ITP30011 L10/L11/12 First-class Functions

Lecture10 JC

PLAI Ch 6 First class functions

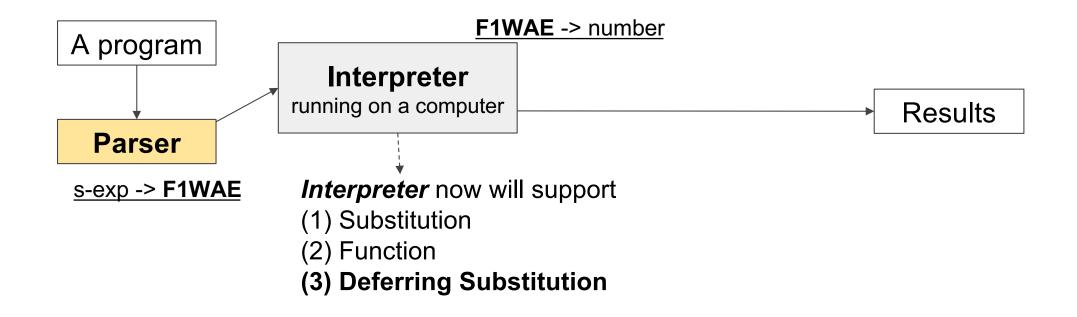
http://cs.brown.edu/~sk/Publications/Books/ProgLangs/2007-04-26/plai-2007-04-26.pdf

PLAI 2nd Ed. Ch7 Functions anywhere!

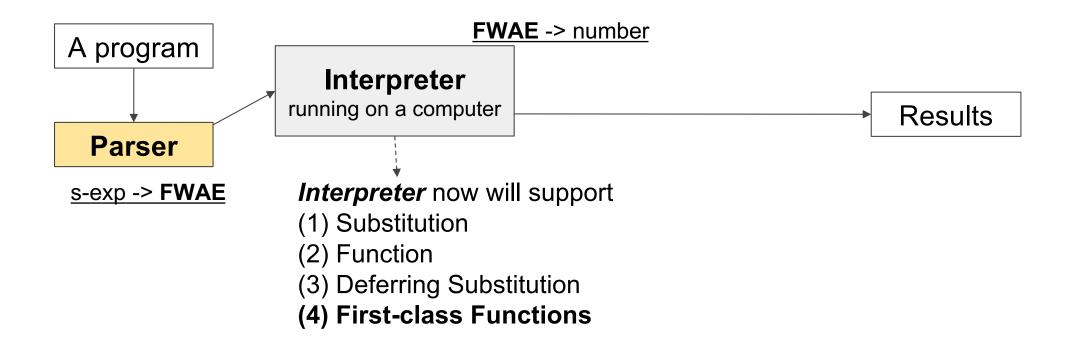
http://cs.brown.edu/courses/cs173/2012/book/higher-order-functions.html

Time complexity of the deferred substitution algorithm???

Big Picture (modeling languages: substitution)



Big Picture (modeling languages: substitution)



First-order Functions

"Functions are not values in languages."
: Names must be given for use in the remainder of a program.

⇒ F1WAE

Higher-order Functions

"Functions can return other functions as values."

First-class Functions

"Functions are values with all the rights of other values."

- : Can be supplied as the value of arguments to functions.
- : Can be returned by functions as answers
- : Can stored in data structures.
- ⇒ Full power of functions!!!!

Any real world examples in any PLs?

- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/First-class_function
- https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Glossary/First-class_Function
- https://dzone.com/articles/java-lambda-expressions-functions-as-first-class-citizens
- https://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/java/javaOO/lambdaexpression s.html
- https://www.baeldung.com/java-8-lambda-expressions-tips
- http://tutorials.jenkov.com/java/lambda-expressions.html
- https://stackoverflow.com/questions/5178068/what-is-a-first-classcitizen-function
- https://stackoverflow.com/questions/2755445/how-can-i-write-ananonymous-function-in-java

How does First-class functions look like in our language we are going to make?

How does First-class functions look like in our language we are going to make?

Recall F1WAE...

