個案分析-

Black Ruby 挖礦勒索攻擊 事件分析報告

I. 事件簡介

- 1. 2017 年各式勒索病毒攻擊事件頻傳,而挖礦的攻擊事件也層出不窮,而在 2018年2月初 Malware Hunter Team 發現了一個新型態的勒索病毒 Black Ruby。
- 該病毒除了會將電腦內的檔案加密來進行勒索外,也在受害主機內植入門羅 挖礦程式,因為駭客考量若被勒索的受害者不支付贖金,至少可將受害主機 拿來進行挖礦,以獲取門羅幣。
- 3. 為了瞭解該類型資安事件的觸發原因與攻擊行為,本中心取得樣本後進行檢測。

Ⅱ. 事件檢測

1. 首先,在檢測之前,我們將病毒樣本

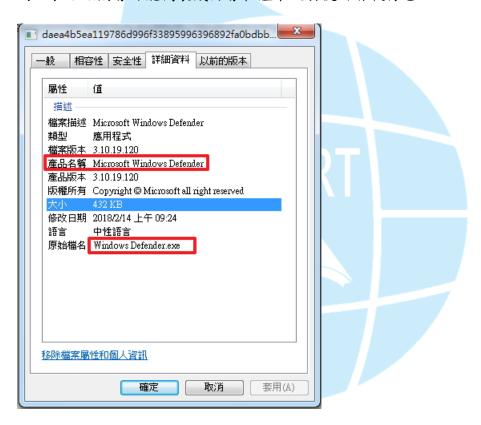
daea4b5ea119786d996f33895996396892fa0bdbb8f9e9fcc184a89d0d0cb85e.e xe 送至 Virustotal 網站檢測,發現其惡意比例高達 50/66,其中有許多防毒軟體公司稱它為 BlackRuby 勒索病毒,而知名的 Fortinet 與 Symantec 公司稱它為 CoinMiner 與 Downloader。



防毒	結果	更新
Ad-Aware	Trojan.GenericKD.30317175	20180227
AegisLab	Troj.W32.Reconyclc	20180227
AhnLab-V3	Trojan/Win32.Reconyc.C2400108	20180227
ALYac	Trojan.Ransom. <mark>BlackRuby</mark>	20180227
Cyren	W32 <mark>/BlackRuby,</mark> A.gen!Eldorado	20180227
DrWeb	Trojan.Encoder.24466	20180227
Emsisoft	Trojan.Ransom. <mark>BlackRuby</mark> (A)	20180227



2. 在 Win 10 作業系統環境下,我們進行環境隔離檢測。檢視該病毒的檔案內容, 發現它原檔名為 Windows Defender. exe,名稱與微軟公司的防毒軟體名稱相 同,表示該病毒可能偽裝成防毒軟體來吸引使用者執行它。



3. 以一般使用者權限執行此病毒程式後,發現該病毒會呼叫兩個名稱相同的程式 svchost. exe 來執行,而且 CPU 使用率衝至 100%,呈現挖礦現象,但受測主機內無任何檔案被加密之情形發生。





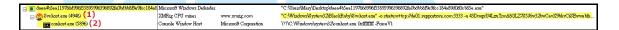
- 4. 相關報導顯示駭客可能透過遠端桌面服務(Remote Desktop Services)方式入侵到受害主機內安裝惡意程式 BlackRuby,故推測在執行此病毒時,駭客可能以系統管理者權限執行程式,因此,我們以系統管理者權限來執行此病毒。
- 5. 檢視病毒執行後對外連線情形,發現它會先連線到美國IP:104.25.149.25:80,接著會陸續連線到烏克蘭 IP:94.130.12.27:3333,port 3333 為挖礦常用 port,可見該 IP 可能為一個礦池。

Process Name /	Proces	Protocol	Local Port	Local Po	Local Address	Remote	Remote	Remote Addr	Remote Host Na	State
daea4b5ea119786	l996f33895	996396892	fa0bdbb8f9	e9fcc184a89	od0d0cb85e.exe	80	http	104.25.149.25		Established
2018/2/27 下午	04:11:4	4 Added		Unkno	wn	TCP	192.168	.195.157:49	559 <mark>94.130.1</mark> 2	2.27:3333
2018/2/27 下午				Unkno	wn	TCP	192.168	.195.157:49	560 <mark>94.130.1</mark> 2	2.27:3333
2018/2/27 下午	04:11:5	6 Added		Unkno	wn	TCP	192.168	.195.157:49	561 <mark>94.130.1</mark> 2	2.27:3333
2018/2/27 下午	04:12:0	2 Added		Unkno	wn	TCP	192.168	.195.157:49	562 <mark>94.130.1</mark> 2	2.27:3333
2018/2/27 卞午	04:12:0	8 Added		Unkno	wn	TCP	192.168	.195.157:49	563 <mark>94.130.1</mark> 2	2.27:3333

