_i = 1$  if head appears, and  $X_i = 0$  if tail appears. Consider

$$\hat{p} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$$

where  $n$  is the total number of independent coin tosses.

Which of the following statements is/are correct?

- Options**
- A. As  $n$  increases, variance of  $\hat{p}$  decreases
  - B. Variance of  $\hat{p}$  does not depend on  $n$
  - C.  $E[\hat{p}] = p$
  - D.  $E[\hat{p}] = \frac{p}{n}$

Question Type : **MSQ**

Question ID : **142276915**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **B,D**

**Q.44** Consider a database relation R with attributes ABCDEFG, and having the following functional dependencies:

$$A \rightarrow BCEF \quad E \rightarrow DG \quad BC \rightarrow A$$

Which of the following statements is/are correct?

- Options
- A. A, BC are the candidate keys of R
  - B. A, BC, E are the candidate keys of R
  - C. Relation R is not in Boyce-Codd Normal Form (BCNF)
  - D. A is the only candidate key of R

Question Type : **MSQ**

Question ID : **142276918**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **B,C**

**Q.45** Consider a fact table in an OLAP application: Facts (D1, D2, val), where D1 and D2 are its dimension attributes and val is a dependent attribute. Suppose attribute D1 takes 3 values and D2 takes 2 values, and all combinations of these values are present in the table Facts. How many tuples are there in the result of the following query?

```
SELECT D1, D2, sum(val)
FROM Facts
GROUP BY CUBE (D1, D2);
```

- Options
- A. 1
  - B. 12
  - C. 9
  - D. 6

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **142276907**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **A**

**Q.46** Let  $Y = Z^2$ ,  $Z = \frac{X - \mu}{\sigma}$ , where  $X$  is a normal random variable with mean  $\mu$  and variance  $\sigma^2$ . The variance of  $Y$  is

- Options
- A. 2
  - B. 1
  - C. 3
  - D. 4

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **142276897**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **B**

**Q.47** Consider the following Python code snippet.

```
A={"this", "that"}
B={"that", "other"}
C={"other", "this"}

while "other" in C:
    if "this" in A:
        A, B, C=A-B, B-C, C-A
    if "that" in B:
        A, B, C=C|A, A|B, B|C
```

When the above program is executed, at the end, which of the following sets contains

"this"?

- Options
- A. A, C
  - B. Only A
  - C. Only C
  - D. Only B

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **142276908**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **C**

**Q.48** An  $n \times n$  matrix  $A$  with real entries satisfies the property:  $\|Ax\|^2 = \|x\|^2$ , for all  $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$ , where  $\|\cdot\|$  denotes the Euclidean norm. Which of the following statements is/are ALWAYS correct?

- Options
- A.  $A = I$ , where  $I$  denotes the identity matrix, is the only solution
  - B.  $A$  must be orthogonal
  - C.  $A$  has full rank
  - D. The eigenvalues of  $A$  are either  $+1$  or  $-1$

Question Type : **MSQ**

Question ID : **142276913**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **A**



**Q.49** For  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ , the floor function is denoted by  $f(x) = \lfloor x \rfloor$  and defined as follows

$$\lfloor x \rfloor = k, \quad k \leq x < k + 1,$$

where  $k$  is an integer. Let  $Y = \lfloor X \rfloor$ , where  $X$  is an exponentially distributed random variable with mean  $\frac{1}{\ln 10}$ , where  $\ln$  denotes natural logarithm. For any positive integer  $\ell$ , one can write the probability of the event  $Y = \ell$  as follows

$$P(Y = \ell) = q^\ell(1 - q)$$

The value of  $q$  is

- Options
- A. 0.434
  - B. 0.5
  - C. 0.01
  - D. 0.1

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **142276902**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **C**

**Q.50** Consider a two-class problem in  $\mathbb{R}^d$  with class labels *red* and *green*. Let  $\mu_{red}$  and  $\mu_{green}$  be the means of the two classes. Given test sample  $x \in \mathbb{R}^d$ , a classifier calculates the squared Euclidean distance (denoted by  $\|\cdot\|^2$ ) between  $x$  and the means of the two classes and assigns the class label that the sample  $x$  is closest to. That is, the classifier computes

$$f(x) = \|\mu_{red} - x\|^2 - \|\mu_{green} - x\|^2$$

and assigns the label *red* to  $x$  if  $f(x) < 0$ , and *green* otherwise. Which of the following statements is/are correct?