Concrete syntax of F1WAE <FunDef> ::= {deffun {<id> <id>} <F1WAE>} <F1WAE> ::= <num> | {+ <F1WAE> <F1WAE>} | {- <F1WAE> <F1WAE>} | {with {<id> <F1WAE>} <F1WAE>} | <id> | {<id> <F1WAE>} {deffun {twice x} {+ x x}} {- 20 {twice 10}} {- 20 {twice 17}} {- 20 {twice 3}}

We name our language that supports first-class functions as FWAE

We name our language that supports first-class functions as FWAE

$$f(x) = x + x \Rightarrow f(5)$$

$$f = \lambda(x)x + x \Rightarrow f(5)$$

$$(\lambda(x)x + x)(5)$$



"Lambda calculus (also written as λ -calculus) is a formal system in mathematical logic for expressing computation based on function abstraction and application using variable binding and substitution."

We name our language that supports first-class functions as FWAE

{-20 {??? 3}}

We name our language that supports first-class functions as FWAE

```
<FWAE> ::= <num>
          | {+ <FWAE> <FWAE>}
          | {- <FWAE> <FWAE>}
          | {with {<id> <FWAE>} <FWAE>}
          | <id>
          | {<FWAE> <FWAE>}
          | {fun {<id>} <FWAE>}
{with {f {fun {x} {+ x x}}}
     {- 20 {f 10}}}
{- 20 {{fun {x} {+ x x}} 10}}
```

Example of FWAE Evaluation

```
10 \Rightarrow 10 \Rightarrow 3 \{-12\} \Rightarrow -1 \{\text{with } \{x 7\} \{+ x 2\}\} \Rightarrow \{+ 7 2\} \Rightarrow 9 \Rightarrow error: free identifier! \{\text{fun } \{x\} \{+ 1 x\}\} \Rightarrow ???
```

Example of FWAE Evaluation

```
10 \Rightarrow 10 \Rightarrow 3 \{-12\} \Rightarrow -1 \{\text{with } \{x 7\} \{+ x 2\}\} \Rightarrow \{+ 7 2\} \Rightarrow 9 \Rightarrow error: free identifier! \{\text{fun } \{x\} \{+ 1 x\}\}
```

Example of FWAE Evaluation

```
10 \Rightarrow 10
\{+12\} \Rightarrow 3
\{-12\} \Rightarrow -1
\{\text{with } \{x 7\} \{+ x 2\}\} \Rightarrow \{+ 7 2\} \Rightarrow 9
y \Rightarrow \text{error: free identifier!}
\{\text{fun } \{x\} \{+ 1 x\}\} \Rightarrow \{\text{fun } \{x\} \{+ 1 x\}\}
```

Result is not always a number!

```
; interp FWAE ... -> num

↓

; interp FWAE ... -> FWAE-Value
```

^{*} These examples are just examples for explaining FWAE evaluation roughly for your intuitive understanding. You can't directly use these for actual test cases. (You need to modify them properly based on type definitions and your implementation.

Example FWAE Evaluation

```
 \{ with \{ f \{ un \{x\} \{+ 1 x\} \} \} \} \} 
 \Rightarrow \{ \{ un \{x\} \{+ 1 x\} \} \} \} 
 \Rightarrow \{+ 1 3\} 
 \Rightarrow 4 
 \{ 1 2 \} 
 \Rightarrow error: not a function! 
 \{ 1 \{ un \{x\} \} \} \} 
 \Rightarrow error: not a number!
```

We name our language that supports first-class functions as FWAE

```
<FWAE> ::= <num>
          | {+ <FWAE> <FWAE>}
          | {- <FWAE> <FWAE>}
          | {with {<id> <FWAE>} <FWAE>}
          | <id>
          | {<FWAE> <FWAE>}
          | {fun {<id>} <FWAE>}
{with {f {fun {x} {+ x x}}}
     {- 20 {f 10}}}
{- 20 {{fun {x} {+ x x}} 10}}
```

Example FWAE Evaluation

```
 \{ with \{ f \{ un \{x\} \{+ 1 x\} \} \} \} \} 
 \Rightarrow \{ \{ un \{x\} \{+ 1 x\} \} \} \} 
 \Rightarrow \{+ 1 3\} 
 \Rightarrow 4 
 \{ 1 2 \} 
 \Rightarrow error: not a function! 
 \{ 1 \{ un \{x\} \} \} \} \} 
 \Rightarrow error: not a number!
```

F1WAE: Abstract Syntax

```
(define-type FunDef
  [fundef (fun-name symbol?) (arg-name symbol?) (body F1WAE?)])
(define-type F1WAE
  [num (n number?)]
  [add (lhs F1WAE?) (rhs F!WAE?)]
  [sub (lhs F1WAE?) (rhs F!WAE?)]
  [with (name symbol?) (named-expr F1WAE?) (body F1WAE?)]
  [id
       (name symbol?)]
       (ftn symbol?) (arg F1WAE?)])
  app
(fundef 'identify 'x (id 'x))
(app 'identity (num 8))
(fundef 'twice 'x (add (id 'x) (id 'x)))
(app 'twice (num 10))
(app 'twice (num 17))
(app 'twice (num 3))
```

FWAE: Abstract Syntax

```
(define-type FWAE
  [num (n number?)]
  [add
       (lhs FWAE?) (rhs FWAE?)]
  [sub (lhs FWAE?) (rhs FWAE?)]
  [with (name symbol?) (named-expr FWAE?) (body FWAE?)]
  [id
       (name symbol?)]
  [fun
      (param symbol?) (body FWAE?)]
  [app
       (ftn FWAE?) (arg FWAE?)])
(fun 'x (add (id 'x) (id 'x)))
(app (id 'twice) (num 10))
(app (fun 'x (add (id 'x) (id 'x))) (num 10))
```

FWAE: Abstract Syntax

FWAE: Abstract Syntax

```
(define-type FWAE
       (n number?)]
  [num
  [add
         (lhs FWAE?) (rhs FWAE?)]
  [sub (lhs FWAE?) (rhs FWAE?)]
       (name symbol?) (named-expr FWAE?) (body FWAE?)]
  [with
  [id
         (name symbol?)]
  [fun
       (param symbol?) (body FWAE?)]
         (ftn FWAE?) (arg FWAE?)])
  [app
(test (parse '{{fun {x} {+ x 1}} 10})
          (app (fun 'x (add (id 'x) (num 1))) (num 10)))
```

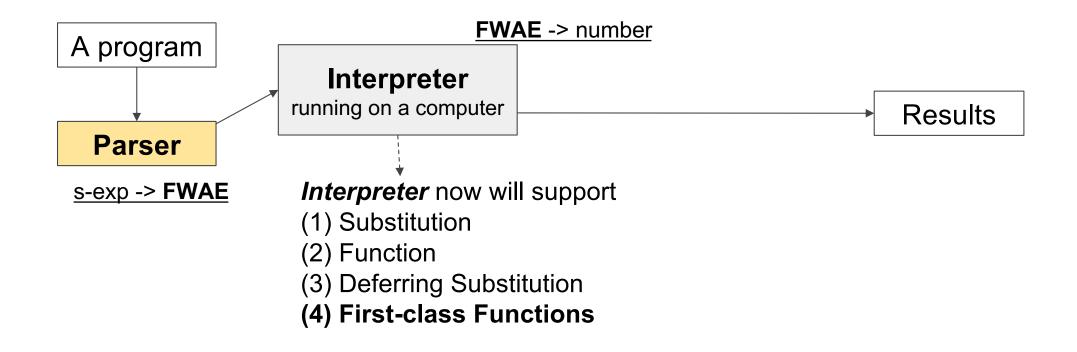
FWAE: Parser

```
; parse: sexp -> FWAE
; purpose: to convert sexp to FWAE
(define (parse sexp)
 (match sexp
    [(? number?)
                          (num sexp)]
    [(list '+ l r)
                         (add (parse I) (parse r))]
    [(list '- l r)
               (sub (parse I) (parse r))]
    [(list 'with (list i v) e) (with i (parse v) (parse e))]
    [(? symbol?) (id sexp)]
    [(list 'fun (list p) b) (fun p (parse b))];; e.g., \{\text{fun }\{x\} \}
    [(list f a)
                 (app (parse f) (parse a))]
    [else
                         (error 'parse "bad syntax: ~a" sexp)]))
```