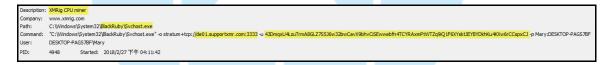
6. 追蹤 IP:94.130.12.27 之網路封包,發現該 IP 對應到主機: freegeoip. net,表示受測主機查詢 http://freegeoip.net/json/,而且連線過程中會告訴對方受測主機的 IP 位置、country_Code 與 country_Name。

```
RSA Security Analytics Reconstruction for session ID: 3 (Source 192.168.195.157: 49552, Target 104.25.149.25: 80)
     GET /json/ HTTP/1.1
     Host: freegeoip.net
     Connection: Keep-Alive
                               HTTP/1.1 200 OK
                              Date: Tue, 27 Feb 2018 06:42:22 GMT
                              Content-Type: application/json
                              Content-Length: 198
                              Connection: keep-alive
                              Set-Cookie: __cfduid=db2c918b17718f7f8520a00b237cb622d1519713741; expires=Wed, 27
                               -Feb-19 06:42:21 GMT; path=/; domain=.freegeoip.net; HttpOnly
                                                                                                          S
P
O
N
S
                               Vary: Origin
                              X-Database-Date: Fri, 16 Feb 2018 08:41:25 GMT
                               Server: cloudflare
                              CF-RAY: 3f3929e6b2d6331f-HKG
                               3.5, "longitude": 121, "metro_code":0}
```

7. 檢視受測主機背景程式執行情形,發現該病毒執行後會呼叫程式 Svchost. exe,而程式 Svchost. exe 執行後會呼叫程式 conhost. exe。



從 Svchost. exe 的內容可以得知 Svchost. exe 存在於 C:\Windows\System32\新建的資料夾 BlackRuby 內,而且是 XMRig CPU miner 的挖礦程式,在 Command 內容可以看到其礦池為 de01. supportxmr. com: 3333 與其錢包帳戶的資訊。



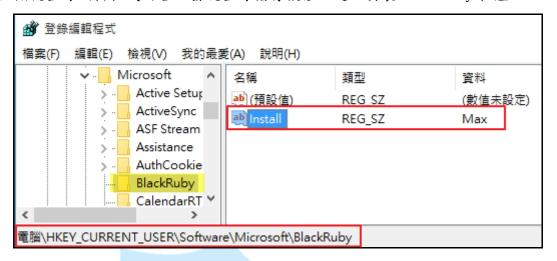
8. 檢視網路封包內容,發現受測主機傳送礦池的登入帳戶資訊與受測主機名稱 給礦池,但是回傳顯示錯誤訊息,表示這個帳戶在這個礦池的運用被限制了。 接著觀察受測主機是否有 CPU 資源使用率衝高之現象,但發現無挖礦行為產 生。

```
RSA Security Analytics Reconstruction for session ID: 1385 (Source 192.168.195.157: 49559, Target 94.130.12.27:3333)

Time 2/27/2018 16:11:44 to 2/27/2018 16:11:45 Packet Size 966 bytes Payload Size 372 bytes

Protect 10:3856 (I. Slave Non-Accombind Analytics Natural Manual Manual
```

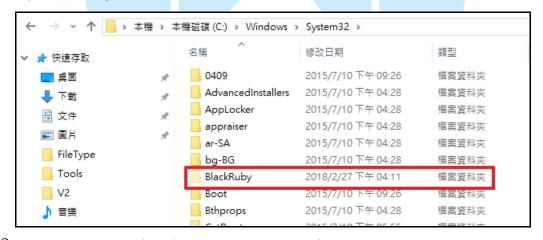
9. 檢視登錄編輯程式內容,發現登錄檔有被修改過,安裝 BlackRuby 軟體。



10. 從背景程式發現,在病毒執行時,會寫入兩個檔案 Windows UI. exe 與 Svchost. exe 到 C:\Windows\System 32\BlackRuby 的資料夾內。

