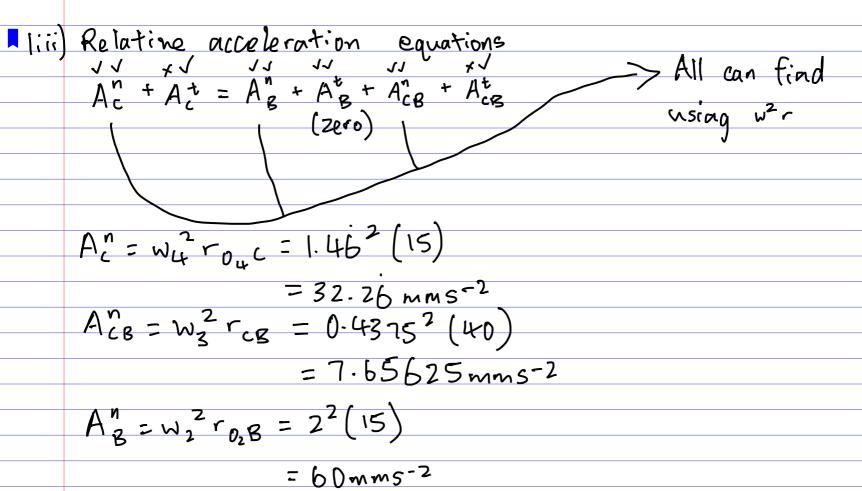
$$VB = r_{02}BW_2 = 15(Z)$$
  
= 30 mms<sup>-1</sup>

1ii) 
$$V_{c} = r_{04}c^{W4}$$
 $22 = 15w_{44}$ 
 $W_{4} = 1.46 \text{ rads}^{-1} (cW)$ 

From the diagram,  $V_{0} = 53 \text{mms}^{-1}$ ,  $V_{E} = 146 \text{mms}^{-1}$ ,

 $V_{E} = 9.5 \text{mms}^{-1}$ ,

 $V_{E} = r_{E} = 0.5 \text{ms}$ 
 $V_{S} = 25 \text{ms}$ 
 $V_{S} = 0.38 \text{ rads}^{-1} (cW)$ 
 $V_{E} = r_{06} = W_{6}$ 
 $V_{C} = 15W_{6}$ 
 $V_{C} = 3.06 \text{ rads}^{-1} (cW)$ 



liv) Refer to the answer sheet below for the diagram.

From the diagram, 
$$A_c^t = 40.5 \text{ mm s}^{-2}$$
,  $A_{cg}^t = 81 \text{ mm s}^{-2}$ ,

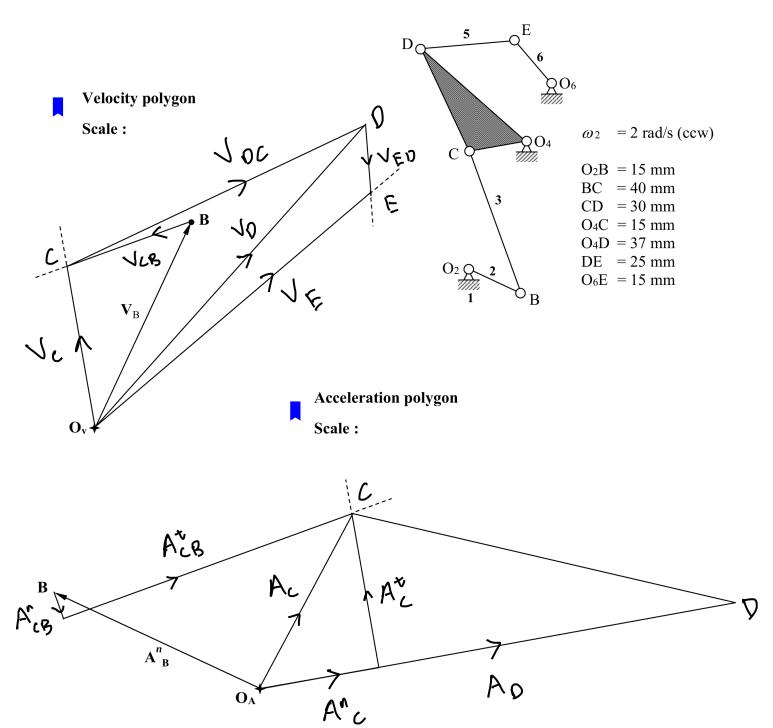
$$A_{cg}^t = CB \times 3 \qquad \text{Negative of}$$

$$81 = 40 \times 3 \qquad \text{N} \times 3$$

$$\times 3 = 2.025 \text{ rads}^{-2} \text{ (cw)}$$

$$A_{c}^t = r_{ofc} \times r_{ofc} \times$$

Answer Sheet MA2002



$$V_A = r_{o_2} H w_2$$
  $V_C = r_{o_2} (w_Z)$   
= 15(2) = 30(2)  
= 30 mms<sup>-1</sup>

ii) Refer to the answer sheet below for the diagram.

