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# Assignment No. 7 (Group C - ML)
# Title: Decision Tree Algorithm
# Dataset: Car Evaluation Dataset (UCI Repository)
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# Step 1: Import Libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier, plot_tree
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix, classification_report
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
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# Step 2: Load Dataset directly from UCI repository
url = "https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/car/car.data"

# Dataset has no header; adding column names manually
columns = ["buying", "maint", "doors", "persons", "lug_boot", "safety", "class"]
data = pd.read_csv(url, names=columns)

print("✅ Dataset loaded successfully!")
print(data.head())
```

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✅ Dataset loaded successfully!
   buying  maint  doors  persons  lug_boot  safety  class
0   vhigh   vhigh     2        2    small    low  unacc
1   vhigh   vhigh     2        2    small    med  unacc
2   vhigh   vhigh     2        2    small    high unacc
3   vhigh   vhigh     2        2      med    low  unacc
4   vhigh   vhigh     2        2      med    med  unacc
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# Step 3: Encode Categorical Features
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
encoder = LabelEncoder()

for col in data.columns:
    data[col] = encoder.fit_transform(data[col])

print("\nEncoded Dataset Sample:")
print(data.head())
```

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Encoded Dataset Sample:
   buying  maint  doors  persons  lug_boot  safety  class
0        3        3      0         0         2         1         2
1        3        3      0         0         2         2         2
2        3        3      0         0         2         0         2
3        3        3      0         0         1         1         2
4        3        3      0         0         1         2         2
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# Step 4: Split Dataset into Features (X) and Target (y)
X = data.drop("class", axis=1)
y = data["class"]

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=42)
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# Step 5: Train Decision Tree Model
model = DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='entropy', random_state=42)
model.fit(X_train, y_train)
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▼ DecisionTreeClassifier ⓘ ?
DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='entropy', random_state=42)
```

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# Step 6: Predictions and Evaluation
y_pred = model.predict(X_test)

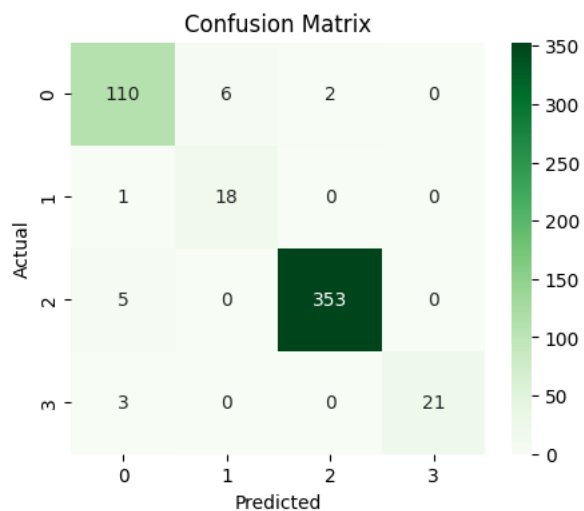
print("\n🎯 Accuracy:", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
print("\nClassification Report:\n", classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
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🎯 Accuracy: 0.9672447013487476
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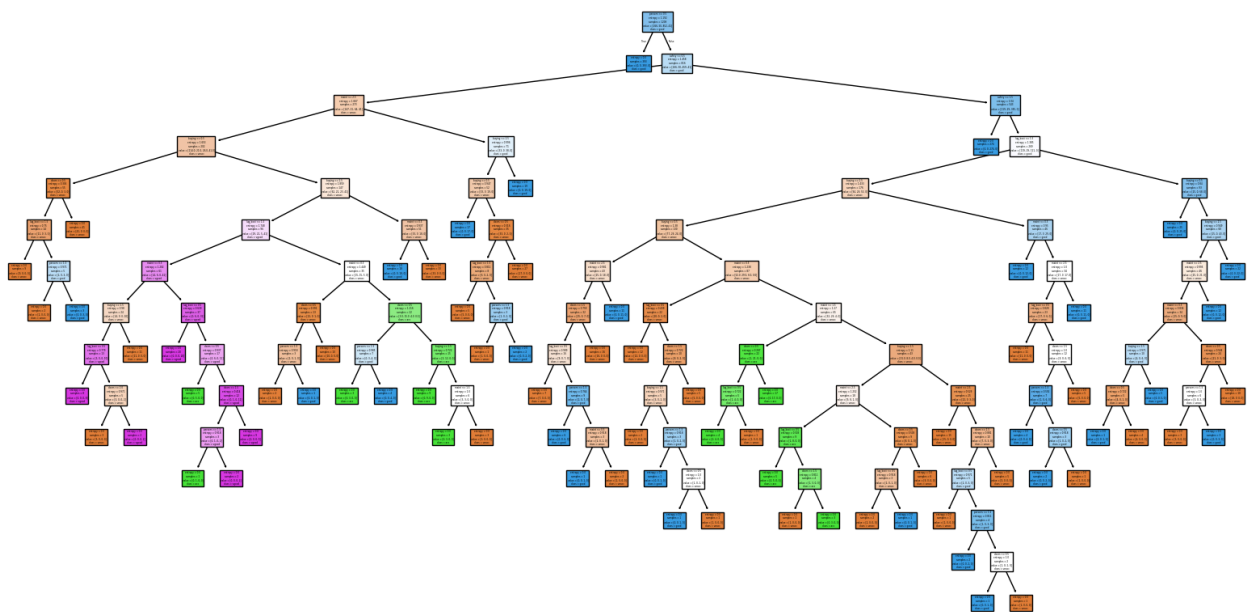
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Classification Report:
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	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.92	0.93	0.93	118
1	0.75	0.95	0.84	19
2	0.99	0.99	0.99	358
3	1.00	0.88	0.93	24
accuracy			0.97	519
macro avg	0.92	0.94	0.92	519
weighted avg	0.97	0.97	0.97	519

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# Step 7: Confusion Matrix Visualization
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
plt.figure(figsize=(5,4))
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Greens')
plt.title("Confusion Matrix")
plt.xlabel("Predicted")
plt.ylabel("Actual")
plt.show()
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# Step 8: Visualize Decision Tree
plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
plot_tree(model, filled=True, feature_names=X.columns, class_names=["unacc", "acc", "good", "vgood"])
plt.show()
```



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# Step 9: Test with a custom example
sample = np.array([[3, 2, 2, 1, 2, 1]]) # Random encoded sample
pred = model.predict(sample)[0]
print("\nExample Prediction (encoded input):", pred)
```

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Example Prediction (encoded input): 2
/usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages/sklearn/utils/validation.py:2739: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature names,
warnings.warn(
```