Time of Day	Process Name	PID	Operation	Path
下午 04:11:08.461	daea4b5ea119786d996f33895996396892fa0	5252	N riteFile	C:\Windows\System32\BlackRuby\WindowsUI.exe
下午 04:11:08.461	daea4b5ea119786d996f33895996396892fa0	5252	₹ WriteFile	C:\Windows\System32\BlackRuby\WindowsUI.exe
下午 04:11:08.461	daea4b5ea119786d996f33895996396892fa0	5252	MriteFile	C:\Windows\System32\BlackRuby\WindowsUI.exe
下午 04:11:08.461	daea4b5ea119786d996f33895996396892fa0	5252	■WriteFile	C:\Windows\System32\BlackRuby\WindowsUI.exe
下午 04:11:08.480	daea4b5ea119786d996f33895996396892fa0	5252	≫ WriteFile	C:\Windows\System32\BlackRuby\Svchost.exe

11. 檢視 C:\Windows\System32 資料夾,因為 BlackRuby 資料夾被隱藏了,所以並未發現任何名稱為 BlackRuby 之資料夾,此方式讓受害者不易發現惡意程式的所在之處。



12. 在 BlackRuby 的資料夾內,發現有兩個程式 Svchost. exe 與 WindowsUI. exe,分別將它們送至 Virustotal 檢測得到如下的結果:



(1) Svchost. exe 檢測結果其惡意比例為 50/67, 多家防毒公司使用 CoinMiner 用字來稱呼它, 被視為一個挖礦程式。

SHA256: 20805849c72a884739eec41b27b1253ed4b8b9f918365d3a2f587e637487d7bc 檔案名稱: Svchost.exe 偵測率: 50 / 67 分析日期: 2018-02-27 09:17:02 UTC(1 分鐘 前)

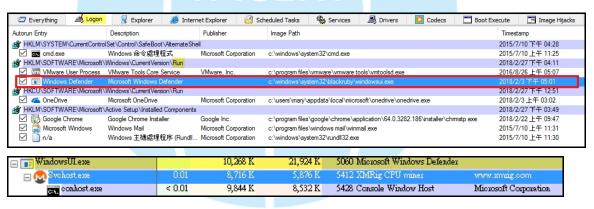
防毒	結果
Ad-Aware	Application.CoinMiner.AJ
AhnLab-V3	Trojan/Win32.Coinminer.R217306
ALYac	Misc.Riskware. <mark>MoneroMiner</mark>
Arcabit	Application. CoinMiner. AJ
BitDefender	Application. CoinMiner. AJ
CAT-QuickHeal	Trojan. <mark>BitMiner</mark>
ClamAV	Win.Trojan.Crypto <mark>coinMiner</mark> -6448864-0
DrWeb	Tool.BtcMine.1145
Emsisoft	Application. CoinMiner.AJ (B)
Endgame	malicious (moderate confidence)
ESET-NOD32	a variant of Win32/CoinMiner DQ potentially unwanted

(2) WindowsUI. exe 檢測結果其惡意比例為 50/67, 有多家防毒軟體公司稱 其為 BlackRuby 勒索病毒, 也發現其 SHA256 編碼與本次檢測病毒樣本相 同,可推測病毒在執行寫入受測主機 BlackRuby 資料夾時, 也複製一份自 己於資料夾內。

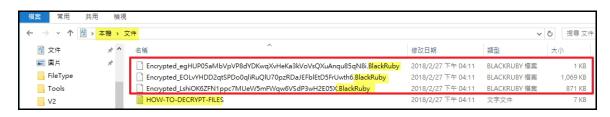


ALYac	Trojan.Ransom. <mark>BlackRuby</mark>
Cyren	W32/BlackRuby.A.gen!Eldorado
Emsisoft	Trojan.Ransom. <mark>BlackRuby</mark> (A)
F-Prot	W32/BlackRuby.A.gen!Eldorado
Fortinet	W32/CoinMiner.DQ
Malwarebytes	Ransom. <mark>BlackRuby</mark>
TrendMicro	Ransom_BLACKRUBY.THBGBH
TrendMicro-HouseCall	Ransom_BLACKRUBY.THBGBH

- 13. 檢視受測主機重新開機後背景程式運作情形,發現來自
 - C:\Windows\system32\blackruby\windowsui.exe 的 Windows Defender 程式會在開機後自動執行,而且程式 WindowsUI.exe 會呼叫 Svchost.exe 來進行挖礦。



14. 檢視受測主機內檔案被加密之情形,發現除了 C:\windows 與 program files 兩資料夾內檔案未被加密外,其他檔案皆被加密。檔案被加密後檔名 變更為「Encrypted_英文字母與數字混合亂碼. BlackRuby」。另外,在檢測時發現在病毒執行加密期間,若有其他程式執行中,則這些應用程式的執行檔將不會被加密。

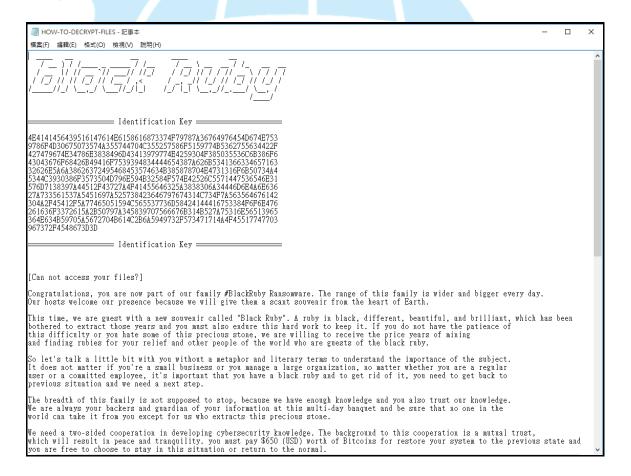




15. 在被病毒加密過檔案或讀取過的資料夾內,皆會出現一個名稱為

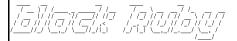
「HOW-TO-DECRYPT-FILES. txt」的勒索通知信,查看該信內容發現分為 6 個

部分,分述如下:



(1) Identification Key

為識別受害者 ID。



= Identification Key =

B4.14 14564395.16 1476.14B6.1586.16873374F797873.8576497645496778F753 7876FR3906759735743.8557447042552575865F1.59774855275564252 27479674B34786E3838496D43413979774E4259304F385035536C6B386F6 30436767684268494167753939485344446543878626B5341566334657163 2626E366386265272495466453746546853776042F313167656754445 344C3930386F3573504D790E394B52584F574B42526C5571447556546E31 70701738837944512F43772447414556452533338336063444606B4486567 74733561537854516978525738425864797674514C734F7856556476142 0422F3412F377465051594455553773605424144441675384475656676142 0422F3412F37746505159455553773605424144416753384476565676142 0462F3412F35376565727049614C2B6A5949732F57347171444F45517747703 676372F4548673030 E4141456439516147614E6158616873374F79787A36764976454D674E753 786F4D30675073574A355744704C355257586F5159774B5362755634422F

= Identification Kev =

(2) Can not access your files?

告訴受害者他的電腦中了 BlackRuby 勒索病毒,需支付價值\$650 美元的比特 幣才可以將系統還原。

[Can not access your files?]

<mark>Congratulations, you are now part of our family #BlackRuby Ransomware.</mark> The range of this family is wider and bigger every day. Our hosts welcome our presence because we will give them a scant souvenir from the heart of Earth.

This time, we are guest with a new souvenir called "Black Ruby". A ruby in black, different, beautiful, and brilliant, which has been bothered to extract those years and you must also endure this hard work to keep it. If you do not have the patience of this difficulty or you hate some of this precious stone, we are willing to receive the price years of mining and finding rubies for your relief and other people of the world who are guests of the black ruby.

So let's talk a little bit with you without a metaphor and literary terms to understand the importance of the subject. It does not matter if you're a small business or you manage a large organization, no matter whether you are a regular user or a committed employee, it's important that you have a black ruby and to get rid of it, you need to get back to previous situation and we need a next step.

The breadth of this family is not supposed to stop, because we have enough knowledge and you also trust our knowledge. We are always your backers and guardian of your information at this multi-day banquet and be sure that no one in the world can take it from you except for us who extracts this precious stone.

We need a two-sided cooperation in developing cybersecurity knowledge. The background to this cooperation is a mutual trust, which will result in peace and tranquility. <mark>you must pay \$650 (USD) worth of Bitcoins for restore your system to the previous state</mark> and you are free to choose to stay in this situation or return to the normal.

Do not forget that your opportunity is limited. From these limits you can create golden situations. Be sure we will help you in this way and to know that having a black ruby does not always mean riches. You and your system are poor, poor knowledge of cybersecurity and lack of security on your system!.

(3) HOW TO DECRYPT FILES

主要告訴受害者如何解密檔案。首先,要複製 Identification Key,再寄兩 個被加密的檔案連同 Key 到「TheBlackRuby@Protonmail.com」信箱。駭客會 將兩個加密檔案解密寄回給受害者,受害者在確認檔案完整後,用比特幣支 付\$650 美元, 並寄 transaction code 到駭客 E-mail 信箱。駭客的比特幣帳 戶是「19S7k3zHphKiYr85T25FnqdxizHcgmjoj1」, 最後受害者會得到 Black Ruby 的解密器與自己系統的私密金鑰。

[HOW TO DECRYPT FILES]

- 1. Copy "Identification Key".