ITP30011 L11 First-class Functions (2)

Lecture11 JC

Big Picture (modeling languages: substitution)



```
; interp: FWAE <del>list-of-FuncDef</del> -> number FWAE
(define (interp fwae)
  (type-case FWAE fwae
     [num (n) fwae] ; {+ 3 4} >> (num 7) rather than 7
     [add (I r) (num+ (interp I) (interp r))]
     [sub (I r) (num- (interp I) (interp r))]
     [with (i v e) (interp (subst e i (interp v)))]
     [id (s) (error 'interp "free identifier")]
     [fun (p b) ...]
     [app (f a) ...]))
```

```
; interp: FWAE -> FWAE
(define (interp fwae)
   (type-case FWAE fwae
     [num (n) fwae]
      [add (I r) (num+ (interp I) (interp r))]
     [sub (l r) (num- (interp l) (interp r))]
     [with (i v e) (interp (subst e i (interp v)))]
           (s) (error 'interp "free identifier")]
     [id
     [fun (p b) fwae] ;; return a function itself as it is a valid value in FWAE
     [app (f a)
                     ...]))
```

```
; interp: FWAE -> FWAE
(define (interp fwae)
  (type-case FWAE fwae
     [num (n) fwae]
     [add (I r) (num+ (interp I) (interp r))]
     [sub (I r) (num-(interp I) (interp r))]
     [with (i v e) (interp (subst e i (interp v)))]
        (s) (error 'interp "free identifier")]
     [id
     [fun (p b) fwae]
     [app (f a) ... (interp f) ... (interp a) ... ]))
```

```
; interp: FWAE -> FWAE
(define (interp fwae)
   (type-case FWAE fwae
     [num (n) fwae]
     [add (I r) (num+ (interp I) (interp r))]
     [sub (I r) (num- (interp I) (interp r))]
     [with (i v e) (interp (subst e i (interp v)))]
         (s) (error 'interp "free identifier")]
     [id
     [fun (p b) fwae]
     [app (f a) (local [(define ftn (interp f))]
                         ... (fun-body ftn) ...
                         ... (fun-param ftn) ...
                         ... (interp a) ...)]))
```

```
; interp: FWAE -> FWAE
(define (interp fwae)
   (type-case FWAE fwae
     [num (n) fwae]
     [add (I r) (num+ (interp I) (interp r))]
     [sub (l r) (num- (interp l) (interp r))]
     [with (i v e) (interp (subst e i (interp v)))]
     [id
          (s)
               (error 'interp "free identifier")]
     [fun (p b) fwae]
     [app (f a) (local [(define ftn (interp f))]
                        (interp (subst (fun-body ftn)
                                       (fun-param ftn)
                                       (interp a))))]))
```

Add and Subtract

Add and Subtract

```
; num+: FWAE FWAE -> FWAE
(define (num+ x y)
  (num (+ (num-n x) (num-n y))))
; num-: FWAE FWAE -> FWAE
(define (num- x y)
  (num (- (num-n x) (num-n y))))
Better:
; num-op: (number number -> number) -> (FWAE FWAE -> FWAE)
(define (num-op op)
  (lambda (x y)
     (num (op (num-n x) (num-n y)))))
(define num+ (num-op +))
(define num- (num-op -))
```

^{*} lambda function: https://docs.racket-lang.org/guide/lambda.html

What is a lambda expression? (coding tip)

Anonymous function

(https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Anonymous_function)

- Pros
 - Code brevity
 - Remove unnecessary loop
 - Reuse a function definition
 - \circ Better performance based on Laziness \leftarrow we will learn later.
- Cons
 - Could be slower.
 - Difficult to track function call stack while debugging.
 - Make code difficult to understand.

```
; subst: FWAE symbol FWAE -> FWAE
 (define (subst exp idtf val)
     (type-case FWAE exp
        [id
               (name) (cond [(equal? name idtf ) val]
                                        [else exp])]
        [app (f arg) (app (subst f idtf val)
                                     (subst arg idtf val))]
        [fun (id body) (if (equal? idtf id)
                                   exp
                                   (fun id (subst body idtf val)))]))
A function parameter in definition is equivalent to the binding id in 'with'
     {with \{\underline{x}, 3\} {fun \{\underline{x}\} {+ x y}}} \Rightarrow (fun 'x (add (id 'x) (id 'y)))
     {with \{\underline{x} \ 3\} {fun \{\underline{y}\}\ \{+\ \underline{x}\ y\}\}\} \Rightarrow (fun 'y (add (num 3) (id 'y)))
```

Beware: with the implementation on the previous slide,

```
(subst (with 'y (num 10) (id 'z))

'Z

(fun 'x (add (id 'x) (id 'y)))

(fun 'x (add (id 'x) (id 'y))))

⇒

(with 'y

(num 10)

(id 'z)))

⇒

(with 'y

(num 10)

(id 'z))))

⇒

(fun 'x (add (id 'x) (id 'y))))

⇒

(fun 'x (add (id 'x) (id 'y))))

⇒

(fun 'x (add (id 'x) (id 'y))))
```

Beware: with the implementation on the previous slide,

```
(subst (with 'y (num 10) (id 'z))

'z

(fun 'x (add (id 'x) (id 'y)))

(fun 'x (add (id 'x) (id 'y))))

⇒

(with 'y

(num 10)

(id 'z)))

⇒

(with 'y

(num 10)

(id 'z))))

⇒

(fun 'x (add (id 'x) (id 'y))))

⇒

(fun 'x (add (id 'x) (id 'y))))

⇒

(fun 'x (add (id 'x) (id 'y))))
```

- which is wrong (as we adopt static scope), but we ignore this problem just for now.
 - Only happens when the original program has free identifiers.
 - The problem disappears <u>with deferred substitution, anyway</u>.

Scope

```
{deffun {f p} n}
{with {n 5} {f 10}}
```

- Static scope
 In a language with static scope, the scope of an identifier's binding is a syntactically delimited region.
 The code signals an error.
- Dynamic scope
 In a language with dynamic scope, the scope of an identifier's binding is the entire remainder of the execution during which that binding is in effect.
 The code evaluates to 5.

Beware: with the implementation on the previous slide,

```
c.f. (with 'y (num 10) (id 'z))

'z

'z

(fun 'x (add (id 'x) (id 'y))))

(mith 'y

(mum 3)

(with 'z

(fun 'x (add (id 'x) (id 'y))))

(with 'y

(num 10)

(id 'z))))

(with 'y (num 10) (fun 'x (add (id 'x) (id 'y))))
```

- which is wrong, but we ignore this problem
 - Only happens when the original program has free identifiers
 - The problem disappears <u>with deferred substitution, anyway</u>.

```
Correct evaluation in our language 

⇒ (fun 'x (add (id 'x) (id 'y))
```

Anyway, we've done for FWAE. But let's think more!

ITP30011 L12 First-class Functions (3)

Lecture12 JC

Where are we now?

 $AE \rightarrow WAE \rightarrow F1WAE \rightarrow F1WAE$ with def. subst. (END)

- → FWAE
- \rightarrow FAE
- → FAE with deferred substitution

No More 'with'??

No More 'with'

```
 \{ \text{with } \{x \ 10\} \ x \}  is the same as  \{ \{ \text{fun } \{x\} \ x \} \ 10 \}  In general,  \{ \text{with } \{ < \text{id} > < \text{FWAE} >_1 \} < \text{FWAE} >_2 \}  is the same as  \{ \{ \text{fun } \{ < \text{id} > \} < \text{FWAE} >_2 \} < \text{FWAE} >_1 \}
```