From the diagram, VE= azmms-1, VB= 32mms-1,

From the diagram, Vo=54 mms-1, VOIC = 57mms-2

2:ii) 
$$A_0 = A_c + A_{0/c}$$
  
 $A_0^n + A_0^t = A_c^n + A_c^t + A_{0/c}^n + A_{0/c}^t$   
(zero)

$$A_{B} = A_{A} + A_{B/A}$$

$$A_{B} + A_{B}^{\dagger} = A_{A} + A_{A}^{\dagger} + A_{B/A}^{\dagger} + A_{B/A}^{\dagger}$$
(zero)
$$(2ero)$$

$$A_{01c}^{n} = W_{5}^{2} r_{01c}$$
 $A_{11}^{n} = W_{3}^{2} (r_{31A})$ 
 $= 1.425^{2} (40)$ 
 $= 0.64^{2} (25)$ 
 $= 81.225 \text{ mms}^{-2}$ 
 $= 10.24 \text{ mms}^{-2}$ 

$$A_c^n = w_2^2(r_{0zc})$$

$$= 2^2(30)$$

$$= 120 \text{ mms}^{-2}$$

$$= 60 \text{ mms}^{-2}$$

$$A_0^{r} = w_6^2 (r_{060})$$

$$= 1.08^2 (50)$$

$$= 58.32 \, \text{mms}^{-2}$$

2iv) Refer to the answer sheet below for the diagram.

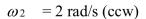
From the diagram, At = 138 mms - 2, At = 96 mms - 2

$$A_{9c}^{\flat} = r_{9c} \times 5$$

$$Q_{6} = 40 (\times 5)$$

$$138 = 50 \times 6$$
  
  $\times 6 = 2.76 \text{ rads}^{-2} (\text{ccw})$ 

Answer Sheet MA2002



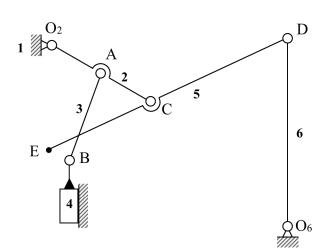
 $O_2A = 15 \text{ mm}$ 

 $O_2C = 30 \text{ mm}$ 

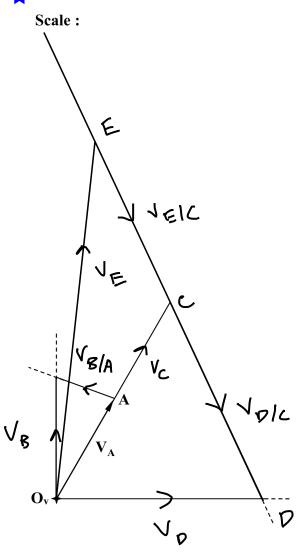
AB = 25 mmCD = 40 mm

DE = 70 mm

 $O_6D = 50 \text{ mm}$ 

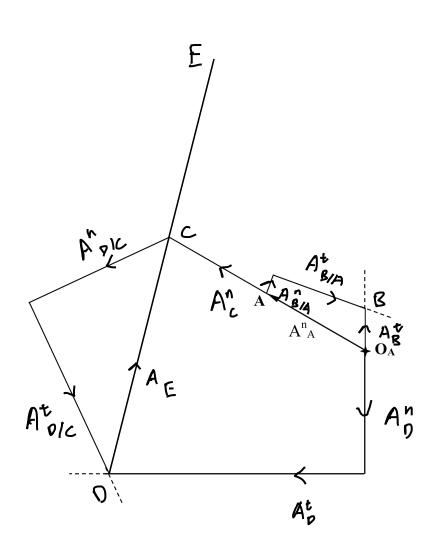


# Velocity polygon



## Acceleration polygon

#### Scale:



3i) Relative velocity equations: Vr = VB + VCIB Vc = Vp + Vc10 (上CD) ... VB + VCIB = NO + VCID ii) Refer to the answer sheet below for the diagram. From the diagram, VCIB = 45 mms-1, VCID = 107 mms-1, Vc = 58 mms-1 VCIB = rCBW3 45 = 30 Wz wg=1.5rads-1 (cw) VCID = CCDW4 107 = 25WL W4 = 4.28 rads-1

Ac = 
$$A_B + A_{clB}$$

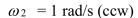
Ac =  $A_B + A_b + A_{clB} + A_{clB}$ 

Ac =  $A_D + A_{clD}$ 

Ac =  $A_D + A_D$ 

A

**Answer Sheet MA2002** 



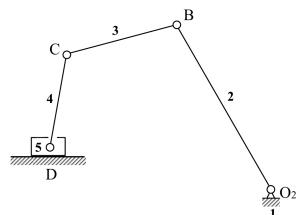
 $\alpha_2 = 1 \text{ rad/s}^2 \text{ (ccw)}$ 

 $V_D = 50 \text{ mm/s}$  (to the right)  $A_D = 50 \text{ mm/s}^2$  (to the left)

#### $O_2B = 50 \text{ mm}$

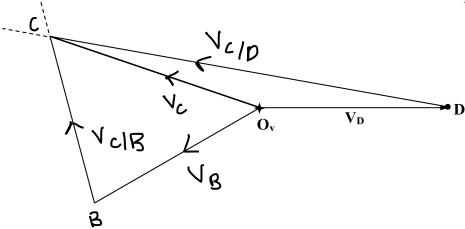
BC = 30 mm

CD = 25 mm



## Velocity polygon

Scale:



## Acceleration polygon

Scale:

