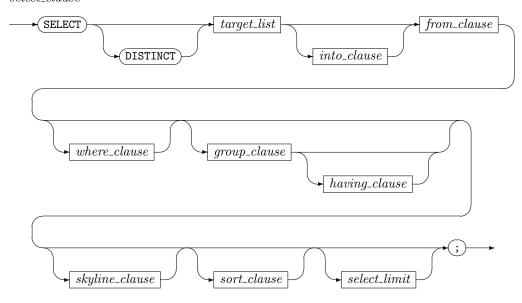
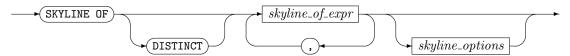
BY/HAVING-clause and the optional ORDER BY-clause, denoted by  $group\_clause \ / having\_clause$  and  $sort\_clause$ . We omit some details here but it should be clear from the context that  $target\_list$ ,  $into\_clause$ ,  $from\_clause$ ,  $where\_clause$ ,  $group\_clause$ ,  $having\_clause$ ,  $sort\_clause$ , and  $select\_limit$  have their usual meaning. We refer the readers to the corresponding SQL standard and especially to the PostgreSQL documentation on SQL  $SELECT^1$ . For the non-terminals that we omitted here we selected the same name as in the implementation (see src/backend/parser/gram.y), in order to easily find the exact definition.

 $select\_clause$ 



The *skyline\_clause* itself is preluded by the keywords SKYLINE OF, followed by an optional DISTINCT. The essential part is the comma separated list of *skyline\_of\_expr*, and it is closed by the optional *skyline\_options* part. For the semantics of DISTINCT see section 2.5. For the entire skyline clause we introduced just a single new reserved keyword (SKYLINE), see section 4.1.2.

 $skyline\_clause$ 



A skyline\_of\_expr specifies how to treat a single dimension of a skyline query. This includes the specification of the column or even an expression  $(c\_expr)$  and the specification of MIN, MAX, DIFF, and USING qualOp. We call the last specification skyline direction or just direction for short, this is because a similar concept (ASC/DESC) in the ORDER BY-clause is also called direction. Furthermore the treatment of null values can be specified using NULLS FIRST and NULLS LAST. We have the same concept for the ORDER BY-clause. This special treatment of null values was introduced in PostgreSQL 8.3.0 (see SQL SELECT/ORDER  $BY^2$ ). For the semantics of this see section 4.2.2.

The introduction of USING qualOp in skyline queries is our idea, but as for the treatment of null values it was inspired by a PostgreSQL extension to the ORDER BY-clause. See section 4.2.1 for more details.

<sup>1</sup> http://www.postgresql.org/docs/8.3/static/sql-select.html

 $<sup>^2</sup>$ http://www.postgresql.org/docs/8.3/static/sql-select.html#SQL-ORDERBY