No More 'with'

```
\{with \{x 10\} x\}
is the same as
                   {{fun {x} x} 10}
In general,
                   \{with \{<id><FWAE>_1\}<FWAE>_2\}
is the same as
                  \{\{\text{fun } \{<\text{id}>\} < \text{FWAE}>_2\} < \text{FWAE}>_1\}
Let's assume
                   (with '<id> \langle FWAE \rangle_1 \langle FWAE \rangle_2)
                              (app (fun '<id> <FWAE><sub>2</sub>) <FWAE><sub>1</sub>)
```

FAE: Concrete Syntax

FAE: Concrete/Abstract Syntax

- We'll still use 'with' in example code (concrete syntax).
- No more case lines in interp and other functions for 'with'
- No more test cases for interp and other functions using 'with'

Parser Example

(parse {with $\{x 3\} \{+ x x\}\}$)

 \Rightarrow



Parser Example

```
(parse {with {x 3} {+ x x}})
```

 \Rightarrow (app (fun 'x (add (id 'x) (id 'x))) (num 3))

Can you implement the 'parse' function for this?

FAE: Interpreter

```
; interp: FAE -> FAE
(define (interp fae)
   (type-case FAE fae
      [num (n) fae]
      [add (I r) (num+ (interp I) (interp r))]
      [sub (lr) (num-(interpl)(interpr))]
           [with (i v e) (interp (subst e i (interp v)))]
         (s) (error 'interp "free identifier")]
     [id
     [fun (pb) fae]
     [app (f a) (local [(define ftn (interp f))]
                        (interp (subst (fun-body ftn)
                                         (fun-param ftn)
                                         (interp a)))))))
  This still has an issue (dynamic scope) like the following case:
  {with {z {fun {x} {+ x y}}} {with {y 10} z}} \Rightarrow
  (with 'z (fun 'x (add (id 'x) (id 'v)))
                (with 'v (num 10) (id 'z))) \Rightarrow ??? in FAE
```

F1WAE Interpreter with Defrdsub

```
; interp : F1WAE list-of-FucDef DefrdSub -> number
(define (interp f1wae fundefs ds)
(type-case F1WAE f1wae
 [num (n)
             n]
 [add (I r) (+ (interp I fundefs ds) (interp r fundefs ds))]
 [sub (I r) (- (interp I fundefs ds) (interp r fundefs ds))]
 [with (i v e) (interp e fundefs (aSub i (interp v fundefs ds) ds))]
 [id (s)
             (lookup s ds)]
 [app (f a) (local
                               [(define a-fundef (lookup-fundef f fundefs))]
                               (interp (fundef-body a-fundef)
                                 fundefs
                            (aSub (fundef-arg-name a-fundef)
                                        (interp a fundefs ds)
                                             (mtSub))
                     ))]))
```

(test (interp (parse '{f 1}) (list (parse-fd '{deffun (f x) {+ x 3}})) (mtSub)) 4)

FAE: (incomplete) Interpreter with Deferred Substitution

```
; interp: FAE DefrdSub > FAE
  (define (interp fae ds)
    (type-case FAE fae
       [num (n)
                       fael
       [id (s) (lookup s ds)]
       [fun (pb) fae]
       [app (f a) (local ([define ftn (interp f ds)])
                            (interp (fun-body ftn)
                            (aSub (fun-param ftn)
                                    (interp a ds)
                                    ds)
                                           Why not (mtSub)? ⇒ In FAE, <u>a function is a value</u>. So <u>when we</u>
                ))]))
                                           interpet a function body, we need to substitute identifiers in the
                                           body. Values of identifiers of the body are in ds.
(interp (parse '{with {x 3} {with {f {fun {y} {+ x y}}} {with {x 5} {f 4}}}})) (mtSub))
⇒ Evaluated as (num 9)
                               Dynamic scope again??
```

