

* 01 * Case Discussion *

⇒ Analysis on the case study of Human rights in India.

i) Facts in the article :-



a) Targeting Civil Society :-

Non-governmental organizations (NGOs) face increased scrutiny & restrictions, limiting their ability to operate.

(c)

b) Media Freedom:

Journalists face harassment, physical violence, and arrest for reporting on sensitive issues.

c) Judicial Challenges:

Legal processes are used to intimidate activists, with instances of delayed justice for victims of right violations.

d) Internet shutdown:

(d)

Overuse of shutdowns disrupt livelihood, education & healthcare in affected regions.

e) Systemic Biases:

Marginalized communities face barriers in accessing justice & public resources.

f) Hate speech Proliferation:

Leaders and groups are accused of promoting hate speech without facing significant consequences.

2) Analysis of Human Rights :-

a) Freedom of Expression

→ Increasing misuse of laws like sedition to suppress dissent & target journalists.

b) Internet freedom

→ Frequent shutdowns violate digital rights & disrupt education.

c) Protection of minorities

→ Hate crimes against religious & caste minorities are inadequately or not addressed.

d) LGBTQ+ Rights

→ Denial of same-sex marriage reflects systemic inequality & neglect of LGBTQ+ Rights.

e) Gender Inequality

→ Women, especially in marginalized communities, face disproportionate violence & limited access to justice.

3) Resolving the Problems :-

a) Strengthening Democratic Institutions

Empower independent institutions like judiciary and human rights commission to act without bias or interference.

b] Protecting Journalists & Activist.

- Enforce stricter penalties for those harassing or attacking media personnel.

c) Limiting Internet Restrictions

Develop a legal framework to regulate internet shutdowns & ensure proportional use.

d] Educational reform.

Incorporate human rights education in school curriculum to foster a culture of tolerance & understanding.

e] International cooperation.

Engage with global human rights organizations to align domestic laws with international standards & seek guidance on policy reforms.