

Package ‘monitor’

May 16, 2016

Title Vibration signal monitor for wind turbine generators

Version 0.1

URL <https://github.com/hannea/monitor>

Description A package for monitoring vibration signals from wind turbine generators. The data should include time stamps, and also have at least one observed load variable, such as generator speed or power.

Depends R (>= 3.1.2)

License GPL-3

Maintainer Hanne Lone Andersen <hanne.a@outlook.com>

Author Hanne Lone Andersen [aut, cre]

LazyData true

VignetteBuilder knitr

RoxygenNote 5.0.1

Imports dplyr, ggplot2

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown

R topics documented:

count_alarms_constant_var_faster	2
count_alarms_hetero_faster	2
identify_WTs_func	3
interpolate_func_2mins	4
interpolate_func_2mins_identified	4
kalman_filter_arma	5
Kalman_filter_random_walk	5
Index	7

```
count_alarms_constant_var_faster
```

Count and plot alarms using a spline

Description

Count and plot alarms using a spline

Usage

```
count_alarms_constant_var_faster(load_training, vib_training, knots = NULL,
    load_test, vib_test, load_min = 0)
```

Arguments

load_training	A vector containing the training data of the load variables such as power or generator speed.
vib_training	A vector containing the Vibration signal.
knots	A vector containing the locations of the knots.
load_test	A vector with the test data.
vib_test	A vector with the test data.
load_min	The minimum load used.

Value

A count of the number of alarms, alarm rate, and residuals. Further a plot is generated.

Examples

```
count_alarms_constant_var_faster(ltrain, vtrain, knots = c(20,25,27), ltest, vtest, load_min = 17)
```

```
count_alarms_hetero_faster
```

Count and plot alarms using a spline with heterogeneous variance.

Description

Count and plot alarms using a spline with heterogeneous variance.

Usage

```
count_alarms_hetero_faster(load_training, vib_training, knots, load_test,
    vib_test, show_figure = TRUE, show_summary = FALSE, bins = 160,
    load_min = 0)
```

Arguments

load_training	A vector containing the training data of the load variables such as power or generator speed.
vib_training	A vector containing the Vibration signal.
knots	A vector containing the locations of the knots.
load_test	A vector with the test data.
vib_test	A vector with the test data.
show_figure	A logical vector indicating if a plot should be made.
show_summary	A logical vector if the quantile summaries should be shown.
bins	The number of bins used.
load_min	The minimum load used.

Value

A count of the number of alarms, alarm rate, and residuals. Further a plot is generated if show_figure = TRUE.

Examples

```
count_alarms_hetero_var_faster(ltrain, vtrain, knots = c(20,25,27), ltest, vtest, load_min = 17)
```

identify_WTs_func	<i>Identifies the wind turbines if several unit IDs appear.</i>
-------------------	---

Description

Identifies the wind turbines if there are several unit IDs, and returns the same data in a list containing data frames for each unit ID, and the time stamps are converted to POSIXct class.

Usage

```
identify_WTs_func(dataframe, id = names(dataframe[1]))
```

Arguments

dataframe	A data frame containing the data from condition monitoring. The data frame should contain a column with unit IDs.
id	The name as a character of the column with unit IDs.

Value

The data in dataframe sorted by id into a list containing data frames, one for each wind turbines, and the time stamps are converted to POSIXct class. A string is printed showing the number of wind turbines in dataframe.

Examples

```
identify_WTs_func(data, id = "UnitID")
```

interpolate_func_2mins

Interpolation function using 2 minutes intervals.

Description

The interpolation of a single wind turbine with an interval length of 2 minutes. If there are intervals larger than 10 minutes missing data, no interpolation is done, and NAs are added.

Usage

```
interpolate_func_2mins(dataframe, var = "PowerActual")
```

Arguments

dataframe	A dataframe containing a single wind turbine case.
var	The variable to be interpolated in dataframe.

Value

A new dataframe similar to the existing where the var has been interpolated using 2 minutes intervals.

Examples

```
interpolate_func_2mins(data, var = "GeneratorSpeed")
```

interpolate_func_2mins_identified

Interpolation of identified data frame using 2 minutes intervals.

Description

The interpolation of several wind turbines with an interval length of 2 minutes. If there are intervals larger than 10 minutes missing data, no interpolation is done, and NAs are added.

Usage

```
interpolate_func_2mins_identified(dataframes, var = "PowerActual")
```

Arguments

dataframes	A list of data frames as a result of the identified function with several wind turbines.
var	The variable to be interpolated in dataframes.

Value

A data frame with time stamps and where the var has been interpolated using 2 minutes intervals.

Examples

```
interpolate_func_2mins(data, var = "GeneratorSpeed")
```

kalman_filter_arma	<i>Kalman filter applied to a univariate stationary zero-mean ARMA process.</i>
--------------------	---

Description

The dynamic linear model, is on the form, where $y_t = Fx_t$ is the observation equation and $x_t = Gx_{t-1} + Hw_t$ is the state equation, and $Q = \text{Var}(Hw_t)$.

Usage

```
kalman_filter_arma(ts, F, G, Q, m0, C0)
```

Arguments

ts	A univariate time series with zero mean
F	The coefficient matrix in the observation equation, as shown above.
G	The matrix in the state equation as shown above.
Q	The variance matrix of the state equation.
m0	The initial value of x_t .
C0	The initial value of the state variance.

Value

The innovations, the standardized residual process and the predicted values.

Examples

```
kalman_filter_arma(ts = data, F=F, G=G, Q=Q, m0=m0, C0=C0)
```

Kalman_filter_random_walk	<i>Kalman filter applied to multivariate random walk.</i>
---------------------------	---

Description

Kalman filter applied to multivariate random walk.

Usage

```
Kalman_filter_random_walk(ts, F = c(1, 1, 1, 1), R = 0.1 * diag(4),  
  Q = 0.1, m0 = 0, C0 = 1)
```

Arguments

ts	Multivariate time series
R	The covariance of the measurement noise.
Q	The covariance of the state noise.
m0	Initial state.
C0	Initial covariance of the state process.

Value

State values and state covariances.

Examples

```
Kalman_filter_random_walk(data)
```

Index

`count_alarms_constant_var_faster`, [2](#)
`count_alarms_hetero_faster`, [2](#)

`identify_WTs_func`, [3](#)
`interpolate_func_2mins`, [4](#)
`interpolate_func_2mins_identified`, [4](#)

`kalman_filter_arma`, [5](#)
`Kalman_filter_random_walk`, [5](#)