FAE: (incomplete) Interpreter with Deferred Substitution

```
; interp: FAE DefrdSub > FAE
(define (interp fae ds)
  (type-case FAE fae
     [num (n)
                    fael
     [id (s) (lookup s ds)]
     [fun (pb) fae]
     [app (f a) (local ([define ftn (interp f ds)])
                          (interp (fun-body ftn)
                          (aSub (fun-param ftn)
                                 (interp a ds)
                                                          This must be 3 since it is a free id in 'fun
                                  ds)))]))
                                                         {y}...' and x is defined its outer 'with'
                                                          expression but...
(interp (parse '{with {x 3} {with {f {fun {y} {+ x^{7}y}}} {with {x <math>5} {f 4}}}) (mtSub))
⇒ But evaluated as (num 9) Dynamic scope again??
                                How can we solve this?
```

(interp (parse '{with {y 10} {fun {x} {+ y x}}})) []

```
(interp (parse '{with {y 10} {fun {x} {+ y x}}})) []

⇒
(interp (parse '{fun {x} {+ y x}})) [y=10]
```

```
(interp (parse '{with {y 10} {fun {x} {+ y x}}}))

⇒
(interp (parse '{fun {x} {+ y x}}))

[y=10]
(interp (parse '{{fun {y} {fun {x} {+ y x}}} 10}))
```

```
(interp (parse '{with {y 10} {fun {x} {+ y x}}})) \Rightarrow

(interp (parse '{fun {x} {+ y x}})) [y=10]

(interp (parse '{fun {y} {fun {x} {+ y x}}} 10})) \Rightarrow

(interp (parse '{fun {x} {+ y x}})) [y=10]
```

```
(interp (parse '{{with {y 10} {fun {x} {+ y x}}})
                 {with {y 7} y}}))
Argument expression:
(interp (parse '{with {y 7} y}))
⇒ (interp (parse 'y))
                                                      [y=7]
\Rightarrow 7
Function expression:
(interp (parse '{{with {y 10} {fun {x} {+ y x}}})
\Rightarrow (interp (parse '{fun {x} {+ y x}}))
                                                           [y=10]
\Rightarrow ??? \Leftarrow We need a new way to represent this function and this cache together.
```

FAE values

Any bound ids which are not a parameter of a function need to be kept in its substitution cache with its corresponding value so that we can avoid dynamic scope and we will not forget the pending substitution for the function.

FAE values

Any bound ids (e.g., y) which are not a parameter of a function need to be kept in its substitution cache with its corresponding value (e.g., 10) so that we can avoid dynamic scope and we will not forget the pending substitution for the function.

```
(define-type FAE-Value
  [numV (n number?)]
  [closureV (param symbol?) (body FAE?) (ds DefrdSub?)])
(define-type DefrdSub
  [mtSub]
  [aSub (name symbol?) (value FAE-Value?) (ds DefrdSub?)])
(test (interp (parse '{with {y 10} {fun {x} {+ y x}}}) (mtSub))
     (closureV 'x (add (id 'y) (id 'x))
              (aSub 'y (numV 10) (mtSub))))
```

Function: $\{\text{fun } \{x\} \ \{+\ y\ x\}\}\$ [y=10]

Argument: 7

Function: $\{\text{fun } \{x\} \ \{+\ y\ x\}\}\$ [y=10]

Argument: 7

To apply, interpret the function body with the given argument: (interp (parse '...))

```
Function: {fun {x} {+ y x}} [y=10]
Argument: 7

To apply, interpret the function body with the given argument: (interp (parse '{+ y x})) [...]
```

Function: $\{\text{fun } \{x\} \ \{+\ y\ x\}\}\$ [y=10]

Argument: 7

To apply, interpret the function body with the given argument:

(interp (parse $'\{+ y x\}$)) [x=7 y=10]

```
; interp: FAE DefrdSub -> FAE-Value
(define (interp fae ds)
  (type-case FAE fae
    [num (n) (numV n)]
    [add (lr) (num+ (interp l ds) (interp r ds))]
    [sub (lr) (num-(interp lds) (interp rds))]
    [id (s) (lookup s ds)]
    [fun (p b) (closureV p b ds)]
    [app (f a) (local [(define f-val (interp f ds))
                       (define a-val (interp a ds))]
                   ...)]))
```

```
; interp: FAE DefrdSub -> FAE-Value
(define (interp fae ds)
  (type-case FAE fae
    [num (n) (numV n)]
    [add (lr) (num+ (interp l ds) (interp r ds))]
    [sub (lr) (num-(interp lds) (interp rds))]
    [id
       (s) (lookup s ds)]
    [fun (p b) (closureV p b ds)]
    [app (f a) (local [(define f-val (interp f ds))
                        (define a-val (interp a ds))]
                   (interp (closureV-body f-val)
                           ...))]))
```

```
; interp: FAE DefrdSub -> FAE-Value
(define (interp fae ds)
  (type-case FAE fae
     [num (n) (numV n)]
           (I r) (num+ (interp I ds) (interp r ds))]
     [add
            (lr) (num- (interp l ds) (interp r ds))]
     [sub
     ſid
            (s) (lookup s ds)]
     [fun (p b) (closureV p b ds)]
     [app (f a) (local [(define f-val (interp f ds))
                           (define a-val (interp a ds))]
                      (interp (closureV-body f-val)
                              (aSub (closureV-param f-val)
                                      a-val
                                      ...)))]))
   (parse '{with {y 10} {fun {x} {+ y x}}}); \Rightarrow (app (fun 'y (fun 'x (add (id 'y) (id 'x)))) (num 10))
   (test (interp (parse '{with {y 10} {fun {x} {+ y x}}}) (mtSub))
        (closureV 'x (add (id 'y) (id 'x)) (aSub 'y (numV 10) (mtSub))))
```

```
; interp: FAE DefrdSub -> FAE-Value
   (define (interp fae ds)
      (type-case FAE fae
        [num (n) (numV n)]
        [add
               (lr) (num+ (interp l ds) (interp r ds))]
        [sub
               (lr) (num- (interp l ds) (interp r ds))]
        ſid
               (s)
                     (lookup s ds)]
        [fun (p b) (closureV p b ds)]
        [app (f a) (local [(define f-val (interp f ds))
                             (define a-val (interp a ds))]
                         (interp (closureV-body f-val)
                              (aSub (closureV-param f-val)
                                           a-val
                                           (closureV-ds f-val)))))))
(interp (parse '{with {x 3} {with {f {fun {y} {+ x y}}} {with {x 5} {f 4}}})) (mtSub))
(interp (app (fun 'x (app (fun 'f (app (fun 'x (app (id 'f) (num 4))) (num 5))) (fun 'y (add (id 'x) (id 'y))))) (num
3)) (mtSub))
⇒ Evaluated as (numV 7)
```

```
(app
       (fun 'x
            (app
               (fun 'f
                    (app
                        (fun 'x
                             (app (id 'f)
                               (num 4)
                        (num 5)
               (fun 'y
                    (add (id 'x) (id 'y)) \Rightarrow (closureV 'y (add (id 'x) (id 'y)) (aSub 'x (numV 3) (mtSub)))
       (num 3)
(interp (parse '{with {x 3} {with {f {fun {y} {+ x y}}} {with {x 5} {f 4}}})) (mtSub))
(interp (app (fun 'x (app (fun 'r (app (fun 'x (app (id 'f) (num 4))) (num 5))) (fun 'y (add (id 'x) (id 'y))))) (num
3)) (mtSub))
⇒ Evaluated as (numV 7)
```

Environments

```
; interp: FAE DefrdSub -> FAE-Value (define (interp fae ds) ...
```

http://cs.brown.edu/courses/cs173/2012/book/From_Substitution_to_Environments.html

Topics we cover and schedule (tentative)

- Racket tutorials (L2,3)
- Modeling languages (L4,5)
- Interpreting arithmetic (L5)
- Language principles
 - Substitution (L6-7)
 - Function (L8)
 - Deferring Substitution (L9)
 - First-class Functions (L10-L12)
 - Laziness (L13,14)
 - Recursion (L15,16)

- Mutable data structures (L17,18,19,20)
- Variables (L21,22)
- Continuations (L23-26)
- Guest Video Lecture (L27)

Read Chapter 8. Implementing Laziness

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https://lifove.github.io



TODO

^{*} Slides are from Prof. Sukyoung Ryu's PL class in 2018 Spring or created by JC based on the main text book.