 2. Send this key with two encrypted files (less than 5 MB) for trust us to email address "TheBlackRuby@Protonmail.com".

 3. We decrypt your two files and send them to your email.

 4. After ensuring the integrity of the files, you must pay \$650 (USD) with bitcoin and send transaction code to our email, our bitcoin address is "1957k3zHphKiYr85T25FnqdxizHcgmjojl".

 5. You get "Black Ruby Decryptor" Along with the private key of your system.

 6. Everything returns to the normal and your files will be released.

(4) What is encryption?

告訴受害者什麼是加密,也提到要修改加密的檔案需要個人 Identification Kev 與特別的解密軟體。

[What is encryption?]

Encryption is a reversible modification of information for security reasons but providing full access to it for authorised users. To become an authorised user and keep the modification absolutely reversible (in other words to have a possibility to decrypt your files) you should have an "Personal Identification Key". But not only it. It is required also to have the special decryption software (in your case "Black Ruby Decryptor" software) for safe and complete decryption of all your files and data.

(5) Everything is clear for me but what should I do?

告訴受害者閱讀 HOW-TO-DECRYPT-FILES. txt 檔案,也告訴受害者只有他們有 私密金鑰可以將被加密的檔案解開。

[Everything is clear for me but what should I do?]

The first step is reading these instructions to the end. Your files have been encrypted with the "Black Ruby Ransomware" software; the instructions ("HOW-TO-DECRYPT-FILES.txt") in the folders with your encrypted files are not viruses, they will help you. After reading this text the most part of people start searching in the Internet the words the "Black Ruby Ransomware" where they find a lot of ideas, recommendation and instructions. It is necessary to realise that we are the ones who closed the lock on your files and we are the only ones who have this secret key to open them.

(6) Have you got advice?

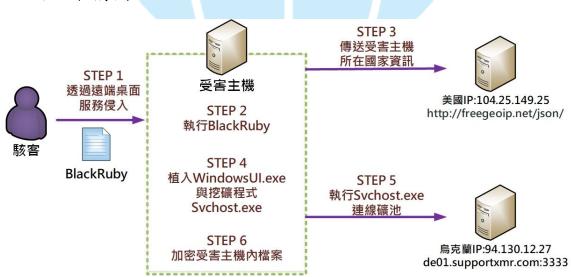
告訴受害者如果用第三方工具來進行解密,檔案可能會損壞。

[Have you got advice?]

[*** Any attempts to get back you files with the third-party tools can be fatal for your encrypted files ***]
The most part of the tried-party software change data with the encrypted files to restore it but this cases damage to the files.
Finally it will be impossible to decrypt your files. When you make a puzzle but some items are lost, broken or not put
in its place – the puzzle items will never match, the same way the third-party software will ruin your files
completely and irreversibly. You should realise that any intervention of the third-party software to restore files encrypted
with the "Black Ruby Ransomware" software may be fatal for your files.

If you look through this text in the Internet and realise that something is wrong with your files but you do not have any instructions to restore your files, please contact your antivirus support.

Ⅲ.網路架構圖



- 1. 駭客透過遠端桌面服務侵入受害主機。
- 2. 駭客在受害主機上執行惡意程式 BlackRuby。
- 3. 受害主機傳送所在 IP 位置、country Code 與 country Name 給美國 IP。
- 4. 植入 Windows UI. exe 與挖礦程式 Svchost. exe 於受害主機內。
- 5. 執行程式 Svchost. exe 連線礦池 de01. supportxmr. com。
- 6. 加密受害主機內檔案。

IV.建議與總結

本個案之病毒程式主要是透過遠端桌面服務方式散播,駭入受害主機後, 會執行 BlackRuby 程式來植入挖礦程式與進行檔案加密作業。當一般使用 者發現檔案被加密時,只會認為電腦中了勒索病毒,不容易察覺在背景程 式中有挖礦程式執行。為預防此病毒的攻擊事件發生,建議下列幾點措施。

- 1. 關閉遠端桌面服務,建議透過 VPN 連線,保護要用遠端桌面服務的主機。
- 2. 定期備份電腦內重要資料。
- 3. 安裝防毒軟體保護與定期執行系統與應用程式的更新作業。
- 4. 不隨意打開不明來源的檔案。
- 5. 使用高強度的密碼,並且避免重複使用相同密碼登入其他系統。