## Notes on Bao et al. (2022)

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**Definition 1** (Dense Associative Memory). For a *Dense Associative Memory* (DAM), let  $\Xi = [\xi^1, \xi^2, \dots, \xi^N]$  be the set of desired patterns to store in the associative memory, and let M be the dimension of each  $\xi^i$ . We define the energy function:

$$E(\sigma^{(t)}) = -\sum_{\mu=1}^{N} F_n \left( \sum_{i=1}^{M} \xi_i^{\mu} \sigma_i^{(t)} \right), \tag{1}$$

where  $\sigma^{(t)}$  is the current state of the network at time t, and  $F_n$  is a polynomial "transmission" function:

$$F_n(x) = x^n, \ n \ge 2. \tag{2}$$

The update rule T of the DAM is a sequence of functions  $(T_1, T_2, \ldots, T_M)$ , where each  $T_i$  updates the state vector  $\sigma^{(t)}$  at index i by,

$$T_i(\sigma^{(t)}) = \operatorname{sgn}\left[E_{i^-}(\sigma^{(t)}) - E_{i^+}(\sigma^{(t)})\right],$$
 (3)

where,

$$E_{i\pm}(\sigma^{(t)}) = -\sum_{\mu=1}^{N} F_n \left( (\pm 1)\xi_i^{\mu} + \sum_{j\neq 1} \xi_j^{\mu} \sigma_j^{(t)} \right). \tag{4}$$

The full update rule is then,

$$T(\sigma^{(t)}) = [T_1(\sigma^{(t)}), \dots, T_N(\sigma^{(t)})] = \sigma^{(t+1)}.$$
 (5)

We can show that the update rule always reduces the energy of the state vector, but we won't here.

**Lemma 1.** The update rule in Def. 5 can be expressed for even n (even polynomial function  $F_n$ ):

$$T_{i}(\sigma^{(t)}) = sgn\left[2\sum_{\mu=1}^{N}\sum_{k=1}^{M} \binom{n}{2k-1} (\xi_{i}^{\mu})^{n-2k+1} \left(\sum_{j\neq i} \xi_{j}^{\mu} \sigma_{j}^{(t)}\right)^{2k-1}\right].$$
(6)

For odd n:

$$T_{i}(\sigma^{(t)}) = sgn \left[ 2 \sum_{\mu=1}^{N} \sum_{k=0}^{(n-1)/2} {n \choose 2k} (\xi_{i}^{\mu})^{n-2k} \left( \sum_{j \neq i} \xi_{j}^{\mu} \sigma_{j}^{(t)} \right)^{2k} \right].$$
 (7)

*Proof.* Recall that,

$$E_{i^{\pm}}(\sigma^{(t)}) = -\sum_{\mu=1}^{N} F_n \left( (\pm 1)\xi_i^{\mu} + \sum_{j \neq 1} \xi_j^{\mu} \sigma_j^{(t)} \right).$$
 (8)

For the positive case, this is:

$$E_{i+}(\sigma^{(t)}) = -\sum_{\mu=1}^{N} \left( \xi_i^{\mu} + \sum_{j \neq 1} \xi_j^{\mu} \sigma_j^{(t)} \right)^n.$$
 (9)

This is equivalent to:

$$-\sum_{\mu=1}^{N}\sum_{k=1}^{n} \binom{n}{k} \left(\xi_{i}^{\mu}\right)^{n-k} \left(\sum_{j\neq i} \xi_{j}^{\mu} \sigma_{j}\right)$$

$$\tag{10}$$

By the binomial theorem, this is:

$$E_{i^+} \tag{11}$$

## References

Bao, H., Zhang, R., & Mao, Y. (2022). The capacity of the dense associative memory networks. Neurocomputing, 469, 198-208. https://doi.org/10. 1016/j.neucom.2021.10.058