CUDA C

qualifiers).

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Function Type Qualifiers Function type qualifiers are used in function declarations and definitions. They specify where the functions can be called from and where they can be executed. Host is the CPU side, and device is the GPU side. ___device__ Executed on the device. Callable from the device only. ___global__ Executed on the device. Callable from the host or from the device for devices of compute capability 3.x or higher. Must have void return type. ___host__

Executed on the host. Callable from the host only (equivalent to declaring the function without any

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Types

charX , ucharX , shortX , intX , uintX , longX , ulongX , floatX , where

X = 1, 2, 3, or 4 .

doubleX , longlongX , ulonglongX , where X = 1, or 2 .

Note: dim3 is a uint3 with default components initalized to 1.

Constructor Function

make_<type name> constructs the built-in vector type with type specified by replacing <type name> with one of the types above.

Component Access

The 1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th components are accessible through the fields x , y , z , and w .

Example

int4 intVec = make_int4(0, 42, 3, 5) creates an int4 vector typed variable named intVec with the given int elements. intVec.z accesses its third element, 3 .
```

Inside functions executed on the device (GPU), grid and block dimensions, and block and thread indices can be accessed using built-in variables listed below. GridDim Dimensions of the grid (dim3). blockIdx Block index within the grid (uint3). blockDim Dimensions of the block (dim3). threadIdx Thread index within the block (uint3).

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warpSize
Warp size in threads ( int ).
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Allocating memory

<code>cudaError_t</code> cudaMalloc(<code>void</code> **devPtr, <code>size_t</code> size)

Allocates <code>size</code> bytes of linear memory on the device and points <code>devPtr</code> to the allocated memory.

Freeing memory

<code>cudaError_t</code> cudaFree(<code>void</code> *devPtr)

Frees the memory space pointed to by <code>devPtr</code>.

Transferring data

<code>cudaError_t</code> cudaMemcpy(<code>void</code> *dst, <code>const</code> <code>void</code> *src, <code>size_t</code> count, <code>cudaMemcpyKind</code> kind)

Copies <code>count</code> bytes of data from the memory area pointed to by <code>src</code> to the memory area pointed to by <code>dst</code>. The direction of copy is specified by <code>kind</code>, and is one of <code>cudaMemcpyHostToHost</code>,

<code>cudaMemcpyHostToDevice</code>, <code>cudaMemcpyDeviceToDevice</code>.
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Kernel Launch

A kernel function declared as __global__ void Func(float *parameter) can be called without the optional arguments as Func<<<numBlocks, threadsPerBlock>>>(parameter) or with the optional arguments as Func<<<numBlocks, threadsPerBlock, Ns, S>>>(parameter).

numBlocks is of type dim3 and specifies the number of blocks,

threadsPerBlock is of type dim3 and specifies the number of threads per block,

Ns is of type size_t and specifies bytes in shared memory (optional),

S is of type cudaStream_t and specifies associated stream (optional).
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Notes

• Based on CUDA C Programming Guide and CUDA Runtime API.

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