- Options
- A.  $f$  is a quadratic polynomial in  $x$
  - B.  $f(x) = w^\top x + b$ , where  $w$  and  $b$  are functions of  $\mu_{red}$  and  $\mu_{green}$
  - C. The sample  $x = 0$  is assigned the label *green* if  $\|\mu_{red}\| < \|\mu_{green}\|$
  - D.  $f$  is a linear function of  $x$

Question Type : **MSQ**

Question ID : **142276916**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **A**

**Q.51** A bag contains 5 white balls and 10 black balls. In a random experiment,  $n$  balls are drawn from the bag one at a time with replacement. Let  $S_n$  denote the total number of black balls drawn in the experiment.

The expectation of  $S_{100}$  denoted by  $E[S_{100}] = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

(Round off to one decimal place)

Give 8  
n  
Ans  
wer :

Question Type : **NAT**

Question ID : **142276922**

Status : **Answered**

**Q.52** Consider designing a linear binary classifier  $f(x) = \text{sign}(w^T x + b)$ ,  $x \in \mathbb{R}^2$  on the following training data:

$$\text{Class-1: } \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \right\}, \text{Class-2: } \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$$

Hard-margin support vector machine (SVM) formulation is solved to obtain  $w$  and  $b$ .

Which of the following options is/are correct?

- Options
- A. Training accuracy is 98%
  - B. The number of support vectors is 3
  - C.  $w = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $b = 1$
  - D. The margin is  $\sqrt{2}$

Question Type : **MSQ**

Question ID : **142276914**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **C**

**Q.53** Consider the function  $f(x) = \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{7}{2}x^2 + 10x + \frac{133}{2}$ ,  $x \in [-8, 0]$ . Which of the following statements is/are correct?

Options

- A. The minimum value of the derivative of  $f$  is attained at  $x = -\frac{7}{2}$
- B. The minimum value of  $f$  is attained at  $x = -2$
- C. The maximum value of  $f$  is attained at  $x = -5$
- D. The maximum value of  $f$  is  $\frac{133}{2}$

Question Type : **MSQ**

Question ID : **142276910**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **C**

**Q.54** Which of the following statements is/are correct about the rectified linear unit (ReLU)

activation function defined as  $\text{ReLU}(x) = \max(x, 0)$ , where  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ ?

- Options
- A.  $\text{ReLU}(x) = \text{ReLU}(ax)$ , for all  $a \in \mathbb{R}$
  - B. ReLU is continuous everywhere
  - C. ReLU is not differentiable at  $x = 0$
  - D. ReLU is differentiable everywhere

Question Type : **MSQ**

Question ID : **142276909**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **B**

**Q.55** Consider the following two relations, named Customer and Person, in a database:

```
Person (  
    aadhaar CHAR(12) PRIMARY KEY,  
    name VARCHAR(32));  
  
Customer (  
    name VARCHAR(32),  
    email VARCHAR(32) PRIMARY KEY,  
    phone CHAR(10),  
    aadhaar CHAR(12),  
    FOREIGN KEY (aadhaar) REFERENCES Person(aadhaar));
```

Which of the following statements is/are correct?

- Options
- A. phone can be NULL in the Customer relation
  - B. aadhaar is a candidate key in the Person relation
  - C. aadhaar is a candidate key in the Customer relation
  - D. aadhaar can be NULL in the Person relation

Question Type : **MSQ**

Question ID : **142276917**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **A**